"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and probably tomorrow; little change in temperature.
Temperature yesterday—Max. 67, min. 44.
For weather report see page 14 last page.

VOL. LXXII...No. 23,862. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1923. TWO CENTS In Greater New York. | THREE CENTS Within 600 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

FAMOUS 31 FELT HARDING BELIEVED IN ENTERING LEAGUE

With Proper Reservations, and Was Not Entirely Hostile as Recent Speeches Indicate.

HAYS TALKS OF STATEMENT

May Have Wired It to Harding in Advance—Not Sure Who Suggested Plan.

LOWELL'S ATTACK UPHELD

Other Signers Take His View—Secretary Hughes Declines to Discuss Case.

Will H. Hays, who was Chairman of the Republican National Committee in the 1920 campaign, discussed yesterday the famous statement of thirty-one leading Republicans on the League of Nations issue in that campaign. The statement has again come under discussion as a result of the speech made by President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard at Washington on Wednesday. Dr. Lowell declared that President Harding "went too far" when he recently said that he had declared himself in his campaign as absolutely opposed to entering the League and that this country could not enter it because "the Senate has so declared, the Executive has so declared and the people themselves have so declared."

It was Dr. Lowell's belief, confirmed yesterday by some other signers of the statement, which was written by Elihu Root, that Mr. Harding was for entrance to the league with proper reservations or into some other form of League of Nations.

Mr. Hays's Recollection.

Mr. Hays could not recall last night just what the genesis of the statement of the thirty-one was, or who had suggested to him that it would be a good thing to issue it.

"I do not think that I asked Mr. Root to prepare the statement," said Mr. Hays. "But whoever did so undoubtedly did it with my approval and acquiescence. There were many conferences in my office with Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman and Dr. Samuel McCune Lindsay and we talked it over thoroughly. Whether I telegraphed the statement to Mr. Harding or not I do not remember now, although I may have done so. But I do not think that Mr. Harding knew anything about it until it was ready to be made public, although he may have heard something about it, as people were going back and forth all the time between New York and Marion."

There has always been a good deal of mystery as to how the statement of the thirty-one Republicans, among whom were Elihu Root, Herbert Hoover, Charles E. Hughes, Paul D. Cravath, President Lowell, Oscar S. Straus and others, came to be prepared.

There was some doubt yesterday in the minds of Mr. Hays and Dr. Lindsay, who had a large part in preparing the statement, as to who suggested the idea to Mr. Root, but Mr. Hays recalled that there were many conferences between himself, Dr. Lindsay and Dr. Schurman, who made the statement public, while it was being drawn up, and said that whoever did ask Mr. Root to prepare the paper did so with his approval and acquiescence.

Dr. Lindsay yesterday also said there was no doubt in the minds of the thirty-one that President Harding actually favored at that time the entrance of the United States into the League with proper reservations, as stated in the document, and that they signed it under that impression. He added, however, that he felt Mr. Harding's recent speeches had been somewhat misunderstood, particularly his address to the members of The Associated Press, in which he said: "The League is not for us." Dr. Lindsay said he was sure that the President still felt that the United States should enter some association of nations, a league, or the League with reservations.

Not Binding Upon the Party.

There was some inclination last night to assign much importance to the statement that the declaration of the thirty-one Republicans was discussed in Mr. Hays's office and received his approval, an approval which some felt was an official party approval of the declaration. Dr. Lindsay, however, was emphatic in stating that the document could not be made official or binding either upon the party or the President because it received approval of the campaign managers, and that the only commitments of the party were in the platform.

The statement of the thirty-one came out on Oct. 15, 1920, at a time when the matter of how Mr. Harding and the party stood on the League question was vexing the party managers. Many Republicans, including Herbert Parsons, who favored the League, were announcing they would vote for Cox, and although there was no doubt in the minds of the party managers that Mr. Harding would be elected, they feared the effect that would be produced by desertion on the part of men who represented the best elements in the party.

As a result, some one went to Will H. Hays and suggested that a statement be prepared which would draw these men back into the party ranks by assuring them that in voting for Mr. Harding they were also voting for the League. That was the impression which President Lowell received, and which he spoke of in his Washington speech. Some one, whether Mr. Hays, who could not remember last night without reference to his papers, or another man prominent in the party, went

Continued on Page Two.

Rossmoor and Cottages, White Sulphur Springs. Overnight from New York. Cool nights, no mosquitoes. Bookings Tiass.—Advt.

Move in Ohio to Put Borah In Field for the Presidency

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 24.—Members of the local Committee of Forty-Eight which is sponsoring a movement to place Senator Borah in the field as a Presidential candidate, announced today they would proceed soon with circulation of petitions despite the fact that Secretary of State Brown has notified them that no blanks will be furnished until Borah's consent in writing to the use of his name is forthcoming.

Mrs. Harriet Schwartz of Columbus, Secretary of the Ohio branch of the organization, said:

"Senator Borah must have given his consent or we would not be going ahead to obtain signatures."

However, so far nothing has been filed with the Secretary of State showing that Mr. Borah has so agreed.

HYLAN IN CHICAGO; POLITICAL AIM SEEN

Attends Rail Valuation Conference Today, Perhaps to Boost Hearst Cause.

LA FOLLETTE AS A RIVAL

Many "Progressives" Are Expected at Gathering Called by Wisconsin Senator.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 24.—Mayor Hylan of New York came to Chicago today especially to attend the national conference on the valuation of American railroads, which opens a two-day session here tomorrow morning.

Mayor Hylan said that the subject matter of the conference was of unusual interest. He explained that the Interstate Commerce Commission was about ready to announce its valuation of the railroads of the country adding:

"The roads cost about $13,000,000,000, the road officials claim they are worth much more and the Interstate Commerce Commission is about ready to announce a valuation of approximately [illegible]

"That valuation increases the cost of living, because the railroads must have rates to pay dividends on the difference between the actual investment and the valuation placed upon the properties by the Interstate Commerce Commission."

Soon after his arrival he called on Mayor Dever and had a two-hour talk with him.

When Mayors Dever and Hylan had been talking forty-five minutes, George Brennan, Democratic Generalissimo of Illinois, entered.

Mayor Dever said that politics was not discussed during the session and that Mr. Brennan did not know that Mayor Hylan was in Chicago.

The New York Mayor is scheduled to return East Friday, that he may head the parade which opens the city's Show of Municipal Progress on Saturday.

Local political observers think that Senator Robert La Follette will attempt to make some Presidential hay in Chicago in the next two days. In this he is expected to have rivals among the friends of Hearst at the conference on valuation of railroads. Mayor Hylan is counted as a chief booster for Hearst.

See Hearst Politics in Trip.

When Mayor Hylan did not appear at the City Hall yesterday there were many inquiries regarding his whereabouts. It was finally learned that he had left for Chicago the evening before in company with Congressman F. H. LaGuardia. As the Mayor had apparently confided in none of his friends regarding his trip there was considerable speculation as to what it all meant.

It developed that the Mayor and Mr. LaGuardia, who had arranged the trip, had gone to Chicago for the express purpose of attending the Natoonak conference of Progressive Senators, Representatives and Governors of States who are to discuss railroad valuation. The recent valuation decision of the United States Supreme Court is to be taken up at the conference beginning today.

It was said that the Mayor's trip might also have political significance, in that it would afford him an opportunity to get in close touch with Progressives who might be interested in forming a new political party for 1924. In case such a party were organized, it was said, Mayor Hylan would be on hand to put in a good word for his friend, William R. Hearst.

BELL-ANS WILL RELIEVE YOUR Indigestion.—Advt.

FIGHT LIKE A TIGER, SAYS MRS. STILLMAN, ADVISING MRS. LEEDS

Says Banker Will Make Others Suffer as She Has Suffered Through Him.

WOULD ADOPT LEEDS BOY

Fears Present Environment Unfair to Him and Would Be Glad to Rear Him.

HEARS OF BEAUVAIS THREAT

Declares Indian Guide Is Now Being Advised to Bring Suit Against Her.

Special to The New York Times.

GRANDE ANSE, P. Q., May 24.—Mrs. Stillman today definitely took the side of "Flo." Leeds, called James A. Stillman a liar and a coward, and declared that she was tremendously eager to adopt Jay Ward Leeds and raise him as a half-brother to her own sons. Mrs. Stillman urged the woman who won Stillman away from her to sue and to sue hard. "Fight like a tiger," she said.

Declaring that the slender, titian-haired ex-chorus girl was about to go through the "experience he meted out to me," Mrs. Stillman charged that a new infatuation on the part of the banker was responsible for the ousting of Mrs. Leeds from favor and the recrudescence of the Stillman case. She named the new woman and asserted that society friends of hers had reported the new-comer as predicting that she would some day marry Stillman.

Speaking now with a tinge of sarcasm and often with the emphasis of anger in her voice, Mrs. Stillman said that "affinity number whatever-it-is," was being provided for on the same lavish scale as the others.

"But she will be thrown over, like the rest," she added, with a mirthless laugh. "First it was me, then it was 'Flo' Leeds, and now it is [illegible] next one. They will all [illegible]

Complains of Indian Guide.

Mrs. Stillman disclosed a new angle in the complicated case. Fred E. Beauvais, the Indian guide, who was alleged to be the father of Guy Stillman, had been annoying her. She asserted that Beauvais was being advised to bring some sort of suit against her. John F. Brenhan of Yonkers, her chief attorney, had written a letter to Beauvais warning him to desist in efforts to communicate with her, she declared. At one point in the interview Mrs. Stillman said she feared Beauvais might try to invade this desolate spot. As a protection against this, she added, Fowler McCormick, son of Harold F. McCormick, husband of Ganna Walska, is staying with her.

Late this afternoon news of the fresh developments in the tangled case reached her. She spoke right out when approached by a NEW YORK TIMES reporter. Sickness and the strain of three years of court battle, with every move chronicled far and wide, have reduced her almost to the breaking point, and she made no secret of her emotion—or her interest.

Although this was the first actual intimation she had received that the storm had broken, she admitted she had known for the last month that Mrs. Leeds was preparing to fight for the support of Jay, the five-year-old boy born to her. Fearful that more publicity would come to her when her old rival talked for the first time, Mrs. Stillman came hastily to Canada, although unfit for the long and strenuous trip because of a recent operation that has left her pale and weak. She plainly indicated that the sentiment for Mrs. Leeds that ruled her throughout the three years of court fighting — "plain pity and nothing more"—was her only feeling for the mother of Jay right now.

Sixty-five Miles Off the Railway.

When the visitor to Grand Anse came within view of the green and white frame building that figured so prominently in the divorce proceedings, it appeared that the place was as described as the sixty-five miles of timber land that range between it and the nearest rail point, La Toque. All blinds were down, and the only thing moving of the four-acre stretch of level ground, leading to the house, was a stray rabbit that had broken from the woods fringing the base of a 200 foot cliff of rock back of the house.

From around a corner of the building,

Continued on Page Six.

Say 6 Youths Stole 93 Autos To Take Their Girls Joy Riding

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 24.—With the arrest of six youths, members of prominent families of the East End and Oakland districts, during the last week and the recovery of ninety-three automobiles, valued at about $100,000, which the young men are alleged to have stolen in the last four months to take their girl friends for joy rides, the police believe that the theft of scores of automobiles stolen in this city in the last six months will be cleared up.

The youths were arraigned in Morals Court today and held for court under $1,000 bail each. According to the police, the boys made confessions.

Following the joy ride, the young men would take their companions home and abandon the machines.

FORD'S DETROIT LOAN UNDERBIDS WALL ST.

He Lends the City $500,000 at 4 Per Cent., While the Rate Here Is 4½.

MAY LEND $1,500,000 MORE

Is Expected to Finance Local Transit Plan by Buying Bonds Barred Here.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., May 24.—Henry Ford was seen as a competitor with Wall Street for the financing of Detroit when it became known today that he had advanced to the city $500,000 on a short loan and that within the next few days he will lend $1,500,000 more. The $500,000 went through the Bank of Detroit this morning.

In making these loans to the city, Ford has outbid the New York bankers and has permitted the city to borrow money at 4 per cent. interest instead of the 4½ demanded by the money lenders in the East. Controller William J. Nagel was in conference Thursday with Edsel Ford, son of the "motor king," regarding loans to the city.

The money loaned by the motor king was badly needed, as the city did not have enough funds in the bank today to meet the pay checks of the Board of Education which were due.

Henry Ford is the only man in the United States who can give Detroit a rapid transit system, or who can finance other great building projects in contemplation, bankers and city officials said. It is true that the Legislature has increased the city's bonding limit, which would enable the expenditure of $80,000,000 for subways, but this does not change the New York law which limits the sale in that State of municipal bonds to 7 per cent. of the assessed valuation of the issuing city.

Detroit is now within a few hundred thousands of its limit and cannot float more bonds in Wall Street under the New York law. Only through private capitalists such as Ford coming to its assistance can the city hope for a transit system.

It is generally considered that New York bankers would resent the Fords dealings with Detroit, as in the last several years Wall Street has handled practically all of the city's financing. Detroit banks have been unable to lend money at the rates quoted in New York owing to the lower discount rates.

It is believed that Ford's entrance into the Detroit financial field means that he will be in the market for the bonds which the city will issue. He is known to have a profound distaste for Wall Street and its methods of financing, at least as far as Detroit is concerned.

Wall Street Banker, Not Worried.

Wall Street bankers expressed little concern last night when informed of the news that Henry Ford was lending $500,000 to the City of Detroit and would lend additional funds in the future. Regarding the fact that Ford was lending the money at 4 per cent., while a rate of 4½ per cent. had been asked by bankers here, it was pointed out that cities with better credit than the automobile manufacturing town were being forced to pay 4½ per cent. at present, because of money market conditions. It was pointed out that the United States Government is just now paying 4¾ per cent for a short-term loan.

In regard to the report from the Western city that Ford was competing with New York bankers in lending the money, the opinion was expressed that Mr. Ford even "with his $200,000,000 cash and receivables, as shown by the latest statement issued by his company, could afford to lend only a certain amount of money in fixed interest-bearing securities running for a period of years.

"A good part of his capital is needed for working capital, and should the motor industry experience another reaction such as was witnessed in 1920, Mr. Ford, 'sole banker,' will find employment for every dollar he has."

"He can loan money to Detroit," he added, "but there are several hundred millions of municipal bonds sold in this country every year, so that competition from the motor wizard would be limited, to say the least."

REPUBLICANS ANNUL ATTACK ON ALLIES AT HUGHES'S ORDER

National Committee Withdraws a Publicity Article on the Rhine Claims.

PRESIDENT IS DISTURBED

Secretary Cables an Explanation to Powers—Blow at World Court Suspected.

DEMOCRATS SEE PARTY RIFT

Agreement on Rhine Costs Reached in Paris and Will Soon Be Signed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—After having been rebuked by President Harding and Secretary Hughes for issuing statements to the press derogatory to Great Britain and France in regard to this Government's position in the negotiations over the settlement of the expenses of the American Army of Occupation on the Rhine, the Republican National Committee today issued a formal announcement withdrawing the strictures.

The withdrawal came after the statement had been published in a number of the 6,400 newspapers which receive matter weekly from the prolific writers of the publicity department of the National Committee. Secretary Hughes learned early in the day of the statement that had been sent out. There was a conference with the President. The managers of the National Committee were severely rebuked and were not only taxed with giving a wrong view of the American attitude in the sessions of the Claims Commission, but of falsely attacking friendly foreign powers.

For a few hours the issue apparently assumed the importance of an international problem, but it soon descended to the level of being a flutter over an extravagant statement by an over en-

[illegible]

The withdrawal reads:

To All Newspapers:

At the request of the State Department, the article appearing in the current committee publicity service relative to the settlement of the American Army of Occupation claims is hereby withdrawn.

PUBLICITY DEPARTMENT, REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

"Europe's Hypocrisy" Was the Theme.

The article objected to by the Administration is a 3,000-word statement reviewing the progress of the negotiations abroad over the settlement of the Rhine claims. It is headed thus:

TREATMENT OF AMERICAN RHINE ARMY SHOWS EUROPE'S HYPOCRISY.

"No pettifogging spirit," said Lord Cecil, but Great Britain and Allies have exhibited nothing else in their manoeuvres to "bilk" America out of money they agreed to pay her—sample of what to expect in any dealings with Europe.

These were the headlines which the committee suggested that the Republican weeklies supplied the article should employ.

The article is replete with extravagant charges. Great Britain and her allies are bluntly accused of "downright dishonesty" in their attitude toward the United States in regard to expenses for garrisoning the Rhine. Concluding, it says:

"At present the prospects are that the United States will abandon all effort to obtain any reimbursement of the $250,000,000 she paid out to keep an army on the Rhine. It is perfectly apparent to every one concerned that England and her European allies are determined to 'bilk' the United States out of this money by hook or crook.

"In plain words the whole matter is a crooked deal. It involves a direct violation of the terms of the armistice. It involves a repudiation of the treaty of Versailles. It involves a repudiation of an agreement between this nation and European powers made when America was urgently requested to maintain her forces on the Rhine.

"It is typical of the attitude of England and European powers toward this country in all matters. They are out to 'job' the United States at every possible turn.

"It demolishes Lord Cecil's pretensions that European nations desire to deal in a spirit of fair play with America and would not resort to any pettifogging in their associations with this country. It confirms what has long been known by those familiar with the attitude of European powers toward America, namely, that if this country goes into any sort of league with European powers they will immediately take every advantage of it to the injury and the expense of the United States."

The attitude of the Republican Na-

Continued on Page Fourteen.

POINCARE RESIGNS BUT AGREES TO REMAIN; ANGERED BY SENATE REFUSING TO TRY REDS; COMMUNISTS TAKE RUHR CITY, 8 DEAD IN RIOT

Berlin Orders Disbanding of Communist Guards; To Be Sought Out and Arrested Wherever Found

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BERLIN, May 24.—The first official reaction to the Communist troubles at Gelsenkirchen has been an order by the Prussian Minister of the Interior, Herr Severing, to disband all the Communist "bands of 100." in Prussia.

The Minister of the Interior, whose sensational action against the civic guard, the Right Wing, some weeks ago aroused a storm of protest from the Nationalists, has proceeded in an identical manner against Red bands.

He has ordered the police in all parts of Prussia to seek out and break up these illegal terrorist organizations and arrest their leaders. The labor unions in the Ruhr have been ordered by their chiefs to organize civic guards to combat the spreading Communist troubles.

From Hamm, in unoccupied Germany, come reports indicating that the Communists there are active.

The trouble in the Ruhr has now spread to practically all parts of the industrial district, roughly bounded by Gelsenkirchen, Bochum and Dortmund, forming one city of work and factories in the industrial heart of the Ruhr.

TROOPS ATTACKING CHINESE BRIGANDS

Firing Is Heard as the Government Forces Close In on Band Holding Foreigners.

COMMUNICATIONS ARE CUT

Bandits Now Offer New Terms and Negotiations May Be Resumed.

[illegible]

TSAO CHWANG, Friday May 25 (Associated Press).—Gunfire heard near here today is taken to indicate that Government troops are engaging the bandits in the hills, or the bandits are fighting among themselves as a result of a disagreement at their conference which was scheduled for today.

It was learned today from different sources that the brigands have taken their captives from Paotsuku Mountain and have moved them two miles further back into the hills.

The sudden retirement appears to indicate that the troops, acting under orders from Teao Kun, Inspector-General of Shantung, are following the plan advocated by the Tuchun of the province to "dig the bandits out."

SHANGHAI, May 24 (Associated Press).—Panic seized the bandits of Paotsuku today as Chinese Government troops launched a determined advance against the outlaws in an effort to break up their communications and force an issue in the international problem revolving about the kidnapping of foreigners from the Shanghai-Peking express May 6.

The Peking Government's plan to release the captives by force apparently is to be put into operation at once. The cordon of troops about the Paotsuku stronghold today was tightened in all directions. Messengers traveling to and from the outlaw hill retreat have been stopped. Troops are engaged in breaking up all the bandits' lines of communications in an effort to isolate the band that is holding the foreigners.

Chiefs of the brigands are said to be greatly discouraged at the refusal of the diplomatic corps at Peking to deal with them and are anxious to come to some sort of terms before it is too late to save their own lives.

Fresh parleys are expected to be opened immediately with the Chinese Government representatives.

A bandit envoy, accompanied by one of the captives as mediator, is said to have left Paotsuku to reopen negotiations, but so far they have not arrived at Tsao-chwang.

The outlaws, who are declared to have been pinning their hopes to Chang Tso-lin, Director of Manchuria, and head of the Fengtien Party that was in control at Peking prior to its defeat at the hands of the Chihli Party last Summer, have been discouraged in that direction as well. They had expected aid from Tso-lin's lieutenant, the notorious Chang Ching-Yao, former Military Governor of Hunan Province, but the leaders of the gentry in all the surrounding villages have discounted this hope and have urged the outlaws to settle with the Peking Government as quickly as possible.

These local leaders have pointed out to the brigands that the inrush of Government troops will prevent completion of the harvest and thus bring ruin to the entire territory in which the outlaws

Continued on Page Three.

RUHR TOWN FALLS TO REDS IN BATTLE

Defeating Gelsenkirchen Citizens, Communists Negotiate for a Committee to Govern.

FIGHTING RAGES HALF A DAY

Police Headquarters Are Seized and Burned—Report Moscow Backs Communists.

GELSENKIRCHEN, Germany, May 24 (Associated Press).—Eight persons are dead—seven men and one child—and between seventy and eighty are suffering from wounds due to bitter fighting which broke out last night in the town between Communists and the citizens' defense forces. The trouble had its origin in the seizure by the Communists of Police Headquarters, in which much destruction was wrought. The building was then set on fire.

The members of the defense forces, who were holding the building, were driven out after hard fighting, which was resumed in the streets. The casualties were about equally distributed between the Communists and the members of the defense forces. The Communists today were still holding the portion of the police Headquarters which was not damaged by the flames.

Negotiations have been begun by the Communists and their sympathizers with the Burgomaster with a view to forming a commission of four to take over the task of policing the city. One of the Commissioners, under the Communists' plan, would be a Socialist; one a member of the Christian Workers' Trade Union, one a Communist and one a member of the Democratic Union. The Commission would have a former police official as an adviser.

The proposal contemplates that 400 police should be appointed, all workmen, 180 of them Socialists, 100 Communists and the remainder trade unionists. The proposition will be placed before the French authorities, who authorized the appointment of 200 policemen when the security police were dismissed some time ago, on condition that their names be made known to the French. As the town authorities refused to acquiesce, the matter was dropped, but it is now proposed to make known the names of the men appointed.

The Food Control Commission appointed by the Communists to force dealers to lower their prices was still in charge of the fruit stores today. These were the only stores open. The Communists accused storekeepers of making 50 per cent. profit, which the dealers denied.

Fighting Lasted for Hours.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 24.—Gelsenkirchen is entirely in the hands of Communists, with the French maintaining neutrality. Eight are reported dead and 70 to 100 wounded in fighting there last night between the Communists and citizens' self-help organizations, aided by the local Fire Department.

Fighting began at noon when organized "centuries" of the Communists started out to enforce a reduction of food prices in the shops, which was followed by plundering and looting.

For three months Gelsenkirchen, a rough coal, iron and steel town, about ten miles from Essen, had been without police protection because the French expelled the members of the Security Police to unoccupied Germany.

The citizens' self-help organizations and Fire Department sought to check the Communist riot, but they were forced to withdraw when Communist reinforcements poured into the town. All the stores shut up shop, but the Communists broke in and distributed goods to the mob. This lasted throughout the afternoon, while thousands of Communists and rabble filled the square in front of the railroad station and principal business streets.

Toward evening the Fire Department and citizens' self-help organizations took the offensive, while in a counter move Communist demonstrators attacked the Police Headquarters, demanding the release of a worker ar-

Continued on Page Three.

PREMIER ACTS SWIFTLY

Calls Ministers Hastily and Interrupts Millerand's Dinner.

PRESIDENT SWAYS PREMIER

Refuses to Accept Resignation and Finally Induces Him to Withdraw It.

POINCARE STIRS DEPUTIES

Receives Ovation for Speech Declaring French Determination to Achieve Objects in Ruhr.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 24.—As President Millerand and Mme. Millerand were receiving the guests invited to a dinner at the Elysée Palace tonight in celebration of the 100th anniversary of the birth of Pasteur, the head butler announced that the French Cabinet was at the door.

Some of them in evening clothes and some of them in street costume, the members of the Government, headed by the white-haired Premier, marched into the private office of the President of the Republic, and at 8:25 o'clock M. Poincaré notified the President that [illegible]

[illegible] and asked his approval for this action.

M. Poincaré explained that the Senate, sitting as a High Court, has four times refused to try Deputy Marcel Cachin and his Communist lieutenants for sedition, as M. Poincaré had asked it to do, and therefore the position of the Government was untenable.

M. Millerand assumed M. Poincaré then his resignation was not called for and refused to accept it.

For three-quarters of an hour the two men argued the situation, and at the end of that time M. Poincaré agreed to remain as Premier.

M. Poincaré's offer to resign was made less than two hours after he had scored an enormous success at the debate on the Ruhr in the Chamber, where he proclaimed that France was going to do to Germany what Germany did to France in 1871. His elation changed quickly to dismay if not anger when word was brought to the Quai d'Orsay from the Luxembourg that the Senate, sitting as High Court, had judged it beneath its dignity to try the Communists as M. Poincaré had asked it to, not instructed, it to do.

Hurried Calls to Cabinet.

Hurried telephone calls went out for the members of the Cabinet. When they arrived, wondering what it was all about, the Premier informed them that, inasmuch as the Senate declined to carry out his wishes, that constituted a vote against the Government, and he was going to resign. He said that the Communists, headed by Cachin, had conspired with the Germans in the Ruhr against the program of the French Government four days before the convocation, and that this constituted sedition, if not treason. He pointed out that the Procureur-General in addition for the trial of Deputy Cachin and his followers had acted on the instructions of the Government, and the Government could no longer remain in office when its instructions were not followed.

The Minister of Justice, M. Golrat, contended that only his responsibility was involved, and that there was no need of the Premier's resigning. M. Poincaré answered that the decision to try Cachin before the High Court had been taken by the whole Cabinet, and the whole Cabinet was responsible for it. Several other Ministers protested that it would not be the country any good to have M. Poincaré resign now, but the Premier was obdurate, and at 8:25 they were on their way to the Elysée Palace.

"Our Program Becomes Impossible."

In stating the case to the President Poincaré said:

"Our program becomes impossible, for we cannot allow these Communist conspiracies, which weaken the country, in the very hard fight it has undertaken to execute treaties. The vote of the Senate is worse than a vote of defiance."

He told M. Millerand that the action of the Government would be misunderstood if it was thus defied.

Witnesses say the situation was tense when Millerand summoned Poincaré. The President insisted that the vote of the Senate was not a political vote, but a judicial decision rendered by the Court and nothing more.

On the eve of the new German proposals and two days before the important deliberations with the Belgians when French policy more than ever needed firmness and continuity, M. Millerand thought a vote of confidence would be created if the Cabinet resigned because of a special vote of a character without precedent, which was not intended as unfavorable to the main policies of M. Poincaré.

The President concluded by saying that he thought it his duty as the country to refuse to accept the resignation, and that if M. Poincaré insisted on it he would place the entire question before the whole nation, a course which, although having no precedent, would take, even if it [illegible]

Foreign Ships May Be Allowed to Bring Liquor Into Port Under Jurisdiction of Physician

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—The new regulations to conform with the decision of the Supreme Court that vessels of foreign registry shall not be permitted to carry stores of liquor for beverage purposes for either passengers or crews when within the American three-mile limit will be made public within a few days, and it is indicated that a way has been found to circumvent conflicts with the laws of other nations.

The fact that the laws of certain foreign nations provide that vessels operated under their flags shall carry alcoholic rations for members of the crews complicated the work of the experts who were called upon to prepare the regulations, and it is understood that an attempt is made to solve this problem by binding under the jurisdiction of the ship's physician the wines and liquors of the crews demanded by the foreign laws. Under such an arrangement it is felt that the decision of the Supreme Court would be observed and the ship's physician would be in a position to provide the minimum requirements for members of the crew.

That such an arrangement would work to the benefit of the passengers, however, is not admitted, although thus far there has been no limitation fixed as to the amount ships may carry for medicinal purposes.

Secretary Mellon had a draft of the regulations before him today. He will consult President Harding and Secretary Hughes in regard to international questions involved before giving his formal approval.

Copies of the regulations will be placed in the hands of the representatives of foreign Governments and foreign shipping lines as soon as they are completed. It is the intention to make them effective on June 10, as announced but any complaints against the form of the regulations will be heard. There have been a number of inquiries received by the Treasury Department from foreign interests as to the nature of the regulations, but that is about as far as the protests have gone.

The prohibition ruling barring foreign vessels from bringing liquor within the three-mile limit has resulted in the Spanish Royal Mail Line discontinuing its sailings to this port from Spain. Vessels of the line will go to Cuba hereafter, Luis Lisanso, agent of the line, said yesterday. The laws of Spain required that a stipulated amount of liquor be carried for every passenger and member of the crew, he said. No way could be found to meet the requirements of Spain and at the same time conform to the Supreme Court ruling, hence the change, Mr. Lisanso added.

GOV. WALTON REBUKES PROTESTING STUDENTS

He Will Have No Tar and Feathers for New Oklahoma Agricultural College Head.

OKLAHOMA CITY, May 24.—Governor Walton today cut short a demonstration of protest against the appointment of George Wilson, Farmer-Labor League leader, as President of Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College, at Stillwater.

The Governor, after hearing one speaker, told the several hundred students who went to the State Capitol that if threats to tar and feather Wilson on his arrival at the college were carried out he "would tell you when to go to bed and when to get up." To the people of Stillwater who were present he said:

"If the citizens of Stillwater think they own the college I will show them they are only a little fish in a big puddle."

The appointment has been bitterly opposed by the American Legion.

Three Daughters Die With Aged Mother They Tried to Save From Burning Cottage

Special to The New York Times.

CUMBERLAND, Md., May 24.—Mrs. May O'Connor, aged 94, and her three daughters, Miss Kate O'Connor, aged about 40; Mrs. May Rooney, and Mrs. Jet Grannon, all of Fairmont, W. Va., were cremated today in a fire which destroyed a cottage they had leased at Mountain Lake Park and three other buildings.

The daughters started a bonfire of leaves and rubbish. The wind was blowing and the fire followed a trail of leaves under the house. The mother was resting and when the fire was discovered one of the daughters went in after her. She, the belief is, in the excitement, repelled the attempts of the daughter to take her from the house, and then the other two went in and all were hemmed in by the flames. The positions in which the bodies were found bore out this supposition.

Near the bodies was found a can containing $2,000 in gold, which was intact, not having been melted by the heat. Mrs. O'Connor had sold some property some time ago. She was in the habit of carrying gold with her.

own position as President of the republic.

M. Poincaré, evidently moved by the appeal, then withdrew his resignation.

The High Court refused to try Cachin and his accomplices, not because they condoned their acts, but because the thought M. Poincaré was making too big a show of the affair. The Senate held that Cachin should be tried before an ordinary court and not before a semi-political tribunal whose verdict, decision, or penalty he construed as retaliation, because he is a Communist and therefore contravening the free expression of opinion.

The accusation read before the High Court this afternoon not only charged Cachin with sedition, but with aiding German Communists for days before the Ruhr occupation, but contained a paragraph accusing him "of having within the last few years tried to excite in France an effort bearing for its purpose the destruction and change of the Government, which effort failed only, because of circumstances independent of the will of its author." This gave an idea of the effort to which M. Poincaré wished the prosecution to go and characterized the effort in which the Senate refused to follow him.

A communiqué issued late tonight by the Foreign Office says that the Cabinet will at once consider the situation caused by the stand taken by the Senate and that the Communists will be quickly brought before other courts.

The session of the High Court today was the first since the memorable trial for sedition of ex-Premier Caillaux in 1920, which resulted in his being banished from the French Cabinet. It is probable that M. Poincaré's offer to resign, coupled with M. Millerand's appeal to him to remain, has placed him in an immensely stronger position than if he had accepted the advice of his Ministers and allowed the High Court's decision to pass unnoticed.

Premier's Brilliant Speech in Chamber.

M. Poincaré's success in the Ruhr debate was most brilliant. Responding to the Socialists' attack on his policy, the Premier turned the criticism by saying that he proposed to do to Germany what Germany did to France in 1871.

He said the German resistance in the Ruhr had not given the results Berlin had expected, since France was getting 10,000 tons of coal a day, a figure which could be maintained indefinitely. France's coal supply, he said, was today better than in 1913. In a short time, he continued, French furnaces would be getting plentiful supplies of coke because the Allies were protected against the Ruhr production falling beneath a figure which assured France 3,000 tons a day.

"Therefore," he said, "we are in no hurry and can wait as long as necessary for Germany to come to her senses."

The Premier said that 4,000 Germans and 12,000 French and Belgian railroad men were giving the railroad question special for the occupation effort, and that so far as transport was concerned France and Belgium could wait, reserving their right to apply new measures of control.

Answering the criticism that the occupation of the Ruhr had lowered the value of the franc, M. Poincaré asked if any one thought that the franc would have risen if France had allowed Germany to continue her program of not paying.

"We have gone into the Ruhr, and we will get out only when Germany has been satisfactorily disarmed. It is only Germany which can hasten this exit by employing the method France used toward her after the War of 1870-71. Under these reservations we remain ready to formulate reasonable German proposals. It must be understood that we will accept no reduction of our part of the A and B obligations. As for the C obligations, he said, France was disposed to apply her share to the wiping out of interallied war debts.

"If there are men in England and elsewhere," he continued, "who desire to decrease the burden of Germany, they have one certain means of achieving their end, which is not to present their bills to us.

'Talk With the Germans Now? Never!'

"But talk with the Germans now? Never! We say to the Reich: 'No, no! we will not talk! We will listen to nothing until you have stopped your illegal resistance—illegal because you violate the treaty which imposes upon you the obligation not to combat our occupation. If you wish to remain in a state of war we shall act accordingly.'

"As for the new German proposals, we await them, so that we may pass judgment. It is certain that the day Germany makes these new proposals she will say our occupation has diminished her capacity for payment. But the answer is that she herself has diminished her capacity in exporting the gold of the Reichsbank and in organizing the Ruhr resistance. Did not a German newspaper say the other day that to pay nothing had become the German national sport?

"So our presence in the Ruhr may be a blessing for Germany, because it recalls to her at every moment that she must pay up. In the Ruhr we have no designs of annexation. We have no desire to incorporate in our country populations which have neither our character nor our tongue. We went to the Ruhr to get paid. We are doing to Germany what she did to us in 1871. Peace has no better friends than we, but peace is a vain word if one may with impunity violate treaties while an indifferent world looks on."

Descending from the tribune, M. Poincaré received an ovation from nine-tenths of the Deputies, who cheered him and almost bore him off his feet in their enthusiasm. He then went into his office to await the news from the Senate.

Senate Denies Its Competency.

PARIS, May 24 (Associated Press).—The Senate, sitting as a high court in secret session, voted, in relation to the trial of Communists accused of sedition, on the following points: First, Can the court declare itself competent or incompetent? Second, Should the question of competency be referred to a committee? Third, Is the court competent?

The Senate voted in the affirmative on the first question, and in the negative on the last two questions. The final vote being 148 to 104.

After the vote was taken the High Court formulated its decision in substance as follows:

"The matter before the Court is not of a nature reserved for its examination hence it is not necessary for the Court to proceed with the hearing. The case against M. Cachin and the others should therefore be sent before a competent body for its decision.

The act of accusation submitted to the Senate by Attorney General Lescouvé as public prosecutor laid stress upon the fact that the accused persons were not charged with holding certain opinions, but with illegal acts, which included speeches delivered in the Ruhr inciting to illegality and provoking the military to disobedience. The accused were alleged to have acted under orders from the Moscow International, and the accusations were so grave that the Government had decided that the court of highest jurisdiction ought to try the case.

There are thirty-four of the accused, in all, of whom only three are still detained in prison. One of them is a woman, Marie Guilliot. Another is a German, the Socialist Deputy Hallein, charged with making a speech in Paris inciting to crime against the safety of the State.

It is expected that the question of the general policy of the Government will be raised in the Senate at the earliest opportunity through interpellations, and no one doubts what the result will be. There the matter rests for the moment, but President Millerand is so confident his view is correct that he will leave Paris as planned tomorrow night for a visit to Alsace-Lorraine.

Ruhr Status Better, Premier Says.

Premier Poincaré again told the Chamber of Deputies today that France would not reduce her share of reparations due from Germany except in so far as interallied war debts were canceled and repeated the determination of the Government to remain in the Ruhr until France's share was paid.

The Premier declared that conditions in the Ruhr so far as they concerned operation of the railroads and transportation of seized products, were improving. He denied that reduced deliveries of coal and coke were seriously crippling the French iron trade and asserted that France was in a position to wait as long as Germany was disposed to resist.

The Premier's declaration made a marked impression on the Chamber and many of the Deputies sought to have a vote taken immediately on appropriations for the Ruhr occupation, but M. Fabien, M. Herriot and others who were listed for speeches demanded a continuation of the discussion, which was put over until tomorrow.

Deputy Vincent Auriol, speaking for the Socialist group at the beginning of today's debate, belittled the results of the Franco-Belgian occupation of the Westphalian industrial and mining district during the four months' occupation, he declared, France had obtained only about 90,000,000 francs' worth of products from the Ruhr, while in the same period of last year she received from Germany products worth 600,000,000 francs.

He asked Premier Poincaré where he expected to find any profit in such a transaction, and also criticised him for not having received Karl Bergman when he visited Paris with German proposals at the time of the Premier's conference in January. The Socialists, M. Auriol declared, did not deny that Germany had willfully resisted payment of reparations, but small defaults in the delivery of materials, he declared, did not justify the occupation of more German territory.

M. Auriol brought the Alsatian Deputies to their feet with indignant protests when he said that the only solution of the reparation problem was conciliation and an entente with Germany.

"Germany," cried Deputy Oberkirch, "already has spent a billion gold marks on peaceful assistance that may come to an understanding with France."

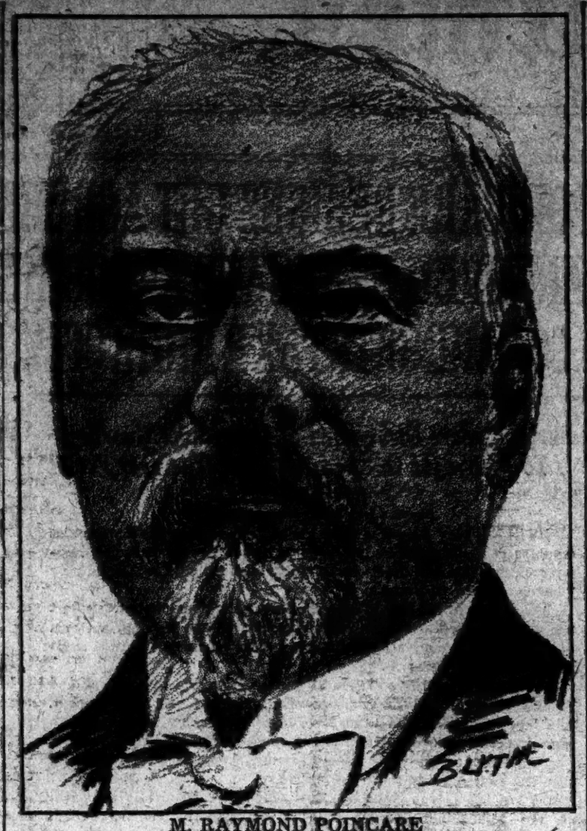
The Premier, replying to the criticisms of the occupation of the Ruhr, said:

"I want to remind the Chamber that we are in the Ruhr in pursuance of the Treaty of Versailles, which is not, as the Germans seem to think, a mere scrap of paper."

M. Poincaré said the Germans themselves had made impossible the realization of their own proposition for an international loan. They had offered no security or pledges, he added, and had levied no new taxes to balance their budget.

M. Poincaré said that if the occupation was prolonged and if further pledges were seized it was only because of the Germans' attitude. He denied that the Ruhr occupation had so reduced the coke and coal deliveries to France as to endanger French industry, and added:

"We can wait as long as necessary, and we shall stay in the Ruhr until the Germans come to terms. If they want to prolong the occupation and provoke further penalties they have only to prolong their resistance."



M. RAYMOND POINCARE
The Fighting Premier of France.

BERLIN SPECULATORS LOSE ON POINCARE

They Are Badly Hit by Loading Up With Dollars on Report of His Resignation.

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BERLIN, May 24.—The city was in turmoil tonight as a result of notices of Premier Poincaré's resignation, which were posted in prominent places. Speculators who had bought up large quantities of dollars while the mark was mounting rushed to sell their foreign currency in the hope that the mark would become very strong tomorrow.

When the final news came that M. Poincaré remained in power the speculators had lost a fortune.

CALLS WORLD COURT BEST HOPE FOR PEACE

Ex-Senator Burton Advocates Our Membership—Borah Wants Proof.

BOSTON, May 24.—Former Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio, and Senator Borah of Idaho today spoke before the Women's Republican Club of Massachusetts, the former advocating membership of the United States in the Permanent Court of International Justice as the best hope of justice and peace among nations. He said that the court should not be confused with the League of Nations, because it was separate and distinct.

"Why," he asked, "should a proposition which has surpassing merit be rejected because of its most recent source? We may well say to the bitter-enders who proclaim they will have nothing to do with anything promoted by the League, in the language of Iago to Brabantio: 'You are one of those who will not serve God if the Devil bid you.'"

Referring to the League itself, the speaker said he could not regard it as the wicked institution painted by others, that it was "not worth while for us to decry its achievements or withhold our wishes for its success," notwithstanding that the enormous decision against it in the last presidential election showed the United States did not wish to join.

"If they can convince me that this World Court would be free from political influence and would prove really effective in solving world problems, I shall be ready to endorse it," said Senator Borah.

"What will we gain by speedy action?" he asked. "The most important point is that this is not a judicial tribunal at all, because you can't get into the court except by consent of all.

"In other words, Germany or England could not have brought France into the court on the question of the seizure of the Ruhr; and by enforcing such a principle as the consent of all nations the politicians can control every issue.

"The court which Elihu Root presented is as different from that of today as day is from night. The court of today is nothing more than an arbitration tribunal."

BRITISH PREMIER'S SON AN AVOWED SOCIALIST

Oliver Baldwin Fought in Armenia and Suffered in Bolshevist and Turkish Prisons.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 24.—Stanley Baldwin must be the first British Prime Minister with a son who is a proved Socialist. Oliver Baldwin, who is one of the Premier's six children, has suffered prison, starvation and almost death itself for the cause of socialism.

The story of his extraordinary adventures and privations was told by him to The Westminster Gazette yesterday.

"It was in September of 1920," he said, "that I went to Armenia at the request of the President of the Republic as an instructor to the army. During the Turkish-Armenian war we were beaten by the Turks in November, and next month the Bolsheviki swept down and took the country by force. One of their first acts was to throw me into jail, together with many Social Revolutionaries and Socialists of the Second International. In this, as in many other acts, they showed themselves completely regardless of the welfare of Socialists and lovers of liberty.

Oliver Baldwin produced from his wallet an orange-colored card which he said was a certificate of his membership in the Dashnaktzoutzun, one of the most powerful of the social revolutionary bodies.

"I esteem my election to that body," he said, "as my greatest honor, especially as I was its only non-Armenian member. At that time I was a witness of one of the vilest acts committed by the Bolsheviki. Before my eyes they executed seventy-five Armenian Socialists. I was let out on parole about Jan. 14, after six weeks in prison, and I spent my time going about seeing how Bolshevism worked.

"Scourged and bleeding though she was, Armenia managed to effect a counter-revolution in February. For some time the Bolsheviki were kept at bay, but at length in April the Armenians were forced back into Persia.

"In March I left for Turkey, armed with a passport given by the Kemalist Consul for safe conduct across Turkey. I know now that it was only a trap for me. In the horrors of that march across the Caucasus, perhaps the worst were that I was snowblind and frostbitten. I was accompanied by an Adjutant, a fine fellow, who is now starving in Germany.

"At Alexandropol I was arrested by the Turks and sent to prison at Kars for a month. Then I was moved to another prison, where I was shut up with chains on my feet, and starving for five more weary months. I used to crawl about on my hands and knees looking for crumbs and other scraps of food. During that time the Bolsheviki asked for me to be handed back to them for execution, but the Turks were not quite as unprincipled as that.

"But to lunch with me were two Communists who were executed outside my window. At last an exchange was fixed up and after a weary walk from Erzerum to Trebisond I made my way back to England."

PARTY POST FOR HUSTON.

Made Chairman of Ways and Means on Republican National Committee.

CHICAGO, May 24 (Associated Press).—C. H. Huston of Chattanooga, Tenn., former Assistant Secretary of the Department of Commerce, today was appointed Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the Republican National Committee. His selection was announced by John T. Adams, National Chairman of the party, who was here conferring with Fred W. Upham, National Treasurer.

In announcing the appointment Chairman Adams predicted the renomination and re-election of President Harding.

He declared he had found the Middle West more opposed than ever to political entanglements with foreign nations. This section of the West realizes that it has benefited from President Harding's Administration, he said.

Mr. Huston succeeds Colonel William Boyce Thompson, who was Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee in the 1920 Presidential campaign.

CHICAGO TREASURY EMPTY.

Dever Says the City Government May Cease to Function.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 24.—Mayor William E. Dever shocked and astounded 200 of the city's leading business men at a banquet tonight with the statement that the Municipal Government might cease to function because of lack of money.

"Instead of $1,000,000 generally reported to have been in the City Treasury when I took office, a careful investigation has revealed an actual deficit of $5,000,000," the Mayor told them. "Unless you men come to my assistance, the City Administration will slacken and may stop altogether."

Swiss Attacked In Russia

COPENHAGEN, May 24.—A Moscow report by way of Berlin says that the Soviet authorities at Petrograd, Moscow and Kiev have arrested several Swiss citizens. A number of Swiss shops have been wrecked in the first named city, while in Odessa three Swiss were attacked. The Soviet Government is said to have prohibited visas for Swiss passports.

CECIL JOINS CABINET; EXCHEQUER VACANT

British Premier May Retain Financial Post at Present, Hoping to Get Horne Later.

LIST GOES TO KING TODAY

Cecil's Appointment May Put Him in Council of the League or Foreign Office.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 24.—Premier Baldwin's Cabinet held its first meeting this morning, although no official list has been announced, and the Ministers have not gone through the formality of kissing the King's hand in token of fealty and receiving their seals of office from him. It seems, however, clear that the changes, when they are published, will be few and unimportant.

The possibility of persuading Austen Chamberlain to join the Cabinet seemed more remote tonight. He is reported to be still in Paris, where Lord Birkenhead has also been, and it is presumed in political circles that they have been in consultation there, which bodes ill for Baldwin's chance of gaining Chamberlain's support. Chamberlain himself might well feel that his own political future required him to fall in line with the bulk of the Conservatives, now that he has the opportunity, but it is believed Lord Birkenhead, to whom overtures are unlikely to be made, would certainly try to induce him not to accept.

Sir Robert Horne's reluctance to accept the Chancellorship of the Exchequer is undoubtedly largely attributable to the attitude of Chamberlain and Birkenhead. He had two interviews with the Premier today, and is said also to have consulted Lord Balfour. He did not accept the Chancellorship, but it has not been stated officially or in definite terms, that he might not even yet be persuaded. All that is certain tonight is that the Chancellorship remains unfilled.

Lord Robert Cecil has accepted the office of Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, a post of curious unimportance for a statesman of his calibre. Recently it has not carried with it a seat in the Cabinet, and its duties are of slight importance. However, it now makes Lord Robert a member of the Administration and available for any duties that the Premier may delegate to him.

The cynical suggest that it has been offered to him as a muzzle to prevent his arising from the back benches and attacking the ministry, but Lord Robert is the last man in the world to accept any restraint on his freedom of speech unless he gets some compensation for it. In this case it may lie in the promise of his appointment as British representative on the Council of the League of Nations, which is an extra-ministerial office. Such a post would be, of course, after Lord Robert's own heart, but it suggests piquant possibilities in the way of disagreements with Lord Curzon. Lord Robert were to quash the claims of the League further than the Foreign Office desired.

It perhaps is not without significance that today, a few hours after his appointment to the Cabinet became known, Lord Robert seized the opportunity of a public meeting to expound League doctrine pure and undefiled.

According to The Daily Mail, Sir Robert Horne tried to persuade Mr. Baldwin to offer the post to the Cabinet to Austen Chamberlain, and made this a condition of his own acceptance of the office of Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Mr. Baldwin, however, showed no disposition to agree to anything but Horne's unconditional acceptance.

Baldwin May Keep Exchequer.

LONDON, May 24 (Associated Press).—The Court returns to London tomorrow and the King will hold a council, at which the new Prime Minister will submit his Cabinet list. This is said to be completed and is practically identical with Mr. Bonar Law's ministry, with the addition of Lord Robert Cecil as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, but with the post of Chancellor of the Exchequer still unfilled.

A temporary solution of the Exchequer difficulty, according to the most authoritative reports tonight, is that Mr. Baldwin himself will combine the premiership with the Exchequer portfolio. The budget has already been adopted, so for a few months the double office would entail little extra work, and it seemingly is the hope that Sir Robert Horne may yet be persuaded to accept the portfolio.

Parliament will reassemble Monday without any special ceremony incident to the change in Premiership. No special explanation regarding the Government policy is expected from the new Prime Minister, and the Government will carry on as before.

The meeting of the Conservative Party to confirm Mr. Baldwin in the leadership of that party has been set for Monday. Invitations have been extended to Sir Robert Horne, Lord Birkenhead, Mr. Chamberlain and other dissidents. Lord Curzon will plead for the unity of the party and express his loyalty to Premier Baldwin.

Cecil as Foreign Office Understudy.

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LONDON, May 24.—Lord Robert Cecil in Premier Baldwin's Cabinet as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, it is expected will devote much of his time to foreign affairs. It is suggested that he may take over the Foreign Office before long, as Lord Curzon's health is poor, and it is said he wishes to retire as soon as he has settled the Near East trouble and the Russian relations.

No one expects the ministry now formed to last long in its present form. There are several men for whom places have to be made before long. Winston Churchill is returning to politics as a Conservative, and he cannot long be kept out of office. Sir Laming Worthington-Evans, Mr. Lloyd George's War Minister, also has strong claims.

CABLE HITS WORLD COURT.

Ohio Republican Sees in Its Innocuousness a Trap for Us.

AKRON, Ohio, May 24.—Joining forces with those opposing President Harding's plan to have the United States become a member of the World Court, Representative Cable, Republican, of Ohio, declared in an address here tonight that the provision of the Court statute that submission of cases to the Court is not compulsory was "a web of entangling alliances spun by the League of Nations to catch the United States."

"Once we join the Court, can we with honor withdraw?" asked Mr. Cable. "Can there be drawn a reservation that would protect us by prohibiting the foreign nations from amending the statute? With the United States a member, and the submission of all international questions made compulsory, what then would be our situation?

"One of the Court's duties is to interpret treaties and decide international disputes," and Mr. Cable suggested that it was within the possibilities that in these circumstances the Court would have placed before it by interested nations such highly important American questions as the transportation of intoxicating liquors in American waters by foreign ships; Panama Canal tolls; immigration restrictions and the Allies' debts to the United States.

"If these questions were submitted to the Court, if we were a member," he continued, "would we bow to the Court's jurisdiction, or indicate our mistrust of the Court by refusing to have the question decided by it?"

Mr. Cable argued that a court without force to put its decisions into effect was doomed to failure. He declared the United States Railroad Labor Board was "a living example of what might happen to this Court."

IRISH TURN TO POLITICS.

Rebels, Beaten in Warfare, Now Prepare Election Machinery.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, May 24.—As the Free State forces make almost daily seizure of republican guns and ammunition activities are definitely turning toward political speeches and constitutional arguments.

The Ministers now move about freely and the Deputies visit their constituencies. President Cosgrave for the first time since the elections last year will address a public meeting at Kilkenny on Sunday, when the election policy of the Government is expected to be announced.

The republicans have held few public meetings yet, but are organizing election machinery and apparently will contest the constituencies against all the treaty supporters, including labor. Official reports from Republican headquarters by the republicans say the elections will be the end of the present Government, but as the elections are unlikely before November, prophecies of this kind are valueless.

That the republicans indicate an intention to embark on constitutional action is regarded as more important, for the fear of violent intimidation would end. No definite pronouncement on election policy or future action in any direction is expected for some time from republican headquarters.

The country presently is satisfied to enjoy a rest from immediate alarms and anxieties.

31 FELT HARDING BELIEVED IN LEAGUE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

to Mr. Root and asked him to prepare such a statement.

Mr. Root did so and the draft of it was discussed first at a meeting in the Century Club and later at two lunch-eon meetings downtown, and finally at a meeting in the University Club, where the statement was made public. At these meetings, at various times, President Lowell, Hoover, Mr. Hughes, Mr. Crawford and others conferred with Mr. Root, and the statement was worded so that President Lowell, who had intended to vote for Cox, would feel justified in signing it.

At one of these meetings, Dr. H. N. MacCracken, President of Vassar College, refused to have anything more to do with the statement, and left. He said he did not feel that the Senators who had defeated the League would be impressed by the signatures of the men who signed it and that he felt the best way to get the League would be to vote for Cox, which he did.

Further Conferences Held.

In the meantime there were conferences between Mr. Hays, Dr. Lindsay and Dr. Schurman at Republican National Headquarters, for Mr. Hays did not attend any of the meetings of the thirty-one. When most of the signatures had been obtained Dr. Lindsay took charge of the document and got the remaining signatures by telephone, and then took it to Mr. Hays. Dr. Lindsay said last night that he believed Mr. Hays telegraphed it to President Harding the day before it was made public, but that President Harding did not know anything about it while it was in preparation.

The document was made public at the University Club by Dr. Schurman and was prominently displayed by every New York newspaper the next day, Oct. 15. It quoted President Harding's speeches, showing that he favored an association or "society" of nations and advocated taking what was best in the League of Nations and the World Court. It also said:

"We have reached the conclusion that the true course to bring America into an effective league to preserve peace is not by insisting with Mr. Cox upon the acceptance of such a provision as Article X., thus prolonging the unfortunate situation created by Mr. Wilson's insistence upon that article, but by frankly calling upon the other nations to agree to changes in the proposed agreement which will obviate this vital objection and other objections less the subject of dispute."

It was said yesterday that the statement was sent to President Harding a day or so before he made his speech at Indianapolis in which he said that he would call together "the best minds," and his declaration was taken by the thirty-one as an answer to their statement. Consequently, when in recent speeches President Harding took an attitude opposed to the League, President Lowell felt that the thirty-one had at least misunderstood the situation at the time they signed their statement, and his speech in Washington was called forth by this development.

Many of the thirty-one, it was said yesterday, felt the same way about the matter, and Dr. Lindsay admitted last night that there was no doubt that the signers of the statement had felt then that President Harding was for the League of Nations with proper reservations.

Dr. Hibben on the Statement.

Of the signers of the statement who could be reached last night the only one who had a definite idea of its origin was John Grier Hibben, President of Princeton University. He said that, as he remembered it, the suggestion for the statement came from a group of ten or a dozen men who met at luncheon to discuss it, with the result that the statement was prepared without any forty-eight hours. With the exception of Henry W. Taft, however, he could not remember the other men who attended the luncheon.

With regard to the speech of President Lowell, he said that he had read it and was in hearty agreement with everything he had said. He characterized it as an accurate and fair statement of the case. The men who had signed the statement, he said, had done so in good faith, basing their attitude on the position taken by President Harding in his campaign utterances. The ideal of the signers, he said, was some association with the nations of Europe, and they believed this could be accomplished through Harding. As to the present attitude of the President, he declared himself quite in accord with the sentiments of Mr. Lowell.

Mr. Plimpton's Statement.

George A. Plimpton, President of the Board of Trustees of Amherst College, said that he had no idea who had suggested the publication of a statement, but believed that the idea had originated with a group of men. He said that he had had a talk with President Harding within the last year and had been disappointed as a signer of the statement that more progress had not been made.

On the other hand, he said, the President told him that he had done as much as he could with the disarmament conference and could make no further progress until its provisions had been approved by the other nations. The President, he said, probably wants a world court with no other issues mixed up with it. In any event, he said, there can be no association of nations until the reparations question is settled, for France would not enter if Germany were allowed to be a member. He declared that he did not feel that the situation was hopeless by any means.

Henry L. Stimson was also unable to remember who had suggested the statement or even who had asked him to sign it, but he believed he had been asked after it had been prepared. He had always hoped that eventually the United States would find its way into the League with reservations, but he declared that he would not criticise when he was not in a position to know the situation in the foreign office in Washington.

Secretary Hughes Makes No Comment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—When told this afternoon of the report that he had participated in conferences concerning the statement of the Committee of Thirty-one Republicans issued in 1920, Secretary of State Hughes said he had no comment to make.

DR. BUTLER TRACES REVOLUTION CAUSES

Tells London Audience the Colonists Were Nationally Conscious Long Before Break.

DENIES FRENCH INFLUENCE

Principal Barker of King's College Says British Statesmen Could Have Averted It.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 24.—Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, delivered in the Mansion House today, before a distinguished audience the first of a series of addresses in Britain on notable phases of American history. Dr. Butler today dealt with events prior to the declaration of independence, emphasizing the work of Benjamin Franklin and Samuel Adams in interpreting the views of the colonists.

Sir Charles Wakefield, wearing his chain of office with diamonds sparkling in the badge, presided in the absence of the Lord Mayor of London, who has been injured in a street accident. In his introductory remarks Dr. Butler spoke of the historic hall in which he was speaking and paid tribute to Sir George Watson, who was sitting by his side.

Lord Queensborough briefly moved a vote of thanks to the lecturer, and in seconding it Principal Barker of King's College, London, said he would venture to criticise Dr. Butler's view of the American Revolution.

"There was no need," he said, "for the schism if the statesmen on this side of the world had then been competent. The British Empire would have proved itself wide enough to enclose people of many casts of thought if only her statesmen had listened to reason."

To this Dr. Butler replied:

"I am sure that Principal Barker is too experienced a teacher of history not to forget the necessity of putting things in their own time and setting. Many things are possible 100 years after."

Says People Were Nationally Conscious.

In his address Dr. Butler said:

"What is essential to bear in mind is that national union and national feeling were not first created by the Declaration of Independence; they preceded that declaration and made it possible and secured its realization.

"It is important to distinguish the occasion of declaring American independence from its underlying cause. Unless this distinction is observed, a correct understanding of the revolution is impossible. It may perhaps be said that the Declaration of Independence itself confuses its occasion with its underlying cause; but if so it is all the more important to note and observe the distinction. The underlying cause of American independence was the fact that the people of the thirteen colonies were in effect a complete and separate nation, capable of managing all their own affairs, both external and internal, far better than any foreign power could do it for them. It will hardly be denied that it is the moral and political right of a people so circumstanced to expel a foreign government by force and to accept full responsibility for the management of their own affairs.

"The declaration completely ignored the charge that those who had been colonists were now rebels against constituted authority, since it was built upon the assumption that, having become a distinct nation, the American people were only claiming the rights which every nation has attached to independent nationality. Much labor has been expended upon the attempt to prove that the philosophy of government which underlies the Declaration of Independence was drawn from French sources and was due to French influence. Nothing could be further from the fact. The philosophy of the Declaration of Independence was the direct outcome of the debates and the conflicts of the seventeenth century in England itself.

Opposed to Distant Control.

"The truth is that the controversies which arose between the colonies and the British Government were episodes and incidents in the life of the British imperial system, modified, strengthened, and directed by peculiar geographic and economic causes. They cannot otherwise be fully understood. The colonists came to object to control over them that was exercised from so great a distance, quite apart from the incidents of that control. When once this feeling took root, every incident, whether in itself significant or insignificant, added strength to it. The desire for separation grew by what it fed on.

"It is paradoxical, but true, that had it not been for the Revolution of 1688 and the vast increase in the power of Parliament, the American Revolution might have been long postponed, or might never have taken place at all. The Kings who ruled by divine right vexed the Colonies much less than did the Parliament which rested on a very considerable basis of public opinion and public support.

"There must be some leader or leaders to give expression, perhaps exaggerated and over-emphatic expression, to what was passing in their minds, and to point the way to the goal at which they were dimly beginning to aim. These voices were found in Samuel Adams and Benjamin Franklin, who may, with truth, be described as the forerunners of the new nation.

"If Samuel Adams was the forerunner of the new nation in respect of his constitutional argument and his revolutionary agitation, so Benjamin Franklin was the forerunner of the new nation by reason of his power to represent with gentleness, with persuasiveness, and with large human sympathy the new feeling of national unity and national aspiration that was growing up in America. Like Jefferson, he illustrated to the full the power of the pen.

"Both Samuel Adams and Benjamin Franklin were new types in the English-speaking world. Though of unmixed English stock they were no longer Englishmen. They were glad inheritors of English tradition and eager defenders of those institutions and ideals for which progressive Englishmen had fought for centuries, but they were Americans, not Englishmen."

HUNT WARD'S GUEST, PEGGY.

Investigators Believe Slayer's Friend May Be on Yacht Here.

The hearing which was to have been held today by Deputy Attorney General Wilbur W. Chambers into the circumstances surrounding the killing of Clarence E. Peters by Walter S. Ward has been put off indefinitely. Mr. Chambers explained last night that a mass of information received during the last few days required checking up and that this would take the remainder of the week. He hopes to resume the hearing early next week.

Investigators of the Attorney General's office are concentrating their efforts in a search for the mysterious "red-haired Peggy," who was Ward's favorite guest in his New York apartment. Information has been received leading the authorities to believe she is on a yacht in New York waters.

The importance of finding this woman lies in the fact that it is believed she learned from Ward many of the details of the situation leading up to Peters's death.

BRITISH TO MARCH HERE.

Gable Earl Haig That They Will Honor American Dead on May 30.

The British Great War Veterans of America announced yesterday that they had cabled to Earl Haig, as President of the British Legion, informing him that they will parade with their American brothers on Decoration Day "to honor the glorious American dead."

"May we ask you in the name of all those who died," the message said, "to see that everything is done in Great Britain to decorate the graves of those brave Americans who gave up their lives for the cause they knew to be just."

The message was signed by Fitzroy D'Arcy, President of the organization.

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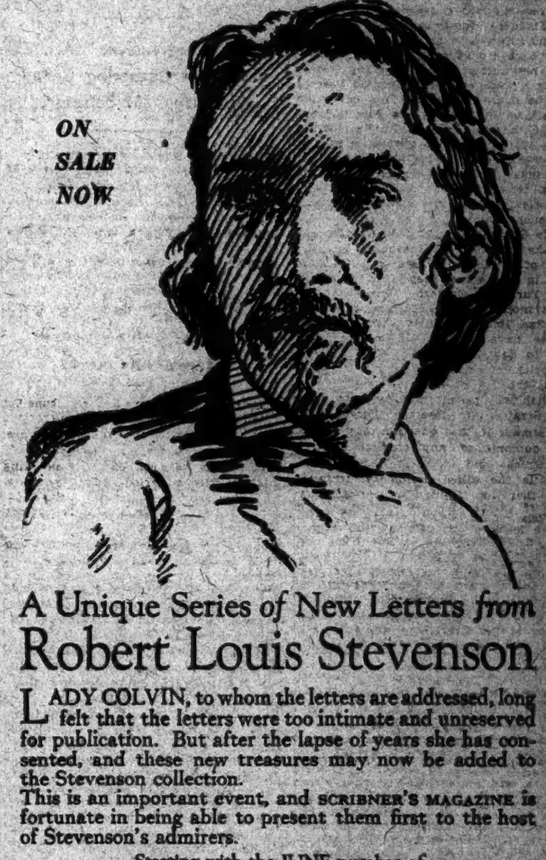

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GREEK ULTIMATUM STIRS CONFERENCE

Lausanne Delegation Gives Turks Till Tomorrow to Abandon Indemnity Claims.

RUPTURE IF THEY PERSIST

Should Parleys Break Up, Greece Will Resume Liberty of Action.

ALLIES SEEK COMPROMISE

Invite Ismet Pasha and Greek Foreign Minister to an Informal Conference Saturday.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LAUSANNE, May 24.—The Near East peace conference seems to be on the verge of breaking up. The Greek delegation today notified the allied delegations that it would wait until Saturday and no longer for a decision as to whether Greece should pay an indemnity to Turkey. If the decision is against Greece the Greek delegates will leave the conference. Therefore, what the Greeks have really done is to demand that before Saturday the Turks give up all claims for indemnity.

The conference was plunged more deeply into pessimism by the return of Hassan Bey, Turkish financial delegate, from Paris today with the report that he had failed to reach an agreement with the holders of bonds of the Ottoman debt. The Turks in the Paris discussion stood on their offer to pay interest in paper francs, whereas the bondholders demanded gold francs or pounds sterling. Ismet Pasha sent Hassan back to Paris tonight to make a last hour effort to reach an accord.

For a week there has been no meeting of the main committees of the conference, the leaders fearing any meeting would hasten a break. The Greeks, who appear to wish the conference to dissolve, are daily demanding that the Financial Committee meet so there may be a decision. Their Foreign Minister, M. Alexander, seems specially anxious for such a meeting.

The Greeks say that if the conference breaks up they will resume their liberty of action, and there is little doubt that in such a case they intend to attack the Turks in Eastern Thrace. They have more than 100,000 troops on the Maritsa line and it is said that the Turks have only 30,000 well-equipped men in Eastern Thrace. With the vast majority of Kemal's forces in Anatolia, the big question is whether the English will permit his troops to cross the Straits into Eastern Thrace. On the answer to that question may depend the outcome of any conflict between the Greeks and Turks in Thrace.

While the allied diplomats intimate that they are inclined to neutrality, it is very much to be doubted if the English would allow strong Turkish forces to take up positions in the zone of Constantinople at a time when the Allies were, technically, at least, still at war with Turkey.

There are some reports to the effect that the English are encouraging the Greeks to break up the conference and try conclusions with the Turks again. There is certainly nothing in the behavior of the British delegates to lend color to such a statement, although there are those who think that this would be the logical British attitude.

LAUSANNE, May 24 (Associated Press).—The heads of the allied delegations, after conferring this evening, decided not to convoke the Financial Commission until further notice for consideration of the Greco-Turk difference.

The Allies will wait until the Turkish delegation has received a reply from Angora with regard to the compromise proposition in connection with Karagatch, but in order to comply partly with the desire expressed by the Greek delegation, the heads of the French, Italian and British delegations have invited Ismet Pasha and M. Alexandris, the Greek Foreign Minister, to confer with them Saturday morning.

Earlier in the day M. Alexandris visited General Pelle, chief French delegate and President of the Financial Commission, and asked that a meeting of the conference be convoked for Saturday at the latest to discuss the question of reparations, on which the Greeks and Turks are seriously divided.

To a similar request from former Premier Venizelos yesterday, General Pelle pleaded for a delay in the general interests of peace, saying that the powers were earnestly seeking a satisfactory solution of the problem and needed more time. He thought that any immediate discussion of the subject by the conference would only be academic.

M. Venizelos rejoined that Greece was unable to wait indefinitely, and the action taken by M. Alexandris today is looked upon as evidence that the Greeks desire to bring matters to a head.

ATHENS, May 24 (Associated Press).—The general feeling here is that the eventuality of war breaking out anew between Greece and Turkey is not excluded as the result of the Turkish claims at Lausanne for indemnity from Greece. Colonel Plastiras, who is the virtual head of the Government, in a statement to the press, issued today, says:

"Discussion on the reparations question must occur this week. It is impossible that we should wait any longer, as those who should know our intentions have already been informed. We will wait until Sunday."

Premier Gonatas, announcing today that the Greek delegation at Lausanne has been ordered to depart if the conference declared in favor of indemnity for Turkey, added that decision on the question must be made by Saturday of this week. The Greek Government, he said, reserved liberty of action.

LLOYD GEORGE TO COME HERE IN NOVEMBER

He Plans to Speak at World Church Conference if Home Situation Permits Trip.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.—Former Premier David Lloyd George will be the principal speaker at a conference in behalf of international co-operation in connection with the annual meeting of the World Alliance for International Friendship Through the Churches in Philadelphia next November, provided "internal affairs do not keep him at home in England," according to an announcement tonight.

Dr. Henry A. Atkinson of New York, General Secretary of the Church Peace Union and World Alliance, who recently returned from the World Alliance meeting in Zurich, Switzerland, met with a local committee on arrangements today and announced that he had an interview with the former British Premier and received his promise to attend the meeting.

Others who are expected to participate are Archbishop Soderblom of Uppsala, Sweden; the Rev. Thomas Nightingale of the National Free Church Council of England, Scotland and Wales; Governor William E. Sweet of Colorado; Professor Deissman of the University of Berlin, and others representing America.

While Dr. Atkinson was in the city he was received by Cardinal Dougherty, who expressed himself as sympathetic with the purpose of the Alliance, the announcement stated.

CUNO CONSIDERS OFFER OF 50,000,000,000 MARKS

But Plan Might Not Give Allies as Much Value as Offer Recently Rejected.

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BERLIN, May 24.—The reparations plan of Minister of Finance Hermes, calling for the payment of 50,000,000,000 gold marks ($12,500,000,000), including interest over a period of thirty years, has been handed to the Cabinet for study. The Ministers this afternoon discussed the plan, but it has not yet been formally presented at an official Cabinet sitting.

Dr. Hermes's attempt to conform to former Prime Minister Bonar Law's suggestion of 50,000,000,000 gold marks has resulted in an involved calculation by financial experts which gives the Allies little more actual value—perhaps less—than the recent rejected offer.

He first of all proposes a moratorium for a period of five years. At the end of that time Germany will pay five billion gold marks ($1,250,000,000) as interest, plus 1,000,000,000 marks ($250,000,000) yearly for the next five years, plus interest. Ten years hence the annuities will be increased to 1,500,000,000 gold marks ($375,000,000), plus interest for a period of five years at such a rate that at the end of thirty-five years Germany will have paid 50,000,000,000 gold marks, including all interest.

If this should prove insufficient, Dr. Hermes again offers to submit the payments to a commission of experts, and he hints that the Reparations Commission would be accepted as such if the English, Italian, Japanese and American members took part.

No mention is made of an internation loan.

Definite guarantees included in the plan are tobacco and alcohol monopolies. No mention is made of railways as guarantees.

SAYS BERLIN KEEPS RUHR FROM WORKING

Harvester Company Official Is Sure Resistance Would End Without Subventions.

CALLS THE POLICY 'LUNACY'

Present Labor Troubles Are the Beginning of Cuno's Downfall, Declares American.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 24.—That the Ruhr population would return to work if the Berlin Government stopped paying for passive resistance is one of the conclusions to which Senator Selden P. Spencer of Missouri and Edgar A. Bancroft of Chicago, a Director of the International Harvester Company, have come as the result of the visit they have just paid to the Ruhr.

Senator Spencer went as a visitor seeking information, and Mr. Bancroft with the special mission to investigate the situation as it affected the German branch of the Harvester Company at Neuss, near Düsseldorf.

At Neuss Mr. Bancroft found that, although there was plenty of work to be done, the factory was in operation only two days a week because of the impossibility of exporting from the Rhineland, owing to railroad conditions, and without paying an export license to the French, which the company was forbidden by the German Government to pay. Meanwhile, although work-people were employed only two days a week, they were receiving full weekly wages, of which the factory pays two days and the Government four. So far the men have not demanded any increase from their employers; but whenever the mark falls in value and in purchasing power the men demand that the Government allowance be increased.

"The policy which the German Government is pursuing in this business is absolute lunacy," Mr. Bancroft declared. "And the labor troubles which have started are just the beginning of its complete breakdown. The French occupation is invariably quiet, orderly and considerate of German feelings. The Germans whom we saw admitted this and complained only of the fact of the occupation and of the arrest and imprisonment of their prominent men, who they say have done no harm, and against whom nothing has been proved. This has greatly increased the feeling of bitterness against the French and is one of the obstacles to peace.

"We found that the sabotage in the Ruhr was entirely mercenary, and that it was instigated and directed from the outside is proved by the fact that in every one of the twenty-three cases of arrest for sabotage it has been found that the people arrested came from outside the district. Last week three of these strangers to the district were arrested by the German police for sabotage and turned over to the French.

"One interesting fact about the occupation of the French is that all their supplies are brought from France or bought abroad. They are not taking any food from the district, and on that score the Germans have nothing to complain about.

"One doesn't see many soldiers about either in towns or villages, and the railroad tracks are guarded only at the most important points. There are no black troops in the Ruhr, and only a few Algerians and Moroccans left in the Rhineland. The Germans object to them, not so much either because of their color or their behavior, but simply because they speak neither French nor German, and they always fear the possibility of mistakes.

"Among German business men we found the strangest confusion of mind. Even such men as von Bülow, one of the Directors of Krupps, tried to argue that so long as the French remained in the Ruhr, Germany could not pay as much as if the French withdrew, and that therefore the French must withdraw before Germany could make a really good offer. He absolutely refused to see that the case was a simple parallel to that in which a creditor attaches a debtor's income and property and says: 'Let's discuss when and how you will pay.' The German attitude is that of the debtor who says: 'Remove the attachment, and we will talk,' but his chances of getting that done seem to me just nothing. The French are in a position in which they can stay for as long as they like without hurting themselves much, while the German position, on account of the fall of the mark and the labor revolt, seems to be getting steadily worse.

"The Germans have another idea, which is constantly denied by the French, that the latter want to hold the Ruhr to bargain it against a kind of perpetual occupation of the left bank of the Rhine. To that hypothesis on their part the best answer seems to be that they should sell the more quickly to fix a settlement of reparations and get out of the possibility of being faced with such a choice.

"On their side the French will sooner or later have to come down, along with the English, to fixing a figure which leaves the cost of pensions out of account. France naturally wishes and needs to collect as much as possible. Germany intends to pay as little as possible, and England and America are constantly saying that the reparations should be equal to Germany's capacity to pay. There you have three expressions of amount that are all as uncertain and unascertainable as the length of a piece of string.

"Instead of giving advice, England and America must begin to consider the realities of the situation on the basis of how much they are going to get from their debtors if they don't help them to recover in turn from their debtors, and if they don't fix the ultimate responsibility of Germany as the bottom debtor. One that is certain is that unless some settlement is made there is not the least good in the world of expecting the situation to improve. It will grow steadily worse for Germany, and probably for the rest of Europe."

"France, meanwhile, is conducting herself in the Ruhr with a moderation which merits the fullest respect and seems to me least to blame for the uncertainty and confusion which have resulted from German efforts at evasion."

BERLIN EXPECTS ENVOY TO LEAVE HERE SOON

Krupps Request for Return of Wiedfeldt as a Director Likely to Be Complied With.

BERLIN, May 24 (Associated Press).—The return of Dr. Otto Wiedfeldt, German Ambassador to the United States, to the position of one of the leading executives of the giant Krupp establishment is viewed here as an early eventuality. The formal request that he be released from his post in Washington, addressed to Chancellor Cuno by the present Krupp management, reminds the Government that it merely "loaned" Dr. Wiedfeldt to it at a time when there was an acute shortage of available candidates for the post of Ambassador to the United States and that he accepted on this promise that his stay in Washington would not exceed a year.

The fact that the Krupp Directorate has been seriously stripped through the arrest and conviction by the French of Baron Krupp von Bohlen and other executive directors, and that the big establishment is now sorely in need of capable directing forces, has hastened the request for his release from his diplomatic post.

While the Government has not yet given the Krupp management a definite promise that the request will be met, it is generally assumed here that Dr. Wiedfeldt will return from Washington at an early date. Chancellor Cuno merely having requested that he be permitted to remain in his diplomatic position until the reparation situation more nearly approached a practicable solution.

Dr. Wiedfeldt is a comparative newcomer in the Krupp Directorate, having entered it in 1919. His was the master mind which evolved and carried out the plans for converting the huge arsenal into a highly organized workshop devoted to the pursuits of peace. His absence also is keenly felt in the councils of the League of Industrialists, where he ranked high as an expert economist and authority on the problems of labor and production. Inside these circles his early return is being especially urged in view of the pending reparation adjustments, in which the industrial interests are expected to play an important rele.

VERDICT AGAINST FUR THIEF.

Convict's $4,000 in Bank Attached on $72,900 Judgment.

A jury before Supreme Court Justice Giegerich gave a verdict yesterday for $72,900 in a suit by Sharfstein & Cohn, furriers, of 36 West Thirty-seventh Street, against Charles Schwartz, also known as Charles Ochshorn, who is serving a ten-year sentence in Sing Sing for the robbery of the establishment of the furriers in January last. The evidence showed that the defendant let himself through the ceiling of the fur loft and got away with skins valued at $76,000. He was arrested shortly afterward and sentenced to Sing Sing. Only about $4,000 worth of the furs were recovered.

While in Sing Sing Schwartz confessed that he had a bank account in the Bowery Bank, and the furriers sued and attached the account, in which there was $4,000, which will be applied on the judgment.

Italy Celebrates War Entrance Day.

ROME, May 24 (Associated Press).—The anniversary of Italy's entrance into the war was celebrated today throughout the country. Hitherto the Government had not encouraged the celebration, which has been opposed by the Socialists and Communists at the cemetery on the Carso Plateau. Premier Mussolini, in an address, emphasized the significance of the day.

PUT OUR OPIUM PLAN UP TO LEAGUE TODAY

American Delegation Is Asked by Commission at Geneva to Submit Treaty Proposal.

BRITISH AGAINST CONTROL

Prefer Domestic Supervision to International Limit on Drugs, Urged by Congress.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, May 24.—The American delegation to the meeting of the League of Nations Opium Commission will offer tomorrow a proposal that the League adopt a resolution similar to that passed by Congress calling for treaties among the nations to control the production of opium. The American argument is that opium can be best controlled by controlling the source.

The United States delegates did not attend the opening meeting today, sending instead a note stating that they thought they had no part in the official organization of the commission, but that they would like an opportunity to present the American plan, which they outlined briefly.

M. Bourgeunis, who was chosen President at the meeting this afternoon, notified the Americans that he would be glad to hear them tomorrow morning. It is doubtful if Representative Stephen G. Porter, head of the American delegation, can attend, since he is ill at the Hotel Bergues with an attack of kidney trouble. The other American delegates are Bishop Brent, Dr. Rupert Blue, Edwin L. Neville, State Department expert, and Mrs. John J. Moorehead of the Foreign Policy Association.

The American proposal is not likely to be adopted as it stands. In the first place, there is the question of form, it being scarcely likely that the League would follow the verbiage of the American Congress, and, in the second place, there is the difference in principle. Americans wish treaties with opium producing countries limiting production.

England, probably acting largely in behalf of India, is opposed to this procedure, holding domestic regulations rather than international treaties should be the method of control of opium production. Probably an interesting debate will develop between the English, on the one hand, and the countries sharing the American view, on the other.

CABINET DISCUSSES SOVIET NOTE TO CURZON

Decision Is Not Announced, but British Officials Seem Pleased With Reply.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 24.—The Russian reply to the British note was before the Cabinet today, but its decision is not yet announced. It appears, however, that the British Government is well satisfied with the general effect of the Soviet answer, and it is considered to make a rupture very much less likely.

This does not mean that the Government will accept all the Russian suggestions. It is very improbable, for example, that Lord Curzon will assent to a meeting with Tchitcherin, or that there will be any formal conference. The British Government will be quite ready, once the Soviet comes so far as to meet it on specific points, to discuss them with representatives of the Russian Government; but it has no desire to carry matters further at present.

It has been suggested in some quarters that acceptance of the Russian note would involve Great Britain in practical recognition of the Soviet Government, but that is not the view in official circles here. Ever since the Czarist régime fell there have been informal discussions with Russian representatives on special points, and such negotiations as may follow from the Soviet note will, it is maintained, be of the same nature.

Asks $25,000 for Coltman's Death.

PEKING, May 24 (Associated Press).—The American legation has transmitted to the Foreign Office a demand of $25,000 as indemnity for the death of Charles Coltman, an American, who was shot by Chinese soldiers near Kiligan, Dec. 11, 1922, in an alleged dispute over the export of silver.

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RUHR TOWN FALLS TO REDS IN BATTLE

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

rested for plundering. They stormed the Police Building and released him. Then the Fire Department and self-help forces charged, beating back the Communists and clearing the square and side streets. The Communists surged back with reserves and hand-to-hand fighting ensued.

At 7 o'clock two dead and twenty seriously wounded had been counted, a street car and a motor fire engine were wrecked. Part of the wounded were attended in an emergency field hospital established by the French in the main Post Office.

At 9 o'clock at night the Communists had succeeded in reoccupying the Police Headquarters, at which time the dead numbered four and the wounded more than forty.

The Communists wrecked the interior of the Police Headquarters, tearing up and making a bonfire in the courtyard of the police records.

By 10 o'clock the Communists had succeeded in driving the Fire Department and self-help forces out of the town, when the Communists held a mass-meeting in the square in front of the railroad station and concerted plans for the future.

By midnight five dead and sixty seriously wounded had been counted.

Everything indicated that the Communist uprising was carefully organized. They were also reported trying to start uprisings in the town of Bochum.

French Remain Neutral.

ESSEN, May 24. (Associated Press).—The trouble at Gelsenkirchen began to take serious form yesterday afternoon when a Communist "Commission of Control" visited the shops, demanding that the prices of foodstuffs be cut in half. The housewives of the city, hearing that the stores were complying with this demand, swooped down upon them with market baskets and exhausted the supplies in a short time.

Meanwhile the streets began to fill with people and a general scramble ensued. As the security police had been expelled in February the town was without protection except for a force of firemen which had been doing some patrol duty.

This fireman force was called upon to make an effort to disperse the crowd. It was aided by the newly-formed Civilian Self-Defense League, the members of which are armed with clubs but not guns.

The interference with the firemen and the Self-Defense League force seemed only to add fuel to the fire, and the crowd began counter-attacking. In one instance the demonstrators attacked a squad of firemen who were occupying a fire truck, wounded several of them and burned the truck, which was being used as a patrol wagon.

Seeing matters were growing worse, the firemen began using their revolvers. This resulted in several persons being killed and others wounded.

Additional French troops were ordered into Gelsenkirchen, which is in the Essen region, six miles northwest of Bochum, but it was announced there was no intention on the part of the French to interfere so long as the demonstrators did not clash with the French military.

When the French troops appeared they were cheered by the Germans, who thought the military had come to suppress the demonstration, but the French merely went to their various posts and looked on.

Strikes Spread at Dortmund.

DORTMUND, May 24 (Associated Press).—The strike here continues to gain ground. Three other mines have been compelled to shut down, making ten thus far closed. The woodworkers and carpenters also have joined the strike and at three mines in Bochum the workers have gone out.

Four of the most important of the workmen's unions have issued an appeal to the workers to remain loyal to their unions and the German Government. The appeal says the Moscow Communists have begun systematic agitation in the Ruhr in an effort to destroy the labor organizations, and declares that if the Bolsheviki gain strength in the Ruhr this would have a tendency to benefit the capitalists and weaken the unions.

The Germans today used a mine thrower against one of the locks of the Rhine-Herne canal. The detonation was plainly audible in Bochum and caused much excitement, owing to the nervous state of the inhabitants. The damage done by the explosion was slight.

The Communists who are active here are not unemployed men, but are complaining against the high prices prevailing. The city officials at Gelsenkirchen assert that there are only 150 men out of work there, and that the leaders in the disturbances are men from outside the Gelsenkirchen district.

Report Moscow Subsidizing Reds.

DUESSELDORF, May 24 (Associated Press).—French official authorities here declare they have knowledge that Moscow has sent to the Ruhr Valley more than 20,000,000 Swiss francs to further the effort to create a Soviet Republic. In addition two shiploads of wheat, they declare, have been sent on Moscow initiative to the Ruhr for the use of the Communists, particularly at Bochum and Dortmund, with promises of more if needed.

This declaration was made today as a reply to the recent German newspaper charges that the Communist trouble was being fostered by the French.

TROOPS ATTACKING CHINESE BRIGANDS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

have operated and on which they must depend for a living.

Foreign Commanders to Investigate.

PEKING, May 24 (Associated Press).—Brigadier General William D. Connor, commander of the American troops stationed at Tientsin will head the international commission which will proceed immediately to Tsao Chwang to investigate the bandit situation, it was announced here today.

The commission, which will be composed of military men, will include the commanding officers of each foreign detachment stationed at Tientsin and the army or navy attachés of legations at Peking whose nations have no troops held by the brigands. The Japanese Government has been invited to name a representative and has accepted.

M. O. Berube, one of the captives of the Suchow train bandits, who brought the ultimatum of the brigands to the Chinese Government, today told how he won his release from the outlaws with a ten dollar watch which he presented to the chief's little son.

Berube, when taken to the Paotzuku stronghold of the brigands with the other foreign prisoners, was attracted by a child who, he was informed, was the son of the chief. Berube, thinking to please the youngster, commissioned a messenger to buy a watch for the boy. He gave the messenger $10 and the purchase was made at Tsaochwang. This kindly act so pleased the chief of the bandits that he chose Berube when he needed a messenger to carry the outlaw's terms to Peking.

Bandits Saw Train Wreck in Movies.

TIENTSIN, May 24 (Associated Press).—One of the bandits' coolie messengers employed in taking supplies to the Paotzuku stronghold told the relief workers at Tsao Chwang that the brigands got their idea for derailing the Shanghai-Peking express train May 6 from a serial motion picture. The picture showed in detail how an express train was wrecked. One or more of the bandits saw the thriller, the messenger said, and imparted the details to the outlaws with the resultant derailment and kidnapping of the foreigners.

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TSAO CHUANG, May 24.—Heavy firing began late this afternoon, ten miles northward of here and is continuing tonight with flashes of fire plainly seen here. It is believed that a bandit gang from the South is trying to pass the Government troops to join the outlaws at Paotzuku, where the foreign captives have been held.

A messenger arriving here tonight reports that the captives are hurriedly being removed further northward into the mountains.

John F. Powell of The Chicago Tribune who was to have been given his release on parole to confer with Chinese officials trying to secure the release of the captives writes to say that his visit has been postponed owing to a disagreement among the bandit chiefs who doubt Peking's sincerity even if their demands are accepted.

Mr. Powell canvassed the captives on the subject of an attempted rescue by American troops. The majority believe that such action would mean their massacre, but all, including the English-speaking Chinese prisoners, assert that American intervention of some sort is urgently necessary.

Following a two-day conference with local gentry, the bandits drafted terms upon which they will release their prisoners held at Paotzuku. The following are the bandits' terms:

First—Absorption of 10,000 of their number into the army.

Second—Absolute control in Southwest Shantung, with an independent provincial Government.

Third—Payment of the six months' arrears in wages due as alleged members of Chang Chin Yao's disbanded army.

Fourth—Equipment and a six months' advance in pay.

The proposition means legalized banditry.

Negotiations with the bandits backed by force seems imminent and unavoidable. The opening action awaits a mandate from Peking assuming full responsibility, which the Shantung Governor, Tien, demands.

Government forces encircle the bandits, completely cutting off messengers from other bandit gangs and also from Chang Ching Yao, refugee from the Japanese concession in Tientsin, who is the representative of General Chang Tso-lin, and messengers from Little Hsu of the Anfu clique.

Villagers are urging the bandits to make a settlement and avoid fighting, since it is harvest time and the crops will soon be washed.

The diplomatic and consular corps having refused to treat with the bandits, the latter have become more discouraged and hence are more prone to discuss with the Government. The terms previously cabled, which John Powell expected hourly, are believed to be only the starting point, since the strength of the Government troops could force the bandits to take less or be exterminated. The only danger of this proceeding is that to the lives of the captives but with foreign troops not authorized it seems to be the only hope for an early rescue.

SCHURMAN BLAMES CHINESE POLITICIANS

Says in Message to Washington That They Use Seizure of Foreigners to Further Their Ends.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Chinese politicians are blamed for the delay in effecting the release of the American and other foreigners held captives by the Linching bandits in a communication which the State Department received today from Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman, the American Minister at Peking, making a lengthy report on the negotiations with the outlaws. Hostile factions anxious to discredit the Chihli faction, the Peking Government and General Tsao Kun, a candidate for the Presidency, have been making use of the outrage, he says, for their own political ends.

Mr. Schurman informed the Department that he does not believe the American prisoners are in any grave danger of being killed by the bandits. To kill them, he thinks, would rob the bandits of the value of the captives as an asset in the negotiations. But if the bandits are continuously attacked by troops the lives of the prisoners would be placed in jeopardy Dr. Schurman thinks, and any attempt to starve out the bandits would also confront the captives with starvation.

Secretary Hughes late this afternoon made public this paraphrase of Minister Schurman's dispatch, which was dated Peking, May 23:

"The Minister's estimate of the present situation is as follows: For some days there have been no negotiations with the bandits and no fighting, although there has been occasional firing which led the diplomatic body on May 21 to protest to the Chinese Government against its failure to withdraw the troops in accordance with the condition laid down by the bandits as indispensable to negotiations and previously accepted by the Government.

"The Minister feels, from various indications, that the matter is now complicated by Chinese politics. The politicians were quick to see in the work of the bandits a valuable means for attaining their own purposes. Certain hostile factions are using the outrage for the purpose of discrediting the Chihli party, the Peking Government over which it exercises considerable influence and its leader, Tsao Kun, who has been a hopeful candidate for the Presidency.

"The politicians of the Chihli party are likely to try to have the Peking Government as well as the Shantung authorities, share with them the responsibility and the blame for attacking in the matter. Left to themselves they would doubtless arrange after prolonged negotiations and compromises among themselves, and a display of military force for the satisfaction of the bandits and the saving of everybody's face.

"The danger is that during the time required for arranging such a solution, some of the foreign prisoners on Paotzuku might die of exposure, starvation or disease. It does not seem probable that the bandits would kill the foreign captives, who would be of no value to them in that case; but the lives of the foreigners would be endangered should the bandits be fiercely or continuously attacked by the Chinese forces or if an attempt were made to starve them out.

"Although Americans and Europeans in China are greatly stirred up over the situation and demands are being made for direct negotiations with the bandits and for the use of foreign troops to effect the release of the captives, the Minister continues to be of the opinion that foreign representatives must work through the Chinese authorities with the constant pressure of insistent demands.

"The Minister has suggested that the diplomatic body at Peking should send such an international commission of investigation as was established last Autumn in the case of certain missionaries captured in Honan, but in the present case has suggested that the commission should be composed of the commanders of the several foreign expeditionary forces which maintain headquarters in Peking for the purpose of keeping open the railway from Peking to the sea, in accordance with the Boxer protocol of 1901."

175 Feet Frontage on the Gowanus Canal

Figures recently published show that this Canal with its entrance to the Lower Bay is one of the busiest and most important of the small waterways in the U. S. A. The Knickerbocker Wagon Shops occupy one of the most "strategic" as well as valuable locations on this busy stream—175 feet on the Canal; 200 feet on 4th Street; 82 feet on Bond Street, in the heart of Brooklyn.

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PRESIDENT INVOKES NEW NATIONAL ZEAL

He Says That Americans Are Losing the Unity and Devotion Shown in the War.

PLEADS FOR EARLY IDEALS

The Preamble to the Constitution, He Urges, Is the Best Guide Today.

DEMOCRACY NOT ON TRIAL

He, With Pershing, Vanderlip and Others, Addresses National American Council.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Much of the unity, solidarity and eagerness of service which marked the attitude of America during the World War has been lost and no great "all absorbing enthusiasm" has been found to supplant them, President Harding said in an address today at the third annual meeting of the National American Council, a patriotic organization. The President said that he could not agree with those of his fellow citizens who held that democracy in America was on trial, but he was willing to concede "that in these times it is experiencing a good many trials."

The "commanding and dominating interests, so much needed in America at this time," the President said, "was to be found in the preamble to the Constitution, particularly the pledge to "establish ustice" in the Union. The seeking and the doing of justice, he declared, was the key to the realization of a better and a greater nation.

The President spoke in Continental Memorial Hall to a distinguished audience. The speakers who followed him included General Pershing, Frank A. Vanderlip, Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cooke, President General of the Daughters of the American Revolution; Prof. Michael Pupin, Commissioner of Education John J. Tigert and Dr. C. R. Mann of the Advisory Board of the Army General Staff.

The National American Council, of which the President is the honorary and Mr. Vanderlip the active head, was organized "to uphold and defend the Constitution, to maintain law and order, to foster and perpetuate the spirit of America and to safeguard and to transmit to posterity the principles of justice, freedom and democracy."

Speech of the President.

Mr. Harding said:

"It is not only a pleasure, but a great reassurance to greet this body of earnest and intelligent men and women who have come together, so to speak, as coordinators for a great group of organizations devoted to the common purpose of bettering American citizenship. It is one of the best signs of our times that there exists a widespread realization of the need for organized and determined effort to recall the people to the high ideals which inspired our republican institutions.

"It is a common observation nowadays, sometimes, I think, altogether too easily and lightly made, that democracy is on trial. I think we have need to make some distinction at this point. The unqualified and not infrequently pessimistic declaration that democracy is on trial is calculated to suggest that perhaps there is need to search for an alternative to those democratic republican institutions which we have erected in this country, and which have spread in the last century and a half to a great part of the world.

"I have some misgivings about whether democracy is on trial, but I am very sure that in these times it is experiencing a great many trials. Further, we will be quite safe in admitting that many of the institutions which have been set up in the hope that through them the best claims of democracy might be realized, are on trial.

"We will make no mistake if we confess that the attitudes and conduct of many people who profess devotion to democratic institutions are on trial. But all this may be admitted without implying that any important part of society is seeking an alternative to democracy. There is much questioning of ways and means and institutions, but as to the fundamentals it certainly can be said that never was our country more firmly committed to the broad ideals and purposes of democracy, and never before were so many other countries and peoples seeking to establish like committments.

"Human society has never faced a more complex or difficult situation, and it is therefore of first importance that all Americans be brought to understand the underlying purposes of this commonwealth, and to fix firmly in their hearts the determination to maintain institutions capable of progressive evolutional development, along the lines of our fundamental principles.

"To this end, the need is to educate all of us to understand what our fundamentals are, what they mean, and whether, in the process of their evolution we desire to hold them everlastingly secure. In some ways Americans are a very conservative people; in others quite the reverse. Having been compelled for generations more or less to improvise institutions fitted to their needs, they have largely lost the fear of experimentation.

"Some of them are quite too willing to experiment without first stopping to think out clearly the procedure on which they would enter. Conflicts among differing groups and opposing programs have commonly prevented disastrous results; but there is danger in placing too much reliance on this kind of protection. It is liable to deadlock the whole mechanism of progress. That would be as great a disaster as to give ourselves over to an era of illassorted, unthought out social and economic experiments.

Middle Ground Is Advised.

"Somewhere between these two undesirable courses, our country has need to chart a route of sane, constructive, genuine progress which may command the sincere support of the overwhelming majority. Thus, and only thus, we shall assure continuing institutional evolution, without revolution; steady advancement, without avulsion.

"It seems fair to say that two conditions must be met if our quorum of democratic institutions are to continue improving and adapting themselves to the requirements of an increasingly complex social order. Every governmental unit must be at nearly as possible a miniature of the ideal State which all hope to realise, capable of standing on its own bottom and managing affairs as best serves the public welfare. But, since such a collection of independent, self-governing communities does not form a nation, there must be also some potent bonds of sympathy, interest and common purpose binding these communities into a great united commonwealth.

"Our national experience during the war afforded illustration of how a great common purpose, intense and universal, would weld the nation into a true unity. The inspiration to forget personal interests for the sake of the common cause; to sacrifice individual ambition, to work without stint and without question, to give up if necessary, even life itself—these enabled us to achieve a consciousness of solidarity and of power that this nation had not known before it grandly demonstrated what magnificent results a great people can accomplish if they have a great common object which all sincerely wish to attain.

Eagerness for Service Passing.

"That great release of national energy was inspired by war. It showed how far this people will go in service and sacrifice for the common good. As a people, we have not changed with the return of peace; but undeniably we have lost much of the unity, the solidarity, the eagerness for simple service, that marked our war-time attitude.

"Plainly it is because we have been somewhat confused by the complexity of our time and situation. No one great dominating and appealing cause has been visualized before us, to command our loyalty and devotion. We have not discovered any single, all-absorbing enterprise capable of commanding the services of the whole united community.

"We need to find such a commanding and dominating national interest, and I believe it would be found if we could contrive means to set before all the people the full meaning and implication of that simple statement about the aims and purposes of our Government, which is contained in the preamble of the Constitution. In that preamble the fathers of the republic set forth the objective of this great democracy: 'We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.'

Chart to Guide the Nation.

"There is the complete statement of our nation's aspiration, and a noble aspiration it is. There is the chart for our course. There is the inspiration to every effort to make one and all of us better citizens. Following this statement of a general purpose the Constitution sets up a mechanism, and the laws enacted by nation and States, have added to that mechanism from time to time.

"We should not, in contemplating the details and perhaps imperfections of the machinery, allow ourselves to forget the great underlying plan and purpose, the supreme object of it all. There is need to cultivate in every citizen a sense of responsibility, of personal concern for the operation of this mechanism in a fashion harmonious with the purposes of its founders. The nation at its best will not be better than the aggregate of all its citizenship, the national ideal stated in the preamble will be attained by us as a nation in no greater degree than we shall attain it as an aggregate of individuals. To the extent that the individual strives to realise the object in his life and conduct, communities composed of these individuals may accomplish them, but no further. The preamble, then, defines the objectives and aims of training for citizenship.

"No doubt the working implications of this thesis will be developed in your discussions. But one brief suggestion may be offered. Consider one phase in the preamble: 'To establish justice.' In our mechanism of government, we have set up an elaborate organization to insure this: the Federal and State Judicial systems. But the courts cannot insure equal justice to all the community if some individuals shall strive for special privileges for themselves, or seek to establish subtle forms of injustice not specifically prohibited by the letter of law. The task of the courts will be difficult, slow, sometimes impossible, unless citizens subject to their jurisdiction are sincerely desirous to do justice and to see it done in the affairs of day-by-day life.

Justice By Individuals Asked.

"Thus the immediate and continuing opportunity for every citizen to contribute toward the accomplishment of this particular objective by the nation as a whole, lies in so guiding one's personal affairs that they shall fall into coincidence with this injunction 'to establish justice.' If we sincerely wish to leave a better and greater nation to the next generation, to bequeath institutions better adapted to accomplish the great aim of social organization, we shall accomplish these things by adhering in our daily conduct to the rule of seeking and doing justice.

"To this end, the Federal Government has important contributions to make. Many of its agencies, such as the Bureau of Education, the Federal Board for Vocational Education, the Departments of Agriculture, Labor, War and Navy, indeed every department, are actively engaged in efforts for the better training of citizens. The Federal Council of citizenship training has been set up with the purpose of helping to so co-ordinate these various functions that they may be more effective. It has been studying the situation, charting the work of Federal agencies, laying out the possible lines of communication with the States and the people, preparing to keep with them in every enterprise for the betterment of citizenship.

State and City Help Needed.

"Along the same lines the State and municipal governments have important duties. They directly control the educational establishments of the country.

"Beyond them, every citizen has a personal responsibility in this business of training better citizens. The citizen is an example to all with whom he comes in contact, a parent with direct responsibility for his children. Without his fullest co-operation, the utmost efforts of Federal, State and local governments can at most be of small avail. So we may well unite in inviting all citizens of all of the many organizations which look to encourage beter citizenship, to unite in this fine co-operation of effort.

"With the preamble of the Constitution as a definition of our objective we will find that we have a common aim and purpose, quite as attractive, as any that have been set up before us and under the urgencies of war. Here is a sound platform on which to build democratic institutions. Toward the realisation of such aspirations as these we may confidently place our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor.

"The result of individual and collective effort to make this democratic program a moving force in our lives and conduct will extend beyond our own borders. The nation which knows the truth and which, amid the turmoil of this age, has discovered how to insure domestic tranquility can point the way to world peace; not by force of arms, but by living the precepts of representative democracy's true platform in all its dealings with mankind."

Pershing for Voluntary Training.

General Pershing followed the President.

"The success of our present plan of national defense," he said, "depends on the attitude and characteristics of our citizens. The War Department is therefore, of necessity, interested in the quality of our citizenship. But because of the manner in which our Government is constructed, the War Department should have no active control or direction of the general education of citizens. In harmony with our institutions all training for national service and all service are voluntary and should remain so.

"Therefore the strength of the nation can be increased and its institutions protected and developed only as the citizens themselves undertake to accomplish these ends of their own free will. The fundamental requirements for such national strength are sound and healthy minds and bodies, intelligent participation in public affairs and a determination to support our institutions and to serve for the good of the commonwealth."

Vanderlip Not Alarmed by Reds.

Mr. Vanderlip said that one of the great opportunities open to the council was the fostering of better citizenship.

"I am not," he said, "much alarmed over the condition of the United States. I am not afraid of the 'Reds,' the Ku Klux Klan or any of the other groups of racial divisions. I am fired with the possibility of what we could do if we united and put our minds on things we believe desirable for the education of our citizenship. We afford $26,000,000,000 for war and if we can afford anything we can afford education."

Samuel Gompers, who attended the conference, pledged the support of the American Federation of Labor to the council in its efforts to improve the educational situation in the country.

Dr. Mann cited instances in various cities where grafting politicians, who were in power because only 37 per cent. of the people were voting, were driven out when 85 per cent. of the voters cast ballots. He stressed the need of driving home the peaceful power of the ballot to coming voters as the first requirement of the duties of citizenship.

The suggestion that July 4 be utilized as a day of rededication to the ideals of America in a nation-wide celebration was presented by Nathaniel Phillips, President of the League of Foreign Born Citizens. He proposed that public meetings in the form of civic courts of honor be held in every city, in which addresses on American ideals would be delivered.

John Wanamaker
Broadway at Ninth, New York

A Special Purchase of 600 Oriental RUGS

Ranging from 3 to 4 ft. in width and from 5 to 8 feet in length

All offered Today at one price—

$29.50

Most of these rugs have been selling in the open retail market around $50 to $56. But there is a first choice in the lot, and those who come early will get the best prizes. Included are:

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Some are in hearth sizes; some are square; some long and narrow. But they average from 3 to 4 feet by 5 to 8 feet.

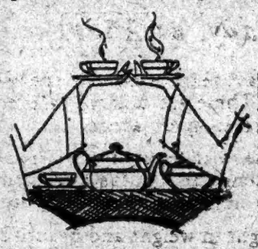
The variety is large, of course, as no two hand-woven Oriental rugs are alike; and the colors are varied enough to meet any scheme of decoration.

We expect these rugs to be taken by the half dozen, as the price is exceedingly low. Third Gallery, New Building

300 of the Best Lustre Tea Sets That Money Can Buy, $18

$35 *and* $40 *grades.* 28 *pieces in each set.*

A well-made lustre ware from Czechoslovakia. Superior to the usual importations from the Orient.



Unique!

No one else in New York has these sets. The designs—14 color combinations—have the two-tone effects with the color of the lining running over the edge into a deep band on the outside of cups and containers. Two tones on plates and saucers, too. Fine black lines and handles to point the contrasts. Excellent shapes, some very odd.

Wardrobe Trunks—*Sale*

Mendel, Hartman and Pax-rite wardrobe trunks of standard make, rarely offered at lowered prices. The several hundred that we bought specially will not meet the demand now so urgent as holiday time approaches.

MENDEL

$42 for $51 Trunks
Full size, dust proof lift-top, four drawers with lock rod, 12 hangers, laundry bag, ironing board and iron holder.

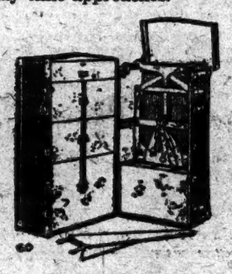
$39.75 for $48 Trunks
Three-quarter size; same construction as the full size Mendel, but with 8 hangers.

$37.50 for $44.50 Trunks
Steamer size Mendel, with six hangers.

HARTMAN

$40 for $50 Trunks
Medium size, four drawers with lock rod, raised cushion top, Gibralterized edges, 10 hangers, laundry bag and shoe box.

$35 for $43.75 Trunks
Steamer Hartman with six hangers and four drawers.



PAX-RITE

$30 for $43 Trunks
Full size fibre wardrobe trunks, raised top, 4 metal top drawers, lock rod, shoe box and curtain, 10 hangers.

$25 for $34.75 Trunks
Steamer Pax-rite trunks, raised top, 6 hangers, shoe pocket, lock top drawer, drop section and two button drawers.

Don't judge trunk values by the size of the advertising—the weaker the value the larger the space, is the rule. Although modestly stated, this sale offers better trunk news than any recently announced in New York.

Seventh Gallery, New Building

500 Salem Cord Tires and Tubes

At the price of the tire alone.

30 x 3½ Super-oversize Cord Tire and Tube . . . **$13.90**

The tires are all super-oversize Salem Cord Tires guaranteed for 10,000 miles of service. The tubes are guaranteed against defects for one year.

Just in time for the Holiday. This quantity is limited.

Telephone orders will be filled as received. Mail orders will be filled until the supply is exhausted.

Size	List Price	Sale Price
30x3½	$21.90	$18.90
32x3½	$32.05	$19.50
31x4	$37.00	$24.00
32x4	$40.60	$24.50
33x4	$41.85	$25.25
34x4	$43.00	$25.75
32x4½	$52.25	$31.50
33x4½	$53.55	$32.25
34x4½	$54.90	$32.95
35x4½	$56.65	$33.90
36x4½	$57.95	$34.75
33x5	$65.10	$39.25
35x5	$68.35	$41.25
37x5	$72.10	$43.25

Street Floor, New Building

The Outlook of the London House over lovely St. James Square

The LONDON HOUSE *of* JOHN WANAMAKER

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RADIOGRAM
London, May 23, 1923.
JOHN WANAMAKER
New York and Philadelphia
We are transferring to-day the business to our new house, 26, Pall Mall, and our first thought and action is to send greetings to the many thousand of our colleagues, both in New York and Philadelphia stores, and to assure them of our fullest co-operation and assistance in the service of the public.
London House of
John Wanamaker.

CABLEGRAM
New York, May 23, 1923.
JOHN WANAMAKER
26, Pall Mall, London, S. W. 1.
Hearty thanks for thoughtful greetings in entering your new home which we sincerely hope will bring happiness to the workers in the business on both sides of the ocean and useful service to the millions of people who from year to year give us their patronage and good will. May we all work loyally to deserve and carry on the success that the Founder has established for us in this business.
John Wanamaker,
New York and Philadelphia.

* * *

OWNING outright, in fee simple, this splendid property, we now feel that our London House is established as solidly as the many historic buildings and organizations that surround it.

Facing on Pall Mall, the famous Carlton Club, founded by the Duke of Wellington, the building extends through the block to lovely St. James Square, drenched with historic traditions and memories, and fragrant with foliage and flowers. On this square during the war was located "Washington Inn," headquarters of the American officers in London, and huts covered much of its space. But now its ancient openness and beauty have been restored, says a writer in the London Times.

"Shrubberies have been uprooted and wide lawns laid out. Magnolias and other flowering plants ring the circuit. There is space, light, grateful shadow, gentle grandeur. Henry Jermyn, Earl of St. Albans, who began to build St. James Square on St. James Field in King Charles II.'s day, and had his own great house at the southwest corner of this steep little street, would be proud to see how beautiful a garden has been made of the great open space. We may imagine the ghosts of all the great people who have lived around it in something near three centuries enjoying what in their time of residence was not there to enjoy."

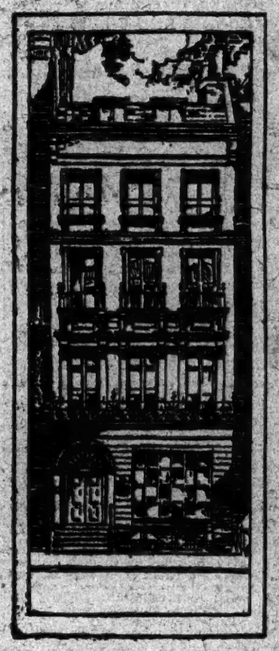
Across the Square, as neighbors, are the London Library, the Windham Club, the British Empire Club, the Portland Club, the Sports Club and many old historic residences.

Within five or ten minutes are the great hotels, restaurants, theatres, steamship and booking offices and other places of social activity.

Trafalgar Square, the Houses of Parliament, Westminster Abbey, the Thames, the National Gallery, are all close by.

Just without earshot but close enough to reach in a hurry is the endless stream of traffic—the rumble of buses, motors, carriages, drays, even steam vans—that wind in and out along the Strand, the Haymarket, Regent Street, linking financial and commercial London with outlying residence districts.

As you enter the building itself you pass through a fine old Adam doorway and into spacious quarters that are more like a home than an office.

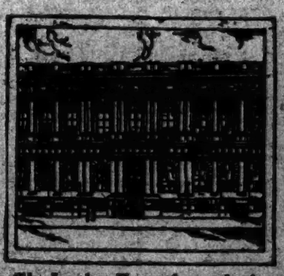


The London House of John Wanamaker

A Strange Setting for a House of Business!

Yes, at first glance it may so seem. Yet our London Home is not a store. It is not a financial center. It is our inspiration and outlook for the whole British Empire in the creating and gathering of such merchandise and fashions as cannot be found in our own country.

If our store chiefs, as they went to London to get the new things, were shunted down into the cold, narrow, restricted commercial and financial districts of London, their inspirations, intuitions and outlook as to what to buy would be quickly narrowed and frozen into the rut of habit. Of course, they go to the sources wherever the merchandise is made or sold—but they go there from our London House with a mind freshened by contact with the actual social life and surroundings of London.



The London House faces the famous Carlton Club on Pall Mall

The former London home of our business was at 13 and 14, Pall Mall, only a few blocks from the new, so that we are not changing the conditions under which we have been gathering our London and British merchandise, but adding to and improving them.

The Paris House of John Wanamaker in the old French mansion at 44 Rue des Petites Ecuries was the first European organization of its kind to be established by a purely retail American business. And the London House is, so far as we know, the only American merchandise headquarters in Great Britain owned by an American store definitely planned and organized to inspire the business not alone with new merchandise but with new thought, ideas and enthusiasms.

This may be the reason why a visitor at Wanamaker's is always impressed with the newness and charm that pervade the store—with that intangible thing which is only partly expressed by the word atmosphere.

Wanamaker's is different, people say. The store looks different. The merchandise is different. There is an individuality, a personality, an atmosphere not to be found in other stores. Much of this "differentness" is due to the inspiration that comes from our London and Paris houses. For these houses are watch towers for all of Europe. The finest things in the world of art, fashion and merchandise gravitate naturally to the three greatest cities of the world—New York, London, Paris. With trained observers in London and Paris constantly co-operating with our own merchandise travelers who in their quest of the new visit not only these cities, but all the merchandise centers of Europe, there is bound to come to Wanamaker's first the cream of the world's products. And when these products do come they carry with them the authority of correct knowledge of what is being used and worn and of what is in good taste in the highest social circles of the world.

The courtesies of our London House are freely offered to all American travelers when in London

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Women's Wraps, Capes and Coats

Very Specially Priced

Despite the notable saving on each model you will find the lines the same as those advanced by the leading couturiers for mid-season—and the fabric and quality up to the usual Saks' standard!

Wraps and Coats, *Formerly* 39.50 to 45.00, Now **29.50**
Wraps and Coats, *Formerly* 49.50 to 59.50, Now **39.50**
Wraps and Coats, *Formerly* 65.00 to 75.00, Now **49.50**

Three Silhouettes Here

Some of them were the most exclusive models in our stock, others were acquired by special purchase. The close, tube-like coats, the flowing capes featured at the Auteuil races, and the cape-coats combining both silhouettes are in the collection.

The Details of Finishing are exquisite—showing embroidery, braiding, and cleverly tailored collars or those of Summer furs. The *Fabrics—Canton Crepe, Flat Crepe, Twill Cord, Veldyne, Velvey.*

Women's Top Coats

***Special at* 29.50**

Sports and tailored models, in fabrics that are the very best—*some of them shower-proofed*—fleeces, imported tweeds, overplaids, heather mixtures.

Imported Oil Silk Raincoats

***Reduced to* 18.50**

Formerly 25.00 and 29.50

In purple, navy, brown, black. Some of them lined.

Fourth Floor

"Plastique" Corsets

Brassieres and Bandeaux

Sold Exclusively by Saks and Company

"Plastique" Models achieve the utmost favor among smart women because they mold the figure to the newest lines of the mode with perfect convenience and ease.

"Plastique" Girdle Top Corsets . . . . 5.00 and 6.00
"Plastique" Clasp-Around Corsets . . . 6.75 and 7.75
"Plastique" Corsettes 5.00 to 16.50
"Plastique" Brassières and Bandeaux . . 1.50 to 25.00
"Plastique" Corsets and Corset Waists for Children and Misses . 1.50, 2.50 and 3.50

Third Floor

"Vassar" Sports Sandals

—A Jaunty Style Adapting the Grecian Mode to 1923 Requirements—

***At* 6.50**

Their new feature is a strap which encircles the instep and clasps in a fashion like that of the ancient Greek sandal.

The modern touch is evidenced in color, for they come in blue, gray or brown Morocco, in white calfskin, smoked elkskin, patent leather or Paisley.

Sizes 2½ to 7. *Second Floor*

Paris Goes In for the Lingerie Jabot

And any severe frock or tailleur grows less severe, more enchanting and most fashionable by this simple addition. You have but to go where smart New York lunches to see a quick response to this vogue of frills.

Our interpretation of the mode is this set of finely tucked ecru net—a vest and sleeves—each wearing a jabot of pleated ecru lace.

***The set* 18.75**

Street Floor

CHOOSE ONE OF THESE WOMEN'S

Silk or Knitted Sports Frocks

as a Sure Means to a Successful Holiday and an Equally Certain Means to Economy—

***Friday and Saturday, at* 25.00**

Striped or Figured Broadcloth Silk, of that heavy texture found in the best-tailored men's shirts, is used for many of them. These are tailored to precision, will launder beautifully, and are the last word in sport attire.

One combines plain white overblouse with figured skirt in orchid, Copenhagen and black. Another has long patch pockets and contrasting colored bands: in green, blue, orchid, and maize. *Sizes* 36 *to* 42.

Knitted Frocks of Fibre Silk and Wool. Light in weight and beautifully woven, these two-toned frocks would be a lovely spot of color on links or tennis court. In orchid, brown, beige, Copenhagen blue, white. *Sizes* 36 *to* 42.

***At* 15.00**

Embroidered French Linen Frocks. Side-pleated, to permit a comfortable stride; the seams are fagotted in linen. Colors: blue, pink, leather, orchid, gray.

Fourth Floor

Women's Tom Thumb Umbrellas

—the Most Correct Fashion for May Rain and Sunshine—

***At* 4.95**

These stubby sun-and-rain silk umbrellas can be tucked under the arm easily or swung swaggeringly from the wrist.

Their silk, ribbed or satin-bordered, and of superlative quality; is stretched on strong paragon frames. New mushroom tips and stubs to match.

Beautifully carved wood handles, with wrist thong, strap, or ring. All wanted colors.

Street Floor

Silk Pouch Bags

Fashion Suggests These New Guardians for Your Purse, and We Offer Them at a Price Which Will Not Tax It Greatly

2.95

The frames are delightful, some of them dull golf filigree effect with insets of colored stones, others with filigree corners on jet bands, or self frames.

Rich, heavy silks, which take the full pouch style so beautifully—moire, plain or satin-striped.

Pleated Bags, Too,

in this collection, and all have change compartments. The colors are just what you want for your frock—beige, gray, cocoa, navy, brown and black. *Street Floor*

Small White Gold

Bracelet Watches

offer a splendid value

***At* 32.50**

18-karat white gold models, enclose a 17-jewel movement in engraved oval case. Cabochon sapphire crown.

***At* 35.00**

Very modish and very tiny are these rectangular watches, inset with two or four sapphires of novel cut. 18-karat white gold case with 15-jewel movement.

Street Floor

Every Frock in Paris Wears Its Matching Piece of Fur. These

Fur Scarfs

are meeting with wide success in New York, because they are a true French fashion—and because they are the inevitable finish to one's costume. Featured Friday and Saturday, at very special prices.

Dyed Fox Scarfs, Brown or Taupe, **34.50**
Two-Skin Mink Scarfs **39.50**
Two-Skin Stone Marten Scarfs . **49.50**

Fox Scarfs in new Parisian shades of cocoa, platinum, sand and dyed blue **79.50**

Sixth Floor

1,000 Children's Summer Frocks and Hats

Remarkably Priced Friday and Saturday

Dainty, Immaculate Little Frocks of Tub Fabrics, in *Sizes 2 to 6 years*

***At* 2.50**

Smocked Frocks of Voile, dainty as a flower garden, and smocked in colors to contrast to their delicate shades of maize, pink, blue or orchid.

Hats to Match—2.25

***At* 2.75**

Hand-Smocked Dimity Frocks. Full, frilly white dimity frocks, with the handwork done carefully in pink or blue, and tiny ruffles which look very cool in place of sleeves.

***At* 3.00**

Dotted Swiss Frocks. They are in white, but have gay hemstitched bands of Swiss in brilliant orange, tomato red or Copenhagen.

Hats to Match—2.25

Infants' Department—Fourth Floor

ON THE THIRD FLOOR

Crisp Town-and-Country Tub Frocks

Jaunty, Straight-Line Models—All Beautifully Made

***At* 1.65**

Slip-on Frocks that go over the head in a moment and look extremely smart in the house or in the garden. Well-tailored, too, so that they can be worn outside.

Gaily checked ginghams are the fabrics, with hand-stitching or fresh white pique or chambray collars. Lasting colors, of course, with checks, in

Green, Blue, Lavender Black, Brown, Red

***At* 1.85**

Straight-Line Frocks of checked or striped gingham of excellent quality. Smart belts and pockets.

***At* 2.85**

Slip-on Apron Frocks, of Paisley crepe, piped with contrasting color chambray. Colors: blue, gold and green. Sizes for medium and large figures. *Third Floor*

Saks & Company feature at all times the largest collection of Town and Country Frocks to be seen in New York.

Even the New Mirror Reflects Paris!

You could tell at a glance that its "original" belonged in some smart Parisienne's purse. It is made of Amber Tone, of wafer thinness, and wears its owner's monogram on its handle.

Although so *very new*, we predict that soon no well furnished purse will be without one.

An invaluable aid to those moments of hasty reflection.

With monogram to order

2.95

Street Floor

MRS. STILLMAN WINS $90,000 ALIMONY

Appellate Division Unanimously Confirms Order Made by Justice Morschauser.

$15,000 FOR COUNSEL FEES

Friend of Stillman Promises "Plenty of Excitement" if Mrs. Leeds Sues Him.

The Appellate Division in Brooklyn yesterday unanimously confirmed the order of Supreme Court Justice Morschauser directing James A. Stillman to pay alimony of $90,000 a year and counsel fees of $15,000 for his wife, Anne Urquhart Stillman. This award was made by Justice Morschauser in Poughkeepsie on Feb. 10 last. Stillman immediately thereafter filed appeal.

No opinion was presented in yesterday's confirmation. The decision was signed by Justices Kelly, Manning, Kelby and Kapper. In addition to affirming the award, the higher court directed Stillman to pay the usual costs, $10.

In his appeal Stillman swore in an affidavit that the award was too high in view of the fact that since the litigation began he had given his wife a total of $210,333, besides counsel fees of $35,000 and other fees of $12,500.

In fighting the appeal, Mrs. Stillman's affidavit asserted that her husband had spent and settled on Flo Leeds and her son, Jay, a total of more than $800,000. She itemized stocks and bonds aggregating many thousands of dollars which she said had been given the former chorus girl and said her husband had presented Mrs. Leeds with automobiles, an apartment and jewelry. She said that Stillman set aside two trust funds of $250,000 each for Mrs. Leeds and Jay.

Though Stillman's attorneys contended his income averaged only $536,000 a year, Mrs. Stillman's affidavit insisted he received almost $1,000,000 a year. She pointed out her husband's ownership of palatial homes in New York, Newport, Pocantico Hills and Paris. The application for an allowance of $7,500 a month was based on her desire to live on the scale to which she had been accustomed as the banker's wife.

Mrs. Leeds Denies $340,000 Gifts.

A published story that she had received $340,000 from Stillman, based on the records filed by Mrs. Stillman in the Appellate Division, was denied yesterday by Mrs. Leeds.

After reading the story and learning of the Appellate Division decision, Mrs. Leeds, accompanied by one of her attorneys and her son, Jay, hurriedly packed her trunks. At 960 Park Avenue, in which she owns an apartment that she has placed on sale, it was said she had left for an indefinite stay in the country to evade further interviews.

A friend of Mrs. Leeds, professing to have been authorized to speak for Mrs. Leeds, made this statement yesterday:

"Mr. Stillman never settled any money or any trust fund on either Mrs. Leeds or Jay. He never gave her a lump sum of any considerable amount, and the story that he gave her a total of $340,000 is pure imagination. The allowance he made was $1,500 a month, and he never gave her anything more than that. As shown in the letter she wrote him appealing for Jay's further support, she paid her own expenses when she kept in seclusion for his sake during the divorce hearing. He has not given her a cent in more than a year.

"His provision for Mrs. Leeds in the beginning of their friendship was very modest. He gave her a quiet, simple, ordinary home in East Eighty-sixth Street, not far from where she now lives. But she is an economical woman and she bought her present apartment out of the monthly allowance of $1,500. The apartment was not bought by Stillman, as has been stated. She bought her jewelry in the same way.

"Mr. Stillman maintained a husbandly attitude toward Mrs. Leeds, with a good home and domestic surroundings. What broke her heart was the loss of this atmosphere of domesticity, not the loss of the allowance, because in their relationship of husband and wife she had felt a certain contentment and security."

She Again Hints at Suit.

Before leaving town Mrs. Leeds assured a reporter, "It will all come out at the trial."

This was interpreted to mean that unless Stillman resumes his allowances she will place before a jury her demand for money with which to support and educate Jay. Mrs. Leeds has told friends she expects to force the issue in court in the Fall. If the case comes to trial she will produce more than 200 letters from Stillman and several photographs.

Mrs. Leeds's friend said that Mrs. Leeds was not one of the several women reported to have benefitted to large financial extent from Stillman's attentions.

Mr. Stillman continued to remain in seclusion and to withhold comment yesterday, though his representatives here said he was in full touch with developments.

"If Mrs. Leeds sues there will be plenty of excitement for everybody," said one of the banker's friends. "Stillman is waiting to see what she has on her mind. Even if she sues the only ground on which she can bring action is a demand for the support of Jay Leeds lest he become a public charge. In that event all the court would allow would be $4 or $5 a week. In view of all that has happened to him in the way of publicity, Stillman is not going to go to any great pains to avert further publicity."

Argentine Banking Expert Coming.

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina, May 24.—Dr. Daniel Gortia sailed today for New York on the steamship Vandyck to conduct a study of banking and credit conditions in the United States on behalf of the Argentine Government.

PLEADS JURY RIGHT OF MISS LARRIMORE

Lawyer Says She Is Entitled to Vindication on Miss Farrar's Charge.

COURT RESERVES DECISION

After Plea That She Be Eliminated as Corespondent in Tellegen Case Instead.

Justice Irving H. Lehman in chambers yesterday reserved decision on two motions in the suit of Geraldine Farrar Tellegen for a divorce from Lou Tellegen.

One motion was made by Louis Brodsky, counsel for Stella Larrimore, the actress who is the co-respondent in the suit and who seeks a jury trial. The other was made by Samuel Untermyer, counsel for Mrs. Tellegen, to strike from the complaint the paragraph involving Miss Larrimore as the co-respondent. Mr. Brodsky told Justice Lehman that immoral acts were charged against his client by Mrs. Tellegen and the allegations had done great damage to the reputation and standing of Miss Larrimore, who vehemently denied them. The lawyer said that physicians were ready to establish Miss Larrimore's innocence and hence he had made a motion that his client be granted a jury trial so she might vindicate herself. He opposed the motion of Mr. Untermyer to eliminate Mrs. Tellegen's charge from her complaint on the ground that that in itself would be no vindication of his client.

Mr. Brodsky said the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court had decided that Miss Larrimore was entitled to a jury trial as a matter of right, so that she should not be forced to go through life with a stain on her reputation because of Mrs. Tellegen's charges. He said it made no difference to his client whether Mrs. Tellegen got a decree of divorce from her husband or not.

The lawyer argued further that the allegations against Miss Larrimore had already been told to the public, and were a part of the court record, and that their elimination from Mrs. Tellegen's complaint would not alter the existing court record.

Justice Lehman said there were things he would like to say that might give further publicity if said in open court, which he considered his private chambers to be. He requested reporters to step outside for five minutes, which they did. As the end of that time Justice Lehman and Mr. Untermyer and Mr. Brodsky emerged from the Justice's private room, and Justice Lehman announced that he had reserved decision on both motions.

RICKARD MUST SHOW BOOKS

Attachment Requires Him to Explain Benefit Moneys.

Tex Rickard was served yesterday with an order signed by Justice Richard Mitchell in Bronx County directing him to appear on May 28 to answer questions relative to the disposal of certain moneys derived from the Milk Fund benefit in the Yankee Stadium on May 12.

The action grows out of an attachment proceeding instituted by representatives of the Boston Arena Athletic Club against the Floyd Johnson share of the Milk Fund performance as the result of a claim for $4,700 damages against Johnson because of an alleged breach of contract. It is claimed that Johnson's failure to fight Bob Roper in Boston last February cost the promoters considerable money in advertising and publicity. The attachment, amounting to more than $4,000, was obtained on May 12, the day of the Milk Fund benefit.

Attorneys representing the Boston Arena Athletic Club appeared in the Bronx Supreme Court yesterday with affidavits which stated that when they interrogated Rickard with regard to the account ordered in the attachment proceeding to be set aside before the Willard-Johnson fight Rickard told them that two days after the fight he had filed a certificate answering the attachment proceedings. Rickard's answer is said to have been that he had no money in his possession belonging to Johnson as of May 12.

Justice Mitchell's order says in part: "It appears to the satisfaction of the Court that Rickard's certificate is untrue and that is why this order is being granted." The order directs Rickard to bring with him on May 28 all books, papers, vouchers and checks in connection with the Milk Fund performance.

Sues Klan Emperor for $100,000.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 24.—H. W. Evans, Imperial Wizard of the Ku Klux Klan, filed suit here today against William J. Simmons, Emperor of the Klan, asking $100,000 damages for alleged libelous statements printed in a local newspaper on May 12. The petition says the telegram charged Dr. Evans with appropriating to his own use $100,000 in Klan fees.

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

IN THE SPORTS SHOP
For Madame and Mademoiselle
Homested
(Registration Applied for in the United States Patent Office)
FIBRE SILK SPORTS FROCKS
KNITTED IN SMART JACQUARD DESIGNS

The frock one sees smart women wearing at the country clubs, enroute and around town.

55.00
Six Different Models

Slender and youthful in silhouette with cap or short sleeves. Colors: White, yellow, gray, beige, cocoa, brown, navy blue or black.

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Buy bunch tickets—"Silver Jubilee"—May 26th to June 23rd
Apply Municipal Building, Room 2400

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

For Madame and Mademoiselle
White Bramley
(Registered in the United States Patent Office)
CUT-OUT STRAP PUMPS
LEAD ALL WHITE FOOTWEAR FASHIONS

When the year goes into the summer, the Bramley pump goes into white . . . . .

11.00

Of all white kidskin or buckskin of highest quality is the summer Bramley cut-out strap pump on the uncopiable Bramley last, with the smart and comfortable low heel.

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SPORTS SUITS AND IMPORTED FURNISHINGS FOR THE GOLFER

We present for wear at fashionable country clubs imported four piece sports suits with norfolk jackets, in sizes 34 to 42 chest measure, and our own reproductions of these English models.

We have also designed a four piece sports-lounge suit with a loosely draped sports-lounge jacket made without plaits or belt.

Golfers will be particularly interested in our recent importations of Scotch wool sweaters, Scotch wool golf hose, English foulard cravats, sports shirtings, and the distinctive white slip-on "crew" sweaters with colored bands at the neck.

Our golf shoes have been designed with the complete understanding of the requirements of the golfer.

DE PINNA
5th Avenue at 50th Street

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue
Men's Shops: West 38th and 37th Streets
Street Level

FOUR-PIECE PLUS FOUR LIGHT LOVATT GOLF SUITS

Superb tweeds or Shetlands, in a surprising variety of light Lovatts, exclusive with us; hand-tailored in the new English plain back club and city coat model, with long trousers for town and PLUS FOUR knickers for the links.

Linen Knickers, $5.50 Gray Flannel Knickers, $12.00
Caps to Match—The New English Idea—$3.00

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'FIGHT LIKE A TIGER,' SAYS MRS. STILLMAN

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

however, suddenly appeared young McCormick, who is about 20. The rumble of the buckboard, breaking the heavy silence, had come to him as he and Johnny Wilson, the French-Canadian handy man, were spading a plot that is to be the garden whenever Summer comes up there. He shouted "Visitors" into the screen door, and a couple of bobbed-haired French Canadia maids took a look. Then slowly out through the door, dragging a wooden horse, came young Guy, the pivotal figure of the case.

"Hello," he remarked gravely, as McCormick eagerly inquired if any newspapers or magazines had been brought along.

"Want to see mother?" asked Guy, speaking with both eyes glued on the real horse that had appeared to rival his toy one. The youngster assured this was the case, shook his flaxen head vigorously.

"Mother's sick; she's lying down," he lisped, but McCormick came to the rescue.

"Mrs. Stillman's been very sick and she still is, as a matter of fact," he remarked, "but I'm sure she'll be eager to hear this news."

Mrs. Stillman Eager for News.

Apparently she was eager, for the moment she appeared in the doorway she asked for news. McCormick told her, "Mrs. Leeds has broken out," and Mrs. Stillman at once demanded the whole story. Then checking her eagerness, perhaps regretting its display, she quickly asked an opinion on Grande Anse. Answering herself, she pointed out the wild beauty of the place, and as she did so one had an opportunity to observe her.

She appeared broken, in spite of the sweeping victory she won last Autumn, as she stood there a picture in gray, soft gray moccasins, gray plaited duvetyn frock and gray fox neck piece. Her black bobbed hair, shot with a pronounced tint of red, was flying loose in the brisk, cold wind. Her face was paler than in the days when the case was in its early stages at Poughkeepsie, and marks of strain were under her eyes.

"Partly the strain of the long fight," she suddenly said, shifting the conversation to herself, "but also my illness. About three weeks ago I underwent a severe operation. It was something I had been holding back for two years. I needed every ounce in that fight, you know, and I put it off until then. I came up here to recuperate and now this has developed. But come in, come in."

Into the room where the maids had been keeping wide-open ears over their flat irons—the family laundering was in full swing, and thence into the kitchen, a long room in yellow paint from floor to ceiling, with a big cook stove going full blast. A tea-kettle full of water was singing away on the stove.

In the Midst of Housecleaning.

"I have been too sick to start any cooking myself," said Mrs. Stillman, "and I bring you in here because the other rooms are topsy-turvy in the midst of a bit of housecleaning. I really shouldn't be doing a thing but taking it easy, but I must hear what's happened."

Hands under her chin and hunched forward with elbows on knees, she heard what details of Mrs. Leeds's threatened suit had filtered northward into the Canadian press. She nodded emphatically when her reported desire to take Jay Leeds from his mother was read to her.

"I really did not make a direct offer to Mrs. Leeds to adopt Jay," she said, "but would be glad to make such an offer any day. He is my son's half-brother and if Mr. Stillman does not accept any responsibility for him, we do. If Jay Leeds's father isn't a gentleman, my sons are. I would bring the boy up as one of us. Of course, I know that a boy is always best with his mother. Nothing, no matter how much one try, can supplant mother love, but I am certain that he hasn't a chance in the world to turn out well where he is."

She paused and thought for a moment, idly turning over the newspaper containing Mrs. Leeds's refusal to part with the child.

"She says she will not accept. I am sorry, for I really believe there isn't any one in the world, his mother, Mr. Stillman and his sisters included, who has more to offer the boy than I have."

"What do you offer him?"

"A place to build character and a place where each son is helped to develop his own personality. The only proof I have in my home so far that it is a success is my eldest boy, Bud. My Boys Bud, Alexander and Guy regard Jay as their half-brother. They, at least Bud and Alexander and I, do not want to see him grow up in the way he probably will unless somebody gives him a chance.

Fears for Jay's Future.

"If he is left alone he may grow up to be a cabaret hanger-on, a figure on Broadway, to be pointed out as having had a part in the Stillman case years ago. I do not want to see the boy grow up and go through life with a certain stamp on him. It isn't fair play. It's a shame. I wish that the way was open to me to do something about it.

"I would like tremendously to adopt Jay. If I never have the chance to do anything for him I hope he will be brought up so that his brothers will be proud of him and glad to know him, but I have no confidence that his present environment will bring about the result. It takes a frightful amount of patience and unselfishness to bring up children. It takes work and worry to bring them up right.

"Win or not win, licked or not licked, I am for Jay. He may not have his father behind him, but he has his three half-brothers and myself behind him. Slang sometimes hits the nail on the head better than anything else—I'll just say go to it, Flo Leeds."

Mrs. Stillman then went over the events that prompted Mrs. Leeds in the presence of her attorney, R. Randolph Hicks of Satterlee, Canfield & Stone, 27 William Street, New York City, to threaten a suit against Mr. Stillman to compel support of his alleged son. Frequently Mrs. Stillman smiled sardonically as she read the clippings.

Wants Her to Fight "Like a Tiger."

"If she has any sense at all she will fight like a tiger," she said. "I hope that above all else she will not sit still. I hope, oh, so earnestly, that she will not let things slide by, hoping that somehow in some way she and the boy, the boy especially, will be taken care of. That doesn't gain anything with people like Stillman. Stillman and those who fight for him have a psychology as old as the Egyptians. They haven't the slightest conception of what a woman will do, or how she will fight when some one attacks her child. They simply don't know how that arouses a woman."

Something in what she was saying brought her thoughts to "Bud," James A. Stillman Jr., just turned 19, who graduates as Monitor at the Milton School, Milton, Mass., next month. Time and again "Bud" and her pride in him came forward in the interview.

"I'd like to make Jay," she said, "as great a success as Bud. Look at him, first at school, an athlete who has saved three lives in water accidents since he was 14 years old. Mr. Stillman is proud of Bud, too. I know because of something he said a short time before the decision in the suit was handed down.

You know that at that stage, the entire matter was nearly settled through a settlement. Mr. Mitchell of the National City Bank, displeased at the notoriety the suit was bringing to the bank, urged a settlement upon Mr. Stillman. It was arranged that Mr. Mack, guardian for Guy, would speak for us. He went down to Mr. Stillman's private office in Wall Street, and the two had a conference. Mr. Mack told me later that Mr. Stillman wanted to make a settlement on Guy but he wanted to get something on me. It appeared that he wanted me to get out of the country so that he could win back the love and affection of his children.

Says Stillman Wept Over "Bud."

"Mr. Mack told me that Mr. Stillman said of Bud: 'Look at my eldest, that splendid fellow. I can't even see him.' Mr. Mack told me there were tears in Mr. Stillman's eyes when he said this.

"'Of course, that is rather poor psychology, trying to get back his children while he is kicking their mother in the face. The settlement, incidentally, was virtually completed when Cornelius J. Sullivan, one of Mr. Stillman's lawyers, blocked it. Mr. Sullivan was certain that they would win hands down.

"But they didn't," she remarked, as, slipping back the tortoise-rimmed spectacles, she reread the letter which Mrs. Leeds gave out on Tuesday, following her first interview. The letter, dated from 969 Park Avenue on Oct. 22, 1922, was an appeal to Mr. Stillman to allow the former Miss Florence Lawlor an allowance of $7,500 a month for the support of herself and the boy. Mrs. Stillman, conning the missive over, remarked that the banker had made her an allowance of only $2,500 a month before the suit upon which to carry on all the expenses of the home, including clothing for herself, Miss Anne Stillman and her three sons.

"Together with the loneliness of my existence," read Mrs. Stillman aloud from the published letter, "the solitude of my thoughts and the endless bitterness of my unbelief these are what prompt this last attempt to touch that which I hope exists in your nature—honor."

Mrs. Stillman abruptly ceased to read. She pushed down the spectacles and looked over their top.

"'Honor!'" she said, with a laugh. "What a silly thing to write to James A. about honor. He hasn't sense of honor nor of responsibility. Perfectly silly to write about that. Write about anything under the sun, but why write about that?"

She resumed the perusal of the letter. She came to the part where Mrs. Leeds had poured out how loyally she had agreed to Mr. Stillman's plea that she stand by him.

"'I loved you and told you,' wrote Mrs. Leeds, 'that I would stick till they carry you out in a cold pine box.'"

Ridicules Her Husband.

Again Mrs. Stillman laughed and, looking out through the window where the rapids of the St. Maurice River were swirling down to Grand Mère, she said:

"Mr. Stillman urged her to stand by him. That is the kind of talk he always talks. When we were having our disagreements in past years he would always say, 'Don't leave me,' when I threatened to leave him. When I remonstrated over this or that, a favorite expression would be about how much I meant to him and how much he needed me and what part I played in his life.

"And he writes that to Mrs. Leeds, that sort of cry-baby stuff."

Down through the letter she went again until she came to her rival's statement to Mr. Stillman that she, Mrs. Leeds, "had the commendation of your sister." This was a reference to Mrs. Percy Rockefeller.

"I am delighted," commented Mrs. Stillman, "to read this paragraph which so plainly shows Mr. Stillman's and his sister's fine taste. I can't understand that, you know."

Questions as to the reasons which she thought prompted Mr. Stillman to effect the reported break in relations with Mrs. Leeds and the latter's motives in launching a publicity campaign prior to the suit, brought some interesting replies from Mrs. Stillman.

Sees Jealousy as Mrs. Leed's Motive.

"One thing I really can't understand," she said, "is why Mrs. Leeds hasn't some money. Of course those women can go through a great deal of money, but what became of those trust funds of $250,000 each which Mr. Stillman established for Mrs. Leeds and for the boy? I think that her reason in coming out with this letter and perhaps, what brought her to threaten this action, was jealousy of this new woman.

"The new woman is a woman of, well, a different station in life. She can be seen with Mr. Stillman and no one would remark on his choice of companionship. It interests me to find that Mrs. Leeds is getting the same sort of treatment that he tried to hand to me. It's only a question of time, and they'll all get the same thing.

"Mr. Stillman has a fluctuating personality. He can be very nice and then he can be very cruel. Look at what he has done to me and the things that I have had to go through. Yet only as recently as ten days ago, just before I left the city to come up here, he did something which I think was splendid.

"I was at my home on Fifth Avenue and seventy-second Street, when Miss Oliver, the nurse for Guy, who was up here, sent me a telegram telling me that the child was well. By some mistake, for which there is no accounting, it was delivered to Mr. Stillman at his office in Forty-second Street and Madison Avenue.

Apparently it went directly into his hands, for the message within a half hour after its delivery to him, was delivered by hand at my apartment house.

An Incident About Her Husband.

"I do not know whether Mr. Stillman delivered it himself, but the letter in which it was enclosed bore his handwriting and across the face of the envelope, in which was the message itself, was written 'opened by mistake' also in his handwriting. Apparently he knew that I would be worrying about the children's health and when he got the message he did not waste any time in seeing that it went into my hands without a moment's delay.

"Yet when I read of what he is doing I feel like speaking plainly about him. I never characterized him in the long course of the case, except once at Poughkeepsie to call him a Bolshevik. I'll speak right out now, however. In the first place he will never accept responsibility for anything he has done. He will try to arrange it so that it will be somebody else's fault and not his own. He is a liar and a coward."

And with that ringing in his ears, the visitor went back to the buckboard.

SEEKING CAPITAL?

Those seeking capital to establish a business or in need of loans, responsible selling agents seeking a good line, established concerns looking for purchasers, or those wishing to buy a business may satisfy their needs through the Business Opportunities columns of The New York Times. Bank and business references required. Rate 15 cents a word.

MISS BOURNE SLEPT CLAD LIKE MUMMY

Nurse Testifies Patient Was Rolled in Many Layers of Wool and Flannel.

SHE GAVE DR. WYETH A CAR

Witness in Will Contest Declares Whaler's Daughter Had a Bust of Her Doctor Made.

Miss Annie Cunningham, who for fourteen years until 1918 nursed Miss Emily Howland Bourne, was a witness before Surrogate Foley and a jury yesterday in the suit brought by Miss Bourne's niece, Mrs. Helen A. P. Merriman of Providence, to set aside the will of Miss Bourne leaving the bulk of her $1,000,000 to another niece, Mrs. Emily Bourne Michler of Greenwich, Conn. Miss Cunningham testified for the contestants. She told of attentions given to Miss Bourne by the late Dr. John A. Wyeth, head of the Polyclinic Hospital, while Miss Bourne was in that institution from 1915 to 1918.

Miss Cunningham testified that for a number of years it had been Miss Bourne's custom to spend a few months at her old home at New Bedford, Mass., where her father, Jonathan Bourne, was a pioneer whaler and made a fortune. In December, 1915, Miss Bourne broke her arm and went to Polyclinic Hospital for treatment. She remained there until the Fall of 1918, when the Government took over the hospital.

The witness said that Dr. Wyeth attended Miss Bourne and later moved to the hospital himself. After Miss Bourne had been there about a year she bought Dr. Wyeth an automobile and was accustomed to take rides in it with him or with his sister or a nurse, the witness said.

Miss Cunningham testified that she saw Miss Bourne and Dr. Wyeth together frequently and that Miss Bourne was accustomed to refer to Dr. Wyeth as "my dear parallel." She explained that this meant they were two persons of the same mind. The witness said that Dr. Wyeth used the same term toward Miss Bourne. He read poems and stories to her and also read from the manuscript of a book he was writing.

To witness said that Miss Bourne commissioned Gutzon Borglum to make a bust of Dr. Wyeth and that she accompanied Miss Bourne when she went to the studio to look at the cast. Miss Bourne complained about the appearance of the neck and shoulders, insisting that they were not correctly done, and made the same complaint when the bronze bust was finished, the witness said. Miss Cunningham said that she did not know what had become of the bust.

The witness said that under the will which she is helping to contest she got an annuity of $100, or $1,000 in cash outright. When asked if she felt any ill will toward Miss Bourne, she said: "I have no feeling against her. I hope she is in the highest chair in Heaven, if there is such a place."

Miss Cunningham went on to tell that when Miss Bourne was in New Bedford she slept rolled up in four to six blankets, both Summer and Winter. In addition to the bed clothing, she wore a flannel shirt under a flannel nightgown, and over this was a shorter flannel garment. She pinned woolen sleeves to the shoulders of this garment, and after she had put on a flannel kimono she was rolled up in the blankets by her nurse and then was ready for sleep. She slept with the windows open, even in Winter, and occasionally complained of being too cold.

To trial will continue today.

BOY HAD CHARTED STORE FOR ROBBERY

Admits He and 'Buddy' Intended to Steal Chloroform to Use on 'Men With a Lot of Money.'

When Frank Massillo, 16 years old, was arrested charged with stealing clothes belonging to Theodore Muller, with whom he shared a furnished room at 32 Eldert Street, Brooklyn, Detective O'Rourke of the Ralph Avenue precinct found a notebook in his pocket. The book contained a roughly drawn diagram of a store with a star denoting the location of a certain article on a shelf.

Magistrate Harry Howard Dale, in the Gates Avenue Police Court yesterday questioned Massillo concerning the diagram. The boy admitted that the drawing represented the interior of a drug store at Greene and Knickerbocker Avenues. When asked what he had the diagram for Massillo said to the Magistrate:

"We was goin' to get in the drug store some night and get some chloroform."

Magistrate Dale was curious as to what use Massillo was going to put the drug.

"My buddy and me was goin' to use it on two men with a lot of money," Massillo replied.

Magistrate Dale held Massillo without bail for examination next Thursday. Meanwhile the police will endeavor to find his "buddy" to question him.

The police said yesterday that an attempt had been made to enter the drug store on Sunday night. The intruders were apparently scared away. Massillo's family lives at 1,151 Madison Street.

TO DEMOLISH PIER FOR MOUNT CLUES

State's Attorneys Begin New Inquiry Into Death of Northwestern Freshman.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 24.—A new investigation into the disappearance and death of Leighton Mount will be started tomorrow by the State Attorney's office simultaneously with the writing by the County Grand Jury of the final chapter into the inquary begun when the Northwestern University student's skeleton was found under the Evanston Lake Street pier a month ago.

George Gorman, John Sbarbaro and Charles Wharton, Assistant State Attorneys, today obtained permission to demolish the pier where the bones were found. The timbers will be stripped away and the rocks and sand ballast sifted in an effort to find some further clue.

Mr. Gorman believes that whether Mount's death was suicide or murder the instrument of death may possibly be found buried under the wave-drifted sand and rocks of the pier. Following the inspection of the pier the three officials expect to start anew on private lines of inquiry.

To Command Boston Navy Yard.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Rear Admiral L. R. De Steiguer was designated today by Secretary Denby to command the Boston Navy Yard. He succeeds Rear Admiral E. A. Wiley, who will become vice admiral with the battle fleet.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

What the microscope disclosed on the toothbrushes of a dozen business men

SOME time ago twelve business men all thirty years or more of age agreed to submit the toothbrushes they were then using to a bacteriological examination. The brushes were collected and sent to one of the leading bacteriologists of the country with the request that he examine them for pyorrhea germs. His report has just been received. It shows that pyorrhea germs were found on the bristles of ten of the toothbrushes examined.

It must be borne in mind that the men whose toothbrushes were submitted were not picked as likely victims of pyorrhea. They were taken at random. The report in full is too long for publication. We will simply quote from the letter which accompanied it.

"Zonite Products Company, New York City.

Gentlemen: We enclose herewith our report on the cultures made from the twelve toothbrushes submitted to us for bacteriological examination. On ten of the twelve toothbrushes examined we found the bacteria prevalent in cases of pyorrhea."

Now what does the above letter indicate? It indicates that in the mouths of about eight out of ten Americans who are no longer in the bloom of youth pyorrhea germs are at work slowly reducing them to toothless old age, filling their systems with pus-poison and undermining their health.

What is Pyorrhea?

In answering this question we will quote only the accepted dental authorities of the world. Pyorrhea is a disease of the gums. It makes its appearance, as a rule, at the age of about thirty. It is estimated that eighty per cent of all those who have passed middle age are afflicted with the disease. Its earlier symptoms are bleeding and tenderness of the gums. Later the gums become sore and sensitive and if pressed pus will exude at the base of the teeth. In the last stages the gums have receded until the teeth loosen and fall out. It is now known that loss of teeth during adult life and toothless old age are almost invariably caused by pyorrhea. It is estimated that if pyorrhea is not checked, a man or woman afflicted with it will swallow eight gallons of pus during the course of the disease. This pus as it is absorbed by the system causes headaches, general debility and high blood pressure, followed by such complications as Bright's disease, heart trouble and rheumatism.

How to Prevent Pyorrhea?

Bear this important fact in mind: nothing on earth will overcome established pyorrhea except dental surgery. Have no faith in any promises to the contrary—they are absolutely and unqualifiedly false. When pus begins to ooze from gums at the base of the teeth the disease is firmly established and the quicker you are in a dental chair the better.

Can pyorrhea be prevented without the aid of a dentist before it becomes established? In most cases no—for the following reason:

When a tooth is out of alignment it receives too much pressure or too little and it will slowly loosen. This loosening irritates the gums and allows bacteria to settle between the gums and the teeth, out of reach of the toothbrush or a proper antiseptic.

It is essential, therefore, to have regular dental inspection for the purpose of correcting mechanical imperfections of the teeth and for the removal of tartar—a further invitation to pyorrhea.

But given this regular dental inspection and mechanical corrections, can pyorrhea be prevented or held in check? Yes—thanks to a recent step forward in the field of antiseptics—it can be.

Disinfect the Mouth

Pyorrhea is a condition produced by bacterial infection. The human mouth constantly harbors millions of bacteria seeking an accessible retreat in which to colonize and multiply. If the mouth can be thoroughly and frequently disinfected by a powerful germicide, this colonization and growth of bacteria can not take place.

The problem then is to find an antiseptic powerful enough to really kill bacteria that can be used freely and safely in the mouth. A perfected form of a famous world-war discovery at last places such an antiseptic in the hands of the public. It is called Zonite.

Zonite is non-poisonous and non-irritating. It has greater germicidal power in the presence of saliva than pure carbolic acid. It has a hundred times the germicidal power of mild antiseptics and pleasant-tasting mouth washes heretofore in general use.

In recent laboratory tests the saliva of pyorrhea patients reeking with bacteria was subjected to a solution of one part Zonite to fifty parts water. In one minute all germs were killed.

To sum up: *If you wish to avoid pyorrhea or check it in its earlier stages see your dentist regularly, throw away scented pleasant-tasting mouth washes and use Zonite at least once a day.*

The above statement is endorsed by leading bacteriologists and dentists. It has been proved by laboratory and dental tests.

ZONITE PRODUCTS CO., 342 Madison Ave., New York City

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Announce To Begin This Morning

A Sale of 3,600 *MEN'S* Fine White Oxford **Cloth Shirts**

at the remarkably low price of

1.95

EACH shirt is tailored with extreme care in excellent quality white Oxford cloth — a fabric that launders beautifully — in fact better than any other shirting loomed.

Finished with or without collars attached, neat single barrel or soft double French cuffs, and roomy pocket. 1.95 falls short indeed of stressing the real import of this offering! *Street Floor*

MEN'S FULL-FASHIONED

Pure Silk Hose, 79c *Pair*

For wear with Summer Oxfords, silk hose is desired by every man. These are made of fine Japanese thread silk of excellent lustre, and every pair is reinforced at soles and heels with durable lisle. Colors: black, white, cordovan, navy and gray. Sizes 9½ to 12. *Street Floor*

3,000 Men's Comfortable

Athletic Union Suits

In A Special Offering Today at

1.00

Garments of the better kind—all made expressly for our regular stock according to the standard Saks' quality in material and workmanship. Elastic web back models with taped armholes, tailored in serviceable white striped Madras or pin check cloth. Sizes 34 to 50. *Street Floor*

Genuine Pin Seal Wallets

will be placed on Sale today

at **1.95**

A special purchase is responsible for this offering.

They come in hip or three fold models, with or without identification card pocket, space for pass, and full length bill compartment. Some are plain; others are finished with gold-filled corners; still others with gold-filled clips and corners. Corking values! *Street Floor*

MEN'S ALL-SILK

Umbrellas *at* 5.00

—every one made to sell at a higher price

Unusually well made of fine quality heavy silk, over Paragon frames, with light or dark hardwood handles, trimmed with sterling silver or gabilith caps or bands.

A silk case goes with each umbrella. *Street Floor*

Men's Street & Sports Oxfords

At Exceptionally Low Prices

At **8.00**

Ideal Sports Oxfords in three styles: cream colored elkskin, finished with crepe rubber soles; tan calfskin with saddle, tip and back stay of dark tan calfskin, finished with cleated soles; cherry red calfskin with saddle and back stay of black calfskin, finished with black ribbed rubber soles.

At **8.50**

Gracefully proportioned Street Oxfords, skilfully made of calfskin in the light shade of tan, with plain toe. Our new feather-weight French last Oxford *(pictured)* of calfskin with toe cap is about the smartest thing to be found in Spring footwear—the same price 8.50. *Fifth Floor*

ALL BUILDING LOANS PUT UNDER THE BAN

Treasurer of Mortgage Firm Says Credit on New Work Already Has Ceased.

RETRENCHMENT IS URGED

Bankers Foresee Long Period of Curtailment as the Only Solution.

DENY DISCIPLINARY MOTIVE

Instability of Market Is Blamed—Inquirers Are Advised to Hold Off Indefinitely.

Financial institutions that have made loans aggregating hundreds of millions of dollars annually for building construction have virtually withdrawn from the field, it was said yesterday by officers of companies that have specialized in making loans for housing and building purposes.

James W Phair, Treasurer of the Lawyers Mortgage Company, yesterday confirmed the reports that loans for new buildings had practically ceased. He declared that his company was making no building loans except for a few small housing projects which were being put through as a measure of public relief. Building loans had been suspended, he said, because of the instability of the building market. Where millions have been put out on building loans, only thousands of dollars are being advanced today by the money-lending institutions, according to Mr. Phair.

Other important figures in the mortgage field made similar statements. Reports published yesterday indicating that mortgage concerns, insurance companies and other institutions were considering the question of curtailing building loans were described as "too conservative by far," and officials reported that the policy of refusing loans for building has been in vogue for several weeks.

Labor Is Not Blamed.

The mortgage interests have withdrawn from the market, it was said, because the supply of labor and material had made it impossible for any building contractor to say what a specified building may cost and when it may be completed.

Past commitments are being carried out, but no new loans are being made. The mortgage interests are emphatic in the assertion that their action is not meant as an attempt to discipline labor or anybody else. They are of the opinion that it will take several years for the country to absorb the arrears of building contracted for and they do not look for a stable market until that time is in sight.

Exceptions are being made here and there for emergency buildings. No rigid formula is being followed and there is no concerted plan, it was said, but all the interests affected recognise the critical situation. There is no disposition to blame labor for the present situation as the officials of the institutions realise that labor is in a position at the present time to sell its services in the highest market.

It is hoped that the effect of the curtailment of loans will be to distribute the building boom over a longer period of time. Veteran financiers who have been in the mortgage field for many years are not inclined to lay present conditions at the door of the speculative builders who have bid up the wages of bricklayers to $14 and $16 a day and who have bid above the union wage scale for other workers.

The speculative builder has built New York, it is asserted by the mortgage men, who also say that were it not for the speculative builder much of the housing and business construction would not have taken place.

Retrenchment Is Urged.

It was pointed out that the large banks and trust companies make building loans, but that most of the loans for houses and business construction are made by mortgage companies, title companies and insurance companies. These institutions, it was said, have specialized in building loans for many years.

While the plan of the American Construction Council to have banks defer loans for six months would afford temporary relief, it was maintained by the mortgage officials that such action would not solve the building problem, but that it would merely postpone a solution.

The only relief that can be seen in the situation is the retrenchment that is now under way. Stoppage of loans on building projects until builders can insure owners that new structures will not cost much more than the estimated price and that the buildings will be completed on time are the only factors in the situation that give to the financial interests any hope of relief. As to when that condition will be a fact the seasoned experts are unable to say. They say frankly that they do not know. The more experienced the financiers are in making mortgage loans the less inclined do they feel to hazard any predictions concerning the present situation which they say is unique.

Curtailing loans does not mean that building is to come to a dead halt at once, it was explained, but it does mean that building will necessarily slow down owing to the fact that present prices have raised the question as to whether the speculators will be able to get enough money in rents to pay interest and to pay off the principal on loans granted for new construction.

It was learned yesterday that some builders, foreseeing the present situation, quietly withdrew from the market some time ago and confided to their friends that they were "going fishing for a year or more."

In the case of two of the important institutions engaged in financing construction work it was said that their own clients had several weeks ago taken heed of the critical situation and withdrawn from the competition. Both of the institutions underwriting the work of these clients, who are rated as among the most important in the American construction field, declined to make formal statements on the situation for the reason, they said, that they "wished to protect their clients."

Fear Decreased Valuations.

As a result of inflated building costs, the amount of money advanced for new building in proportion to valuation is now at a low point as compared with other years. In 1914 builders had no difficulty in obtaining loans equal to 70 per cent. of the appraised valuation of their projects. Prior to the latest increase in wages the average percentage was 60, but few bankers are at present willing to advance that much. As an illustration it was pointed out that a building which would today cost $1,000,000 might be replaced in ten or fifteen years for $700,000; thus a loan of 70 per cent. on the actual present valuation would be equivalent to a 100 per cent. loan when the long-distance view is taken into consideration. It is this factor in the situation which is bringing about curtailment of loans.

In the executive meetings of the various institutions interested in building loans the question has been given careful consideration. No general meeting of life insurance companies and leading mortgage interests has been held, and it is considered unlikely that such a meeting will be called. Each institution, it was pointed out, had its own strongly defined views on the subject, and what might seem a conservative proposition to one concern might be regarded as risky by another concern.

In this connection it was stated that the number of conservative financing houses that already had withdrawn from the field might be sufficiently large to relieve the situation, and doubt was expressed as to whether enough speculative building would continue to keep the wage scale at its present level for more than a few months.

In one quarter which was not prepared to concede that building loans were being stopped, it was admitted that applications for building loans were being subjected to more rigid scrutiny than ever before and that only the most gilt-edged propositions were meeting with favor.

Heads of financial institutions, it was learned, were advising their clients who desire to build to hold off indefinitely. This advice is having the effect of causing plans to be pushed forward only for essential construction.

Labor Leader Scoffs.

"Bunk," said Thomas P. Lynch, secretary of the Bricklayers' Executive Committee, yesterday in commenting on the banking situation. "It is a matter of dollars and cents with the money lending institutions. As long as there is money in it they will continue to make building loans. I just bought a house myself and had to borrow $5,000 from the bank. The money is costing me 11 per cent."

No progress toward a settlement of the bricklayers' strike was made yesterday. The bricklayers stuck to their demand for $12 a day and a two years' contract and the Mason Builders' Association reiterated its proposal for arbitration of the dispute. The mason builders met yesterday and named a committee of twenty-five, headed by James Baird of the George A. Fuller Company, to handle the situation for them.

Secretary Lynch of the Bricklayers' Union declared yesterday that the union was "out to smash the Mason Builders' Association."

"We are out to break up the Mason Builders' Association by forming a rival employers' organization with the nucleus of mason builders who have signed contracts with the union," he said. "We can get independent mason builders to join in the formation of such an association. Four or five additional builders will sign up with the union.

"We want to see a new mason builders' organization that will meet us in a spirit of fairness. The arbitration suggested by the mason builders is not real arbitration. It would be impossible to find a fifth man who would not be influenced by all this talk of high wages."

A jurisdictional fight and the bricklayers' dispute may result in a strike on the new County Court House this morning. Michael Griffin, business agent of the bricklayers' union, declared yesterday that he had confirmed a report that eleven non-union bricklayers' helpers were at work on a West Forty-third Street building, being erected by the George A. Fuller Company, a member of the Mason Builders Association. He declared that if the men were not removed the bricklayers' helpers would strike on the Court House as being erected by the Fuller Company and this would mean that the bricklayers would strike on the Court House also job because of their inability to obtain material.

"We have played fair by leaving the men on public buildings," said Secretary Lynch of the Bricklayers' Union, "but if the other side is not going to play fair we will use different tactics."

Fuller States His Case.

A different version of the affair was given by an official of the George A. Fuller Company, who said: "The eleven men referred to are not non-union men. They are union rockmen. There is a jurisdictional dispute on between the rockmen and the common laborers or bricklayers' helpers as to which craft shall cut concrete, old brick and rock. When the West Forty-third Street job began we used rockmen for the work on the founation. The helpers said they could handle compressed air drills and do the work in good shape, and we used them on the cutting of walls. A few days ago the bricklayers' helpers went on strike in sympathy with the bricklayers, and we again engaged the rockmen to do the work. They are there now. They are union men, and we do not know why this should affect any other work."

The Building Emergency Committee, of which R. H. Shreve is Chairman, met yesterday in the office of Carrere and Hastings, 52 Vanderbilt Avenue and listened to the union side of the bricklayers' strike as explained by the union leaders. The union men assured the committee that the bricklayers were not on strike but that they had transferred the scene of their labors to fields that were more pleasant than the buildings on which masonry work was being done by members of the Mason Builders Association. The committee members asked many questions and expressed themselves as pleased with the outcome of the meeting.

It was indicated that the committee might attempt to bring about a solution of the present controversy. A meeting is being arranged with the mason employers. The members present included L. V. Bright, Alexander M. Bing, Dr. John L. Elliott, William H. Gompert, R. D. Kaufman, Robert D. Kohn and Mrs. Henry Moskowitz.

Thomas Williams, mediator for Secretary of Labor James J. Davis, and Mediators Thomas Doyle and P. J. Reagan of the State Industrial Department have called on both factors in the bricklayers' controversy and will submit their reports to their superiors.

HUDSON COUNTY STRIKE.

Bricklayers and Hod Carriers Quit, Affecting Big Projects.

A meeting of the Building Trades Employers' Association of Hudson County, New Jersey, has been called for tonight in Jersey City to discuss the best methods of exerting concerted action against the 1,000 hodcarriers and bricklayers who failed to report for work Wednesday on buildings under construction throughout the county.

Frank de Riso, of the de Riso Brothers Building Company, Union Hill, one of the biggest builders in the county, said inquiry disclosed that the hod carriers wished a pay increase from $7 to $8 a day and had quit because it had not been granted, despite the fact that they had not previously made known their demands. De Riso said the bricklayers had struck in sympathy. Among the structures affected are the Union Hill Elks Hall, the most pretentious of its kind in the county, and the Hudson Trust Company Building in West Hoboken.

SEATTLE LABOR DEFIANT.

Delays Two Weeks Choice Between Reds and A. F. of L., Set by Gompers.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 24.—After James A. Duncan, secretary of the Seattle Central Labor Council, had announced his defiance of Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, the council last night deferred for two weeks action on a demand by the federation's executive that the Seattle body either abandon its advocacy of the Russian Soviet or sever connection with the federation.

Two letters had been received from Gompers demanding action on six requirements made by the council. These included loyalty to the federation, repudiation of the I. W. W. and cessation of relations with Communists.

MICHIGAN REVENUE DROPS.

State's Expenses Exceed Receipts by $8.01 Per Capita.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Michigan's governmental costs exceeded receipts of revenue by $8.01 per capita for the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1922, the Census Bureau's cost of government report issued today shows.

Expenditures totaled $92,353,443, or $24.07 per capita, compared with $7.00 per capita in 1917. Revenues totaled $61,738,256, or $16.06 per capita.

The State's net indebtedness (funded and floating debt less sinking fund assets) was $12.50 per capita compared with $2.64 for 1917. Receipts from sales of highway bonds were $10,000,000 and from soldiers' bonus bonds $30,000,000. Assessed valuation of property subject to ad valorem taxation was $5,928,615,241. Taxes levied amounted to $25,880,702. The per capita tax levied was $6.73.

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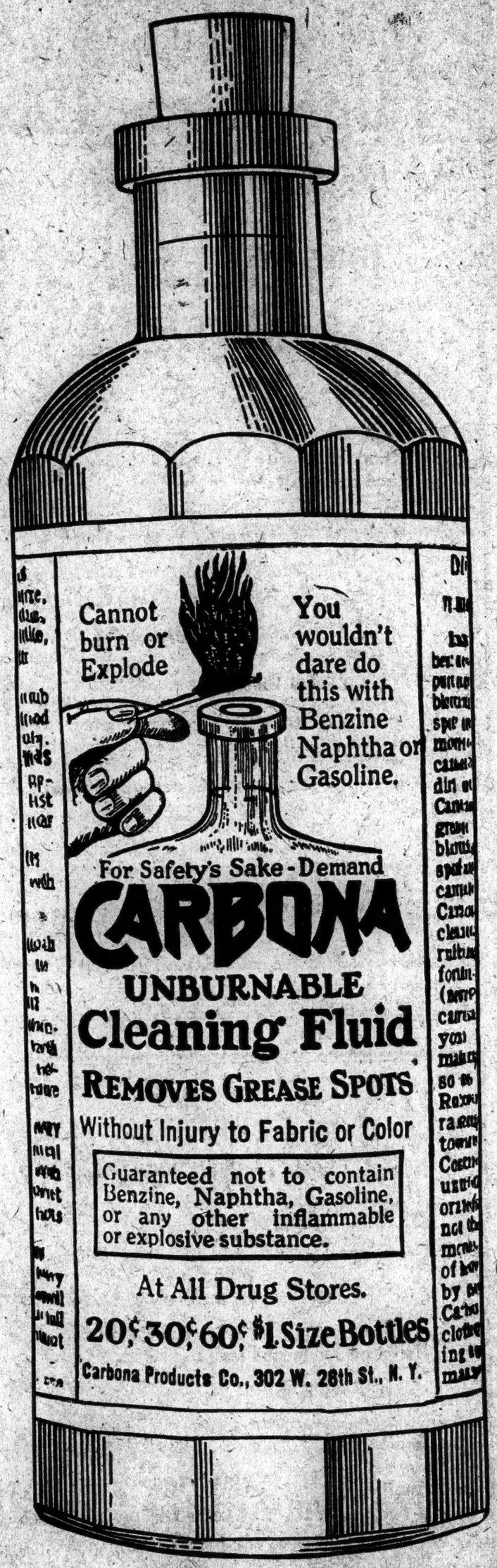

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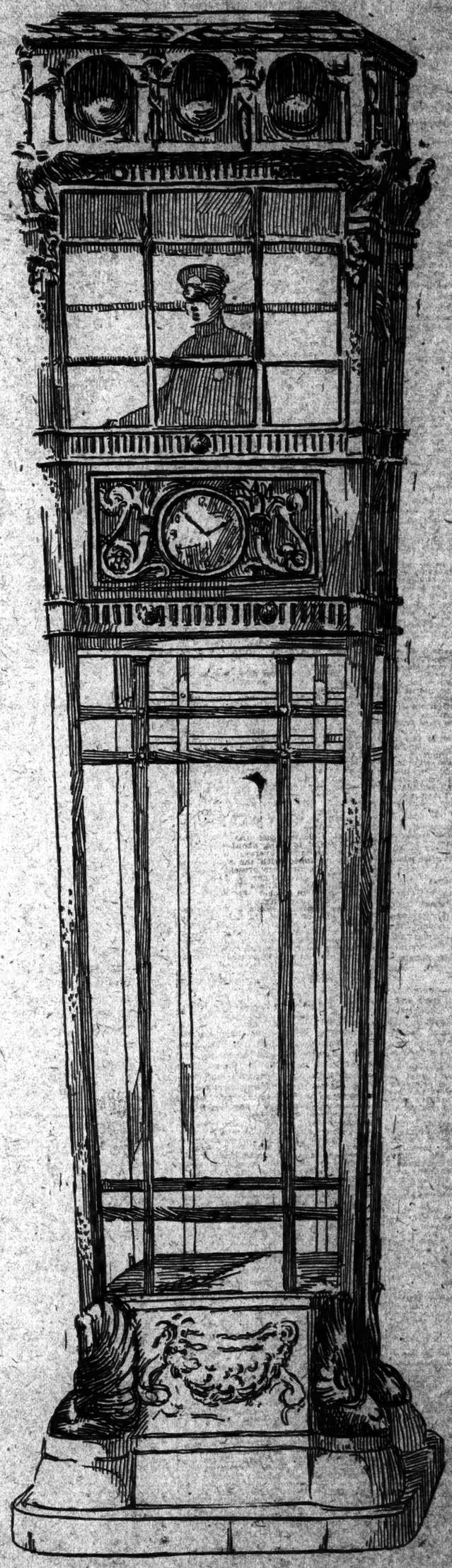

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ASSAIL FOSDICK BAN AS ASSEMBLY ENDS

Sixty-six, Including Many New Yorkers, Present Signed Protest on the Floor.

HOLD TESTS UNWARRANTED

Drs. Merrill and Alexander Speak—New Restrictions on Pastors Proposed.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 24.—Members of the Presbytery of New York will adhere to the number of sixty-six filed this afternoon, on the closing day of the Presbyterian General Assembly here, an official protest against the Assembly's action last night, condemning the pulpit utterances of the Rev. Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick, special preacher in the First Presbyterian Church of New York City.

The protest was presented by the Rev. Dr. William P. Merrill, pastor of the Brick Presbyterian Church, New York, and was backed up by Nolan R. Best, also of New York, editor of The Continent, a national Presbyterian weekly.

The Rev. Dr. George Alexander, the venerable pastor of First Church, after the protest had been filed, took the platform and defended Dr. Fosdick, a Baptist and a professor in Union Theological Seminary, whose orthodoxy for some time has been under fire.

The protest read:

"The undersigned commissioners at the 135th General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America, meeting at Indianapolis, May, 1923, hereby enter their respectful protest against the action taken by the General Assembly in connection with overture No. 1.

"1. We protest against the action taken because it was based upon allegations made by one Presbytery in regard to conditions in another Presbytery, which are not substantiated by the evidence.

"2. We protest against the action taken, because it passes judgment on a matter which is not new, and never has been, before the Assembly by order of protest, and condemns without proper hearing.

"3. We protest against the action taken, because it seeks to impose upon the office bearers of our Church doctrinal tests other than, or in addition to, those solemnly agreed upon in the Constitution of our Church.

"We present this protest for record on the minutes of the assembly."

New Restriction Proposed.

On recommendation of the Committee on Polity, the assembly sent down to its 291 presbyteries to be voted on this year a proposed overture which would amend the form of government of the Church to include this provision:

"Ministers of other denominations in correspondence with this General assembly may be employed as occasional supplies, but shall not be employed as regular preachers except in special cases of which the presbytery shall be the judge."

This cannot interfere with Dr. Fosdick at present as the vote of the presbyteries will not be known until a year hence.

Dr. Alexander was received with applause.

"Despite this protest, I assume that the presbytery of New York will proceed to carry out the mandate of this assembly," he began. "I ask your patience and forbearance if the presbytery takes such time as may be required in order to avoid the sacrifice of important interests.

"I am going back to undertake the difficult task of interpreting the General Assembly to the First Presbyterian Church and, if you will permit, I will try to interpret the First Presbyterian Church to the General Assembly.

"It has been well aware that we ventured four and one-half years ago upon an experiment which involved no small risk. It would hardly have done us but for the action of the General Assembly in May, 1918, by a unanimous and rising vote in adopting these resolutions:

That we, the Commissioners of the 130th General Assembly, now in session at Columbus, Ohio, in 1918, do declare and place on record our profound conviction that the time has come for organic church union of the Evangelical churches in America.

That this assembly hereby overtures the national bodies of the evangelical communions of America to meet with our representatives for the purpose of formulating a plan of organic union."

Says Fosdick Is Not Hurt.

Dr. Alexander continued:

"In view of the action of the assembly yesterday I wish to say that my chief concern is not for Harry Emerson Fosdick. It will not diminish his popularity but give him a wider hearing. It will not unfavorably affect his fortunes. Perhaps he should be expected to divide with the presbytery of Philadelphia the increase of royalties from his books.

"It should be known, too, that when Dr. Fosdick entered the services of the First Church he stipulated that he should receive nothing more than he had received the previous year for outside services. So the combined salaries of the these active ministers at the First Presbyterian Church are less than the salaries of some neighboring pastors.

"My chief concern has been for the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America. Above men in America, perhaps in the world, Dr. Fosdick has the confidence of young men and young women educated in our schools of higher learning. He has an almost uncanny understanding of the working of the modern mind and the times in which we live. By hundreds and thousands he has led young people out of their perplexities and winning them back to faith in Christ and fellowship with his Church.

"In these educated youth lies the hope of the growth and power of the Church of the coming days. My prayer is that they will not interpret the action of the Assembly as indicating that the Presbyterian Church is unsympathetic and inhospitable toward them."

Merrill Defends the Protest.

In presenting the protest Dr. Merrill said:

"The Commissioners from the Presbytery of New York were silent yesterday during the discussion of overture No. 1. This was in part because such conduct was in line with the policy followed consistently by the Presbytery of New York through the past year under the council of wise leaders from many parts of the Church and under the force of their own strong desire to preserve the peace and unity of the Church.

"It was due also to the fact that they supposed as a matter of course that when such a matter was before the assembly no member of any Presbytery involved would take any part in the discussion. But the action taken was of such a nature and the vote was so close that some of the Commissioners from the New York Presbytery, together with certain Commissioners from other Presbyteries, there being sixty-six signatures so far, felt constrained to offer the protest."

There were many "ayes," at this juncture.

The Rev. Dr. David de Forrest Burrill of Dubuque, Iowa, moved that the protest be received and placed on file, which was done. Dr. Burrill, who is a son of the Rev. Dr. David James Burrill, pastor of the Marble Collegiate Reformed Church, New York, was one of the main speakers for the action against Dr. Fosdick yesterday.

William J. Bryan rose to a point of order, asking if the signatures were filed with the protest.

Later Mr. Bryan presented greetings from the Southern Baptist convention, sent through him from their convention in St. Louis, which he addressed last week.

Bathing Suit Pastor Restored.

On the recommendation of the permanent Judicial Commission the Assembly directed the Presbytery of El Reno, Okla., to restore the Rev. Thomas J. Irwin to its membership and to grant Mr. Irwin, upon his request, a letter to any Presbytery with which he may desire to unite. The commission expressed its opinion that as Mr. Irwin had been under suspension for almost a year "and had suffered great humiliation, his case had been sufficiently dealt with."

The commission recited charges against Mr. Irwin and made its pronouncement in part as follows:

"(A) That in August, 1921, he performed a marriage ceremony while he and the parties to the marriage, clad in bathing suits, stood in the water at Medicine Park, Okla., and while the groom was in an intoxicated condition. This is not disputed, except the charge that the groom was intoxicated. We are of the opinion that this charge was untrue. It appears that the ceremony itself was duly and regularly spoken according to the forms of the Church. However, such a practice on the part of the minister must meet with our disapproval.

"(B) That Mr. Irwin participated in authorizing the publication and distribution by the session of a pamphlet holding up to ridicule and contempt those who were opposed to them and characterizing the Presbytery and its committee as an inquisition. We find that Mr. Irwin was a party to the publication of this pamphlet and that many statements made therein were unworthy of Christian people."

The Assembly adjourned this evening. It accepted an invitation to meet next May in Grand Rapids, Mich. San Francisco also sent an invitation.

DR. COFFIN DEFENDS FOSDICK.

Says He Does Not Believe the Bible Claims to Be Errorless.

Presbyterian clergymen in this city, with one or two exceptions, were reluctant yesterday to discuss the Fosdick issue. Dr. Howard Duffield, Moderator of the New York Presbytery, said that in the face of the action of the General Assembly at Indianapolis there was not much that he could say. He added that he preferred to remain silent on the issue for the present. He is a former pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of which the Rev. Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick is "special preacher."

The Rev. Henry B. Coffin, pastor of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, long a stout defender of Dr. Fosdick, issued a statement in which he said:

"In the face of the action taken by a majority of the General Assembly, it is impossible for those of us who stand in the pulpits of the Presbyterian Church to remain silent, and I feel that I owe it to my own congregation and to the Presbytery to state plainly that if any action is taken which removes Dr. Fosdick from the pulpit of the First Church on account of his interpretation of the Christian Gospel, I cannot honestly be allowed to remain in the pulpit of the Madison Avenue Church, for I share fully his point of view.

"The majority of the Assembly have affirmed a deliverance which sets forth five propositions as essential doctrines of the Word of God, none of which is, in my judgment, an essential doctrine in the form in which it is stated, and none of which do I personally accept and teach in that form.

"I do not believe that the Scriptures claim to be 'without error.' The Biblical writers used the science, the historical information and methods, the moral standards and religious concepts of their time to express their experience of God. I revere the Bible as containing the record of His progressive Self-revelation, culminating in Christ, and it is for me the Word of God in so far as it accords with the Word made flesh in Christ. But its science, history, ethics and theology are no more inerrant than those of other ancient documents.

"I do not find that the Scriptures proclaim the virgin birth of Christ as an essential doctrine. He is for me God manifest in human life; but the virgin birth is a first-century way of accounting for His uniqueness. From the point of view of our present historical knowledge it rests on very slight evidence. Christ is the revelation of the Father and the Saviour of mankind, however He entered the world, and to exalt one explanation of the incarnation, an explanation not made either by St. Paul or St. John, as an essential doctrine seems to me unscriptural.

"Personally I do not know how Our Lord was born, and I certainly refuse to teach the Virgin birth as an essential doctrine.

"I do not find that the Scriptures teach as an essential interpretation of Christ's death that He 'satisfied the divine justice.' I gratefully acknowledge that He died for our sins and that His Cross is the unveiling of the redeeming love of God, but no single interpretation adequately expresses its value, nor can be imposed upon the thought of the Church as the final explanation.

"I do not find that the Scriptures teach that it was the same body in which Jesus suffered in which He rose from the dead and ascended. The narratives indicate striking differences in the character of His presence with His disciples subsequent to His death. I rejoice in the assurance that death did not conquer Him, and that He lives in power with God in the world today; but I cannot teach as essential a physical and materialistic interpretation of His resurrection.

"I do not find that Jesus considered faith in His miracles essential; on the contrary, I find that He made light of such faith as compared with devotion to Himself and His cause. The accounts of the miracles must be judged in the light of the scientific ideas of His day and by the methods of our best historical investigation. Faith in them is certainly not an essential doctrine of the Word of God. Loyalty to Christ is the one essential, and more than that I cannot teach.

"The issue has been joined between those who believe in Christianity as life with a living God, which must be interpreted and reinterpreted by the advancing thought of mankind, and those who believe that it has been finally formulated in the thought of a bygone age. If this latter point of view becomes authoritative in the Presbyterian Church there will be no room in it for the thinking men and women of our day and of tomorrow.

"Dearly as I love the Church of my fathers, I love truth and human beings more. I cannot teach what the Assembly has set forth as essential. While I will not voluntarily withdraw from the Presbyterian ministry and leave the Church to those who appear to me to misconstrue its standards and repudiate its Protestant heritage, I wish to make my own position plain."

Dr. Fosdick declined to comment on the action of the General Assembly. He has so far consistently refused to answer his critics, unless some of his pulpit utterances may be interpreted as in the nature of a reply.

There were some Presbyterian ministers yesterday who thought that the time had come for Dr. Fosdick to announce his withdrawal from the pulpit of the First Church as "special preacher." They pointed to the wide split that he had caused in the ranks of the Presbyterian Church, a division of view which resulted from his sermon "Shall the Fundamentalists Win?"

Dr. Fosdick, it was said, had practically the undivided support of the members of his congregation. When the action taken at Indianapolis was indicated by the Philadelphia Presbytery last year, Arthur Curtiss James, Chairman of the trustees of the First Presbyterian Church, declared that the Board of Trustees would take no cognizance of the sermon unless it was referred to the board by the General Assembly. Some action, it is now thought, has been forced upon the board, but what direction this would take could not be learned last night.

Denominational leaders at large took the view that the Fosdick controversy had merely brought out the long standing discussion which had made the distinct groups of orthodox and liberal thought.

Car Shortage Is Almost Over.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Car shortage, which has continued at high levels during recent months, has virtually disappeared, according to the American Railway Association, which announced today that on May 14 the total was 37,761 cars, or 45,000 less than the shortage on April 1. During recent weeks railroads have been furnishing shippers with cars at the rate of more than 150,000 for each business day.

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Federal set 58 is mounted on a polished panel, assembled in a metal case, and finished in black enamel. It is a striking example of a selective instrument made beautiful.

Seventh Gallery, New Building.

PEACE AGAIN REIGNS AT BAPTIST MEETING

Convention Passes Reports on Denominational Program and Gifts.

FEW DISSENTING VOTES

Fundamentalists Organize to Combat "Rising Tide of Modernism."

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 24.—Fundamentalists joined the so-called liberals today at the Northern Baptist Convention in passing two measures, each sharply barbed with the material for controversy and dissention between the two factions. After the two sharp tilts of yesterday, when the fundamentalists were overwhelmingly defeated, the dove of factional peace returned today.

With a very few scattering "Nos," the 3,000 delegates accepted the report of the Committee on Gifts with doctrinal conditions attached. The other measure that was expected to cause friction, the report of the Committee on Future Denominational Program, was accepted almost unanimously.

It was broadcast through the convention hall today that those who championed the fundamental teachings of the Baptist faith were organizing to combat the "rising tide of modernism" within the Church. It therefore had been expected that the two reports would be subjects of hot discussion.

The announced program of the fundamentalists is to launch a nation-wide appeal to those of the faith who believe as they do. Already, it is said, thousands of dollars have been pledged to the committee that has the campaign in hand. The work is to be directed against those in "pulpit and theological seminaries and universities who have attacked of late those fundamental principles of faith and practice." One of the principal drives will be made, it is understood, to have children brought up to adhere to the old doctrines of the Church.

Acceptance of the report of the Committee on Gifts, of which the Rev. Dr. Frank M. Goodchild, pastor of the Central Baptist Church of New York, a leading fundamentalist, is Chairman, was considered by both sides as the most certain indication of harmony.

The old policy of treating a profferred gift to the church was to leave the matter of acceptance strictly up to the committee composed of members of the ministers, missionaries, benefit and education boards, giving them the power to either accept or decline the gift, and at the same time giving great elasticity to the demands made upon the church by the donor in the matter of creedal acceptances.

Recommendations on Gifts.

The committee today made the following recommendations, upon which the convention voted in harmony:

"A large degree of liberty must be left to all our missionary, benevolent and educational organizations which receive and administer denominational funds. With such a wide and varied constituency, and with such complex needs to be met, it is necessary to trust the judgment of the men and women who constitute the management of our societies. In the exercise of liberty due regard must be given, on the one hand to the demand of loyalty to fundamental Baptist doctrines and to the integrity of gifts, and, on the other hand, we must always insure the complete freedom of our boards, executive officers, missionaries and other representatives from subjection to formal creedal tests.

"While recognizing the right and freedom of any individual to proffer a gift to our societies or boards for use in our denominational enterprises with such specifications as may seem desirable to the donor, we nevertheless recommend that the convention advise all donors to trust the loyalty and integrity of our respective societies and boards, and to make their gifts to our denominational enterprises without doctrinal conditions."

In a way, the adoption of the committees recommendations is a compromise. While the liberals refuse to accede to the acceptance of any gift carrying with it the demand that the church preach a belief that is ultra-conservative. The fundamentalists on the other hand are against the acceptance of a gift that specifically is not applied to the work of the church and the doctrines they concur in. The adoption of the recommendations takes final action in case of a disagreement among its members, out of the hands of the committee and provides that acceptance or refusal shall be decided on the floor of the convention.

The doctrinal creed clause was incorporated into the gift acceptances policy, it is understood, because of a donation of a large sum to the Church with the proviso that the Baptist ministry preach and believe in the old fundamentals of the Church implicitly, and in the virgin birth of Christ.

Stress Denominational Policy.

Although the report of the Committee on the Future Denominational Program will come in the convention tomorrow, it was said tonight by the Rev. Dr. J. C. Massee of Plymouth Temple, Boston, President of the National Federation of Fundamentalists of the Northern Baptists, that "there will not be much difficulty passing it."

The report of the Committee on the Future Denominational Program was delivered by the Rev. Dr. W. P. Vichert, its Chairman. Of special importance is the stress laid on the policy toward the local church and toward the denominational schools and colleges. The educational point is expected to bring about a definite understanding in the matter of treatment of schools and colleges against which there have been made charges of radical teaching.

At the morning session a resolution was unanimously adopted calling on the Government to investigate the situation in this country between the Christian Chinese and the tongs. The resolution followed an address by C. R. Shepherd, Director of Chinese Work of the American Baptist Mission Society, who declared that the tongs were persecuting the Christian Chinese to support their organizations.

Insufficient funds to conduct the Women's Home Mission work were reported by Mrs. Orrin R. Judd of Brooklyn, Vice President of one of the societies. "The $100,000,000 campaign begun four years ago has netted only $52,000,000, with only a year still to go," she said. "The year began with a debt of $335,-061. This necessitated a reduction of $120,000 in our budget appropriations, which was discouraging. The resultant retrenchment was not made without anguish, for fifty-two fields were affected, and the equivalent of the salaries of forty missionaries and thirty teachers had to be withdrawn from the work. This left some fields utterly destitute."

Milwaukee won the next convention over Philadelphia in the contest decided this afternoon.

TAKE STEP TO BROADEN CHICAGO UNIVERSITY

Trustees Ask Baptist Education Board for Charter Changes to Make It More Non-Sectarian.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 24.—A movement to make the University of Chicago more non-sectarian in character is being made by the Board of Trustees, who have forwarded to the Board of Education of the Northern Baptist Convention, the only body empowered to make changes in the constitution, certain recommendations designed to that end.

The recommendations are two in number. The first is that the stipulation that the President of the university must be a member of the Baptist Church shall be removed from the charter. The second urges that the number of trustees be increased from twenty-one, of whom fourteen must be Baptists, to twenty-five, of whom fifteen must be members of that Church.

These recommendations have been approved by John D. Rockefeller, who in 1900 signed a waiver of any obstacle to such changes when and if proposed. Mr. Rockefeller who, in addition to his gift of $600,000 when the university was founded in 1890, has with his son made other gifts amounting to more than $30,-000,000, again confirmed his waiver in a letter written on March 7 last.

In addition, 98 per cent. of the other Baptist contributors to the university have filed similar waivers and have expressed themselves in favor of the change.

NEW CASE IN WORLD COURT.

It Will Be Asked to Construe Two Articles of Russo-Finnish Treaty.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, May 24.—The Permanent Court of Justice will have one more case when it reconvenes on June 15. At a recent sitting the League Council decided to lay before the Court the following question:

"Do Articles X. and XI. of the peace treaty between Russia and Finland, signed at Derpat in October, 1920, and the accompanying statement of the Russian delegation as regards the autonomy of East Karelia create engagements of an international character which bind Russia to carry out the clauses contained therein in regard to Finland?"

MOVIE MEN ELECT ANTI-FORD HEAD

Exhibitors Give Sidney Cohen of New York 234 of 378 Votes at Chicago Session.

'FREE SCREEN' IS UPHELD

New President Declares Issue Was Control of Pictures for Political Purposes—Middle West Bolts.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 24.—Sydney S. Cohen of New York was re-elected President of the Motion Picture Theatre Owners' Association of America today on a protest platform against charges that emissaries of Henry Ford were attempting to gain control of moving picture theatres throughout the country.

At a stormy session, marked by quarrels among the delegates and near fist fights, it was asserted by Cohen's supporters that Ford was looking to the control of the screen to further a future campaign for President of the United States.

Cohen received 234 votes out of 378, the balance of the delegates passing, and the entire Michigan delegation walking out of the meeting amid an uproar which rocked the convention hall at the Coliseum.

His decision to run again for President after a flat refusal to seek the office was ascribed by Mr. Cohen to "developments at the convention." In a lengthy speech on the "Michigan situation" he gave as his reason the "alleged participation of Henry Ford of Detroit, through his emissaries, in matters associated with the election of officers."

"The screens of the motion picture theatres in the United States shall always remain free in the service of the people, unhampered by any political or other centralized control," said Mr. Cohen. "Only in this way can we render the maximum of service to the public. To curtail the activities of this great medium of expression would be equivalent to curbing the freedom of the press, which is written into the Constitution of the United States."

Pre-session gossip had already spread the rumor that representatives of Ford were busy lobbying and hoped to stampede the meeting toward their candidate, James C. Ritter of Detroit.

A motion that Cohen be unanimously elected followed his address and produced a din of objections from the Middle Western sections. Much of the controversy centred over the proposal by Ritter that the headquarters of the organization should be moved to a city more central than New York. With Cohen re-elected, it was declared the control would still remain in the East.

As a roll by States was called, many of the Middle Western contingents, totalling 144 delegates, refused to vote. Some delegates quit the assembly.

CHICAGO, May 24 (Associated Press).—Sydney S. Cohen of New York, re-elected President of the Motion Picture Theatre Owners' Association of America here today, announced that the action of several State delegations in leaving the convention hall did not mean a bolt.

"We are sorry for the intense feeling which has been brought into the convention," Mr. Cohen said in a brief speech of acceptance, "but we look forward with confidence, for we are still intact and the organization still is in control of its membership."

George P. Aarons of Philadelphia was elected Recording Secretary, and William Bender Jr. of South Bend, Ind., Treasurer.

The Vice Presidents and Directors elected were referred to by opponents of the President as Cohen supporters. They are: First Vice President, Joseph Mogler, St. Louis; Second Vice President, M. G. Smith, Toledo; Third Vice President, W. W. Whitson, California, and Fourth Vice President, E. W. Collins, Arkansas.

The Board of Directors elected were: W. D. Burford, Illinois; Charles Whitehurst, Baltimore, Md.; C. T. Sears, Missouri; Fred Seegert, Wisconsin; Harry Davis and M. Comerford, Pennsylvania; G. G. Schmidt, Indianapolis; Julian Brylawski, Washington, D. C.; R. F. Woodhull, Dover, N. J.; W. A. True, Hartford, Conn.; John A. Sawm, Ohio, and L. J. Dittmar, Louisville, Ky.

Reading Telegraphers Get Rise.

CHICAGO, May 24.—The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad notified the Railroad Labor Board today that it granted wage increases to telegraphers from 3 to 10 cents an hour.

Friday and Saturday

SALE OF SILK HOSIERY

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First Quality *Pure Thread Silk*
Full Fashioned *Guaranteed Perfect*

AVON GUARANTEED HOSE *Regular value 1.75* — **1.35**, *3 pr. 3.85*
Reinforced lisle tops and soles.
Black, white and new spring shades.

SANDAL FOOT SHEER HOSE *Regular value 2.25* — **1.75**, *3 pr. 4.85*
Silk foot and fine lisle garter top.
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Pint Size $5.14
Guaranteed unbreakable, with nickel bottom and cap. Absolutely sanitary.

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Just the container to take along on a picnic or a motor trip. It will stand hard usage.

"A hot or cold drink whenever you want it."

Macy's—Main Floor, Center.

In the Macy Week of Shirts

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Men's Silk Broadcloth SHIRTS $5.64

Our usual price would be $7.94

Exceptional Quality—Exceptionally Low in Price

Silks have greatly advanced in price within the last few months—yet our foresight in placing the order for these shirts BEFORE the rise in prices enables us to offer you this tremendous saving.

Beautiful Lustrous Satin Stripe Silk Broadcloths
Plain White Silk Broadcloths

All were especially made for us to meet our high standards of workmanship, finish, and patterns

Sizes 14 to 18

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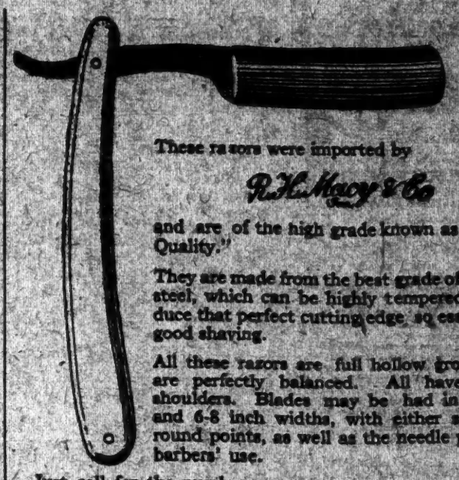
Extraordinary Sale of 2,000 RAZORS 98c

Formerly 1.69



These razors were imported by R. H. Macy & Co.

and are of the high grade known as "Barber Quality."

They are made from the best grade of Swedish steel, which can be highly tempered to produce that perfect cutting edge so essential to good shaving.

All these razors are full hollow ground and are perfectly balanced. All have double shoulders. Blades may be had in 4-8, 5-8 and 6-8 inch widths, with either square or round points, as well as the needle point for barbers' use.

Just call for the number you want:

No. 1	4-8	Plain Tange or Handle Round Point
No. 2	5-8	Plain Tange or Handle, Round Point.
No. 3	6-8	Plain Tange or Handle, Round Point.
No. 4	4-8	Plain Tange or Handle, Needle Point.*
No. 5	5-8	Plain Tange or Handle, Needle Point.*
No. 6	6-8	Plain Tange or Handle, Needle Point.*
No. 7	4-8	One Cut Tange or Handle, Round Point.
No. 8	5-8	One Cut Tange or Handle, Round Point.
No. 9	6-8	One Cut Tange or Handle, Round Point.
No. 10	4-8	One Cut Tange or Handle, Square Point.
No. 11	5-8	One Cut Tange or Handle, Square Point.
No. 12	6-8	One Cut Tange or Handle, Square Point.
No. 13	4-8	Two Cut Tange or Handle, Round Point.
No. 14	5-8	Two Cut Tange or Handle, Round Point.
No. 15	6-8	Two Cut Tange or Handle, Round Point.
No. 16	4-8	Two Cut Tange or Handle, Square Point.
No. 17	5-8	Two Cut Tange or Handle, Square Point.
No. 18	6-8	Two Cut Tange or Handle, Square Point.

* For Barbers' Use.

For Bobbing Hair
1,500 Hair Clippers
Special
98c

Widely used for clipping the back of the necks of women and children wearing bobbed hair; also by men. Made of a high quality steel; in the following three sizes.

No. 00 cuts 1-32 inch
No. 0 cuts 1-16 inch
No. 1 cuts 1-8 inch

Barber Shears
Specially Priced
49c and 89c

Real barber shears both in quality and style. They are exceptionally useful for trimming children's hair.

Both types are imported, the 89c grade coming from France.

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Horsehide front and linen canvas back—this is one of our better grade razor strops.

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For double-edge safety razor blades. 400 rotary action stroppers for double-edge blades only.

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Hat Boxes $4.54
Round models, with one and two hat forms. Cretonne lined. May be had with tan or black binding. Popular sizes. (*Illustrated.*)

Suit Cases $5.94
Leather bound edges, 2 locks, shirred pockets in cover and each end. Sateen lined. Sizes 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 inches. (*Not illustrated.*)

Week-End Suit Cases

$5.94
Covered with good quality enamel drill. Straps all around; leather corners; good lock and handle. Fitted with shallow cretonne lined tray. Sizes 24, 26, 28 inches.

$9.94
Covered with enamel drill. Ends reinforced with fiber; leather corners; 2 locks and handle. Fitted with tray; shirred pocket in cover. Sizes 24, 26, 28 inches.

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Athletic Union Suits $1.19

A Special Type of Athletic Undergarment That Is Exclusive With Us

In our "Banjo Seat" Athletic Underwear we feature men's summertime undergarments that are distinctly different from the average run of such garments.

Every one is made to our high standards of workmanship and material, and the special feature of each is the Banjo-shaped Reinforcement of the Seat.

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"Banjo Seat" Separate Garments 79c each

For those who prefer the two-piece suit we have this excellent garment made in separate shirts and drawers.

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$3.00 PHILADELPHIA Round Trip SUNDAY, May 27 Special train leaves West 23rd St. 7:40 A.M. Stopping at Newark, Elizabeth, Rahway, New Brunswick, Trenton. Additional Excursion June 10.

$6.00 Luray, Va. Round Trip SUNDAY, MAY 27 Special train leaves Luray Caverns (Shenandoah Valley) 4:00 P.M. Stopping at Front Royal, Strasburg, Winchester, Harrisonburg, Staunton, Waynesboro, Basic City, Newark, Elizabeth, Rahway, New Brunswick. Additional Excursion June 17.

$5.00 WASHINGTON BALTIMORE Round Trip SUNDAY, June 3 Special train leaves West 23rd St. 8:00 A.M. Stopping at Newark, Elizabeth, Rahway, New Brunswick, Trenton. Additional Excursion June 17.

$3.60 ATLANTIC CITY Round Trip SUNDAY, June 3 Special train leaves West 23rd St. 8:00 A.M. Stopping at Newark, Elizabeth, Rahway, New Brunswick, Trenton. Additional Excursions Sunday, June 17, July 1, 15, 29, Aug. 12, 26, Sept. 9 Wednesday, July 11, 25, August 8, 22.

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New Portrait of President Harding

Reproduction of portrait painted at the White House by Howard Chandler Christy, to be placed on the Leviathan.

ROOSEVELT STATUE — Bronze, by Vincenzo Miserendino of "Roosevelt the Orator," gift of a citizens' committee of Mount Vernon, N. Y.

MEMORIAL TO 107TH U. S. INFANTRY—Sketch for the memorial by Karl Illava, to be erected at Fifth Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street, New York; architect's rendering of tentative base for memorial.

The New York Times Rotogravure Picture Section NEXT SUNDAY

Reserve a copy of The Times at your news stand.

SOCIALISTS FORM NEW INTERNATIONAL

Hamburg Congress Consolidates Second and the Second and a Half Into One.

ADOPT WORLD PLATFORM

Communistic Doctrine of Minority Dictatorship of the Proletariat Is Denounced.

HAMBURG, May 24 (Associated Press).—The Second and Second-and-one-half Socialist Internationals are no more and in their places has been created a consolidated organization known as the "Socialist Workers' International." The new body was formed here by Socialist Party delegates from thirty different nations, including the United States.

The new International is designed to include all the Socialist workers of the world, although at present specifically excluding the Zionist representatives, who voted at their congress in Palestine against joining the Second International, and also the Separatist groups in Czechoslovakia and Russia. Its program, as officially outlined, comprises four main points.

The first states that the parties thus uniting aim at substituting socialistic for capitalistic methods of production, and "in the struggle between the classes" recognise this substitution process as a means of achieving "the emancipation of the working class."

The second notes that the organization is endeavoring completely to unify the Socialist workers' movement.

The third states that the International is practically operative only in so far as its decisions are binding on all its parts, adding: "Such decision of the International organization therefore means voluntary restriction of the autonomy of parties in the individual lands."

Point four specifies that the organization must serve as an instrument during war as well as peace.

Herr Adler of Vienna, who was spokesman for the Committee on Organization, told the convention in outlining the program that it was recognized that very weighty problems still remained to be solved, such as that of Socialist participation in a coalition Government. The constitution, he said, provided that any member of the Executive Committee of the new International who became the Minister of a Government would thereby cease to be a member of the committee.

"This does not mean to prejudice the question of coalition government," he added, "but is merely a practical measure for sparing the Executive Committee the problem of ministerialism."

Herr Adler went on to say that the Communists had sought negotiations with the Socialists looking toward an alliance and demanding such conferences, "recently through a sort of ultimatum," but that the Socialists were in no position to negotiate.

"We regard the democratic equality of the laborers as the sole basis for such negotiations," he continued. "Only the majority of the proletariat can make a final and binding decision upon the actions of the proletariat. Therefore, there is little prospect of negotiations with those who regard it as dogmatic that the minority shall decided what the laboring class must do. We will never permit talk of a united front to confuse us before it is made clear that those who are ready to form a united front with us recognize the proletariat's right of self-determination and that they do not wish to have within the laboring class the dictatorship of a small clique over the great mass."

The program and the constitution were unanimously adopted amid a storm of applause. The cheering turned into cries of "Long live the International!" led by Emile Vandervelde of Belgium, and closed with the singing of the "Interantional," all the delegates standing.

It was decided to hold the next Congress within two years and, that thereafter the Congresses would occur regularly every three years unless a special session might be demanded by ten national parties, representing one-fourth of the Congressional delegate vote. The number of delegates present at the convention was announced as 220, including 194 guests.

The women of Russia have the franchise, but only Communists dare vote, it was declared by the Russian delegates addressing the International Conference of Socialist Women, here yesterday. The meeting was the first of its kind since the Copenhagen Congress of 1910, and the discussion concerned particularly the advance of the suffrage movement during the thirteen years intervening.

The report of the Russian delegates also stated that only Communist women were eligible to public office in Russia and that the Social Democratic women there were treated the same as the male members of that party.

NEW DELAY FOR HIRSHBERG.

Case of Physician Wanted for Alleged Perjury Comes Up Today.

Justice John Ford yesterday afternoon granted a further adjournment until this afternoon at 2 o'clock in the petition of Dr. Leonard K. Hirshberg, for a writ of habeas corpus to prevent his being turned over to the Maryland authorities where he is wanted on a charge of perjury.

Justice Ford, in granting the adjournment, stated that the situation in which Hirshberg found himself—convicted of fraudulently using the United States mails and sentenced to the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., for four years—he had brought upon himself, and he could not plead that in the case now before the State Supreme Court.

Justice Ford inquired if the Federal authorities had been notified of the hearing and Assistant District Attorney Michael J. Driscoll produced a copy of a letter he had sent by special messenger to the United States District Attorney on May 22 last, informing him of the situation. Mr. Driscoll also stated that the Federal District Attorney had been notified by telephone yesterday morning. To neither of the communications had the Federal District Attorney replied.

Justice Ford said he would consider that official out of the case and the only question to be considered by him was the validity of the requisition warrant of the Governor of Maryland and the rendition warrant of Governor Smith.

Assistant District Attorney John Caldwell Myer informed the Justice that Governor Smith's warrant had arrived and the only point to be considered was whether the man named in the indictment was the relator and whether he was in Maryland at the time of the commission of the crime alleged in the indictment.

James A. Turley, Attorney for Hirshberg, conceded that his client was the man named in the indictment, but declined to concede that he was in Maryland in November, 1920, when, it is claimed, the relator perjured himself by alleging he was the owner of a piece of property which he pledged as security in a bail bond, when he had no interest in the property.

Ryan Loses Change of Venue.

The Appellate Division in Brooklyn sustained yesterday the decision of Supreme Court Justice Benedict refusing to transfer from Nassau County to New York County the suit brought against Clendenin J. Ryan, son of Thomas F. Ryan, by Muriel Sharp, now residing at Garden City. Miss Sharp is suing Ryan to enforce an alleged agreement whereby she claims he agreed to pay her $500 a month for allowing him to use a part of her apartment as a place to entertain his friends. Ryan sought the change of venue.

HAMBURG PARLEY APPROVED BY DEBS

Says Formation of Socialist Workers' International Is a Step Toward World Peace.

CALLS IT 'PEOPLES' LEAGUE'

Convention Here Scheduled to Debate on Instructions to American Delegates at Conference Abroad.

Eugene V. Debs, leader of the Socialist Party in the United States, hailed yesterday the action of the Socialist conference in Hamburg in forming the Socialist Workers' International as a great stride toward world peace. Mr. Debs, several times Socialist candidate for the Presidency of the United States, who came to New York to attend the national Socialist Convention which ended Tuesday, said he had read with keen interest the news from Hamburg describing the action of the conference, as the matter of instructing American delegates was up for sharp debate at the New York convention. Although no instructions were cabled abroad, hope was expressed at the conferences here that a big, new body would arise out of the Hamburg parley. Speaking of the formation of the new Socialist movement, Mr. Debs said:

"It is a clear, announcing and inspiring voice to the workers of the world that the time is at hand when they must organize on a secure foundation. I am sure that will be the result of the new organization.

"The present conference at Hamburg has taught the Socialists the value of solidarity and the effect of moral influence. The declaration that the organization must serve as an instrument during the war, as in peace, to my mind marks a wonderful forward step in the movement to abolish war.

"The new organization is virtually a league of the peoples to establish peace, as against a league of Governments to exploit and oppress the masses. The latter plan is merely the designs of a few powerful nations to gain control of the weaker. For the first time in the history of the world there is a conscious rise of the races who are determined to control their own evolution."

In reviewing the beginning of the World War, which, he said, had "burst upon civilization with cataclysmic intensity," Mr. Debs said:

"As a result the Socialist workers, especially of Germany, were swept into the maelstrom before they had even a chance to guard against being split over territorial or kindred international disputes and will be able to maintain with powerful support the attitude that war is opposed to every canon of human justice. We propose to create our own civilization and not be shackled to the wheels of the capitalistic machine."

NEW PLANE CARRIER FOR BRITISH NAVY

Invention Now Being Built Is Expected to Give Fleet Its Own Airdromes.

LONDON, May 19 (Associated Press).—Every building in London with a flat roof has become a potential airdrome by reason of the invention of apparatus to facilitate the landing and taking off of airplanes from the decks of Britain's aircraft carriers.

The invention will enable every navy of the future to put to sea with not only a vast number of airplanes, flying boats and seaplanes, but its own airdromes and workshops, say English air experts.

Already some vessels have been converted into aircraft carriers by the United States, Great Britain and Japan, but the British Admiralty has laid down ships of this kind which are held to be better than those of any other power.

In the new type of aircraft carrier there are two decks connected by huge lifts. The upper is the airdrome deck, and the lower is equipped with workshops for carrying out repairs. There are also supplies of necessary spare parts, ranging from a propeller to a complete engine, all ready for instant use.

The flying deck is fitted with a searchlight and landing-light tower, which make it possible for a machine to land at night. There are also cranes for hoisting on board flying boats which need repair.

It is now possible for the fastest machines to land with safety on the deck of an airplane carrier. An arrangement of nets brings the airplane to a standstill without danger, and a machine which attains a speed of three miles a minute can land in a distance of not more than forty feet.

TO REFUND ON BANK TAXES.

Bay State Proposes Returning $3,500,000—Revises Tax Rates.

BOSTON, May 24.—Both branches of the Legislature late today pushed to be engrossed a bill providing for the taxation of national banks in this State. The vote was unanimous. Final legislative action on the measure was set for tomorrow.

The bill provides that all national banks shall receive back one-third of the taxes which they paid to this State in 1921 and 1922, and that the First National Bank of Boston shall get $1,500,000 refund for taxes paid under protest during the years 1917 to 1920, inclusive.

In order to meet this expenditure the State Treasury will receive taxes from all foreign and domestic business corporations, trust companies, public service corporations, savings banks and individuals who pay State income tax in any form. This tax will amount to 10 per cent. of the amount due under the income tax law and in addition to the income tax. Moreover, national banks will be assessed at 12½ per cent. of their net income. Tax-exempt securities held by banks are not excluded in the term net income.

The reimbursements to the banks will amount to about $2,500,000, of which $1,023,328 will be raised by the additional tax of 10 per cent., it is estimated.

HELD ON BIGAMY CHARGE.

Former Brooklyn Man, Accused by Wife, Sues for Divorce.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, May 24.—James W. Sarwood, alias James W. Sheedy, a former army officer, aged 40, arrested last Monday on a charge of desertion preferred by his wife, Mrs. James W. Sarwood of 75 Meeker Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., was held under $1,000 bail today on a charge of bigamy.

Sarwood, formerly of Brooklyn, is alleged to have married Dorothy Beatty of Turtle Creek about eighteen months ago and to have been living with her and a six months old child in Forest Hills for the last six months.

At the hearing Mrs. Sarwood stated that her husband married her ten years ago and soon afterward deserted her and their infant son in Milwaukee. She was aided by several military organizations and the Government in locating Sarwood here.

After the bigamy hearing Mrs. Sarwood was served with divorce papers, in which Sarwood charged her with cruel treatment.

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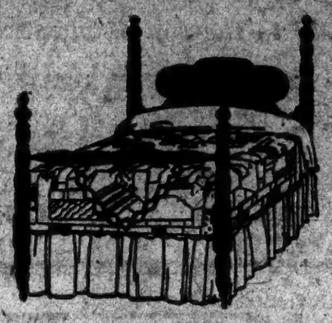

SPECIAL OFFERING
of genuine mahogany beds $39.75

THESE BEDS are considerably underpriced. Fifty-three dollars is the normal estimate of their worth. But we have purchased a quantity, which, once gone, cannot be sold again at $39.75. The sizes are 3 foot 3, 4 foot, and 4 foot 6. The wood is true mahogany and the turnings are authentically Colonial.

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20-26 WEST 36TH STREET
A few yards from Fifth Avenue

JAMES BENNAT & CO.
FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH STREET

Smart Sports Fashions for Town or Country

Sport and Top Coats
$29.75 $49.50
(Values $39.50 to $69.50)

Swagger overplaids—checked camel's hair and imported tweeds in several smart and practical models.

New Skirts—of flannel and crepe de chine—finely pleated or wrap around styles, **$10.95—$15.50**

Sheer Summer Blouses—dainty, hand-made styles and hand-drawn effects, lace trimmed, embroidered or frilled— **$3.95**

Smart Golf Sweater Coats—$4.95
Plain and two-toned effects.

FROM bridesmaids' bonnets to ushers' scarves, every wedding on the June calendar may vary. Brides may be gowned in classic, medieval or modern designs; ceremonies may be conducted on country estates or in city cathedrals—but whatever the appointments and wherever the scene, gifts from Ovington's are as traditional and as welcome as the indispensable spray of orange blossoms, and the parson's final word.

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"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
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SUITS *for* MEN

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Are the Choice of More Men Today than at Any Previous Time!

SO MUCH for quality. Nothing can take its place. In the woolens, in the perfect tailoring, in the designing of Saks-tailored suits at 58.00 will be found a degree of quality never surpassed in Men's Suits offered below seventy-five dollars. Because they are *better*, they sell *faster* than any other suits offered for the New York man.

Single and double-breasted models—blues, browns, plaids, striped effects, and exclusive novelties.

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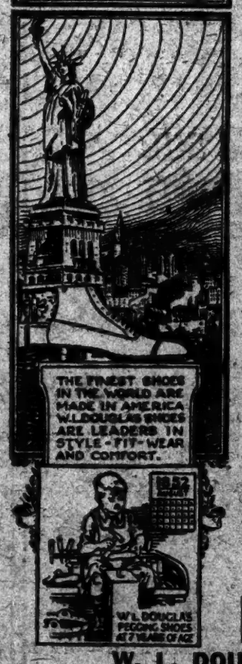

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is the best known shoe trade mark in the world. It stands for the highest standard of quality at the lowest possible cost. For economy and satisfactory service, wear shoes that bear this trade mark.

W. L. DOUGLAS constant endeavor for 47 years has been to make reliable, well made, stylish shoes at reasonable prices. The satisfactory service and the protection afforded by the name and price stamped on the sole of every pair have given the people confidence in W. L. Douglas shoes.

If you have been paying high prices for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas $7.00 and $8.00 shoes. They are exceptionally good value and will give satisfactory service.

ESTABLISHED 1876

$5. $6. $7. & $8. SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN
$4.00 & $4.50 SHOES FOR BOYS

WE WOULD BE GLAD TO HAVE YOU VISIT W. L. Douglas factories at Brockton, Mass., examine the high grade leathers used, and see how carefully good shoes are made by skilled shoemakers under the supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes that can be produced for the price.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. IF HE CANNOT SUPPLY YOU, WRITE FOR CATALOG.

TO MERCHANTS: If no dealer in your town handles W. L. Douglas shoes write today for exclusive sales rights to handle this quick-selling, quick turn-over line.

W. L. Douglas
President
W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.
170 Spark Street, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS STORES IN GREATER NEW YORK:

*85 Nassau Street
847 Broadway (near 14th)
1495 Broadway (Times Sq.)
*964 Third Avenue
*1452 Third Avenue
*2202 Third Ave. (bet. 119th and 120th Streets)
*2779 Third Ave. (bet. 149th and 150th Streets)
347 Eighth Avenue
*250 West 125th Street
*Yonkers—19 N. Broadway
*Hoboken—120 Washington St.
BROOKLYN
*5524 Fifth Ave. (cor. 56th Street)
*706 Broadway (near Thornton St.)
*1367 Broadway (cor. Gates Ave.)
*478 Fifth Ave. (cor. 11th Street)
*859 Manhattan Av. (Greenpoint)
*449 Fulton Street
*434 Knickerbocker Ave.
Jersey City—18 Newark Ave.
*Union Hill—270 Bergenline Ave.
*Newark—831 Broad Street

Stores marked with a * carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas Shoes for Women

150 GOOD $10 NOTES CAST INTO THE SEA

Passenger on Liner Decides His Money Is Counterfeit After Trying "Tea Test."

KEEPS SOME AS "SOUVENIR"

Experts Say Notes Are Genuine, But Visitor Still Refuses to Be Convinced.

Operatives of the United States Secret Service in New York were chuckling yesterday over what they considered the most humorous "counterfeiting" plot they ever had been called upon to unravel. The "perpetrator" insisted the banknotes he had were spurious.

"I'll bet you anything from a new straw hat to an automobile that these bills are fakes," he told John E. Tucker, operative in charge at the Customs House. "I know; didn't I test them in tea?"

The man was Michael J. Sullivan, General Manager of the Canadian Shipping Company of Salem, Mass. He was a passenger on the White Star liner Homeric, where the second part of the "counterfeiting" mystery took place. The liner arrived in New York on Wednesday evening.

Having received a "tip" from stewards when the ship was at Quarantine that hundreds of dollars in "bad" $10 notes had been handed out by Sullivan as gratuities, Secret Service men, headed by Mr. Tucker, were on hand when the Homeric docked. They found Sullivan, searched his clothing and baggage and pieced together the following story:

Last December a schooner, far outside the "three-mile limit," made an $1,800 sale of Scotch whisky to an American. After doing a good business in "wet" goods the rum-runner went to Nova Scotia. Here she broke down and the remainder of the liquor cargo, as well as the cash receipts, were transferred to another boat which went to Glasgow. At the Scottish port the $1,800 in $10 notes was turned over to Sullivan.

Thousands of dollars in counterfeit American bank notes had reached England in payment for liquor shipped on the rum fleet, Sullivan told the Government agents, so he tested the money. He put several notes in tea and some of them split. This was one sign they were fakes. He detected also that the signatures on others blurred. This was a sure sign they were spurious. Taking 150 of the 190 bills he threw them overboard in disgust. He saved $300 to show the "folks back home" how easy it is to get "stung" in Great Britain.

At a party one evening aboard the Homeric, attended by Sullivan, "Izzy" Jacobs of 238 Tremont Avenue, the Bronx, "Jimmie" Hussey, the actor, and several others, the shipping man told his story.

"Say, fellows, look at these bum bills. Thirty of them and every one a fake," he said, pulling the roll from his pocket.

Sullivan ordered some tea, thrust a batch into it and two of the notes split.

"See, they're pasted," said Sullivan.

He explained he was bringing them back as souvenirs, and Jacobs asked if he couldn't have the split ones. Sullivan gladly gave them up.

Sullivan readily told the story to the Secret Service men when he was about to leave the boat. They looked over the twenty-eight bills still remaining and said they were perfectly good United States currency. Sullivan laughed and bet they were counterfeits.

Yesterday he and Jacobs went to the operatives' office in the Customs House, where after further argument and scepticism they left, not quite convinced that the agents had not made a mistake. Beside the bank notes in question Sullivan had $15,908 in cash with him.

Mr. Tucker said that probably all, or at least the greater part of the notes Sullivan cast overboard, were genuine.

Anti-Semitic Riots in Bucharest.

BUCHAREST, May 24 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—Serious fighting broke out anew on the campus of Bucharest University when anti-Semitic students of the commercial, chemical and mineralogical departments buried bombs containing ill-smelling chemicals at Jews in classes. Eight Jewish students were so badly beaten as to require hospital treatment and are still under physicians' care.

BANDITS ROB GAMBLERS.

Four Hold Up Ten in Louisville, Get $7,000 Cash and Jewelry.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 24.—Four bandits, only one of whom took the precaution to conceal his features with a mask, held up ten men gambling in a room occupied by a man giving the name of C. Marks, jewelry broker of St. Louis, and robbed them of approximately $7,000 in cash and jewelry, according to a report to the police today.

The men had been playing cards and shooting "craps" when the bandits surprised them. The victims were lined up against a wall and searched by the robbers. Trunks belonging to Marks also were ransacked.

A man giving his name as Sammy Hinson of St. Louis was reported as the heaviest loser, the bandits relieving him of $3,500 in cash and a $300 diamond ring. The other St. Louis victims gave their names as James Carrol, "Judge" Herstch, Victor Goldstein, Eugene Epstein, said to be a real estate dealer. Two other St. Louisians' names were not obtained.

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE
TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

Holiday Values for Misses

Sports Frocks $22.50

Most delightfully simple and practical frocks for every summer holiday from Memorial Day on. Sketched is a candy stripe in crepe de Chine. Other models are in solid colors. Some choose narrow plaitings or aprons or some other new style notes.

Sports Coats $49.50

Smart new coats of imported English fabric in the swagger three-quarter length that will be much worn this summer—some are trimmed with self-stitching—others are leather trimmed. Lovely soft shades of green, grey and tan, as well as white.

Clearance of Misses' Suits, $35 and $45

All of our cloth two and three piece suits in the Misses' Department have been greatly reduced for rapid clearance. Coats are box and tie styles, both jaunty and youthful in line. Most of the skirts are wrap models. Some three piece styles have one piece dress—others detachable blouse. Tan and navy blue are the colors.

A Skirt and Blouse Costume

The Quaker Blouse—"The French sleeveless mode is modified by the addition of a plaited Bertha." This Paris note is charmingly carried out in the new Quaker blouse sketched right. It is crepe de Chine and sleeveless except for the plaited Bertha. Navy with bisque collar or all white, all bisque, all grey, with tiny ribbon bow, $12.50

Silk Skirts—To complete the costume there are finely plaited crepe de Chine skirts—300 of them that we just received in time for next week's holiday. Tan, grey and green, white, navy and black. 26 to 32 waistband, $12.75. 32 to 36 inch waistband, $15. Plaited crepe skirts with bodice tops, in the same colors, $13 to $18.75

New Models in Women's Coats, $59.50

Silk Coats—Among the new arrivals in our May sale is a special group at $59.50. One sketched right is an especially beautiful coat with its fine heavy quality of crepe de Chine, its handsome braiding on sleeve and blouse and its soft, lovely collar of viatka dyed squirrel. Cocoa, black and grey, tan and navy.

Twill Coats—Many women who visit this sale select coats of twill as being more useful for cool days and most of them select a very long, very straight, very slim coat that Paris brought out this year, and that New York wears with so much success. There are a number of models in the May sale at $59.50

Women's Wash Frocks for the Holiday

When you plan your wardrobe for this first summer holiday, you realize that wash frocks of cotton or tub silk must be included for complete success. You will find such a fascinating assortment here—exquisite hand-made frocks of voile, simply tailored models of tub silk. The difficulty will be deciding which you can do without.

Tub silk, $15; cotton voile, domestic and imported models, $12.50 to $16.50

Women's Tweed Suits, $25

Spring brings the recurrent popularity of tweeds and more are appearing daily on well dressed girls and women. These new tweeds in rose, blue and lavender are imported—made in three box styles—one straight, one with modified pocket and one slightly flaring with a single button. They are soft in shade and all-silk lined.

THIRD FLOOR

New York City's Silver Jubilee, May 26—June 23

Pack Into Your Holiday Bag

A Ribbon Hat $5.95

Soft and crushable—the kind you can wear turned up or down and it will be equally becoming. This hat is made on a straw foundation with many rows of narrow ribbon. Sand, white, navy, black, almond red or muffin and many other colors.

FOURTH FLOOR

Women's "Onyx" Hosiery Sale

Continues Until Saturday Only

75c Mercerized lisle hose, full fashioned. Colors—black, white and brown.

$1.35 Silk hose with lisle soles and tops. Durable and practical for street wear. Colors—caramel, light fawn, gun metal, grey, rose-beige, new suede, African, cinnamon, black, white.

$1.75 Sheer silk hose with lisle soles and tops. Colors—polo, African, caramel, cinnamon, suede, black, white.

$1.85 All silk ingrain hose. Fine quality, medium weight. Colors—grey, silver, camel, polo, black and white. An excellent value.

$2.45 Sheer all silk hose. Colors—polo, chestnut, cinnamon, new suede, grey, atmosphere, nude, gun metal, black and white.

$2.75 All silk hose with openwork lace clocks. Very attractive patterns. Colors—cinnamon, nude, beige, new suede, grey, black and white.

Silk Sports Veils

To Keep Your Skin Fresh

There's no need for you to come in from the golf course dusty and windburned, for these soft tricot sports veils are designed to keep your face and neck in a fresh soft condition during the summer months. For motoring they are equally suitable, and best of all they are wonderfully becoming. There are many charming colors as well as white, to harmonize with the costume. Prices $2 to $4.25

GROUND FLOOR

Fur Storage—the Only Safe Way

To be sure that your furs will be safe for the summer, safe—not only from moths, but from fire and theft as well—there is only one thing to do—send them to cold storage vaults. Our vaults on the premises offer full protection. Send a post card or phone FitzRoy 1900 and a messenger will call at your home.

FOURTH FLOOR

A Special Purchase of

Chenille Rugs, $77.50

Size 9 x 12 Feet

The importer of these rugs, forced to reduce his stock, sold them to us at a remarkably low price. This enables us to offer you a price that is actually less than the prevailing wholesale cost four weeks ago. You will find the quality of the chenille and the beauty of each rug the same as that of much higher priced rugs. There are greys, blues, taupe and rose, with plain or two-tone centres, and chintz or floral borders. Several have attractive all-over Persian or Chinese designs. Everyone who is familiar with the usual prices for imported chenille rugs will instantly realize the unusual opportunity presented by this event.

Other Sizes and Prices	6 x 9	$39.50	
4.6 x 7.6	$26.75	8.3 x 10.6	$69.50

FIFTH FLOOR

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE
TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

Special Month-End Selling of

FURNITURE

For Friday, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday only—Three groups of furniture will be offered at prices well below present selling values. This furniture has been selected from our regular stock and greatly reduced for this event. The designs and workmanship are seldom to be found at these low prices.

Dining Room Sets		Bedroom Sets	
All walnut ten piece dining room set,	$225	Combination walnut or mahogany six piece set,	$300
All walnut ten piece dining room set,	275	Combination walnut six piece bedroom set	350
Combination walnut or mahogany ten piece dining room set,	325	All walnut six piece set	375
Combination walnut ten piece set (two styles)	375	All walnut six piece set,	395
All walnut, also combination walnut ten piece set (two styles)	375	Combination walnut six piece set	400
Combination walnut ten piece set,	395	All walnut, also combination walnut six piece set (two styles)	425
All walnut ten piece set,	495	Combination walnut, mahogany, or grey enamel six piece set,	495
All mahogany ten piece set,	625		

Separate Pieces

Davenport table, living room table, writing table, gateleg table and tea wagon, all of solid mahogany, each	$29.50
All mahogany lowboy,	45.00
All mahogany or walnut post beds, all sizes,	32.00
Windsor Side Chair, with mahogany seat,	13.50

SIXTH FLOOR

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE
TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

ORANGE TEA ROOM
West Orange, N. J.
Northfield Avenue,

Now Open for Season

MUSIC AND DANCING SATURDAY EVENING.

All St. Cloud and Newark-Morristown Buses Pass the Door.

Regrettable Loss

Something of value lost on the street, on a train, boat or other public place may be recovered if an advertisement is promptly inserted in the Lost and Found columns of The New York Times.

TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000

FANS

ELECTRICAL & ENGINEERING CO.
716 Eighth Ave. (46th St.)
Branch 2817 Broadway (99th St.)

GARVEY PARTISAN SENTENCED TO JAIL

Judge Mack Gives Negro Subway Porter Two Months on Contempt Charge.

TRIAL WAS INTERRUPTED

Court Attendants Ordered to Keep Sharp Eye on Black Star Sympathizers in the Corridors.

The trial of Marcus Garvey, President of the Black Star Line, Inc., and three of his associates before Federal Judge Mack on an indictment charging use of the mails to defraud investors was interrupted for a few minutes after recess yesterday by the arraignment of Charles Linous, a subway porter and a member of the African Legion, a Garvey project, on charges of contempt of court and obstructing justice. Linous was arrested by Court Attendant Hyer on complaint of Captain Hugh Mulzac, a Government witness, who stated that Linous had threatened him and Sydney De Bourg, another witness, with bodily harm if they testified against Garvey.

The jury was directed to leave the courtroom and then Linous was questioned by Prosecutor Maxwell S. Mattuck. Linous denied the accusations, but, as the statement of Mulzac was corroborated by De Bourg, Judge Mack sentenced Linous to six months' imprisonment in the Essex County (N. J.) jail on the "contempt charges. On a plea by Linous, who said he had dependents, the sentence was reduced by four months. When this term is served, Linous will be required to furnish $5,000 bail or go to prison to await proceedings against him on the charge of obstructing justice.

So many negroes have gathered in the old Federal Building to listen to Garvey's conduct of the case against himself that Judge Mack gave orders to court attendants to keep a careful eye on the crowds in the corridors and to be prompt in quelling any disturbance. It was said that a policy of "frisking" those especially interested in the outcome may be inaugurated. Prosecutor Mattuck objected during yesterday's proceedings to numerous questions Garvey asked witnesses and Judge Mack replied that he had given Garvey more leeway in this respect than he would have given a lawyer, and that he knew such a situation would arise when he gave Garvey permission to act as his own counsel.

Joshua Cockburn, captain of the steamship Yarmouth, the first of the Black Star Line's fleet of three, resumed the witness stand and in answer to questions by Garvey stated that he had never given the crew of the vessel permission to play cricket, and that he had never invited his own friends on board and treated them to Green River whisky, but had followed the instructions of Garvey and had entertained on board owners of Black Star stock. He admitted having sent several bottles of whisky to the President of Cuba. He denied that he was married to a "white lady," and when asked if he had ever been drunk while on board the Yarmouth replied:

"That is my business."

Adrian Richardson, Captain of the Kanawha, another steamer of the Black Star Line, testified that in the Summer of 1920 Garvey ordered him to carry an excursion party up the North River and that when he objected because the vessel had neither been inspected nor licensed another commander was placed in charge and the trip was made. During the trip part of a boiler blew out and a fireman was scalded.

A white Captain, Leo Swift, commanded the vessel when it cleared for a trip to Havana, Richardson going along as a representative of the company because he had helped in the cause "to the extent of having advanced money to meet urgent bills. The Kanawha got as far as the Delaware River when her boilers gave out, and she was towed to Norfolk for repairs. Captain Swift quitted the vessel and Richardson resumed charge. The Kanawha finally got afloat, but the boilers again gave out and the vessel was again towed to Norfolk for repairs. The vessel finally reached Havana after a struggle of six days. The remainder of the testimony was merely a record of the vicissitudes which attended the Kanawha. The trial will be continued today.

"BIG SIX" RE-ELECTS ROUSE.

Head of Typographical Union Since 1915—Polls 5,168 Votes.

Efforts to prevent the re-election of Leon H. Rouse, President of Typographical Union No. 6 since 1915, on the ground that he had held office too long, were unsuccessful. Rouse beat his opponent, John C. Maher, by 5,165 to 2,314. His new term is two years.

All the other officers were also re-elected. They are John Sullivan, Vice President; John S. O'Connell, Secretary-Treasurer; L. A. Prenderghast and William H. Schilbock, Trustees.

The following members were elected delegates to the International Typographical Union convention at Atlanta in August: Walter A. Roach, Dan A. Dooley, William J. Robinson and Fred First.

The total of 7,759 votes cast by the 353 chapels was the largest ever polled in a local election. Polls closed Wednesday evening and the results were announced last night by Tellers Charles M. Conlon, representing Mr. Rouse; John C. Hepburn, representing Mr. Maher, and Arthur L. MacMullen of the Board of Trustees.

Rouse's Campaign Committee appealed for his re-election on the ground that "Big Six" since he became its head had progressed in many ways in wage increases and other improvements, and that during his incumbency many non-union book and job offices and non-union newspapers were brought into the union folds.

"Are you concerned in the welfare of your union, or do you desire a change simply for the sake of a change without any regard for the consequences?" was the query put to the members.

GET 2 BIG STILLS, ARREST 3.

Agents Raid Jersey Farmhouse and Seize Stock of "Makings."

H. M. Greenfield, general prohibition agent in Bergen County, New Jersey, led a raid on a farmhouse on the Old Hook Road at Westwood, N. J., yesterday, and seized two 100-gallon stills in operation, seventy-four barrels of mash, seventeen 5-gallon cans of alcohol, and six 40-gallon cans of kerosene, used as fuel.

Alfred F. Mirabitos and two assistants were arrested. They were held before U. S. Commissioner Agnew of Hackensack for hearing on Monday. Mirabitos in $2,500, and the others in $1,000 each.

C. B. MANVILLE MUST MAKE GOOD ON LOAN

Jury Finds Him Responsible for $21,000 Note—Judgment Is $25,092.

COUNTER CLAIM IS DENIED

Former Asbestos Manufacturer Subpoenaed as Witness in Oil Stock Claim.

C. B. Manville, the ninety-year-old manufacturer who swore that he had made stock investments on advice of a spiritist, was found yesterday by a jury to be responsible for a $21,000 note signed for him by Dr. Alonzo E. Austin, a homeopath.

The jury returned a verdict in favor of Dr. Austin for the full amount. With interest, the judgment came to $25,092. The jury disapproved Manville's counter claim for $20,000, representing an alleged oil stock investment which Manville said that he had made on recommendation of Dr. Austin and others.

Counsel for Manville obtained from Supreme Court Justice Burr a stay of ten days in meeting the judgment. During that period it is said, an appeal will be filed. The court denied a motion by Manville's attorney to set aside the verdict.

The jury deliberated three and a half hours. Manville was not in court when the verdict was returned. After the jury had been dismissed, Dr. and Mrs. Austin and Miss Charlotte C. Hill, sister of Mrs. Austin, shook hands with the jurors.

Manville nodded his head appreciatively when his lawyer, Hobart S. Bird, charged in summing up, "The gang was after this rich old man for his money."

Bird recited Manville's charge that Dr. Austin had persuaded him to visit Miss Beulah Thompson, a spiritist, on the representation that her crystal had revealed valuable stock investment tips to Charles M. Schwab and other wealthy men.

He said that when Manville visited Miss Thompson the spiritist said that she had given tips "to Mr. Schwab and Mr. Tiffany, the jeweler," and that she induced him, among other ventures, to make copper stock purchases.

Bird said that Manville wanted back his $20,000 because he held that the investment was a bad one and that it had been made because of misrepresentation by Dr. Austin. It was made in the Pennsylvania and Kentucky Oil and Gas Refining Company, of which Austin was Vice President. Bird denied that Manville was ever President of the company, though several witnesses swore the asbestos manufacturer had been elected to that office.

Guernsey Price, counsel for Dr. Austin, related the testimony of Miss Thompson and Dr. Austin, that neither Schwab nor other wealthy men had been mentioned to Manville as beneficiaries from her advice. Price said that these men had never visited Miss Thompson and that she had never given stock tips. He emphasized that Manville's visit to the spiritist had been made to obtain inspiration and to get relief, if possible, for the sleeplessness which the old man said was due to his business being stolen by his sons.

Price argued that despite his many years, Manville was a hardheaded and competent business man, and knew what he was doing when he made the investment on which he now demanded the return of his money.

Manville has been subpoenaed to appear this morning in the Fourth Municipal Court at 207 East Thirty-second Street as witness in the suit of Mrs. Camille Hodge to recover from the Shannon Petroleum Company the value of her alleged purchase of 133 shares of stock at 96 each.

REPUBLICANS ANNUL ATTACK ON ALLIES

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

tional Committee, which once before stood sponsor for statements hostile to the World Court, was the subject of discussion among members of the Administration. When the committee sent out "literature" showing that it did not accept the World Court as heartily as the President, the feeling then was that this resulted from the act of a subordinate. This second break was accepted by some as showing a deep factional difference in the Republican Party.

On the other hand, those close to the affairs of the National Committee said the article was the work of a radical member of the Publicity Committee, whose effusions had not been carefully edited by John T. Adams, the Chairman.

Excerpts from the article were cabled to England and France late last night, and this was what caused Secretary Hughes to become so deeply aroused. The withdrawal was sent abroad tonight by the State Department, which instructed its Ambassadors to send the explanation to the foreign Governments.

Dishonesty Laid to the Allies.

Near the beginning of the article was the following:

"It is idle to assume that Lord Cecil is ignorant of the more important phases of after-war problems. Therefore, he must have known of the haggling and pettifogging; the duplicity and downright dishonesty that has characterized the attitude of Great Britain and other allied powers in their treatment of America's claim for payment of expenses of the army she maintained on the Rhine."

The statement then quoted the agreement in the Versailles Treaty as to how the expenses of the Army of Occupation were to be met, and continued:

"The United States Government has a representative abroad for the purpose of making some settlement of this matter. He has been engaged in futile conferences with Great Britain, France and the other allies for several months. They are endeavoring in every way to beat the United States out of every penny due it as the cost of its Rhine Army.

"They first advanced the argument that there should be deducted from America's bill of $250,000,000 the price of all German ships which the United States seized during the war. There was no logic, sincerity or honesty about such a proposition. England seized German ships during the war. So did France. England demanded, as one of the terms of the armistice, that the German Navy surrender and leave her the mistress of the seas. England demanded as one of the terms of peace that Germany restore to England, ton for ton, all merchant shipping destroyed during the war. Yet England did not deduct any of these items from her bill covering the cost of her Army of Occupation. No more did France.

"They then advanced an argument that if they agreed to pay the United States the money due it, the United States must cancel all private claims against the German Government—such as the Lusitania claims. Here again the position was dishonest and inconsistent. England, France, Belgium, Italy, all the Allies, in fact, have filed claims against the German nation on behalf of their respective citizens, and they have set up machinery for the purpose of collecting these claims. Their request that the United States cancel her claims, therefore, convicts them of gross hypocrisy and the cheapest kind of pettifogging."

Democrats See a Split.

The Democratic National Committee, scenting a difference between the Republican National Committee and the Administration, as indicated by this second incident within a few weeks, issued this statement tonight:

"New evidence that officials at the Washington headquarters of the Republican National Committee are using their position and authority to oppose President Harding's proposal for American co-operation in the international Court is seen by many in the latest statement issued from the committee on the subject of payments due this country for the maintenance of the army on the Rhine. In the belief of outsiders this is the only explanation of the National Committee's intrusion into a delicate diplomatic situation.

"The momentary halt in the negotiations between the United States and the Allies, it is pointed out, served the officials of the Republican headquarters as an excuse and an occasion for uttering a warning to President Harding against persistence in his advocacy of the International Court. The harsh and unbecoming language of the statement provoked comment and wonder, since this is believed to be the first time in the history of the country that officials of a political committee have undertaken to embarrass a President or a Secretary of State at a critical juncture in diplomatic exchanges, especially when all were of the same party.

"At the request of the State Department correspondents and editors of leading American newspapers had dealt with the incident in the most circumspect way. There was no criticism of the Allies and the accounts of the 'hitch' published by the press were couched in the most careful and moderate terms. The officials of Republican headquarters are now blamed for having made all these precautions futile.

Held to Bear on World Court.

"The Republican statement declared that 'the whole matter' of the payments for the American Army on the Rhine 'is a crooked deal' involving 'repudiation of an agreement between this nation and European powers.' 'is typical of the attitude of England and European powers toward this country,' and is evidence, in the judgment of these Republican critics, of an intention on the part of America's associates in the World War 'to bilk' the United States out of this money 'by hook or crook.'

"Having alleged against the several principal European Governments these dishonest designs and practices, the officials of Republican headquarters proceed to what, it is held, was their real purpose—to serve notice on the President of the United States that he must drop his advocacy of the International Court. The device of giving the European powers a bad name, it is thought, was to create the impression that President Harding proposes to take the United States into evil company.

"All the charges made by the Republican officials against the peoples of Europe are then said in the statement to confirm, what has long been known by those familiar with the attitude of European powers toward America, namely, if this country goes into any sort of league with European powers they will immediately take advantage of it to the injury of and the expense of the United States. The phrase 'any sort of league' is considered by analysts of the statement to comprehend adhesion to the International Court.

"The boldness of this interference of a partisan political committee with the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States is regarded as measuring the strength which the opponents of President Harding's proposal have, or think they have. That officials of a political party of which the President is titular head should not only oppose his recommendations, but, interpose in the official business of the Government to discredit and defeat his international policies, is an offense which onlookers regard as deserving quick and stern rebuke. They are waiting to see whether Mr. Harding will vindicate his authority either as President of the United States or as head of the Republican Party, or both."

AGREE ON RHINE CLAIMS.

Allies Are About to Sign an Arrangement With America.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 24.—An agreement between the allied Governments and the United States on the payment of the cost of the American Army of Occupation will be signed in a few days, perhaps tomorrow.

The British Government sent to Paris tonight instructions to withdraw insistence on the clause which would limit Washington's right to collect the sum from Germany by other methods than through the Reparations Commission. The French, Italian and Belgian Governments had previously reached the same decision.

It is said in diplomatic circles this evening that the Allies do not renounce their contention that America wishes to play both ends against the middle, but for political reasons they seek to avoid rubbing America the wrong way.

A communique tonight says:

"The committee occupied with the reimbursement of the cost of the American Army of Occupation will meet tomorrow afternoon. Negotiations have been going on between the Governments in the last few days, with the result that the Allies do not maintain in the text of the agreement the reservation which irritated the United States and which provided for a case in which Germany might pay reparations directly to America. The Allies consider that they are sufficiently able to protect their rights in such a case by the text of the treaties without it being necessary to introduce a reservation in the agreement."

The meaning of this is that the Allies maintain their right in case Germany seeks to pay America directly to exert their rights under the Treaty of Versailles, which is a first mortgage on all German resources.

Knitted Frocks

Silk and Wool Frocks

One-piece slip-over styles, some trimmed with braid, others with fringe jabot. Sports colors, $25 to $39.50

Silk and Wool Suits

Two piece suits—some with slip-over blouse and V neck—others with the open coat and belt, $29.50 to $75

Fibre Silk Frocks

The smartest styles in knit frocks are these, all-over braided in white, brown, navy, grey or gold, $75. Other fibre silk frocks, $39.50 to $135

All Silk Frocks

One or two piece styles, some trimmed with all-over embroidery, others hand painted, $145 to $165

Knit Capes

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DENIES SHE FIRED WHEN 4 WERE SHOT

Miller's Companion Says He Did Shooting in Newark That Killed Black and Weir.

TELLS POLICE HER STORY

Otis, Wounded, Repeats That He Saw Her Shoot—Victims to Be Buried Today.

Mrs. May B. Mucar, alias May Miller, yesterday broke her silence to tell Jersey City detectives that she did not fire any of the shots that killed Detective Sergeant John Black and Patrolman Clarence Weir and wounded Lieutenant Harry Otis and Detective John Walton. She told the police in Essex County Jail, where she and Frank Miller, her companion during the shooting, are awaiting trial for murder, that all the shooting was done by Miller.

Otis yesterday reiterated his story that he saw the woman fire the shot that killed Weir in the dining room of the cottage at 19 Manhattan Avenue, Jersey City, on Tuesday morning.

The police insist on maintaining the charge of murder against Mrs. Mucar, although they admit that only one weapon was fired. There were four weapons of varying calibres in the house, and Miller held two when he attacked the police who had come to arrest him for a West New York hold-up. The police hold the theory that Mrs. Mucar grasped the weapon with which Miller had fired and pulled the trigger herself. They argue that she could not otherwise have received the powder marks seen on her fingers. The bullets recovered from the policemen's bodies were all of the same calibre.

Mrs. Mucar, ashen and shaken, consented yesterday to talk to detectives. "This is the way it happened," she said. "I heard a knock on the door. I said, 'Who is it?' A man's voice said, 'Is Miller in there? Tell him to come out.' I told them to wait a few minutes so I could get some clothes on. That's all I can remember about it. I didn't know the men outside the door were policemen. I didn't know who they were or what they wanted. I slipped into a dress, and the next thing I knew there was shooting.

"I think I saw Miller putting on his bathrobe. Then I saw him standing beside me when I opened the door. I didn't see a gun at any time and only heard the shooting and saw the flash of fire."

The woman was asked to explain the powder mark on her fingers.

"One of the shots went right by my face," she replied. "I could feel the heat. It went right past my left eye and I put my hand up to my face. The powder marks might have gotten on my fingers that way."

"Miller was a good man to me," Mrs. Mucar went on. "I met him last November when I was working as a waitress in a restaurant. We moved to Manhattan Avenue together three weeks ago. I never knew him to harm a single person. I knew nothing about his prison record and I didn't know he held up a paymaster and blackjacked him and a policeman in West New York last December and got away with $19,000. He told me he was a bootlegger. He told me he used his Cadillac car for trips to Highlands, N. J., for booze."

Jail matrons reported that since her arrest Mrs. Mucar has had several fainting spells.

Miller is said to have tried to shoulder the blame for both killings by placing on the woman the lesser charge of having wounded Walton. However, in addition to Otis's charge against Mrs. Mucar, the police recall that Miller was astounded when informed two were dead and exclaimed, "I thought only one was killed!"

Black and Weir will be buried today. Services for Black will be held in his home at 50 Randolph Street in the morning. A solemn high requiem mass will be celebrated in St. Patrick's Church by the Rev. Father George Murphy, a police chaplain. Burial will be in Holy Cross Cemetery. A police escort, including the police band, will attend.

Services for Weir will be held at 2 o'clock in his home at 78 Charles Street by the Veterans of the Foreign Wars. Weir served in the Spanish-American War. Religious services will be held in the Second Reformed Church, with the pastor, the Rev. August F. Bender, also a police chaplain, officiating. Burial will be in Fairview Cemetery. The police escort will also attend the services.

At Jersey City Police Headquarters a long record of Miller's criminal career was given out yesterday. It includes sentences on charges of robbery and white slave law violation.

13 SEEK SPEEDY SENTENCE.

Players Guilty of Immorality Will Be Arraigned Next Monday.

The owner and twelve members of the cast of the play "God of Vengeance," who were convicted on Wednesday in Judge McIntyre's part of General Sessions of giving an immoral performance, will be arraigned for sentence next Monday, instead of on June 22, as had been ordered by the Court. It was understood that Harry Weinberger, lawyer-owner of the play, and Rudolph Schildkraut, who played the leading role, had sent word through Assistant District Attorney James Garret Wallace that they and the other defendants would prefer to have sentence imposed as soon as possible.

Four young women were held in $200 bail each for Special Sessions and seven men were discharged from custody when they were arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Dale in the Gates Avenue Court on a charge of giving an immoral performance on the night of April 11 last in the headquarters of the Twentieth Assembly District Republican Club at 62 Woodbine Street, Brooklyn. The men were officials of the club and musicians who had played for the four women.

Peggy Robinson of 123 Albany Avenue and Elisapeth Brown of 200 Putman Avenue, Brooklyn, were held on charges of giving an indecent dance. May Hall of 60 Hinrod Street, Brooklyn, and Ruth Bowden of 310 West Fifty-first Street, Manhattan, were accused of having aided in the indecency of the performance while singing. The four women denied the charges and former Representative Griffin, who appeared as counsel for the first two, said they wore pink tights while dancing.

3 ROBBERS SENTENCED.

One to Reformatory, Two to Prison for $12,000 Hold-Up.

Three young men, two of them not yet of age, were sentenced yesterday in the County Court in Brooklyn for the hold-up of two Standard Oil Company messengers on April 4 last. The robbery occurred at Meserole Avenue and Franklin Street, Brooklyn, and the bandits got away with $1,800 in cash and $11,000 in checks. Samuel Lant of 556 West Forty-third Street, the oldest of the trio, was sent to the Elmira Reformatory; John Tansey of 1,825 Second Avenue and Jeremiah Ryan of 338 East Forty-eighth Street were sent to Sing Sing for six to twelve years each. Lant, termed by Judge Taylor as the moving spirit of the band, received the lighter sentence because he turned State's evidence.

The three men with Samuel Hall of 535 West Forty-third Street, who is awaiting sentence, pleaded guilty to robbery in the second degree. Bernard Tansey, a younger brother of John Tansey, pleaded guilty in order to save his brother, although he had nothing to do with the crime. He was liberated.

UNABLE TO SHAKE POLICE BRIBE STORY

Castro and His Wife Adhere to Charge That McAllister Accepted $600.

WOMAN HAZY ON DETAILS

Witness Says She Can't Remember Names of Sailors Who Left Her Money for Safekeeping.

Under a searching cross-examination, Joe Castro and his wife, Mary, at the hearing yesterday before Judge Thomas C. T. Crain into the police graft charges, adhered to their charge that Detective Robert McAllister had accepted a $600 bribe to prevent Mrs. Castro's arrest following a raid at her sailors' boarding house in Water Street last December.

Judge Crain took the examination into his own hands for nearly thirty minutes an interrogated Mrs. Castro as to where she had got the $600, which, she said, she took from a safe and handed to McAllister. Mrs. Castro declared that, although she could not remember the Spanish names of two sailors who had given her the money for safekeeping, she would be prepared to supply the names today, and would try also to tell the Court the whereabouts of the two men.

The cross-examination by Joseph Shalleck, McAllister's counsel, developed conflicting testimony by Mrs. Castro on two points. One related to the date on which, under questioning by Judge Crain, she received $200 of the $600 she said she paid to McAllister. She told Judge Crain that she had received it a day or two before Christmas. When it was pointed out that the raid was two weeks before that time, she said that she must have received it in November. The other point of conflict concerned the amount of money that Mrs. Castro had for safekeeping following the raid. Before Commissioner Hirshfield she had testified that there was $1,200 in the safe belonging to sailors. Yesterday she declared that she had not kept any money for sailors since the raid. When this discrepancy was called to her attention, she said:

"I don't remember saying that. I was so excited when I was before Commissioner Hirshfield that I don't know what I did say." She added that her husband did have some money belonging to sailors at the time.

When Mr. Shalleck asked her whether she was sure of what she was testifying before Judge Crain, she exclaimed:

"I could not tell a lie to Judge Crain. I am a good Catholic."

"What did you mean when you testified that McAllister was hounding you?" asked Mr. Shalleck.

"He tried to make me think I was guilty of murder," she replied.

"Can you tell me the names of the persons who gave you the $600?" asked Judge Crain.

"One man gave me $400 to mind. His name was something like Medin. That was about the beginning of November."

Mrs. Castro said that she could find out the man's name and supply it today. Another man, she said, had left $200 with her.

She explained that she received about $500 in rents every month, most of which her housekeeper collected. The housekeeper, she asserted, kept a book, and she promised to produce it.

When the men for whom she was keeping the $600 asked for it in a hurry, Mrs. Castro said, she went to her aunt, Mary Ann Fox, on Cherry Street, and borrowed the money. Miss Fox, she said, was 95 years old.

Mr. and Mrs. Castro will be present again this afternoon when the hearing is resumed. At that time Mr. Shalleck and Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora will file briefs in the matter of the perjury charge against McAllister growing out of a liquor raid at the home of Charles F. Zittel.

HOUDINI ATTENDS AN EVENING SEANCE

Psychic Tests Fail to Produce Any Exciting Developments—Medium Goes Back to Scranton.

Houdini and Dr. Walter C. Prince of the Psychical Research Society were present last night at another of the seances being conducted by The Scientific American. There were also certain electrical controls devised by Austin C. Lescarbours, managing editor of the magazine, in operation, which when their records are examined will show absolutely what went on in the seance room.

The medium, George Valentine, of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., did not seem at all perturbed by the arrangements about the chairs, which could be seen when he entered the room, but the most important instruments were out of sight. One of the visible controls was a strip of paper which fastened the medium's chair to the floor, so that if it moved the paper would be broken, and apparently he overlooked this entirely.

Almost nothing happened for an hour after the lights were turned off. There were luminous disks fastened to the hands of the medium and others in the room, and it was agreed that they should be concealed until the phenomena got a good start. Hymns were sung, and after a time somebody was touched on the knee by a trumpet that moved about the room. The trumpet was active for a few minutes, and came to rest between the legs of Dr. Prince. He said it would be interesting if the spirits came over and picked it up, but it stayed there until he moved his legs, when it fell on the floor. The other trumpet moved about also until it fell near Houdini.

Finally a voice spoke, that of Kokum the Indian guide, and at the same time Houdini was thumped on the head by a hand. Another small voice whispered to J. Malcolm Bird, associate editor of the magazine, and he made out that it was "Harry Meyers" speaking. But Harry soon went away and didn't come back.

Finally Valentine said that he thought the seance would not develop any more phenomena that night, and it might as well be broken up. There was to have been a seance tonight, but the medium announced at the end of last night's affair that he would have to go back to Wilkes-Barre, and it might be some time before he could get back.

PREDICT A TIMBER FAMINE.

British Forestry Experts Say the Danger Is World-Wide.

LONDON, May 24.—Forestry experts in many lands fear a world timber famine before many years pass, according to the British Forestry Commissioners, who say that the results of such a famine will be more disastrous to the United Kingdom than to any other country. The virgin forests are being used up far more rapidly than had been supposed.

Many other countries in Europe fear such a famine, and the commissioners urge that measures be taken at once to meet the situation. They are taking steps to ascertain what reserves of coniferous timber are available and how long they are likely to last; but foresters say there can be little doubt that in the near future the British Government will have to choose between resuming the extensive planting program adopted by Parliament at the close of the war and running the risks of deforestation.

The commission urges the people to take a broad view of forestry problems, pointing out that the reasons which make necessary the maintenance of the Forestry Commission are not merely local, but arise from world-wide economic forces.

Outdoor Week

WE have been preparing for this week for many busy months. Today our thirteen stores are better equipped than ever before to serve those thousands of men who are just launching into their outdoor season. Everything men wear in clothing, haberdashery and hats—and everything distinguished by sterling quality, unwavering correctness and sensibly moderate prices.

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Full-fashioned silk hosiery	79c., *formerly* $1
Mercerox Shirts, white oxford	$2.45
Travel-weight Raincoats	$7.95 *Others up to* $37.50
Club Stripe Silk Belts	$2. *Others* $1 *to* $2
All-worsted Bathing Suits	$3.45
Esquire Silk Hose, in eight different colors	$1.15 *and* $3
Terry Robes	$5 *to* $15
Nainsook check Pajamas	$1.95
Rob Roy Sweaters	$10
Sport Sweaters, a complete line	$5 *to* $25
Golf Hose, imported and domestic,	$1.35 *to* $10
Sport Jewelry, cuff links	$1. Pins 75c
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DR. LAKE EXAMINES BIBLE MANUSCRIPT

Finds Evidence of Underwriting, but Can't Read a Word Buchanan Deciphered.

HE DOUBTS ITS ANTIQUITY

Prof. Buchanan Now Suggests a New Process of Photography to Prove Claim.

Professor Kirsopp Lake of Harvard, after an all-day study of the old Latin manuscript of the Bible at the Hispanic Museum, 156th Street and Broadway, declined yesterday to pass final judgment on the claim of Dr. E. S. Buchanan that he has discovered in the manuscript, known as Codex Huntingtonianus Palimpsestus, one of the earliest known texts of the Bible. Dr. Lake found evidence of "genuine underwriting" in the ancient missal which formerly belonged to the Cathedral of Tarragona, Spain, but he was unable to decipher the inscriptions. He also found it impossible to identify any of the undertext alleged to have been found by Dr. Buchanan.

Dr. Lake, who is Winn Professor of Ecclesiastical History at Harvard and one of the foremost textual scholars in the United States, had been named by Dr. Buchanan as the one scholar in America best qualified to examine the vellum in the light of Dr. Buchanan's theory. Dr. Buchanan, internationally known as a paleographer, has expressed a willingness to have a competent and unbiased jury of textual scholars investigate his claims that the Codex Huntingtonianus contains an undertext, proving wholesale revision of the Bible by succeeding scribes, and furnishing no basis for the belief in the day of judgment, the end of the world, hell, baptism and the sacraments.

After having spent most of the day examining the manuscript in company with Professor Walter W. S. Cook of Harvard and Princeton, Professor Lake said he was convinced that the almost invisible writings which were reproduced by a camera of THE NEW YORK TIMES with much greater clearness than they could be outlined by the human eye were "genuine underwriting." But he expressed the belief that the underwriting was of the same date as the supertext of the Vulgate written by scribes apparently under commission of the Cathedral of Tarragona in the thirteenth or fourteenth century.

Professor Lake on Buchanan's Theory.

Professor Lake, when pressed to say definitely whether he believed or disbelieved that Dr. Buchanan had deciphered an underscript of which he has published the whole text without missing a single word, said to the newspaper men:

"You will have to draw your own conclusions."

He was quite frank in saying that he had tried unsuccessfully all day to pick out some of the text which Dr. Buchanan asserts he read when he was producing sheaf after sheaf of his decipherment.

"Of course," said Professor Lake, 'I do not say it is altogether impossible that there may be one pair of eyes in the world so skilled that they can see things which others cannot see. But nothing short of miraculous skill would enable any one to decipher the entire texts which Dr. Buchanan claims to have read. I do not question the honesty of Dr. Buchanan, but I would have been more encouraged if I had been able to find one word of the text he says he found."

Professor Lake, with the concurrence of Professor Cook, made the following statement of their findings:

"With regard to the date of the manuscript as it stands, it seems to both of us, on the ground of both the writing and the illuminations, that it is not earlier than the fourteenth century, and with regard to the question of underwriting, there are at first sight traces of washed-out writing.

Unable to Read It.

"On investigation, many of these resolve themselves into offsets from the opposite pages. But in some cases it appeared that there was genuine underwriting which had been washed out. I could not read any of this, but some of it would probably be legible after more prolonged study and would probably be more legible in photographs than in the writing, because in a photograph light yellow comes out as black.

"But the impression made on my mind was that this underwriting was not early but probably of the same date as the other writing (overscript). It may be due to mistaken use of the page in the scriptorum, which was detected and remedied at once.

"This would account for the apparent fact that on some pages the writing goes the other way of the page, that is to say, from the bottom to the top. This last point is not quite certain, but is very probable.

"I can see no traces of a continuous underwriting throughout the manuscript and could not identify the readings which are in some places marked in the margins. Dr. Buchanan has left marginal notes in pencil in several places representing what has has seen, but in no case could I see those readings.

"In 1917 Dr. Buchanan kindly sent me a copy of his Codex Huntingtonianus Palimpsestus, reprinted from the Bibliothecs Sacra. This included a photograph of Folio 242, Verso, Column 2. It was on the basis of this photograph that I had originally said, as reported in THE NEW YORK TIMES and, I think, The World, that I could see traces of writing but could not read it.

"I was surprised to find that these traces of writing are merely the writing on the page underneath showing through the semi-transparent parchment. This is obvious on looking at the manuscript. I can hardly think that Dr. Buchanan was under any illusion on this point, but it was very much mislead."

Buchanan Suggests Photography.

"That's splendid," said Dr. Buchanan, when a copy of the statement of Professor Lake and Professor Cook was read to him over the telephone. "Professor Lake admits that there is an underwriting and that is the main thing we want to establish, because many estranged American scholars have denied, after examining the manuscript, that they could see any underwriting.

"As I take it, Professor Lake is not willing to say what that underwriting means unless he has an opportunity for further study. He is quite right. It will take a great deal of study. We will probably have to employ improved photography, if not chemistry and physics to bring up the underscript which I overlooked for nine months while studying the missal.

"Today I was in receipt of a letter from Ferugi, the photographer of Rome, who has perfected a system of photographing manuscripts which he claims will reveal hidden texts such as that in the Codex Huntingtonianus Palimpsestus. The photographer in Rome, writing under date of May 2, offers to place his apparatus and his process at the disposal of the library of the Hispanic Society of America if they desire to avail themselves of the opportunity or to let me have the use of it. Of course, it would require a large amount of money to engage Ferugi, but it is not unlikely that his method may be tried out on the Huntington manuscript."

Thieves Mail Jewels Back.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMDEN, N. J., May 24.—On May 11 the home of Alfred J. Haines at Haddonfield was robbed of jewelry valued at $1,500. This afternoon the family received a package by parcel post containing $500 worth of the stolen jewelry. The police believe the thieves either were afraid to pawn the jewelry or attempted to compromise with stricken detectives.

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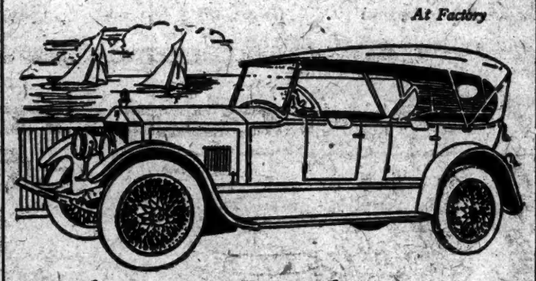

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"You Know What Abraham Lincoln Said?" Asked Finkelstein.

"I Certainly Do," Said His Partner, Maisel, "But Barnum With His 'One Born Every Minute' Was Nearer the Truth."

"Everybody seems to think we ought to get more money for our suits and topcoats," said Finkelstein to his partner Maisel.

"Yes, I hear it often enough from the trade," replied Maisel, "we are killing the business; meaning, of course, our good friends who tried so hard to put us out of business have something new up their sleeves."

"Exactly," said Finkelstein; "they are profiteers more than clothing men, and are sore because we don't join the party and boost our prices double."

"That would be nice," said Maisel, "since misery, you know, likes company, and they would like to have it that we join in their chorus, singing, 'What's the matter with business?'"

"You're right," said Finkelstein, "but I notice a good part of the public still thinks it's impossible to get a genuine pure wool suit or topcoat under $60 or $75, otherwise we couldn't even begin to handle our trade. However, you know what Abraham Lincoln said?"

"I certainly do," replied Maisel, "but, seeing what big prices the other fellows are getting, P. T. Barnum with his 'One Born Every Minute' is nearer the truth."

"But all this aside," said Finkelstein, "when I see what so many retail stores ask for even the 'specials' they put in their windows, and don't dare even claim to be pure wool, I am amazed how they get away with it."

"Still," said Maisel, "I think we could easily add twenty-five per cent. to our prices and still undersell our nearest competitors by a wide margin, because we manufacture our own goods, haven't got to pay big ground floor rents, and all that, you know."

"While I grant you are right," replied Finkelstein, "I am not in favor of your suggestion. Everybody is talking about us, our low prices and the square deal we are giving everybody, besides the fight we are making in the interests of the public."

"All right," agreed Maisel; "and even including the prices on the suits with two pairs of trousers?"

"Yes, and the silk top lined coats in whipcords and worsteds," said Finkelstein, "and don't fail to say in the advertisement that we guarantee every suit and topcoat in our factory absolutely the best and purest woolens, and that we give any customer's money back instantly on demand if he is dissatisfied with fit, materials or price."

These are the prices—

$22.78, $24.88, $27.44 and $34.88

For Men's and Young Men's PURE WOOL Suits and Top Coats. Many Suits with 2 pairs of trousers.

If you are hard to fit, a suit or overcoat will be made to order at slight additional cost.

Very complete line of Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits

NOTE CAREFULLY NAME AND ADDRESS

Finkelstein & Maisel

"Makers of Clothes of the Better Kind for Men and Young Men"

FACTORY AND SHOWROOMS (take Elevator) ONE FLIGHT UP

810 Broadway, opp. 11th St., N.Y. *Open until 7 P. M. Saturdays*

EAST SIDE OF STREET, JUST ABOVE GRACE CHURCH

BOY, IN HOLDUP, KILLS SHOE SHOPKEEPER

Bootblack, 16, Also Blackjacks Dealer's Son-in-Law as He Enters Store.

SUBDUED AFTER A CHASE

Says He Was "Tired of Working"—Bowery Crowd Threatens Prisoner.

Dominick Gianbroni, 16 years old, a diminutive bootblack of 48 Pike Street, armed himself with a pistol and well-filled cartridge belt shortly before 6 o'clock last night and sallied from his home to become a hold-up man. A few minutes later he had shot and killed the proprietor of a shoe store at 139 Bowery, had blackjacked the proprietor's son-in-law, had been captured by a traffic policeman, and had confessed his crime.

Gianbroni entered the shoe store, a well-lighted basement between Broome and Grand Streets on the Bowery, and finding the proprietor, Hyman Kust, alone, asked to be shown a pair of tan shoes. He tried on several pairs before expressing a preference. Then he asked Kust to wrap up a pair he selected. When Kust went to the rear of the store Gianbroni followed and drew a pistol.

"I can't pay for these, but I'll take them anyway," he told the proprietor, pointing his pistol at Kust. The latter evidently thinking he might emerge victorious from a fight with the undersized youth attempted to wrest the pistol from Gianbroni. But the latter fired and Kust fell.

Caught After a Chase.

With the wrapped shoes under his arm Gianbroni started for the door, but on the way out met Max Broezen, Kust's son-in-law. He cracked Broezen over the head with a blackjack and took to his heels, running in the Bowery toward Grand Street. Broezen, in spite of a jagged scalp wound, pursued and shouted to Policeman McCarthy of Traffic A on duty at the corner of Grand Street to halt the fleeing bootblack.

McCarthy commanded the youth to stop and then, drawing his pistol, took the lead in the chase. Catching up to Gianbroni, who clutched a pistol in his right-hand coat pocket, the policeman aimed a blow which missed. A second blow from the policeman's fist knocked the bootblack into a basement areaway, and the pistol fell out of his hand. McCarthy then searched Gianbroni and found the blackjack in an inside pocket. It was an improvised affair, made of a cold chisel nd tape.

Hundreds of persons homeward bound witnessed the capture, while traffic became congested as onlookers halted their cars, blocking the thoroughfare. When Broezen announced loudly that Gianbroni had shot his father-in-law McCarthy and his prisoner became the centre of a Bowery mob scene from which they were rescued by reserves of the Clinton Street Station some in the throng demanding that the bootblack be "strung from an elevated pillar" on the spot. The anger of the crowd was intensified when Broezen, bleeding freely from a gaping head wound suddenly fell over unconscious. An ambulance from Gouvernedr Hospital took both Kust and Broezen there, but Kust died on the way.

Boy Signs Confession.

When Gianbroni was searched more thoroughly at the Clinton Street station the police found a cartridge belt containing thirty-eight bullets sewed to the lining of his vest. At first he would not give his name or address, but bit by bit Captain of Detectives Willemse and Detective La Bataglia got the boy's story, which he later put in the form of a signed confession.

When word was received that Kust had died a charge of felonious assault and robbery made against Gianbroni was changed to homicide, robbery and felonious assault. Broezen, physicians said, would recover.

According to Gianbroni's confession, Captain Willemse said, the bootblack had become "tired of working" and wanted to become a hold-up man. He had bought the cartridge belt several days ago for $3.60 and then had set about acquiring a pistol. He had been able, he told the police to buy a second hand .38 calibre pistol of the buff-dog type from a friend for a small sum.

Why couldn't you buy the shoes instead of killing the proprietor?" Captain Willemse asked him.

"I didn't have the money," Gianbroni replied. But among his effects in his Pike Street room the detectives found a bank book which showed that Gianbroni had deposited $20 in the Bank of the United States in Delancey Street on May 1, a sum which had not been withdrawn.

Kust lived with his wife and three children at 416 Grand Street. Gianbroni, the police said, had no known relatives. They said the hold-up of the shoe store was his first attempt at crime.

FOCH TO HONOR OUR DEAD.

He Accepts an Invitation to a Memorial Ceremony in Paris.

PARIS, May 24.—Marshal Foch has indicated his intention of attending the unveiling of memorials to the American war dead in the cloister of the American Pro-Catheral of the Holy Trinity on Memorial Day. In accepting the invitation, extended by Colonel Francis E. Drake, Chairman of the American Overseas Memorial Association, Marshal Foch wrote:

"You know the faithful sentiments which I retain for the American army, and it is with all my heart that I associate myself with the ceremonies of Memorial Day."

For Golf and Sport Wear

With all the distinction that goes with Whitehouse & Hardy Shoes—made in Scotch Calf, with regular golf soles or English Gum Rubber Soles. Lasts and Patterns exclusively our own design.

BOTH SHOPS

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY

BROADWAY at 40TH STREET, Fifth Avenue Corner Motor Bldg. — 444 WEST 42ND STREET, Entrance Forty-first Street

NEW YORK

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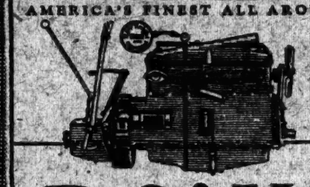
AMERICA'S FINEST ALL AROUND AUTOMOBILE



The army engine sealed at the factory, and guaranteed for two years against any and every service expense.

R&V Knight SIX

has besides this wonderful motor many other outstanding features—

3. Rigid chassis that was the center of attraction, and gained the approval of the best automotive engineers, at the automobile shows.

R & V MOTOR COMPANY, *East Moline, Ill.*

Factory Branch: 38-40 West 62nd St., New York
Also at Boston, Baltimore, New Haven, Philadelphia

EVERLASTING PERFORMANCE

The 21st Anniversary of Ricoro—

A 25% Saving for You!

RICORO has attained its majority—and has won a majority of the nation's smokers while doing it!

Today, Ricoro is 21 years old, and is richer, mellower, *finer* than ever!

To celebrate this Birthday event, we offer for Friday and Saturday only, May 25th and 26th, a box of twenty-five regular two-for-a-quarter Ricoro Cigars for $2.50.

Because Ricoro is imported from Porto Rico *duty free*—you save the difference. And because we're celebrating its 21st Birthday you save 25% additional when you buy a box of these excellent Ricoro *"Anniversaries."*

Friday and Saturday ONLY

Box of 25 RICORO Anniversary size $2.50

Regular 2 for 25c

Sold only where you see the sign—

UNITED CIGAR STORES

Cigars always FRESH—full natural aroma

A nice little "kick"

for your noon-hour lunch

Good Old Scotch Brew

COME, Old-Timer, old times are here. The Scotch have pulled us out of "dry-dock." They've given us that dear old Highland taste in Good Old Scotch Brew, rich, smooth, stimulating.

Try it for lunch today. Have it served at 50-degrees. At this precise temperature you'll note how perfectly the alcohol in Scotch Brew blends with the fragrant hops and malt. Don't be a skeptic! Scotch Brew is the real thing—but *within the law.*

Add a relish to your noon-hour meal. Jog that jaded appetite. There is just enough "kick" to Old Scotch Brew to exhilarate and refresh you. The tang is there with all the zest and flavor. It's an old delight with a new name.

Not a "Near-Beer"

Old Scotch Brew is not a "near-beer" or prohibition substitute. In truth, it's an importation. Made in America from a Scotch formula 183-years old. It's a real brew, pure, safe, satisfying. Get it, and you'll want it always.

How to serve Scotch Brew

Scotch Brew is at its best at 50-degrees F. Cooled to this temperature, the fragrant hop and malt flavors, combined with the pure alcohol contained in Scotch Brew, bring forth those inviting aromas which remind you so much of the malt-hop beverages of bonnie Scotland.

GOOD OLD

SCOTCH BREW

"We found it in Scotland, men"

Tartan of the Clan MacQueen

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Before leaving the city for the Summer, readers of The New York Times should subscribe for the daily and Sunday editions in order that they may receive their newspaper regularly while away from home.

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A Lighter Shoe In a Lighter Tan

As the season advances we have noticed a growing demand for a lighter tan with "stitching" as a new decorative feature instead of the perforations across the toe and around the vamp.

This new modified French toe built over the Harvard last is our answer to the latest demand created by the custom boot-makers.

We are the only manufacturing retailers with a chain of stores from Coast to Coast to charge One Price for all shoes in every store.

This has simplified manufacturing and reduced selling cost and is the reason why we can move the price down, when others are moving the prices up, and give greater value for One Price, $6.60.

From Maker to Wearer — From Coast to Coast

REGAL SHOES

Regal Factories, Whitman, Mass. — Stores in all Principal Cities

22 Stores in Greater New York — See Telephone Directory

ALL IN READINESS FOR CITY JUBILEE

Hylan Says Celebration Starting Tomorrow Will Surpass Hudson-Fulton Event.

ASSERTS PEOPLE BACK IT

Mayor, Off for Chicago, Commends Public for Loyalty—Exposition Feature to Open Monday.

Everything is in readiness for New York City's silver jubilee, which will open tomorrow with a parade of 40,000 city employes, the Mayor's Celebration Committee announced last night. The parade, which will start at 1 o'clock, will march down Fifth Avenue from Ninety-fifth Street to Twenty-third Street.

The exposition feature of the Jubilee will open Monday night at the Grand Central Palace, and will continue until June 23. Some of the exhibits are in place already. The mural decorations have been practically completed, and flags and vari-colored lights have been placed in the plaza on the Park Avenue side of the building.

Mayor Hylan before he left for Chicago, expressed confidence in the success of the celebration. In a statement he said:

"Because I have tremendous faith in New York City and the fine spirit behind it; a spirit of pride and enterprise which has made it the greatest metropolis that the world has ever known, I have always been supremely confident that the commemoration of Greater New York's twenty-fifth birthday, which we are calling New York's Silver Jubilee, was going to be a tremendous success, and it is. The work done by the heads of every department of municipal endeavor has been done so earnestly and thoroughly that I am very confident that even as a spectacle New York's Silver Jubilee will far surpass our Hudson-Fulton celebration or any purely civic exhibition that has ever been held by any municipality.

"Parades are common. It sounds simple enough to say merely that New York's Silver Jubilee will start with the parade on Saturday, but, as a matter of fact, this parade is going to excel in a great many ways any parade ever before held in New York City and when it is through and the accounts of it are published broadcast in the newspapers of the world it is my firm belief that it will have proved the best and most dignified advertisement for this city, which we all love, that could possibly have been devised.

"Nor was I wrong in my belief that as this commemorative celebration was strictly non-partisan; that before the day for the beginning of the celebration arrived we should find a vast majority of New York people soundly and loyally behind the idea and that the whole thing would be backed up and supported by the best among our New York newspapers.

"This twenty-fifth birthday which we are about to celebrate is but the first forward step in a march of municipal progress that sets an example to all the cities of the earth. No man is wise enough to foresee what the next twenty-five years may bring forth, but when, in 1948, Greater New York celebrates its Golden Jubilee, I am proud to think that the citizens of that time will look back to this, our Silver Jubilee, and be able to realize that they owe something of their greatness and their realized ambition to the work that we are doing today and to the foundations we are so firmly laying on which our sons may build."

GETS DECREE IN 7 MINUTES.

Wife, 55, Testifies Husband, 56, Left Her for an Affinity of 34.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 24.—It took Supreme Court Justice Albert H. Seeger only seven minutes to hear the testimony and grant a decree of separation to Mrs. Harriet A. Rossiter of Yonkers, who alleged that after thirty-nine years of married life her husband, Charles R. Rossiter, had an affinity 34 years old, and wanted to maintain two homes.

"This is rather an unusual case," was the comment of Justice Seeger. Mrs. Rossiter is 55 years old and her husband 56.

Mrs. Rossiter testified that for the last six months her husband had not supported her. She said they were married when she was 16 years old. They have three children, the oldest son being 34 years old.

In her testimony Mrs. Rossiter said: "On Sept. 20, 1922, my husband refused to pay the rent of our home and I had to store the furniture and go and live with my daughter. My husband offered to come back to me if he could bring his affinity around once in a while."

DRY DRIVE AT WASHINGTON.

Haynes Preparing Arid Capital for Shriners' Conclave.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—In preparation for the Shriners' National Conclave here in June, Prohibition Commissioner Haynes announced today that the force of prohibition agents "especially organized and equipped to meet the anticipated increase of activities on the part of moonshine liquor runners," had already scored with signal success.

Since May 1, he said, twenty-six automobiles had been seized on highways leading into the capital in the act of transporting liquor from Baltimore and Southern Maryland.

Smoke screens are a new device used by the Maryland rum runners, the commissioner said, two cars equipped with devices to release dense clouds of smoke having been captured within a few days. One car burned a creosote solution and the fumes were said to be so terrible that the agents were forced to abandon the chase.

Within the past few days near Washington 733 gallons of liquor and seven cases of beer were confiscated with twenty-two arrests made.

TWO SYNAGOGUES MERGE.

Ohab Zedek and Pincus Elijah Congregations Unite.

A consolidation which will bring about one of the largest orthodox Jewish congregations in America, through the merger of the First Hungarian Congregation Ohab Zedek, 15 West 116th Street, and the Congregation Pincus Elijah, West Ninety-fifth Street, was announced last night. The plan has received the ratification of the trustees of each congregation and will go into immediate effect. The plans include the erection in the near future of an additional synagogue by Ohab Zedek on the west side, which is intended to be one of the largest in the city.

The Rev. Philip Klein, rabbi of Ohab Zedek, will officiate at both synagogues, with Rabbi Josef J. Schwartz of Pincus Elijah as assisting rabbi. The Rev. Josef Rosenblatt, for eleven years cantor of Ohab Zedek, will be cantor for both synagogues.

Kennelly Gives Dinner to Enright.

A private dinner was given last night at the Hotel Lorraine, 2 East Forty-fifth Street, to Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright. Among those present were Mrs. Enright, Dr. John A. Harriss, Mr. and Mrs. Rhinelander Waldo, Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson, George McDonald, Miss Sophie Irene Loeb and a number of other friends of Major William Kennelly, who was the host.

KRASSIN SAYS RUSSIA IS STILL LOOKING TO US

Anxious for Closer Relations With America, Which Is Big Enough to Understand Her.

LONDON, May 24 (Associated Press).—Leonid Krassin, Bolshevist Commissar for Foreign Trade, who came to London to negotiate the Russo-British difficulties, told the American newspaper correspondents today that the Soviet Government was still striving for closer relations with the United States, but was not getting much encouragement from Washington.

He frankly admitted that what Russia wanted was good American money used by American capitalists to develop and exploit her natural resources and railways. If was impossible just now, he said, for Russia to be represented in the United States, but an envoy would be sent the moment Washington would consent to the idea of receiving him. The new envoy would not be so irreconcilable as Ludwig Martens was, said M. Krassin, explaining that Martens had been forced by conditions to adopt the attitude for which he was criticised.

M. Krassin said he would like to be sent to America himself. He was not a bit bored by life in Moscow, but would be sure to get his name among the possibilities when the time came to select a man for the mission.

"I am very anxious to go to America," he said, "and if the American Government would receive me as the representative of my Government I would start immediately."

In answer to a question he said that the Russian Government would probably be willing to make some changes in its foreign policy for the sake of peace and a better understanding, not alone with America, but also with other countries. It was recognized, he said, that the United States could, of all countries, best help Russia, especially in the matter of finances. He said that Russia would never make an agreement with the Japanese or any other people providing for exclusive exploitation.

With regard to his mission here, the Soviet official said that if Great Britain was willing to discuss the differences between the two countries, as suggested in the latest Soviet note, it was likely that Russia would make further specific concessions over the conference table; but if the British Cabinet rejected the proposals there was a likelihood of the rupture of trade relations and even military activities in the inflamed Near East.

"We are too big a country to be understood by Europe," he concluded, "but America, which is also big, and with problems similar to ours, could understand us."

NAVY DESERTIONS INCREASE

High Wages Ashore One Cause—Investigation Is Ordered.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—The small but steady increase in the percentage of desertions from the navy has been called officially to the attention of commanding officers ashore and afloat by the department, with the request that they study the situation and submit recommendations for relieving it.

While total desertions this year are still below the record mark reached immediately after the war, the recent increase is said to have caused concern as indicating elemental weakness somewhere in the organization.

A striking illustration is given by the case of the battleship Maryland, which left New York for her last Southern cruise with forty members of her crew "absent without leave." The cruiser Denver lost twenty men when she cleared from Boston for New Orleans recently.

High wages in industry is given as the principal reason for unrest among navy enlisted men, but high officers said today that the personal equation between officers and men could not be ignored in any fair analysis of the situation. Hope was expressed that this element might be improved by the study just ordered.

"Lady Sealpax"—dainty athletic underwear for every woman every day.

"Little Brother and Little Sister" Sealpax—for the youngsters.

You'll *tell* the world!

MAYBE the world won't know the difference between your wearing ordinary underwear and Sealpax. But *you'll know it. You'll feel it.* The airy, breezy fabric of Sealpax is generously measured—*for coolness.*

The triple-webbed waist, webbed shoulder and double crotch—*give comfort.*

The double seams and double stitching, the carefully tailored button-holes—*prove quality!*

And the sanitary Sealpax envelope—guarantees *cleanliness!*

Beware! Short cuts in the making of underwear mean short life in the wearing! *Sealpax is the highest quality athletic underwear—yet sold at a popular price.*

Get Sealpax! It's a vacation from the heat—in packages.

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The Better Athletic UNDERWEAR
Sold in a Cleaner way

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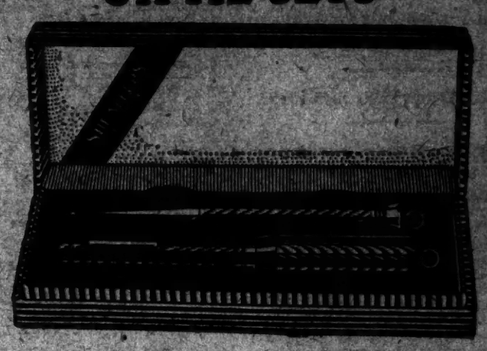

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Sheaffer's Giftie Sets through perfection in design, material, and workmanship are recognized as the gifts distinctive for Graduation and the "Gifts that Last."

Furnished, beautifully cased, in Sterling, Gold Filled and Full Solid Green Gold. Priced from $8.50 up.

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W. A. SHEAFFER PEN CO.
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Do you still SCRUB your bath tub and window panes?
If you do it's your own fault

Or perhaps no one has yet told you of Preventol, the wonderful liquid that cuts grease and grime from window panes, mirrors, porcelain, tile and nickel, in a way truly *magic. Spray* it on, wipe—just *wipe*—it off. How they gleam! Try it once! Your druggist will tell you.

"Where all other insecticides have failed, use
PREVENTOL
The Spray Insecticide

"Soldiers Three" and Others

A New and Vivid Story of the Great War

By RUDYARD KIPLING

These are the adventures of the Mulvaneys of the Irish Guards from the day they fired their first shot in Flanders field until "the unbelievable day of the armistice"—the Irish Guards, who "stood to the test without flaw."

Ten stories of heart-breaking fatigues in the trenches, breathless moments before the zero hour and stirring pictures of the charges over No Man's Land, all set off against a background of Irish humor.

* * * "The men behaved serenely, as may be proved by this tale. They were working their way, well under rifle fire, across an opening in the forest, when some of them stopped to pick blackberries that attracted their attention. To these their Sergeant said, very deliberately:

"'I shouldn't mind them berries, lads. There's may be worrums in 'em.' * * *

* * * "There were other casualties that moved laughter under the ribs of death. A man reported after the action that his teeth were 'all broke on him.' His company officer naturally expressed sympathy but some surprise at not seeing a bullet hole through both cheeks. 'I took them out and put them in my pocket for the charge, Sorr, and they all broke on me,' was the reply. 'Well, go to the doctor and see if he can get you a new set.' 'I've been to him, Sorr, and it's little sympathy I got. He just gave me a pill and chased me away, Sorr.' * * *

* * * "The battalion took life with philosophic calm. Food and rest are the paramount considerations of men in war. The former was certain and abundant; the latter scanty and broken. So the commanding officer made no comment when, one night going round the line, he found a man deeply asleep with his feet projecting into the fairway, and, written on a paper on his chest, the legend:

"'Sleep is sweet; undisturbed it is divine,
So lift up your feet and do not tread on mine.'" * * *

There will be ten instalments, one each Sunday, for ten weeks

Beginning Next Sunday May 27, in The New York Times *Order of Your Newsdealer in Advance. The Sunday Times is always sold out early.*

JOY IN 42D STREET OVER SPUR REMOVAL

Signing of Bill to Raze Elevated Tracks Delights Property Owners.

ASSOCIATION CELEBRATES

Rejoices Also at Mayor's Approval of Extending Viaduct at Grand Central Station.

The fourth annual meeting of the Forty-second Street Property Owners and Merchants Association, held yesterday at the Hotel Commodore, took somewhat the form of a celebration owing to the fact that Governor Smith on Wednesday signed the bill providing for the removal of the elevated railroad structure in East Forty-second Street, and that Mayor Hylan on Tuesday signed the bill providing for the extension of the public viaduct around Grand Central station.

Both bills are measures which the officials and members of the Association have been urging during the last two years.

More than 100 members attended the meeting. A. E. Thorne, President of the organization and President of the Oceanic Investing Company, presided. Secretary Edward W. Forrest, as a preface to his annual report, gave a brief history of the Elevated Spur Removal bill, which was introduced by Senator Thomas I. Sheridan. He explained that, since the Governor had signed the bill, the City of New York had the right to vest little in the structure and remove it at once. Adjustment of damages could be made later and need not hold up the speedy removal of the structure, it was said.

"There has been little or no opposition to the removal of the structure," said Secretary Forrest, "and there is no question as to the advisability and good results that will accrue from the removal of this eyesore that long ago outlived its usefulness.

"Those who have been urging the removal of the spur comprise the Forty-second Street Property Owners and Merchants' Association, Fifth Avenue Association, Real Estate Board of the City of New York, Board dot Estimate of the City of New York, Public Service Commission for the First District, the Fire and Police Departments of the City of New York, also the Broadway Association and the Harlem Board of Commerce.

"The economic results to the city are self-evident. Theh traffic capacity on Forty-second Street in this crowded section will be more than doubled.

"The danger element now existing by reason of the pillars in the street will be proportionately decreased. The efficiency of the Fire Department will be substantially increased in case of fire on this thoroughfare.

"If the section is benefitted, assessed values will increase and the treasury of the city will be accordingly benefited from increased taxation.

"The traveling public will suffer no inconvenience by the removal in view of the facilities now afforded by the subway system.

"The railway company, as a result of the determination to be had in condemnation proceedings consequent upon the removal of the spur, will be reimbursed as provided in the proposed legislation for all the cost, expense, compensation and damages incurred by reason of the removal of the structure.

"Next to Broadway, Forty-second Street is probably the most important thoroughfare of the city. More than that, it is a thoroughfare the importance of which, from river to river, and by reason of its being the focal centre of traffic of the subway and railway lines, can never be changed.

"This much-needed improvement of the thoroughfare will be a matter of distinct municipal improvement."

Secretary Forrest also told of the association's efforts to have the city adopt an ordinance forbidding the practice of attracting customers to a store through using phonographs, radio horns or megaphone devices which may be heard upon the street.

Other speakers were Senator Thomas I. Sheridan, Martin C. McCue, Congressman Sol Bloom and President Thorne.

The following officers were unanimously elected for the ensuing year: President, A. E. Thorne; Vice Presidents, J. McE. Bowman, Irving T. Bush, Homer Foot Jr., Crosby Gaige, William E. Knox, Benjamin Stern; Treasurer, Henry C. Holt; Secretary, Edward W. Forrest.

Eight Directors, to serve for three years each, as follows: Frank G. Shattuck, George A. Bowman, Charles B. Jagne, Julian Gerard, Frank Herdart, E. H. Woods, M. L. Morgenthau, Alex. Taylor.

The Executive Committee as follows: W. A. Meiklejohn, Chairman; Paul H. Fairchild, William E. Knox, Chris G. Hupfel, J. R. Marsh.

The terms of office of the following Directors not having expired they will continue as Directors: William Baeder, Paul R. Boden, J. Clydesdale Cushman, O. D. Dike, William Everdell Jr., Paul H. Fairchild, Louis Heilbroner, Chris G. Hupfel, William M. Kerr, Frederick A. Muschenheim, Walter G. Reid, Lawrence L. Strauss, W. V. Swords, Arthur Williams and W. A. Meiklejohn.

EXPLAINS KLAN INVITATION.

Dr. Porter Says He aWnts It to Promote Good Protestantism.

The Rev. Dr. Arthur Porter, pastor of the Bethany Congregational Church, East Rockaway, L. I., who on last Sunday invited members of the Ku Klux Klan to hear his sermon, said yesterday that the Klan was invited to accept a challenge to spend its energies in promtoing good Protestantism rather than in fighting Roman Catholicism. They were invited, Dr. Porter said, "to recognize the futility of a policy merely militant which neglected the 27,000,000 Protestant children not enrolled in any school of religious training and the 16,000,000 Protestant children enrolled in Protestant Church schools receiving ineffective and very limited religious education."

Dr. Porter said that in his sermon he did not advocate the Bible in the public schools. He said that he had challenged the Klan to promote a united Protestant Church, which he said was possible if the movement came from laymen. The Klan was invited to his church, he added, "for the sole purpose of suggesting a constructive policy in keeping with good Americanism."

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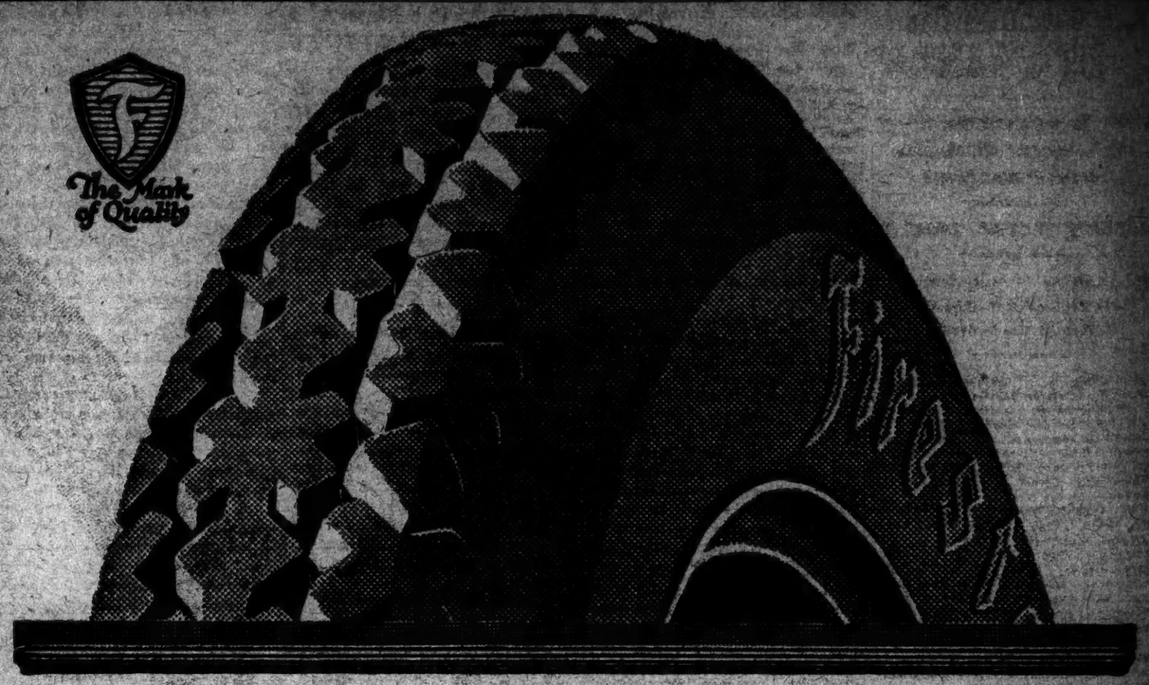

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1923.

THE ARCH-DEMON.

It is a shock to students of political demonology and devil-lore to find Mr. OTTO H. KAHN denying the existence of its chief figure:

> There is no such thing as an "international banker." In America as the meaning of the term is generally understood. He exists in the imagination of people all too numerous, but he does not exist in the flesh.

This is flat blasphemy. It is a blow at the holiest article in the creed of some of our most industrious statesmen. They know the international banker, usually presented as a plural demon. Who brought about the last war? Who will bring about the next one? Who is the cause of all the wars and woes that afflict the world, and especially the producing classes? Unnamed and many-named, like the old pagan gods turned into devils, he—more ritualistically, perhaps, "they"—works at least twenty-five hours a day for the oppression or destruction of the weak, the honest, the good, the masses. He grinds the faces of the poor. He is Dr. HOLMES's "blood-red" fruit that sucks its crimson from the "heart of toil."

A myth? Any evil is a myth, for he is the evil of evils. Fox, wolf, lion and world-spider, protean and prodigious, he beguiles, enmeshes and eats "the toiling millions." "He does not exist in the flesh." Why, Mr. LA FOLLETTE sees him everywhere, and communicates the vision to shuddering audiences. Ask Senator SHIPSTEAD of Minnesota; ask any Farmer-Laborite. The Farmer-Labor Party is pledged to:

> Withdrawal of the United States from further participation (under the Treaty of Versailles) in the reduction of conquered peoples to economic or political subjection to the small groups of men who manipulate the bulk of the world's wealth; refusal to permit our Government to aid in the exploitation of the weaker peoples of the earth by these men; refusal to permit use of the agencies of our Government (through dollar diplomacy or other means) by the financial interests of our country to exploit other peoples, including emphatic refusal to go to war with Mexico at the behest of Wall Street.

State Street, Wall Street, Lombard Street—but why sully the page with the names of mere local manifestations of the universal and ubiquitous Spirit of Evil? "Honest inquiry is to be welcomed"; but sheer adiabolism is monstrous. Deny the existence of the System, if you will, Mr. KAHN; of The Interests, of Invisible Government. Strike down all other dread shapes of political demonology, but leave us that Boss Devil, "the international banker." It is no help to say that he is so necessary that, if he didn't exist, he would have to be invented. Statesmen who can't deceive or be deceived see him early and all the time.

ONE OF THE THIRTY-ONE.

President LOWELL's address at Washington may be taken by some as a sign that his conscience has been pricking him a little about the famous manifesto of the Thirty-one pro-League Republicans in 1920. It is gratifying to learn that at least one of them does not like to be placed in the position of having misunderstood the whole situation at the time and of having misled the public. Apparently Mr. LOWELL was moved to say what he did by President HARDING's recent letter virtually waving aside the eminent Thirty-one in a rather cavalier fashion as of no account. Apart from that aspect of the matter, and saying nothing of a possible resentment in the bosoms of the Thirty-one at being dismissed as they were by the President, the part of President LOWELL's speech which dealt with the alleged popular "mandate" against the League of Nations was particularly cogent. The President of Harvard takes the position now which the Vice President of the United States took just after the election of 1920. This was that HARDING's immense plurality was made up of so many elements, and was based upon such a multitude of personal and racial grievances against President WILSON, that no single issue could honestly have been said to be the decisive one. President LOWELL puts it mildly when he says that Mr. HARDING goes "too far" in asserting that the country voted overwhelmingly and once for all against the League of Nations.

Interest will be roused in many minds by the statement of President LOWELL that Mr. HARDING, owing to his many subsequent cares of office, has "forgotten" exactly what happened in connection with the appeal of the Thirty-one. Perhaps others may supply the missing details. Could so important a step have been taken without the knowledge and consent of the Republican National Committee? Would the scrupulous gentlemen who signed and published the declaration of the Thirty-one have done so without assurances that it would not be distasteful to the Presidential candidate? The slight lifting of the veil by President LOWELL may lead others to make fuller disclosures.

Some may be inclined impatiently to dismiss the whole affair as a far-off and forgotten thing of no consequence. But it is at least of high consequence, one would say, to the Thirty-one to establish the fact that they were not the blundering ignoramuses which they have been charged with being. Besides, a matter of continuous and practical policy is involved. The President's sweeping affirmation about the League of Nations will be used against him on the proposal which he has made that we join the World Court. Whether Mr. HARDING has gone too far or not, it is certain that Ambassador HARVEY went too far in his first speech in London when he notified the British Government and all the world, in his oracular way, that the United States would never, directly or indirectly, have anything to do with the League of Nations, or with any of its activities or agencies. Now, the World Court is by all admitted to be a creation of the League. Yet Ambassador HARVEY, at his ease in the White House, informs the correspondents that he favors the World Court, and that in respect to it the President has "kept the faith." A more important question for the Ambassador to answer—and it is a question which he may be sure that his friends, the irreconcilable Senators, will put to him—is whether he himself has kept the faith.

TROTZKY BACKS DOWN.

When the Russians first received Lord CURZON's ultimatum, it looked as if the Napoleonic TROTZKY might try to turn a celebrated nursery rhyme into the war cry of all the Russias. His vituperative threats of imminent destruction for the British Empire sounded much like the giant in Jack-and-the-Beanstalk. Fortunately for the Englishman whose bones were to be ground to make Russian bread, it turned out that TROTZKY took a sedative. Instead of forthwith dispatching his armies to annihilate the British Isles, he allowed LITVINOFF to send a reply that was at the same time argumentative and conciliatory. But as soon as he found that this was not acceptable he instructed the Soviet representative in London to hand to Lord CURZON a memorandum which granted nearly everything the British Government had demanded. Thus was the break of relations between Russia and Britain averted, and the Russian high horse put back in the nursery.

In the matter of reparation for the injury and death of British subjects the Soviet authorities surrendered. So they did in paying damages for injuries to British trawlers. They also recognized the three-mile limit as the extent of Russian territorial waters until the matter could be permanently adjusted, and agreed not to molest British trawlers outside of this limit. Furthermore, they have meekly withdrawn the "insolent" notes of WEINSTEIN, who, in the name of the Bolshevist Government, had protested against Great Britain's attitude in the matter of the execution of the Catholics. Only as to the last of Lord CURZON's points, which dealt with propaganda, did they give what may well be considered an unsatisfactory reply. They reiterated their innocence and demanded anew that this problem be submitted to a conference of British and Russian representatives. The charges of Lord CURZON that in Persia, Afghanistan and India the Bolshevist agents had been deliberately undermining British prestige for political purposes they declared to be altogether unfounded.

This last question, although ostensibly less important, is of great significance to all who, like Lord CURZON, know India. The vision of Russian horsemen on the crest of the Pamirs has long haunted British statesmen. The thought of Russian influence in Afghanistan, and of possible Russian control over the Khyber Pass—a control which has seemed nearer realization by the Bolsheviki than by their predecessors—is not a pleasant one for Great Britain. KIPLING's warning against the "bear that walks like a man," treacherously waiting in the mountain passes on the northern boundary of India, still finds an echo.

One thing, however, is certain from the Russian note. The Soviets are desperately anxious to avoid a break with Britain, and will do anything to obtain recognition abroad. It is evidently dawning upon them that they can receive no help from the outside world unless and until they are prepared to "play the game" according to the accepted rules. These they are slow in learning.

THE CAPTIVES IN CHINA.

The General Staff of the army in preparing plans for the use of troops in the emergency of war or in prevention has, of course, not forgotten the lesson of the Boxer rebellion in China. There is no parallel between the chaos that existed in that country in 1900, when the foreign legations were shut up, beleaguered in fact, in Peking, and the holding of captives for ransom by bandits of Shantung province in what may be called the physical presence of soldiers of the Peking Government.

Nevertheless, the situation is delicate, and may at any time become critical. In its negotiations with the bandits the Chinese Government is hampered by their threats to kill captives if an attack is made upon the stronghold where they are held. The danger is real because the outlaws have only short shrift to expect from the Government troops if fighting begins to effect a rescue. That the bandits have no trust in the good faith of the Peking Government is shown by its failure to conciliate them with offers of commissions and service in the army. So far the agents of the Government have signally failed in their negotiations. The demand of the bandits that troops be withdrawn from the province cannot be complied with, since it would amount to recognition of the brigands as an organized force and a surrender of territory to them. That, at least, seems to be the attitude of the Peking Government. The reduction of the Paotzuku stronghold has been a purpose of the Government, because several hundred Chinese captives are supposed to be held there. Moreover, withdrawal, construed as a weakness, might be followed by desertions to the outlaws. It is clear that the Government, which is responsible for the safety of the foreign captives, has its embarrassments.

In Shanghai foreigners doubt the stability of the Peking Government. The view is reflected in resolutions adopted by the American Association and the British China Association that immediate action be taken by their Governments to secure release of the captives, to punish the outlaws, and to provide guarantees for future protection. The British in Shanghai urge foreign control of the trunk line railways and their policing under a "foreign command," which indicates an apprehension that any unfortunate incident may precipitate disorders similar to those that provoked intervention in 1900 and the use of troops by European Powers and the United States. So long as the Government at Washington leaves negotiations for the release of the captives in the hands of the Chinese authorities there should be no crisis. That might come with direct negotiation, which would oblige the United States to intervene actively if it failed.

Communication would have to be opened with the outlaws over the head of the Chinese commander in the field, but the risks would have to be taken. Thus far the United States has depended upon the diplomatic corps, and personally upon Dr. JACOB GOULD SCHURMAN, the American Minister, for guidance. Only as a last resort can our Government undertake direct negotiation, with all that it implies. Intervention with troops would not be justified so long as the authority of the Peking Government was recognized, and any intervention would have to be joint, as in the dark days of 1900, when the rule of the Empress was but nominal and a condition of anarchy existed. The solution of the present difficulty seems in theory simple enough: the payment of the ransoms demanded and liquidation afterward by the Peking Government.

BETTER THAN CENSORSHIP.

The verdict of a jury that the play "The God of Vengeance" is an immoral performance comes as a timely reminder that existing laws furnish adequate protection for public morals. There are provisions in the Penal Code which, we now see, can successfully be invoked against a theatrical performance or a book that may be charged with obscenity or with having a demoralizing influence. In the case referred to, complaint was first made, then the question was taken into court and submitted to an ordinary jury. Its decision was not based upon subtle arguments nor upon mere phrases or incidents taken from the drama under accusation, but upon the whole scene and setting, with its inevitable effect. The jury believed that the performance contained too much that was disgusting and provocative to be tolerated, and found both the producer and the actors in violation of the law. They are to suffer the penalty and the play is to be prohibited. Any other play similarly adjudged immoral cannot be put on the stage in New York.

It is not necessary to assert that the verdict of the jury was right or wrong. Several respectable amateurs of the theatre were ready in court to testify that in their opinion the challenged play was not really immoral, since out of its muck grew a lily of spiritual instruction. These would-be witnesses were ruled out by the Court as so many irrelevancies. What the Court wanted was the opinion of the jury, the body with which the decision legally rested. This it got, and the case was settled. Opinions will differ whether it was settled in the wisest way or not, but there seems little room for difference of opinion that the method chosen, as laid down by the statutes of New York, was far better than any conceivable censorship of the drama.

Suppose that we had had an official comparable to the English censor, or a censorship commission, and a decision adverse to the play had come from such an authority. What outcries would have been lifted to the skies! What endless discussions and recriminations would have followed! As it is, we have had due process of law, not haphazard judgments under a censorship, and have also that finality of decision which is of the essence of both law and morals. To some people it will come as a surprising discovery, though it is a wholesome thing for all to know, that there is a Penal Code to which painters and writers and playwrights and actors and theatrical managers must pay due regard.

SAGES AT WASHINGTON.

In the absence of Congress and obviously without consulting the powers behind the Administration throne, the Republican National Committee took upon itself to illumine the country with wisdom. Some of us had been inclined to think too lightly of the prudence, the cleverness, the far-reaching suasive effect, even of the majestic importance, of political committees. But nobody could have read the latest statement of the Republican National Committee without being impressed by the judgment, the political sagacity, the instinctive sense of popular opinion of that often underestimated council of sapience. Great Britain and her allies were caught in the act of trying to "bilk the United States by hook or crook" out of the costs of our Army of Occupation on the Rhine. "The whole matter is a crooked deal." That is what was to be expected whatever the United States had anything to do with Europe. "It is typical of the "attitude of England and European "Powers toward this country in all "matters. They are out to 'job' the "United States at every possible "turn."

Those accursed foreigners were violating and repudiating to the top of their bent. They were pettifoggers. They had no sense of fair play. They were guilty of "downright dishonesty" in their treatment of the United States in this Rhine business. If this country of innocents "goes into any sort "of league with European Powers, "they will immediately take every "advantage of it at the expense of "the United States." This "has "long been known by those familiar "with the attitude of European "Powers toward America." Evidently the members of the National Committee were those long-experienced experts. The consummate tact, the "popular appeal" of this line of "argument," would have been evident and irresistible had it not unkindly been repudiated by lesser "experts" such as Messrs. HARDING and HUGHES. They were indeed worthy of Mr. JOHN T. ADAMS, the Chairman, whose gerfalcon eye saw the innate guile of all those European nations, except Germany and her associates in good faith, before we went into the war.

Europe is a crook! Come out of her, my people! That was a deep-pondered, an engaging issue. No dealing with crooks! The farmers were to "rise to it as one man," weren't they? And the soldiers and others too numerous to mention. Mr. HARDING must have been highly gratified by the authoritative utterance of these framers of political issues and shapers of political destiny.

GERMANY'S DOMESTIC TROUBLES.

Chancellor CUNO's plan of passive resistance against France may break down of its own weight. So long as the mark could be held up, it was possible for the German workmen to buy what they needed with the wages paid them. With the recent breaks, however, foreshadowing the steady decline of the purchasing power of the paper mark, the workers are beginning to talk of demanding payment in gold or its equivalent in real value. Should this demand increase, and should the decline of the mark continue, there is little doubt that it will hasten the realization of the futility of the present policy. The only solution lies in promptly coming to an agreement with France and forthwith beginning the arduous task of re-establishing German finances upon a sound basis. It would seem that mere expediency, which has so often dictated Germany's policies, would make this clear to Germany.

What the effect will be of the reported Communist uprising at Gelsenkirchen, in the mining district, cannot be predicted. Such outbreaks are usually spasmodic, and due to local conditions. Even if encouraged by Russian money, they are little more than symptoms of unrest. Too often in the past there have come from Central Europe similar reports, in which hundreds of thousands of Communists were pictured as about to spring up and overturn the existing order. Taken in conjunction with the demands for surer pay, however, the present outbreak is a clear indication that Germany's internal problems, which are closely intertwined with the reparations problem, cannot be solved by postponement.

One of the excuses which the Government leaders are making for delaying action is that something may be gained by waiting until Premier BALDWIN's exact views on the reparations problem are known. This is but a slender hope. The Cuno Government is in the position of a nervous person with an ulcerated tooth, who puts off until the last possible moment the fateful necessity of going to the dentist. The longer the day of reckoning is put off, the greater is the suffering. The cure is to make an appointment with the dentist and keep it.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Their Work Still Unsuccessful.

That the New York police, and especially the members of the bomb squad, have not forgotten the Wall Street explosion, and still are hunting for the perpetrators of that most horrible crime, is, of course, highly commendable. So much time, however, has passed, that present hopes of finding the criminal or criminals cannot be high. All the clues even a little promising—and some, in the beginning, seemed to promise much—must have been followed, by this time, and now it is only by some mere accident of self-betrayal on the part of guilty participants in the outrage that success can be achieved.

What apparently was such an accident was the reason for the arrest of NOAH LERNER, a young Long Islander who had fallen into the "reddest" of company and finally drifted away as far as Siberia in some rather vaguely defined relation to the industrial colony, Kuzbas, established under Soviet auspices. While there, according to a story told by certain returned colonists on whom, against their will, he had been billeted, he boasted of having driven the wagon that carried the dynamite to Wall Street. This coming to the knowledge of the police, they arrested LERNER, when he in turn came back, quite cured of his Bolshevist ideas by his experiences of Soviet realities.

The arrest, in the circumstances, probably was entirely justified, but its importance was considerably exaggerated in the first reports that came from the detectives, and, after two weeks of detention and examination, it has been decided that neither the quality nor the quantity of the evidence against LERNER warranted putting him on trial. So he has been released, as have been so many other suspects the capture of whom was called at first the solution at last of the great Wall Street mystery.

A Grievance Without Any Redress.

Such a case as that of LERNER illustrates an unpleasant possibility to which, in some degree, is exposed everybody who lives where crimes are committed and fallible representatives of the law seek to bring to justice the perpetrators. Those representatives now and then make mistakes—in the vast majority of instances, nowadays, entirely honest mistakes—and innocent persons are subjected to the humiliation and the hardship of arrest on a grave charge, with detention more or less prolonged.

This constitutes a real grievance, but apparently it is unavoidable, and while an action for false arrest or imprisonment will lie when the blunder has been egregious or malicious, usually the police have exercised only a discretionary power necessarily entrusted to them and the victim of their error has no redress.

LERNER, considering the character of his former associates, has escaped rather luckily with a detention of only two weeks. It would have been much shorter, of course, if he could have proved at once that he never had relations with such folk as Communists, anarchists and the I. W. W.

Publicity to Them Is Fatal.

Though an anomalous and novel law, the one just signed by Governor SMITH compelling associations so defined as to include the Ku Klux Klan to file with the Secretary of State copies of their constitutions, by-laws, regulations and oaths, and a list of the names of their officers and members for the current year, is to be commended.

It will impose a little trouble and expense on organizations from which nobody ever would have thought of demanding this information, but that will be easily tolerable if only, as seems probable, such a law drives the Klan out of the State, and, by imitation of it in other States, puts an end to that miserable conspiracy against public order.

Secret societies are many, but in none other is the fact of membership kept secret, because it does not need to be. Only a society whose ends are criminal is obliged to conceal the identity of those who belong to it. Every other secret society decorates its members with pins or other evidences of affiliation, and these are proudly worn. The Ku Klux Klan simply cannot do this because its purposes, like its deeds, are evil.

To be known as a Klansman is both a disgrace and a danger in most parts of the country, and should be both in all parts of it. To endure publicity the men who wear hoods and gowns will have to reform both their manners and their morals. As that cannot be expected, the new law, properly enforced, will compel them to disband.

A Woman Lost in New York.

What will happen to Mrs. E. SAUNDERS of San Diego when she gets to Europe is a question which will be pondered with considerable anxiety by her friends when they hear what befell her here, where she had no language difficulties to encounter.

On arrival, she proceeded safely enough from the Grand Central Terminal to a hotel of respectability quite truthfully guaranteed by her cab driver, but when she went back to the railway station to direct the sending of her baggage to the steamer she purposed soon to take, she found that she had forgotten the respectable hotel's name, and so couldn't get back to it for the passport and other valuables left there. She only knew that it had cost 50 cents to reach it from the station the first time, and that amount would have taken her to any one of at least fifty hotels, all as strictly exponential of the virtues as was the cabman's favorite.

The situation was sufficiently terrible, but wisdom or good fortune sent Mrs. SAUNDERS to the Travelers' Aid Society for help, and of course she got it. After an immense amount of telephoning to one hotel after another, one was found where Mrs. SAUNDERS was registered, and then her troubles were over.

Hereafter she should keep a diary and not trust to memory of names. They are the easiest of all things to forget, anyway, and the only thing to do is to write them down before they escape.

RIVERSIDE PARK ROWDIES.

A Plea to Restrain Those Who Make Night Hideous.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that the open season is here for hoodlumism and rowdyism in and near Riverside Park, don't you suppose something can be done to prevent some of the especially aggravated forms of it which made life in that neighborhood quite lacking in placidity last year and the season before? Already gangs of rather well-dressed boys and young men come over along toward dark, make sitters along the Drive and in the park miserable with their insults and then stroll back through the cross-streets, especially through Eighty-sixth, Eighty-ninth and Ninetieth, singing rowdyish songs with unprintable words, annoying doormen in apartment houses, tearing flowers and ferns from urns in front of houses and apartment houses, breaking windows, and generally making the evenings and nights up to 12 and 1 o'clock hideous.

Appeals have been made to the police, and some efforts have been made, spasmodically, to stop these nightly disturbances. But no arrests have been made, and this season opens with renewed vigor.

Last year a large amount of shrubbery was injured in Riverside Park. Even the cherry trees around the Soldiers and Sailors' Monument were damaged. In fact, that monument is the storm centre of this rowdyism. Inasmuch as it is a point of interest for thousands of out-of-town visitors, there is particular reason for Riverside Park in that vicinity being protected against the present rowdyism. Scarcely ever is a policeman to be seen on this part of the Drive day or night.

STALEY T. MEREDITH.
New York, May 24, 1923.

The Luxurious Leviathan.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Millions of citizens must watch in amazement the Government's operations in fitting out the Leviathan for passenger service. The question of the wisdom of the Government's venture in the business of carrying passengers may be passed by, but what possible justification can a republican Government find for investing millions of dollars in the luxurious equipment of this ship, which has been so advertised the world over—luxuries only suited to and only to be availed of by the super-wealthy of the country—luxuries beyond the bounds of all reasonable comfort and benefit of an ocean voyage? No person questions the right or the policy of private concerns making provision for this class of our citizenship, but I challenge both the right and the policy of its being done by this, or any other, popular Government. As a business venture the Leviathan will probably be a failure, but if she earned for the Government $1,000,000 a year it would not justify the blunder which her fitting out involves as a governmental conception.

G. M. DILLARD.
Norfolk, Va., May 23, 1923.

Covered Garbage Containers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I want to suggest a way of making this city healthier and better. Recently I have returned from South America, and I have noticed how far advanced South American cities are as regards the disposal of garbage. In most of the cities garbage is collected on schedule time. People living on a certain street are informed at stated intervals by the city authorities of the days and hours when they will be visited by the garbage collector so that they may have their garbage ready and placed in front of their homes at the appointed hour—no sooner, no later.

I would suggest that garbage should be placed in large cardboard receptacles made after the manner of ice cream containers with a cover that fastens securely over the top. Just before time for the garbage collector's visit the can could be emptied into the carton, the lid adjusted to keep out flies and the carton placed at the appointed hour on the sidewalk.

The truck should be covered, low and broad, with space for at least a double row of four cartons across and twelve in length.

A LOVER OF ORDER.
New York, May 24, 1923.

Light on the Palimpsest.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have noticed with interest the news in reference to Dr. Buchanan's work on the Huntington manuscript and the different opinions about the viability of the presumably original writing and the effect of evening light. Apparently no one has thought of a recent development of the use of light in that connection; that is, to illumine the manuscript by colored light coming from a slit at an acute angle with the page.

If, as seems to be the case, the old letters are indented and yellower than the body of the page, the light should be blue or violet. The width of the slit and the angle can only be determined by experiment, but I should guess that the light should be very strong, the slit narrow, say one-quarter inch wide, and the length of the page and the angle, say, 20 degrees.

On the other hand, if the body of the page is yellow with age and the old lettering slightly bluish with traces of the original carbon, then a yellow or red light might give better results. A. GRAY.
Washington, D. C., May 6, 1923.

A CHILD SPEAKS.

I think grown-ups are awf'ly mean,
don't you?
They know so many things I wish I
knew!.
But when I ask 'em, they just laugh
and say:
"Such questions, child! Now run away
and play!"

I only ask 'em why the sky is blue,
And why the grass is green—and if it's
true
The little clouds up there, all soft and
pink,
Are angels, dressed for parties, as I
think!

And just how many stars are in the
skies,
And if they really are God's fireflies!
Or are they little peepholes in the blue
To let God and the angels all look
through?

And I'm so int'rested in pollywogs—
How is it that they ever turn to frogs?
And does a worm just hate to be a
worm—
Is that what makes 'em all twist so, and
squirm?

And why is it that fishes don't catch
cold?
And what is it that makes gold fishes
gold?
And where do dreams come from? I'd
love to know,
And when I wake up, where is it they
go?

And lots of other things—I can't think
now
Just what—that make me wonder why
and how . . . .
But when I ask the grown-ups, they
say, "W-a-i-t,
I can't just say, dear!"—and they never
tell!

ROSELLE MERCIER MONTGOMERY.

FEDERAL ENFORCEMENT.

Refusal to Accept Fugitive Slave Law Recalled.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Before President Harding's correspondent, Mr. Walt, proceeds to hang Governor Smith and a majority of both branches of the Legislature for treason in repealing the Mullan-Gage act, he might study up the measures adopted by the Northern States about seventy years ago to obstruct the enforcement of the Fugitive Slave law.

Article IV, Section 2, of the United States Constitution provided that: "No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due."

When some of the Northern States refused to offer the facilities of their police power to the Southern slave holders to enforce this provision of the United States Constitution, the Governors and legislators were not indicted for treason, but Congress passed the Fugitive Slave act, so called, authorizing the seizure of persons claimed to be escaped slaves, their arraignment before a magistrate, and their return to their former masters. The authorities of some of the States were determined to have jury trials in such cases, because juries would generally find in favor of the persons arrested, and when Congress legislated against jury trials some of the States even revived the Common Law Writ, which had been obsolete for centuries, known as body replevin (de homine replegiando), which would furnish such a trial; when Congress authorized any State magistrate to act, some of the States promptly passed laws making it a criminal offence for a State magistrate to act under the Federal law. These statutes were sustained by the courts on the ground that while Congress might authorize a State official to act it could not force him to do so.

The present repeal of the Mullan-Gage act does not look toward any such violent and bitter obstruction; Federal officials are still authorized to, and undoubtedly will, continue to enforce the Volstead act, which is a Federal law. When Congress authorizes the several States to make and enforce their own laws in pursuance of the Eighteenth Amendment, New York can adopt and enforce a law in accordance with the views of its citizens. Congress cannot punish State officials for refusing to enact a Federal act as part of the State law.

BOARDMAN WRIGHT.
New York, May 17, 1923.

Welcome Immigration.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A member from the State of Washington, as reported in THE TIMES of today, sympathizes with the State of New York because it is doing so much good to the sick and afflicted. We are much obliged to him for his sympathy, but we really do not need it. This is the richest and most powerful State in the Union. Our great port of New York, with its commercial advantages, has become a centre of trade. For this reason we receive here more than 70 per cent. of the immigrants who come to this country. The great majority of them are strong and well and increase our productive power. We maintain gladly a free public school system where the children of all are educated. On the same principle we maintain hospitals where others who need help can be cared for.

When the system was under State control the head money, as it was called, which each immigrant paid, was applicable to the care of any who should become sick during the first five years of their residence in the State. This was free of charge. The fund thus created was ample for the purpose. It is true this money now goes to the Federal Government, but the State of New York is still willing and able to maintain its hospitals.

I do not find that any of the men who gave liberally to endow our private hospitals in New York begrudge the money that they gave. Wealth is a power in trust to be used for the good of others. That is equally true for the State as for the individual.

Mr. Johnson apparently would restrict immigration. Logically his argument would lead to shutting the door altogether. We advocate the "open door" when it would let us in, but apparently Mr. Johnson would shut the door when others want to come in to us. He forgets that the real wealth of the country consists in good citizens. This country has prospered in the past largely because it has welcomed good citizens. There are a few sections of this country where the natives have been shut up in their own mountains and have had little intercourse with their neighbors and no influx from without. The result has been ignorance and crime. We are now being asked to educate these men and bring them out into the free air of the world. This policy of freedom has been successful in America. We must not give it up now. For this reason let us hope that the recommendations of the Immigration Committee of the Chamber of Commerce will be adopted.

EVERETT P. WHEELER.
New York, May 9, 1923.

Mixed Politics.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your paper reports a plan of organization which is under way of Americans of German, Austrian or Hungarian descent for "political purposes," and that it was stated at the meeting that the last national election was decided by the votes of these, and that the same thing would be the case at the next election.

It seems to me that these people might be expected to forget the country of their birth when it comes to matters of political concern in the country which has conferred upon them the priceless privilege of new citizenship. Affection for the land of one's birth is a justifiable sentiment, but surely when we enter upon the domain of politics there should be no room for a division on extra-nationalistic lines.

These people would find little encouragement were it not that misguided political leaders seem to attach to the claim made by them an importance which is entirely unwarranted. It has come to be the fact that a greatly preponderating percentage of foreign-born Americans resent any imputation that their political opinion or conduct is influenced by a past affiliation with another land. BENNO LEWINSON.
New York May 9, 1923.

Assessed Valuations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The assessed valuations for 1924 taxes are being made now, and if each realty owner will go to either of the following departments of taxes and assessments, Municipal Building for Manhattan realty; Tremont and Arthur Avenues, Bronx, for Bronx realty; 205 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, for Brooklyn realty; Court Square, Long Island City, for Queens realty, and Borough Hall, Richmond, for Staten Island realty, and ascertain the valuations that have been placed on the land and building separately and will send it to us, and they want to appeal against the same, we will act for them free of charge. STEWART BROWNE, President,
United Real Estate Owners' Association.
New York, May 17, 1923.

The High Palisades.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In line with the suggestion of Cass Gilbert that the best expert advice be taken in developing any road on the Palisades, I call attention to the High Palisades, which for generations have been used as a pleasure ground. A plot of fifty acres from the edge of the cliff to the present highway would include the High Palisades and would be sufficient for public purposes. A ferry for automobiles recently opened between Yonkers and Alpine makes this unexcelled pleasure spot available for a large New York population. In the opinion of many, the High Palisades should be owned by the Interstate Park Commission and improved under expert advice. THEODORE GILMAN.
New York, May 16, 1923.

SURRENDER OF MT. LOVC

The Former Prince Peter of Mon- negro's Part in That Event.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a letter to THE TIMES of May 11 M. Lazar M. Maximovich, who signs himself as "Ex-Private Secretary of Prince Peter of Montenegro," makes a general denial that Prince Peter surrendered Mount Lovcen to the Austrians. I do not know what value M. Maximovich attaches to his denial. I attach none.

I repeat that Prince Peter betrayed his trust, and that when in command in the defense of Mount Lovcen he was in telephonic communication with the Austrian lines and that he consented with Lieut. Col. Hupka, formerly Austrian Military Attaché at Cettinje, who had been specially sent from the Italian front to negotiate the surrender with him.

DR. Machiedo of Zadar, who during the Summer of 1915 was confined by the Austrians in the fortress of Gorasda, read in the telephone book certain messages from Prince Peter asking for an interview with Colonel Hupka. At first Prince Peter denied that he had ever negotiated with Colonel Hupka. When he was finally forced to admit that he had done so, he declared he was only arranging with him that certain open towns should not be bombarded by Austrian airplanes.

The whole details of the surrender were arranged between Prince Peter and Colonel Hupka. Many of the so-called Austrian "attacking party" replaced their heavy military boots by Serbian sandals which Prince Peter procured for them so that they could the more easily scale the rocks. Prince Peter further sent orders to his outlying Brigadiers that they should offer no resistance. General Petanovitch, however, demanded that these orders should be put in writing. This document is extant.

The total number of Austrians killed in the "storming" of Mount Lovcen was thirteen, mostly men who lost their footing in scaling the cliffs. This was the price the Austrians paid for capturing the "Gibraltar of the Adriatic," a rocky fortress rising nearly sheer to a height of 6,000 feet. If it was defended by a battalion, it could not be captured by an army corps.

As regards M. Maximovich's version of the political status of Montenegro, it is about as trustworthy as his story of Mount Lovcen. The Montenegrin National Assembly solemnly voted the removal of King Nicholas from the throne of Montenegro and the union of that country with the Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes. This has been officially recognized by all the Powers, including the United States. Montenegro now sends deputies to the national Parliament at Belgrade. Montenegrin soldiers and officers serve in the national army and Montenegro as an independent kingdom has ceased to exist. That a handful of brigands, calling themselves patriots, continue to give trouble in the mountains does not in any way alter the case. There are also a certain number of Montenegrin professional agitators in foreign countries who evidently make a living out of posing as "victims of Serbian oppression." I presume that as long as they can find dupes willing to provide them with funds they will continue to do so.

G. GORDON-SMITH.
Washington, D. C., May 23, 1923.

Lady Constance Lytton

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is a pity at this late day to continue the misrepresentation which during a trying period was originally based on exaggerated and incorrect reports. Please allow me as a member of the National Executive Committee of the Women's Social and Political Union during the period covered by the militant references in your notice today of the passing of Lady Constance Lytton to make these specific corrections. The incidents are described with accuracy by Sylvia Pankhurst in her book "The Suffragette."

Lady Constance did not throw a stone at Sir Walter Runciman at Newcastle, Oct. 9, 1909. "It was rumored that Mr. Lloyd George was to stay with Sir Walter Runciman, and seeing the latter gentleman's car driving through the streets, Lady Constance threw a stone at it, carefully aiming at the radiator in order that, without injuring any one, she might strike the car."

Lady Constance did not spend a month in this prison on this occasion. "On Monday while the other women received sentences varying from fourteen days to one month's hard labor, Lady Constance Lytton and Mrs. Brailsford were ordered to be bound over to be of good behavior, and on refusing were sent to prison in the Second Division for one month * * * on Wednesday, Oct. 13, Lady Constance Lytton and Mrs. Brailsford, both of whom had refused food, were released after having been in prison for no more than two and a half days."

This was the experience leading to Lady Constance's Walton Jail, Liverpool, protest on Jan. 14, 1910: "Lady Constance Lytton, in spite of her fragile constitution and the disease from which she suffered, again determined to place herself beside the women in the fighting ranks who were enduring the greatest hardship. Believing that she had been released from Newcastle Prison on account of her rank and family influence, she determined that this time she would go disguised * * * and now she gave Jane Warton, seamstress, as her name and occupation. Next morning she was sentenced to fourteen days' hard labor without the option of a fine."

The brave and gentle spirit needs no defender. She gave much of the fruit of her own self-sacrificing contribution to the cause of votes for women.

MARY GAWTHORPE.
New York, May 23, 1923.

Labor Banks as Sinews of War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Without forecasting, has it occurred to you that

HOWARD WILLETS TAKES YOUNG BRIDE

Banker, 62, Married to Elise D. Young, 29, by Justice Erlanger in His Chambers.

TROTH TOLD WEDDING DAY

His Bride Was Employed in Office of American Kennel Club, of Which He Was President.

Howard Willets, of 604 Park Avenue, New York, and Elise Dorothy Young, of 123 Washington Avenue, Newark, N. J., a daughter of Charles J. Young, whose engagement was just announced, took out a license to wed yesterday and were married later in the day by Justice Mitchell L. Erlanger of the Supreme Court at his chambers. The witnesses were Mr. Willets's son, Josiah Macy Willets, and his attorney, Ernest P. Hoss.

Mr. Willets, who is 62, was a widower. His first wife died in 1893. She was a Miss Macy of the old Macy family. The present Mrs. Willets is 29 and divorced Frederick Gunsel in April, 1922, in New Jersey. Five years ago she was employed in the office of the American Kennel Club, of which Mr. Willets was president for several years, and there they came to know each other. She is a graduate of Columbia.

Mr. Willets formerly owned Gedney Farm, that stood in a square mile of land belonging to him and had 100 rooms and a library alone worth $100,000, which together with its antique furniture and costly fittings was burned in December, 1909, with comparatively few of its treasures saved. He sold his string of thoroughbred horses about that time but continued his interest in dogs. Only recently he retired from the presidency of the American Kennel Club. His son, J. Macy Willets, married Miss Gladys Bloodgood, and Mr. Willets has of late made his home with them at the Park Avenue address.

Mr. Willets and his bride will live in New York after spending several months traveling.

Mr. Willets is with the firm of Willets & Co., and is a director of the Gotham National Bank. He is a member of various clubs, including the Grolier, Metropolitan, Piping Rock and University.

Kann—Englander.

Emil A. Kann, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ignatz Kann of 970 Park Avenue, and Miss Madeline H. Englander, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Englander, were married last evening at the St. Regis, the Rev. Dr. Nathan Krass officiating. Miss Rose Baumann was maid of honor and the bride's sister, Miss Edith R. Englander, was bridesmaid. Desire R. Saskvary was the best man. Mr. and Mrs. Kann will spend the honeymoon abroad and on returning will pass the remainder of the Summer at Elberon, N. J., with the bride's parents.

ALEX W. WEDDELL TO WED.

American Consul General at Calcutta to Marry Mrs. Steedman.

Special to the New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 24.—The engagement of Alexander W. Weddell, American Consul General to Calcutta, India, to Mrs. Virginia Chase Steedman, widow of James Harrison Steedman of St. Louis, became known here today. Mr. Weddell is spending a week at the Ambassador.

The marriage will take place soon in the Hundington Chapel of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York, the Right Rev. Arthur Selden Lloyd, Assistant Bishop of the Diocese of New York, an old friend of the Weddell family, performing the ceremony.

The bridegroom to be has been in the diplomatic service since 1916. He represented his country in Denmark, East Africa, Italy, Athens, Greece, Beirut, Syria; Cairo, Egypt, and since 1920 he has been in Calcutta.

Walmsley—Nicander.

The engagement was recently announced of Miss Gray Walmsley, a daughter of Mrs. E. Z. Walmsley of Washington, D. C., to William Nicander of Stockholm, Sweden. The wedding is planned for next Autumn.

GOV. SMITH TO ATTEND DANCE FOR DAUGHTER

Woman's Democratic Club Entertainment to Be Held at the Commodore Tomorrow Night.

Governor Smith will leave Albany tomorrow to attend the dinner dance to be given at the Commodore tomorrow evening for his daughter, Miss Emily Smith, by the Women's Democratic Club of this city. Many of the prominent Democrats of this city will be present and the dance promises to be one of the largest ever held here. Mrs. John Enos Quinn, President of the club, and Miss Ella T. Sullivan, who are in charge of the arrangements, have announced that the reservations already total nearly a thousand.

The long list of patronesses includes Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Royal S. Copeland, Mrs. Charles F. Murphy, Mrs. Quinn, Mrs. John F. Hylan, Mrs. James A. Foley, Mrs. George H. Childs, Mrs. John R. Miller, Mrs. John F. Boylan, Miss Elisabeth Marbury, Mrs. John F. Curry, Mrs. John P. O'Brien, Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mrs. Sarsfield Lavell, Miss Mary Lilly and Miss Annie Mathewson.

Among the guests, in addition to Governor and Mrs. Alfred E. Smith Jr. and Miss Catherine Smith, will be Mr. and Mrs. George R. Lunn, Senator and Mrs. Copeland, Mrs. Hylan, Mr. and Mrs. Murray Hulbert and Commodore Louis M. Josephthal. The Junior Committee is working to bring together a large gathering of the younger set as well.

Doubts Nolan Tuberculosis Cure.

CHICAGO, May 24.—Claims of discovery of a cure for tuberculosis by the use of pure carbon and calcium, put forward early this month by Dr. William F. Nolan of Jeanette, Pa., are pronounced inadequate in an article appearing today in the Journal of the American Medical Association. "The effects following the inhalation of carbon and calcium particles," says the article, "do not warrant one in assuming that such a treatment would have any curative value in tuberculosis."

Massachusetts to Tax Gasoline.

BOSTON, May 24.—Governor Cox tonight signed a bill to impose of tax of 4 cents a gallon on gasoline used by motor vehicles. The bill will become law in ninety days unless a petition with 10,000 signatures asking for a referendum is completed in the meantime. In the latter case operation of the act would be suspended until the voters passed judgment on it in the election of 1924.

Pope Receives 70 of Our Sailors.

ROME, May 24.—Pope Pius today received a group of seventy American sailors, members of the crews of a number of destroyers now at Naples. The men were presented by the Vice Rector of the American College. The Pontiff imparted the Apostolic benediction to them and their families.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Ten Eyck Wendell of 300 Park Avenue has returned from Washington, D. C., where she spent several days. Mr. and Mrs. Wendell purpose opening Lakelawn, their country place at Canoevia, N. Y., a little later.

Dr. Percy R. Turnure and Mrs. Turnure of 131 East Sixty-sixth Street are booked to sail June 2 on the Cedric for Europe.

The Misses Alisa Mellon and Alice H. Sylvester have arrived from Washington and are at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Hutton and Mrs. Hutton's daughters, the Misses Adelaide and Eleanor Close have opened Hillwood, their country place at Roslyn, L. I. They intend opening their camp in the Adirondacks later in the season.

Colonel Thomas H. Birch, for eight years United States Minister to Portugal, and Mrs. Birch gave a dinner last evening at the Plaza for Joseph E. Willard, formerly United States Ambassador to Spain.

Mrs. Edson Bradley entertained with a luncheon yesterday for Suffragan Bishop Herbert Shipman and Mrs. Shipman, Mrs. Bradley's daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick S. Goodwin of 697 Central Park West are sailing Tuesday on the Mauretania to spend the Summer in Europe. After touring England they will go to France and Italy and then tour through Switzerland, Germany and Belgium.

The wedding of Miss Gertrude Wilder, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Wilder of 43 Fifth Avenue, and William Cole Esty will take place on June 2 in St. Bartholomew's Church, and the reception will be held at the Ambassador.

Dr. Charles Gilmore Kerley and Mrs. Kerley are today opening their country home at Sharon, Conn.

Miss E. Clarisse de Rham and John Rutherford are to be married this afternoon in the little Church of St. Philip in the Highlands, at Garrison. The reception will be held at the country home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles de Rham.

Mrs. William T. Hildrup Jr., who has been at the St. Regis for the Winter, sails for Europe tomorrow on the Homeric for the Summer. She will visit her sister, the Countess Bocchi-Bianchi, in Florence, Italy.

Miss Betty Hammill entertained at luncheon at Pierre's yesterday for the Misses Lucy Knight, Belle Baruch and Maria Brooke. Mrs. R. de G. Cameron also gave a luncheon there for her daughter, Miss Rhoda Cameron.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Scarborough have come from their home in Englewood, N. J., and are at the Lorraine for a short visit.

Mrs. Arthur D. Cooley of 139 East Sixty-sixth Street, is sailing for Europe on June 6 to remain a month.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

About 2,500 travelers are expected in port today on the Mauretania, Rochambeau, Reliance and Lapland. Prince Mohammed Ali Ibrahim, nephew of the Sultan Fuad of Egypt, who toured the United States last Summer with "Blink" McClosky, his pugilistic cicerone, is arriving on the United American liner Reliance. In his party is Mohammed Soleiman and Dr. Felix Weinhardt. The cabled passenger list makes no mention of "Blink."

Professor Dr. Bernhard Harms, Privy Councillor and director of the German Institute of Ocean Transportation and World Commerce; Robert J. Kugelmann, importer and exporter, of Hamburg, who is accompanied by his wife; Dr. William P. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Siemund, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Trowbridge, Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. H. Gans, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Meyer, William E. Bixby, Mrs. Edith Marks, Mr. and Mrs. John W. McMillan, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Heywood Jr., Mr. and Mrs. James F. Burns, Mrs. Martha Campbell, Benjamin Fox, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jerome and Dr. and Mrs. George K. Meynen also are on the Reliance.

Among the out-of-town people returning on the Reliance are Mr. and Mrs. Alfred B. Stettens of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Ward of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. Carl L. Nietze of Baltimore, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Collver of Cleveland, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jacobs of Brooklyn, J. H. Fennessey and family of Greenwich, Conn.; Mr. and Mrs. Michael Dooley of Providence, R. I.; Dr. and Mrs. Ernest D. Richmond of Reading, Pa.; Misses Elsa and Gail Fauerbach of Madison, Wis.; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Valerius of Kansas City, Ernest Behrend and family of Erie, Pa.; William Bradley and family of Dubuque, Ia., and Mrs. Harriet Brooks-Ohrt and family of Burlington, Vt.

EVENING POST PUBLISHER.

John H. Fahey of New England to Take New Position on June 4.

The New York Evening Post announced yesterday that John H. Fahey was to become its publisher on June 4. On the editorial page of The Evening Post this statement appeared:

"Mr. Fahey is well known in business and newspaper circles as a former President of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, former publisher of The Boston Traveler, and former Vice President of The Associated Press. He has been active in newspaper work for many years and is at present owner and publisher of The Worcester Evening Post and Manchester (N. H.) Mirror. Mr. Fahey will take up his duties as publisher of The New York Evening Post on June 4."

Edwin F. Gay, President of The New York Evening Post, said last night that Mr. Fahey's association with the newspaper would not alter its policy and that Mr. Fahey would be interested chiefly in its business management. Mr. Gay said that Mr. Fahey's joining the staff of The Post bore no relation to the recent increase in the capital stock of the newspaper to $2,000,000.

HUNT LOST STUDENT HERE.

Father and Roommate of Verner W. Clapp of Harvard Take Up Search.

Friends and relatives of Verner Warren Clapp of Washington, D. C., the Harvard student who disappeared from Cambridge, Mass., on May 16, have taken up the search for him in New York, lead by reports to believe that he has made his way here.

A sailor on the tug Spartan which arrived in New York on Wednesday reported to the boy's father, George H. Clapp of Washington, D. C., that he had seen a young man answering the description of the missing student Wednesday morning when the tug put in at Essex, Conn. Mr. Clapp and his son's roommate at Harvard, W. J. Jameson, of St. Paul, Minn., are now in New York searching. Clapp is 21 years old, five feet nine inches tall, weighs 140 pounds, has medium brown hair, wavy and parted in the middle. When last seen he was wearing dark trousers, white sneakers, white shirt, blue swimming jersey and a black jumper coat.

Bridge Aids Foreign Service School.

The bridge party given at the Ambassador yesterday by the junior committee of the Georgetown University Endowment Fund for the benefit of the foreign service school of the university was largely attended. The Misses Margaret Hennessy ad Marjorie Cleveland had charge of the entertainment, assisted by the Misses Grace Henry, Estelle O'Brien, Gloria Gould, Betty Jackson, Natalie Hanna, Jansvince Kerens, Katherine Kelley, Edwina Shanley, Helen Van Ells, Mary Alice Van Ells, Betty Strong and Margaret Power.

Mrs. Hayworth to Get Divorce.

CHICAGO, May 24.—Circuit Judge Rynet indicated today that he would grant a decree of divorce to Mrs. Helen Marie Patterson Hayworth, New York actress, wife of Otto Young Heyworth, one of the heirs of the $10,000,000 estate of his grandfather, Otto Young, a pioneer Chicagoan. A brust agreement presented in court and signed by the principals provides that Mrs. Heyworth shall receive alimony of $45,000, payable in a lump sum. Mrs. Heyworth testified her husband deserted her in 1922, one year after their marriage.

15 WIN FIRE MEDALS FOR UNUSUAL VALOR

One for Exemplary Discipline and Another for Progressive Administration Announced.

AWARDS MADE FOR SPEED

Members of Hook and Ladder 16 Made Fastest Time in the Company School Last Year.

The findings of the Fire Department's Board of Merit, upon which medals will be presented to the winning firemen tomorrow as part of the Silver Jubilee parade, were approved yesterday by Commissioner Thomas J. Drennan. The Board selected from among the acts of bravery at fires during the last year fifteen of unusual valor, one of exemplary discipline, and announced one award for progressive administration. Fifteen awards will be made to members of the fire company which performed most rapidly in the company school.

Presentation of the medals will be made from the reviewing stand tomorrow afternoon. The awards were made, it was announced, after minute investigation by the board, which is made up of Deputy Commissioner Joseph H. Hannon, Deputy Commissioner William F. Thompson, Chief John Kenlon, Assistant Chief Joseph B. (Smoky Joe) Martin, Deputy Chief John O'Hara, Deputy Chief Patrick Maher, Deputy Chief Thomas R. Langford, Deputy Chief John B. King and Deputy Chief James W. Heffernan. Daniel B. Gallagher is Secretary of the Board of Merit.

The medal winners are:

Class One.

Bennett Medal, with Department Medal, to Captain Edwin A. A. Quinn of 317 West Fourth Street, Acting Chief of the Sixth Battalion.

Bonner Medal, with Department Medal, to Fireman Frank B. Cartwright, 1,357 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, H. and L. 112.

Trevor-Warren Medal, with Department Medal, to Fireman Frank Haig, 2,361 Hughes Street, Ridgewood, H. & L. 119.

Kenny Medal, with Department Medal, to Fireman Edward W. Stiehler, 1,750 Broadway, Brooklyn, Engine 231.

Van Heusden Medal, with Department Medal, to Fireman William R. Jacobs, 416 119th Street, Jamaica, H. and L. 142.

Class 2.

Brooklyn Citizen's medal, to Lieutenants James P. McChrone, 436 Fifty-fourth Street, Brooklyn, Hook and Ladder 148.

Hurley medal, Fireman Francis E. Powers, 1,776 Greenwich Street, Engine 18.

Commissioner's medal, Fireman Stanley F. Wranik, 558 Columbus Avenue, Hook and Ladder 1.

Brooklyn medal, Captain Raimund W. Haupt, 216 East Twentieth Street, Hook and Ladder 3.

Prentice medal, Fireman Frank W. Ross, 148-11 Ninety-fifth Street, Richmond Hill, Hook and Ladder 127.

Scott medal, Fireman Mark Janesky, 900 Decatur Street, Engine 204.

Agnew Medal to Fireman Arthur F. Shaw, 90 Vermont Street, Brooklyn, Hook and Ladder 143.

Stephenson medal for Discipline to Captain Michael F. Conley, 102 Cornelia Street, Brooklyn, Engine 268, and Acting Chief of the Thirty-sixth Battalion.

Administration Medal to Fireman Walter G. Murphy, 518 West 168th Street, Hook and Ladder 1.

Efficiency medals to the officers and members of Hook and Ladder 16, Manhattan, for the fastest evolutions in the Company School last year.

Rescued Four Women.

Captain Quinn and Fireman Powers distinguished themselves at 16 East Thirteenth Street on Nov. 3 last, where nitro-cellulose novelties created a fire which resulted in the deaths of five girls employed there. Entering a blazing third floor window from a ladder, Captain Quinn rescued three young women. Powers, immediately behind him, rescued another.

Firemen Cartwright and Haig, on Jan. 29, at 63 Reid Avenue, rescued two persons from the fourth floor, carrying them down a scaling ladder to the stronger ladder and thence to the sidewalk.

Fireman Stiehler, on Jan. 30, at 251 Christopher Street, Brooklyn, lifted five persons out of a top-floor window of a three-story dwelling house by having comrades anchor his feet to the cornices while he reached below and hauled them up to safety.

Firemen Jacobs, Ross, Shaw and Janesky participated in rescues at 11,315 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, on April 30.

Lieutenant McChrone, on Jan. 29, at 1,488 Forty-fourth Street, dropped through the skylight bulkhead and on the top floor rescued a child from fire.

Captain Haupt, on April 30, at 220 East Twelfth Street, entered a blazing room in the rear of the ground floor and rescued a man in danger from an exploding alcohol lamp.

Fireman Winnis, at 241 109th Street, on Sept. 30, rescued two women from the fifth floor of a house where nine others perished.

Four Times on Merit Roll.

Captain Conley, who will receive the Stephenson Medal, has proved himself an exceptional commander. He was appointed in 1895, promoted a Lieutenant in 1907 and a Captain in 1914. His name appears four times on the roll of merit.

For the first time in the history of the department, the Administration Medal goes to a fireman in the ranks. Walter G. Murphy of Hook and Ladder 1, for making the best suggestion. Murphy devised a system of inspections and records pertaining to the character of buildings and the nature of their occupancies. The system will be installed in every engine house.

The members of Hook and Ladder 16, who will get medals for making the fastest time in the company school last year, are Captain Robert E. McGannen, Lieutenant J. J. Tobin, Firemen Robert J. Davis, John J. Martin, Patrick J. Murphy, William J. Flannery (now a Lieutenant), William Nygryn, William G. Vaughan, Frederick Geiger, William T. Lawler, Edward J. Smith, Thomas Barragry, Patrick J. O'Connell, Colman Kerley and Hugo Braun.

A KRUPP GOES TO BELLEVUE.

Relative's Fate in Ruhr Said to Have Unhinged a Cook's Mind.

Eugenie Krupp, 35 years old, her mind unbalanced through worry over the imprisonment of Herr, Hugo Krupp Von Bohlen, the German munitions manufacturer, whom she claims as a relative, was taken to Bellevue Hospital yesterday for observation. For the last month she had been employed as a cook in the home of Max Landay at 190 Riverside Drive, owner of a chain of sporting goods and phonograph stores. It was said that she had been acting strangely throughout that time.

Her relationship to the munitions makers was said to be through Mrs. Bertha Krupp, one of the owners of the great plant in Essen, Germany. Her salary as cook was $110 a month, but the police said that they had found bank books in her possession showing deposits of about $17,000 in this city.

The police declared that, according to their information, Miss Krupp's mind had been unsettled since Herr Krupp Von Bohlen was sentenced to fifteen years in prison recently by the French Tribunal for resisting the French operations in the Ruhr.

Mr. Landay said that Miss Krupp was hired through an agency and had given her nationality as Austrian. She was under the delusion that there was a man in the Landay household waiting a chance to kill her and during the last three weeks had suffered fainting spells.

BORAH URGES FIGHT ON DOMESTIC ISSUES

He Announces in a Manchester Speech Bills on Fuel, Freights and Profiteering.

MANCHESTER, N. H., May 24.—Measures looking to a solution of the nation's domestic problems, more particularly the fuel and freight rate situations and profiteering in the necessities of life, are in preparation for introduction at the next session of Congress, Senator Borah of Idaho announced here tonight in an address.

"It is safe to say these measures will be denounced as radical," Senator Borah said. "They may or may not be found to constitute the solution of the problem, but I venture to say to those who may oppose them that they should be ready to offer substitute remedies. The present conditions are intolerable. They cannot be permitted to continue."

Senator Borah said that if those who were excited over Bolshevist propaganda from abroad would help remedy the situation at home, give the people an economic and just government, and the necessities of life at a price untainted by monopoly and extortion" there need not be any uneasiness about what comes from abroad.

"It is our unsettled and unsolved domestic problems which should give us concern," he added, "and not the teachings or preachings of people 5,000 miles away. Our difficulties involve the interests and welfare of all. We can only recover, we can only escape the dilemma, by the common effort and the cooperation of all classes.

"The whole problem in dealing with these great questions is how to settle them with as little suffering and waste and misery as possible. Eliminate great cost or lesser cost they will be settled, and settled right.

"The first thing, in order to settle them right, is to come to a realization once and for all that the people will neither consent to freeze nor to be indefinitely robbed. They will not pay unrighteous and unconscionable prices for the use of the great natural resources dedicated to them by an all-wise Providence. Those who do nothing are wittingly, or unwittingly, contributing to disaster."

AMERICANS WORRY ABOUT PARKING CARS

And Not About World Politics, Says George E. Roberts in Philadelphia Speech.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.—Where they are going to park their automobiles is of more concern to the American people than world politics or the European situation, George E. Roberts, Vice-President of the National City Bank of New York, said tonight at the Philadelphia Textile Manufacturers' Association's semi-annual dinner. Business men need have no fear for the future prosperity of the country from present indications, he said.

"The greatest danger in periods of inflation, said Mr. Roberts, is that business people do not use the profits for reducing their indebtedness, but continue to draw on their credit to the straining point. Unfortunately, the Federal Reserve Bank was inaugurated when the country was at war and the Government's needs were the greatest. The result was that it did not function as intended when the crisis came because there was no reserve for the banks to draw upon. But this situation will soon right itself, as the lesson has been learned that business cannot use the bank reserve and have it when needed the most."

ENGLISHWOMAN HELD.

Artist's Wife Charged With Writing Letters to Woman She Herself Accuses.

Accused of writing letters to the woman she charges with having alienated the affections of her husband, Mrs. Annette Patricia Hunter Moorepark, 48, of 6 East Fourteenth Street, wife of Carton Moorepark, an English artist now in this country, was held in $100 bail late yesterday afternoon in the West Side Court for trial in Special Sessions. The complainant was Mrs. Moyra Wallace, 35, a designer and artist of 26 West Forty-sixth Street, who alleged that Mrs. Moorepark had written her numerous annoying and threatening letters for several months past.

Mrs. Moorepark, when arraigned before Magistrate Richard McKinley, denied she had written any letters to Mrs. Wallace, although she said she had written about her to a Mrs. Helen Woodward, a mutual acquaintance.

She said her husband was an artist on a par with Sargent and other famous artists and capable of earning considerable money. Mrs. Moorepark said her husband had left her a year ago with but 50 cents to take care of herself and their 16-year-old son, Howard, and that she had been compelled to do nursing since then to support herself and son and was now occupying a small room of the former large apartment occupied by the family.

Mrs. Moorepark testified that Mrs. Wallace was introduced in the Moorepark family several years ago when she was practically penniless. She said she had nursed her to health during an illness. Mrs. Wallace testified that she had not alienated the affections of Mrs. Moorepark's husband and declared that the artist was merely in her employ.

GEM ROBBER CONVICTED.

Hoboken Man Found Guilty of Role in $50,000 Hold-Up.

Charles F. Curtis, forty-three, who said he was a ship surveyor, and lived at 607 Clinton Street, Hoboken, was found guilty yesterday in Judge Talley's part of General Sessions of participating in the $50,000 gem hold-up of Mrs. Lillian Myers, a former member of the Follies chorus, in her apartment at 300 West Forty-ninth Street on December 21 last. Curtis and a confederate bound and gagged Mrs. Meyers and her maid before looting her husband's safe in the apartment of about $45,000 worth of jewelry.

They then stripped Mrs. Meyers's fingers of her wedding ring and a seven-carat diamond ring, and from a dresser obtained a $1,500 mesh bag, a vanity case and other jewels. Curtis was arrested a month later in connection with the robbery of $500,000 worth of gems from Mrs. Hugo C. P. Schoellkopf of Buffalo, in the apartment of Frank Barret Carman in West Fifty-second Street, found to have no connection with that hold-up, but Mrs. Meyers identified him as one of the men who robbed her.

Curtis contended at his trial that he was out of the city at the time Mrs. Meyers was robbed, but Assistant District Attorney Owen E. Bohan produced letters which Curtis wrote while he was awaiting trial in the Tombs and which aided considerably in his conviction. These letters were intercepted by George Kammerer, who is under a sentence of two and a half years in the prison for swindling several business men. Curtis served terms in 1904 and 1908 on burglary charges. He will be sentenced this morning.

CAN TAKE HER BABY TO JAIL.

Permit Given Mrs. Creighton, Accused With Her Husband of Murder.

The authorities of Essex County, N. J., decided yesterday that Mrs. John Creighton will be permitted to return to jail next week with her infant son, born in Newark City Hospital after she and her husband had been arrested on the charge of murdering Mrs. Creighton's brother, Charles R. Avery, with arsenic.

It was hinted yesterday that because of the weakness of the evidence against the couple the State may not be prepared to go to trial on June 18. James W. McCarthy, counsel for the defendants, said that he will be ready for trial then and will protest any motion for postponement.

CHILDREN WIN CASH IN POSTER CONTEST

250 Prizes Awarded by S. P. C. A. and Women's League to Pupils of Schools.

JUDGES PRAISE EXHIBITS

$00 Receive Honorable Mention—List of Those Receiving $10 and $5 Awards.

With 250 money prizes awarded and 500 honorable mentions to school children of New York, the American S. P. C. A. and the New York Women's League for Animals, closed their children's Humane Poster contest at which 6,000 posters were submitted. The exhibition was so much superior to that of a previous contest that the judges said they found it difficult to make decisions.

The exhibition was held in the basement of the American S. P. C. A. Building, and on the jury of awards were Mrs. Minnie Maddern Fiske, Miss Rose A. Grosvenor, Mrs. Elliot Tuckerman, Mrs. Lewis Gouverneur Morris, Mrs. Louis H. Smith, Miss Margaret Bonnell, Mrs. Edward M. Weld, Mrs. Walter J. Salmon, Frank H. Collins and Dr. Gustave Straubenmuller.

The cash awards were as follows:

Prizes of $10—Olaf Strom, Public School 40; Anna Beaudhuy, Public School 90; Albert Pietrasewsky, Public School 98 Manhattan; Max Roberts, Public School 50; E. Nicholides, Public School 54; Isadore Levy, Public School 58, the Bronx; Pasquale Grasso, Public School 98; Sarah Wiener, Public School 100; Jacob Desind, Public School 174, Brooklyn; Nelson Hilger, Public School 57, Queens.

Prizes of $5—Norman Tienkan, 53; Anna Kaufman, 85; Kenneth Anesser, 4; Lorraine Newman, 10; Alfred Albert, 61, the Bronx; Pierre Mattaliano, 6; Sadie Schroeder, 9; Robert Supuour, 35; Clinton Reilly, 64; Mario Ionides, 64; Max Schwartz, 66; Phillip Saltzman, 66; Carmine Forcaro, 83; Moses Levine, 109; Meyer Gold, 109; Helen Hornstein, 139 Broadway; Ethel Cuthbert, 153; Ben Levinson, 178, Brooklyn; Joseph Richman, Practice School; Mat Fox, 1; Isadora Abner, 19; Louis Biderman, 26; Pasquale Bongiovanni, 40; J. Blaney, 40; Angelo Randazzo, 40; Raymond Staadt, 40; Adolph Chewinsky, 64; Edith Kintsler, 72; Anna Hetzel, 86; Selma Friedman, 86; Rose Gottlieb, 90; Elva E. Critchley, 90; Albert Echevavria, 153; Irving Cooperman, 158; Charles Friedman, 168; John Sheehan, 168; R. L. Barracanio, 171, Manhattan; Charles Thompson, 6, Michael Pretyka, 50; John Burgess, 46; Emma Kreedel, 56; John Nefer, 94; Edward Campbell, 97, Queens; Annetie Engelhausen, 13; Lillian Crapanzano, 13, Richmond.

The children are requested not to call for their posters. Those for which prizes were awarded became the property of the society, and the others will be returned to the schools which the contributors attend before June 20. The prizes also will be sent to the schools.

UNVEIL ROOSEVELT STATUE.

Concert Marks Ceremony in Mount Vernon High School.

A marble statue of Theodore Roosevelt was unveiled last night at the high school in Mount Vernon. It is the work of Vincenzo Miserendino of New York.

In behalf of the city Mayor Edwin W. Fiske received the sculpture, on the base of which is engraved this typically Rooseveltian saying: "Aggressive fighting for the right is the noblest sport the world affords."

Among those who appeared at a concert which marked the unveiling were Rafaelo Diaz of the Metropolitan Opera Company, Miss Cecil Arden, illuminato Miserendino and Cecilie Quartararo.

The committee which had charge of the unveiling was headed by Dr. W. H. Holmes, Superintendent of Schools. Other members were M. D. Stiles, Dr. G. C. Vetere, M. Forte, V. Quartararo, A. A. Buck, E. Miccio, Martin Jenter, G. Rapisarda, C. Krummeck and G. Roberts.

Mrs. Lillian Mai Bunker.

Mrs. Lillian Mai Bunker, widow of Edward A. Bunker, a retired business man of Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at Loomis, N. Y., at the age of 59 years. Mrs. Bunker was born in Avignon, France, the daughter of Thomas and Marion de Cabsonne. After the death of her parents she was taken to India, where at the age of 16 she was presented at the Vice Regal Court. Mrs. Bunker had traveled extensively all over the world. Several years ago she became interested in vocational work for the blind in this city. She was formerly a Vice President of the Shut-In Society and of the Wayside Home for Wayward Girls at Valley Stream, L. I. Mrs. Bunker is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Adelaide Bunker White, of 420 West 119th Street. The interment will be in Greenwood Cemetery today.

John Van Vorst Booraem.

John Van Vorst Booraem, eighty-six years old, for fifty years an engineer connected with the sugar refining industry in New York, died yesterday at his home, 204 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn. He was born in Jersey City. Mr. Booraem studied engineering in France and Germany, and in 1861 he became a marine engineer for the Government. From 1870 until 1882 he was associated with the Decastro & Donner Sugar Refining Company, following which he became consulting engineer for the American Sugar Refining Company. He is survived by his widow and two sons.

Dr. Frederick W. Smith.

Dr. Frederick William Smith, urological specialist with offices at 40 East Forty-first Street, died suddenly of heart disease at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., yesterday. Dr. Smith had gone there with Mrs. Smith for his health. He was a graduate of Syracuse University in the class of '08. He was a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons and of the academy of Medicine, and a member of the Urological Society. Dr. Smith was consulting urologist of the North Westchester, Mount Kisco and New Jersey State Hospitals, and urologist at St. Bartholomew's Hospital.

Dr. Hans Goldschmidt.

Dr. Hans Goldschmidt, metallurgist and inventor of the Thermit welding process, died on May 20, at Baden-Baden. He was 63 years old. Dr. Goldschmidt was born in Berlin, Germany. He studied under Bunsen and other famous scientists, specializing in chemistry and physics at the universities of Berlin, Leipsic, Heidelberg and Strassburg. He was President of the Goldschmidt Thermit Company, now the Metal and Thermit Corporation from 1904 until 1916.

Dr. Laura M. Piantz Dies at 94.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 24.—Dr. Laura M. Piantz, 94, who until three years ago practiced medicine in Columbus, is dead at the home of her son, Walter G. Wheaton, here. She was graduated from the Philadelphia medical college with the class of 1860. She was the first woman to practice medicine in three States, Minnesota, Michigan and Vermont.

Charles E. Heald.

ONEONTA, N. Y., May 24.—Charles E. Heald, one of the attorneys for Albert H. Patrick of New York when Patrick was charged with the murder of William Marsh Rice, millionaire, died in his home here today. Mr. Heald for thirty-three years was a practicing attorney in New York City. The body will be buried Saturday in the Heald family plot at Concord Mass.

The Rev. Thomas Chalmers Easton.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 24.—The Rev. Thomas Chalmers Easton, former pastor of the Eastern Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., who was acquainted with all the Presidents from Lincoln to Wilson, died here today.

CUSTER'S LAST SCOUT DEAD.

Curly, Crow Indian, Sole Survivor of Battle, Buried in Montana.

BILLINGS, Mont., May 24.—The sole survivor of the Custer Massacre, and the Indian who brought the first news of the tragic battle of the Little Big Horn to the outside world in 1876, Curly, the Crow scout, was buried at the Crow agency yesterday.

Curly died Tuesday of a fever which failed to yield to his primitive methods of treatment. He was 78 years old. Government officials and employes attended the funeral in a body, and the Indian Office was closed during the funeral hour. Members of the American Legion posts at Hardin and Lodge Grass acted as pallbearers.

Curly is survived by a widow and son, who will inherit his estate of something over $11,000, besides a yearly annuity from the Government in recognition of his services during the Indian wars of 1860-1880.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. ISIDOR H. ROGOW, a Brooklyn dentist and home dental surgeon of the Hebrew Sheltering Asylum, died yesterday in the Hayes Sanitarium in Manhattan, after an operation. He received his degree at the New York College of Dentistry and was a member of the Odus Country Society. He lived at 915 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn.

STUART W. WALKER, formerly United States attorney for the Northern District of West Virginia, died yesterday at his home in Martinsburg, W. Va., of paralysis. He was 60 years old.

GEORGE F. WEBSTER, Massachusetts State Representative from Boxford, who introduced a bill in the State Court to create a commission to investigate the alleged discrimination against Jews at Harvard, died yesterday at his home in Boxford, Mass. He was 48 years old.

ALBERT C. FOUGNER, formerly a banker in Chicago, died yesterday at his home in Paris, France. He was 68 years old.

JOSEPH A. ANEKSTEIN, C. S. S., a municipal court stenographer, died on Tuesday at his home, 42 West Ninety-third Street. He was employed in the Eighth District Municipal Court.

CHARLES W. MACHEN, for many years a manufacturer of bottling and exporting firm of C. Machen & Hudson of Liverpool, died yesterday at his home, 926 Riverside Drive. He was 77 years old. Mr. Machen was of the sixth generation to carry on the business.

EGBERT INGERSOLL, said to have been the last of the United States Secret Service operatives on duty during the Civil War, died at his home in Lake Mahopac, N. Y., Wednesday night. He was 100 years old. He was born in New York. He acted as personal messenger for President Lincoln and Secretary of War Stanton.

The Rev. Dr. W. H. BROOKS, chaplain of the Fifteenth Infantry, U. S. A., and formerly for twenty-six years pastor of the St. Mark's Methodist Episcopal Church in West Twenty-third Street, died on Wednesday at his home in Camp Parole, Md. He was in his 64th year.

Born.

ALEXANDER—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Alexander of Far Rockaway (nee Mabel Leon) announce the birth of a son, Charles W., on May 22.

Engaged.

HALDEMAN-LIPPS—Mr. E. J. Lipps announces the engagement of his daughter, Martha Katherine, to Mr. Donald G. Haldeman, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Haldeman of London.

Died.

ADAMS—Robert Franklin, suddenly, from internal complications, on May 24, aged 59 years. Funeral services will be held at 3 o'clock (daylight saving time), at his late residence, 55 North St., Greenwich, Conn., Saturday, May 26. Train service, N. Y., N. H. & H. R.R., leaving Grand Central Station at 12:45 P. M. standard or 1:45 P. M. daylight saving time.

ATKINS—Joseph P., on May 24. Funeral from his late residence, 3,061 St. Nicholas Av., on Saturday at 1 P. M.

BALL—On Tuesday, May 22, 1923, at her residence, 1,217 Ditmas Av., Brooklyn, Mary Hannah, daughter of the late Robert and Hannah Ball. Funeral services will be held at the residence on Friday, May 25 at 2 o'clock.

BEARD—Florence, of Cambridge, Mass., May 24, daughter of Edward L. and Stella Beard. Funeral services at St. John's Memorial Chapel, Cambridge, Mass., Saturday, May 26, at 3 P. M.

BECHER—On Thursday, May 24, Sarah Bechet, beloved mother of Solomon, Philip Nathan, Jean, Beckie and Morris. Services will be held at her late residence, 3,049 Broadway, Friday, May 25, at 12 noon. Interment at Bechet family plot, Washington Cemetery.

BENEDICT—May 24, 1923, at his residence, 420 Riverside Drive, Frederick S., beloved husband of Etta C. Benedict, aged 71 years. Funeral and interment Hartford, Conn.

BOORAEM—On Thursday, May 24, John Van Vorst Booraem, beloved husband of Elizabeth Wreaks, son of the late Henry Augustus and Cornelia Van Vorst Booraem. Funeral service Saturday morning at 11 o'clock from his late residence, 204 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn. Philadelphia, Denver, Minneapolis papers please copy.

BRENDON—On May 23, 1923, Charles Brendon, beloved husband of Isabella Gillette Brendon. Funeral services at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th St. east of 5th Av., on Friday, May 25, 1923, at 3 P. M.

BUEL—On Wednesday, May 23, Rev. David Hillhouse Buel, husband of Katharine Stevens Buel. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 800 Central Park West

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required. *Rate 15 cents per word.*

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

I have $25,000 to invest in a live business which can show results and needs capital for expansion.

S. D. HINGE,
9 East 40th St.,
New York City.

HAVE $5,000 to invest with services in legitimate business proposition warranting strictest investigation; principals only; give full particulars in first letter; confidential. G 319 Times.

THEATRE and amusement park manager has $2,000 and services. D 590 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

SOLE DISTRIBUTOR for Greater New York —Radios 50 miles; radio products, nationally known; superior to other products for similar use; already being sold in substantial quantity as result of extensive advertising campaign. Independent existing selling organization wanted to take over entire Metropolitan distribution—sale, collections and financial responsibilities; must be able to finance minimum stock involving $25,000; exceptionally large profits and income, and future permanent business assured. Knowledge of radio preferred but not essential; immediate action demanded. Address Radio, Room 24, 225 Market St., Newark, N. J.

PARTNER WANTED.

Ladies' coat manufacturer with good piece goods connections and best of credit is looking for a man with at least $10,000 to $15,000 or more; experience not essential if the man is a real merchant and salesman, as the opportunities are good to make real money, and I need the man to help me attain my goal; all correspondence in confidence.

BOX 913, 1214 WILSON BLDG.

WELL established, high class organization desires private individual willing advance $1,000 upward against open accounts; would consider directorship or constructive affiliation if mutually desirable; professional concerns need not apply. D 589 Times.

GOOD opportunity for a live business man who can invest about $20,000 or more as a partner in a wholesale and retail general merchandise business in Connecticut; firm has been established for 20 years. X 2444 Times Annex.

CAPITAL seeking carefully selected business enterprises, various kinds yielding large profits; can place units, $5,000 to $100,000. H. M. Black & Co., 23 years' banking experience at 55 Broadway.

PARTNER wanted with $10,000 to assist in incorporating business and selling stock; safe, legitimate, rare opportunity. B 200 Times.

OPTICAL and scientific novelties; capital wanted to manufacture. Box S 151, 206 Broadway.

ESTABLISHED manufacturing specialty business requires young man as full partner; $10,000 required. B 554 Times.

PARTNER in going suburban realty house; full information; small investment, ABA, Daily Argus, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

ESTABLISHED live wire selling organization with midtown ground floor showroom and office, near Broadway, desires exclusive Greater New York wholesale distribution established line, any high class merchandise or specialty; reason discontinuance present line and proof financial responsibility given personal interview. E 561 Times.

GOING to Europe—Gentleman of highest integrity, many years' experience in import-export, knowing Europe and European languages, will represent interests of American firms or act on commission in any capacity; highest credentials. V. Annoni, 31 6th Av., New York.

BUILDER experienced with one and two family houses; can estimate direct sales, close contracts and handle large force of men; capable executive, with good business record; would like to connect with some firm where hard work and ability will be recognized and advanced. E 373 Times.

TEXAS MORTGAGES, 7% NET.

Experienced, financially responsible firm in Dallas will represent Eastern capital in placing first lien mortgages on improved city property. Write Allen, 804 Sumpter Building, Dallas, Texas.

ENGAGE in paying business for yourself; reliable, aggressive man to take over established trade in New York City as sole distributor and operate own sales force; moderate means required. Holder Products Corporation, 136 Liberty St., N. Y.

THE UNIONVILLE
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
Solicits correspondence from manufacturers contemplating
CHANGE OF LOCATION.
UNIONVILLE, CONN.

SALESMAN wants additional line; commission or own account; might co-operate with small concern requiring help and money advances against sales. Write fully E 450 Times.

WE have plant with 12 Merrow machines equipped to do narrow overlock edging. We are willing to contract for work in any line using Merrow machines. W 1184 Times Harlem.

DRESSMAKER, exclusive 5th Av. importer, desires lady partner, milliner, corsetiere or dressmaker; must have New York following. Write R. G., 184 Times.

LEAVING June first on motor trip to Seattle; have time and would like to represent some worth-while concern enroute; executive of ability; age 40. G 328 Times.

TWO young business men seek agency, N. Y. and vicinity; live wires; bank and business references exchanged. G 916 Times Downtown.

SALES organizations offered profit-sharing opportunity; manufacturer quality radio instruments; we furnish, install sets that you sell. C 846 Times Downtown.

IMPORTER-MANUFACTURER, leaving May 26 for France, Germany and Switzerland, will transact business for reputable concerns. Kuehne, 928 Broadway.

CHEMICAL Consultations—Processes, formulas, analyses; discreet, reliable. Lex Chemical Co., 275 Pearl St.

ACCOUNTANT wishes to purchase practice, will consider making investment on partnership basis. B 166 Times.

SOUTH African at present in New York would like to take up agencies for South Africa. E 425 Times.

MANUFACTURER of ladies' hats seeks partner with a following. R 491 Times.

TWO college men driving to California wish to represent reliable concern. E 461 Times.

FOR SALE.

SPLENDID opportunity for tea house, restaurant, in Westchester County; main thoroughfare; 1 hour by motor from New York; 4 acres, trees, brook, waterfalls, artesian well; four buildings; large floor space, office, dining rooms, 7 bedrooms, 4 baths; steam heat; dancing pavilion; cottage; outbuildings; bargain. See David W. Cornell, Manager of Reed Clark (Old and Reliable) Depot Plaza, White Plains. Tel. 1816 White Plains.

ESTABLISHED taxi business, town of 6,000; equipment consists of undertaker's wagon, 3 hearses, 3 Packards, 1 Dodge, 2 limousine cars, 1 twin six Packard, 1 Pierce-Arrow, 6 Ford taxis; N. Y. Central Station rights; 9-year lease of garage; rent $70 per month; all for $10,000; one-half cash, balance 3 years. W. E. Burdsall,
Phone 4030W. 57 Radford St., Yonkers.

CAFE PHILA., Chestnut St., central, one of prettiest in city; LOCATION, EQUIPMENT and SEATING CAPACITY is such that by proper management place should do at least $500,000 yearly; very reasonable rent; satisfactory lease; price, $42,000; one-half cash; couldn't be replaced for $100,000. David Lowenstein, 1001 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—Old established dyeing and dry cleaning plant; all latest machinery; only modern equipped plant in Orange County; city of 20,000; death of owner; bargain. Packhiser's Dye Works, Middletown, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Hotel and roadhouse; other interests compel quick sale; fully equipped; attractively located on lake in Putnam County; value $25,000; will consider reasonable offer, half cash, if made immediately. Write Box 960, 206 Fitzgerald Bldg.

GREAT NECK—Must be sold on account of ill-health, a first-class ice cream and confectionery business, with or without building; price right; reasonable terms. C. Geo. Gulbar, Great Neck, N. Y. Phone 724.

FOR SALE—A plant complete to manufacture cabinet work, 50 wooden toys; we would also take a partner with money and run the business with him, if so preferred. X 2445 Times Annex.

AUTO accessory store and gasoline station, including completely equipped battery service station and vulcanizing plants, situated on best corner of main road to Coney Island. 4,070 18th Av., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE.

$10,000 cash will buy typewriter business established 27 years, $7,000 annual income from rentals. Manager retiring forces owners to sell. Durant McLean Typewriter Co., 253 Broadway, N. Y.

RARE opportunity to buy one-third interest in old-established, good going ladies' apparel manufacturing business. For full particulars call A. Smolfan, care Ben Levis, 115 West 30th.

GARAGE, Brooklyn, Bedford section, 120x100; 54c gross; 90 cars; excellent opportunity; cash $8,000. Di Pietro, 250 West 57th.

CELLULOID novelty umbrella; exceptional opportunity to buy established business, building and equipment. Ensor's, Arlington, N. J.

OLD-established dyeing, embroidery and hemstitching business; all fixtures, machinery, stock and good-will for sale. Goodwin & Goodwin, 200 Lenox Ave.

GARAGE, Brooklyn, Bedford section, 120x100; 54c. gross; 90 cars; excellent opportunity; cash $8,000. Di Pietro, 250 West 57th.

GARAGE—Brooklyn, 100 x 100; rent $550; $6,000, including $3,000 security. Francis J. Phillips, 47 West 42d.

SPECIALTY STORE for sale, very reasonable; hosiery, underwear; no agents. E 328 Times.

ESTABLISHED downtown general trucking business; motor equipment; $4,000 required; good reason for selling. R 405 Times.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCY (Commercial), will sell at sacrifice. Box S 136, 206 Broadway.

FINANCING AND LOANS.

BUSINESS AND PERSONAL LOANS.
Loans to $5,000, one year or less, weekly or monthly payment plan; no chattels, no pawns, no salary assignment; call or write for booklet.
THE MORRIS PLAN COMPANY
Resources over $14,000,000.
Main office, 261 Broadway.
368 Grand St. 26 Court St., Brooklyn.
261 East 149th St. 1,065 Pitkin Av., Brklyn.
1 Union Square. 804 Manhattan Av., B'klyn.
Under Supervision State Banking Dept.

WE WILL FINANCE YOU ON TRADE ACCEPTANCES OR OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS WITHOUT DISTURBING THE RELATION WITH YOUR CUSTOMER; PROMPT AND EFFICIENT SERVICE.
THE FINANCE TRUST,
30 EAST 42D ST.
VANDERBILT 6615.

MONEY advanced on outstanding accounts, trade acceptances and other good collateral; weekly payments arranged; our non-notification finance system offers great possibilities to small business men; confidential. Cleveland Finance Corp., 1 Union Square. Stuyvesant 3434.

LOANS ON AUTOMOBILES, WHILE IN YOUR POSSESSION; ALSO PRINTING PLANTS; ASSIGNMENT OF ACCOUNTS, RENTS AND OTHER GOOD COLLATERAL CONSIDERED; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. PEERLESS SALES CORPORATION, 136 WEST 52D ST. CIRCLE 6743.

MONEY! MONEY MAKES MONEY!
Money loaned in any amount on diamonds, jewelry, silverware; safe deposit vaults; special rate for short-time loans.
EQUITABLE PLEDGE SOCIETY, INC.,
3 EAST 14TH ST.

MONEY TALKS—Obtain money on your outstanding accounts, with or without notification and make your purchases for cash. We also buy mortgages. EAGLE FINANCE, 44 East 23d. Ashland 1468.

INDIVIDUAL loans to $5,000; diamonds, jewelry, silverware; furs taken in storage, money loaned. College Loan Office, 2,123 8th Av. Cathedral 8815.

SECOND MORTGAGE MONEY.
We have unlimited capital with which to finance second mortgages; little red tape; unusually fair rates. R 490 Times.

CONFIDENTIAL loans; second mortgages; rent assignments; outstanding accounts; automobiles. Suite 700, 5 West 20th.

AUTOMOBILE loans made quickly and confidentially; lowest rates; representative calls. Longacre 5136.

FINANCING accounts receivable, non-notification real estate mortgages purchased. Jaffin, Pennsylvania 1065.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS obtain loans while using car; quick answers; confidential. Bryant 2385.

BUSINESS SERVICES.

LOW-PRICED QUALITY PRINTING.
Exceptionally capable Service Department furnishes complete ideas for mail sales campaign. Schuld, 239 W. 35th. 4379 Longacre.

MY SALES LETTERS bring results because they are scientifically written. Durant, 161 Water St. John 4194.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EDGEMERE BOARDWALK, ocean front, seaside amusement park; concessions of all kinds; 250,000 transient people; at the Edgemere station. Lewis H. May Co., 18 West 27th.

GARAGE—West side, 100x100; security only; garage, 100x100, $1,500; also want two-family house, west side. Jerry K. Cronin Realty Co., 2025 Broadway, room 217.

SAYS CANADA SEEKS NEWS PRINT CONTROL

Dr. H. P. Baker Asserts Export Tax and Higher Costs Will Result—Urges Reforestation Policy.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 24.—Canada is determined to control the paper industry on this continent, Dr. Hugh P. Baker, Executive Secretary of the American Paper and Pulp Association, declared today in an address before the Cost Association of the Paper Industry. The permanency of the industry in the United States is largely dependent upon the protection of the nation's forests, he said.

"Undoubtedly, the paper industry of the United States faces an increase in the cost of the pulp wood now being imported from Canada through the proposal now being considered in Canada to impose an export tax upon all pulp wood exported to United States mills," he said. "An export tax upon wood from freehold lands, if not a complete embargo upon wood from those lands, is very imminent.

"Within a year or two Canada will be producing more newsprint than the United States. It is entirely within the bounds of probability for us to look forward to an export tax upon Canadian newsprint as soon as Canada feels that she has that phase of the industry on this continent well within her control. Such a tax has already been suggested in Canada.

"It would appear from reports in trade journals that the Canadians are now considering following up their successful efforts to control the newsprint industry of the continent by similar campaigns to control other branches of the paper industry.

"Ohio has nearly three million acres of natural forest land, not suited for agriculture, which is today idle. There is enough forest land north of the Ohio River, and east of the Mississippi to provide all the raw material our country needs for all time, if it were producing a timber crop.

"Our national tendency to gamble in raw materials must be overcome. There must be a clearer recognition of the fact that we are facing a period of lean years, and that we must adapt ourselves as an industry to gradual changing of conditions in the way of the necessity for bringing our wood and pulp greater distances, and the increasing costs of these materials. While the paper industry uses less than 5 per cent. of the total wood cut in the United States, the fact that the nation's forests are being cut nearly five times as fast as they are growing gives us cause to stop, look and listen, and to reforest our idle lands. The paper industry is doing this on a large scale, and yet not large enough. It is leading the nation in the industrial practice of forestry, but what is now being done is only a small part of what should be done by all industries."

Men's and Young Men's Clothing on the Fourth Floor

EIGHTY YEARS OF FAITHFUL SERVICE

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET — BROADWAY — 33RD STREET — NEW YORK CITY

Men's Furnishings and Hosiery on the Street Floor

MEN!

Gimbels for Sports Togs and Accessories

The Right Styles at the Right Prices Here

Sports Hats
Duck, Khaki and White Felt. Roll 'em up and put 'em in your bag! Keep you cool on golf links, tennis court or shore. $1.00

Sports Caps
Tweeds, Polos, Palm Beaches and Mixtures. For motoring, golfing, outings or sports. Large selection. $1.00

Sweater Coats
All-wool. Two pockets. Light weight. For the golfer, camper or autoist. Very specially priced. $4.75

Bathing Suits
All-wool. Two pieces, including belt. Shirt has new athletic cut. Trousers reinforced. Belt loops. Special. $4.25

Golf Hose
Imported English golf hose. Exceptional quality. Light weight. New Jacquard design on top. All wanted colors. Pr. $2.95

Beach Robes
Terry Cloth. A hot weather robe for all purposes. Feels good. Looks good. Can be laundered. Sizes: small, medium, large. $2.95

Golf Oxfords
A shoe of soft grain leather with rubber cheater soles and heels that grip. Grey and Tan; Red and Tan; Elk and Grey. $6.85

The Four-Piece Sports Suit
Coat, Vest, Trousers and Knickers

For Sports Wear

$35 and Up.

For Business Wear

These four-piece suits are the real thing. They are *the* sports suits for the sportsman. Cut right, built right. Many new models in new fabrics. Tweeds, Herringbones, Plaids, Checks and Fancy Mixtures. Four pieces to each suit—coat, vest, long trousers and knickers. SIZES 34 to 44.

Golf Knickers : $5.95 to $9.75
All-wool. Tweeds, Herringbones and Fancy Mixtures. Sizes 34 to 44.

Khaki Trousers : $2.95
For outings, boating and garden wear. All sizes.

Flannel Trousers : $7.95
White. All-wool. Well tailored. New model. All sizes.

Men's Sports Suits : $29.75
Consisting of coat, vest and long trousers. New styles. New fabrics. New colorings. Sizes 34 to 44.

Linen Knickers : $3.95 and $4.95
Genuine Linen. Natural or bleached color. All sizes.

Sports Coats : $12.50
Knitted coats for white flannel trousers. New models. New colors.

Duck Trousers : $2.95
White. Just arrived. Clean and fresh. For tennis. All sizes.

Riding Breeches : $11.75 to $27.50
Checks. Plain colors. Whipcords. Forest green. (Buckskin reinforced.)

AUTO ACCESSORIES : SALE-PRICED

Automobile Cushions
Wedge type. Leatherette. Can be used as seat or back rest. Perforated. Specially priced $1.39

Folding Auto Chairs
Strong steel frames, leatherette seat. Strong, yet light to carry. Comfortable $1.85
Larger size, $2.29

Motor Restaurants
Ideal for motorists and campers. Compact case with service for 4 people. Enameled dishes, nickeled silverware. Compartments for food $8.95

De Lion Cord Tires

Guaranteed for 10,000 Miles

Size 30 x 3½ : Complete
Including Tube
$11.95

These Prices Include Tire and Tube

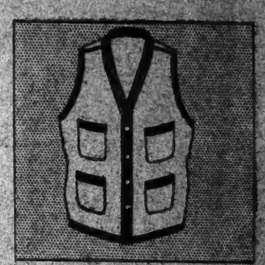
30x3½	SS	$14.85	33x4½	SS	$26.45
32x3½	"	$19.95	34x4½	"	$30.95
31x4	"	$21.35	35x4½	"	$32.45
32x4	"	$24.25	36x4½	"	$32.95
33x4	"	$24.60	33x5½	"	$36.19
34x4	"	$24.85	35x5	"	$38.41
32x4½	"	$25.95	37x5	"	$39.90

Lyons Bumpers
Protect your car from smash-ups. Equip it front and rear with famous Lyons Bumpers. Special No. 102, at $10.95

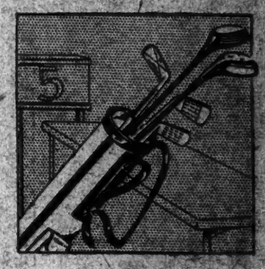
Wind Deflectors
For the open country. Adjustable on any car. Nickel fittings. Special value, at, per pair $9.95

Windshield Cleaners
Quickly removes dust and moisture from both sides of windshield. Special value, at $1.12

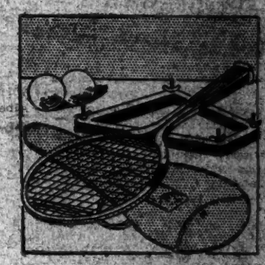
White Shirts
Made of Gimbels famous Oxford—with six buttons. Single barrel cuff. Ideal summer shirts $1.85



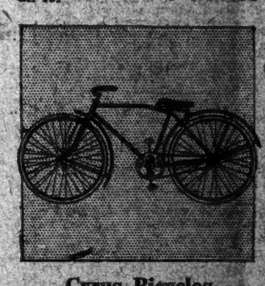
Golf Vests
Sleeveless. All wool attractive color combinations. Protects the chest and back $5.00



Golf Set
With five standard Burke clubs. Strong reinforced bag and 2 golf balls. Special, complete for $17.95



Tennis Rackets
Harry C. Lee rackets. Center doubly strung. Strongly reinforced. Racket press, cover and two Wright & Ditson balls, all for $6.65



Cyrus Bicycles
21-inch diamond frame for men; 20-inch drop back frame for boys. Steel rims. Fisk make. Victor brand tires. Rubber pedals. Extension bars $27.45

Carlton Canoes
17-Ft. Carlton Old Town Open gunwale canoes. Width 45 in. Depth 12½ in. Weight 70 pounds. Specially priced $60.00

Baseball Sets
One Louisville Slugger Bat. One No. G35 D. & M. Genuine horsehide fielder's glove. One D. & M. Official League Baseball, all for $5.50

FULLER AND M'GEE MUST STAY IN JAIL

Judge Hand Dismisses Writ, Holding Judge Goddard Has Jurisdiction.

STONEHAM IS SUBPOENAED

Other Officers of Giants Also to Be Asked About Dealings With Brokers.

NEW INDICTMENTS TODAY

Grand Jury Finishes New Inquiry Into Failure—Bankruptcy Witness Sought.

Judge Learned Hand in the Federal Court yesterday removed all immediate prospects of Edward M. Fuller and William F. McGee, the bankrupt brokers, from being released from Ludlow Street Jail. He dismissed a writ of habeas corpus sued out for them by their lawyers eight days ago, following their indefinite commitment to the jail by Federal Judge Goddard. They had been ordered by Federal Judge Mack to deliver certain papers in the bankruptcy investigation of their firm to George C. Sprague, the Federal trustee, and when they failed to do so Judge Goddard adjudged them in contempt.

Judge Hand in his decision said that Judge Goddard had full jurisdiction. He added that, even were he to grant the brokers' request for a review of the contempt proceeding before Judge Goddard, and then decide against the brokers, "another writ would lie and so on until some Judge could be secured who would reach the other conclusion." He declared that such a proceeding would be "manifestly absurd."

To Hear Stoneham Soon.

Charles A. Stoneham, formerly head of the brokerage firm of Charles A. Stoneham & Co., and President of the National Exhibition Company, owners of the Giants baseball club, was subpoenaed yesterday to appear on next Monday at the Fuller bankruptcy proceeding before Federal Referee Harold P. Coffin. Francis J. Kohlman and Carl J. Austrian, counsel for George C. Sprague, Trustee in the bankruptcy, said that it was the Referee's intention merely to swear Stoneham and fourteen others for whom subpoenas had been issued and that it was not likely that any of the new witnesses would be examined for several weeks.

Mr. Austrian added that next week an application probably would be made to the Referee for subpoenas for Magistrate Francis X. McQuade and James Tierney, Treasurer and Secretary, respectively, of the National Exhibition Company, with a view to examining them after Stoneham had testified. The subpoenas probably will include a demand for production of the books of the company bearing on any possible transactions between Edward M. Fuller and William F. McGee, who comprised the bankrupt brokerage firm, with Stoneham or any other officer of the baseball club.

To Ask About $10,000 Check.

It was understood that Stoneham would be asked particularly about a $10,000 check which Fuller was alleged to have made out to ex-Sheriff Thomas F. Foley a few days before the firm failed for $5,000,000 in June last. He also will be questioned about stock transactions between Stoneham & Co. and Fuller & Co. prior to the dissolution of Stoneham's brokerage business. These transactions are reported to have amounted to more than $1,500,000.

Mr. Austrian also said that an application would be made to the Referee soon for an order to examine William E. Bishop, head of an investigating agency in the financial district. William S. Silkworth, President of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, testified at the last Fuller bankruptcy hearing that Bishop's agency made a favorable report on Fuller & Co. to the Exchange before Fuller and his partner, McGee, were admitted to membership in 1919. Mr. Silkworth told Referee Coffin, however, that this report had disappeared.

It was learned that a subpoena had been issued by the referee for James Beattie, who, a witness at the last hearing testified, had been made assignee of $5,000 in cash and certified checks which Fuller's wife had placed as security with the National Surety Company for the $50,000 bail bond furnished for Fuller when he was arrested last Summer on sixteen bucketing indictments. The identity of Beattie had been a mystery to lawyers for the Trustee, and it was said that up to a late hour yesterday the process servers had been unable to locate him.

To Try Fuller Again.

Fuller will be called in General Sessions for trial for the fourth time on June 11 on an indictment charging him with bucketing the order of Frederick L. Link of Westmoreland, Tenn. The jury in the third trial before Judge Nott disagreed two weeks ago. Chief Assistant District Attorney Pecora intimated that next week application would be made to Federal Judge Goddard to release Fuller each day of the trial from Ludlow Street Jail.

Mr. Pecora announced that Edward J. McManus, who was indicted last week on a charge of offering $1,000 bribe to a juror in the last Fuller trial to vote for an acquittal, would be tried in General Sessions next week. This announcement was made soon after Judge Nott denied the application of counsel for McManus for an inspection of the minutes of the Grand Jury.

New Indictments Coming.

The Additional May Grand Jury finished its examination of witnesses in the new inquiry into the Fuller & Co. failure and it was said that new indictments probably would be handed up to Judge Nott today. District Attorney Banton and Assistant District Attorneys Wintner and Unger, who presented the new evidence to the Grand Jury, were still silent yesterday regarding the purpose of the new inquiry. It was reported, however, that the Grand Jury devoted most of its time to investigation of new allegations of bucketing against Fuller, McGee and others connected with their brokerage business before the failure and that charges that a plot was formed to tamper with the prosecution's witnesses against the two brokers had been but lightly touched on.

J. Harold Braid, who, before the Fuller failure, was a member of the now defunct brokerage firm of Braid & Vogel, was recalled before the Grand Jury. He testified at Fuller's last trial that he entered into an agreement with Fuller and McGee to bucket certain of Fuller & Co.'s orders through his firm. Other witnesses called during the session were Mrs. Mary Breen, head bookkeeper for Fuller & Co.; Martin Herrick, Braid's cashier, who is himself under indictment in another bucketing case; a former office boy for the Fuller firm who wrote out checks for the two brokers; a "customers' man" in the brokerage office and Charles G. Bourne, an accountant, who examined the Fuller books.

France Expels Japanese Journalist.

PARIS, May 24.—The Japanese journalist, Sakaie Osugi, who was arrested May 1 after a Communist meeting for insulting the police, and sentenced to three weeks' imprisonment, has been ordered to be expelled from France for being in the possession of a false passport.

Glass Pistol Bluff Fails; Three Arrested as Burglars

A toy glass pistol failed to bluff Patrolman Parsiali early yesterday morning, when he arrested three men on a charge of burglary.

The policeman said he saw the three carrying lead bars from the factory of Chilita Brothers, South and Jefferson Streets, and that when he went to investigate, one of the men tried to keep him away with a pistol. He said he didn't know it was a toy until he knocked it from the man's hand. The three gave their names as William Melewski, his father, John Melewski of 82 Jefferson Street, and Thomas Grib of 46 Pike Street.

They were held in $25,000 bail each by Magistrate Charles A. Oberwager.

FOUR MEET DEATH IN AUTO ACCIDENTS

New Jersey Central Train Hits Truck, Killing One and Seriously Injuring Another.

BROOKLYN WOMAN VICTIM

Boy of 7 Crushed by Truck—Fiancee's Skull Fractured in Car Bought for Her.

Miss Frances Conta, 23 years old, of 1,708 Broadway, Brooklyn, died in Beth Moses Hospital yesterday afternoon after being knocked down while she was crossing Rockaway Avenue at Sumpter Street, Brooklyn, by an automobile driven by Frank Sasso, 185 Stone Avenue, Brooklyn. He was held at the Ralph Avenue Station on a technical charge of homicide.

An automobile truck was responsible for the death of John Galante, 7 years old, of 217 Thompson Street, who was knocked down while crossing Bleecker Street at Thompson Street. He died a short time later in St. Vincent's Hospital.

When a train on the New Jersey Central Railroad struck a motor truck at the Malaga crossing, near Vineland, N. J., yesterday, A. Shapiro, 40 years old, of Woodbine, N. J., was instantly killed and Harry Pear, 43 years old, also of Woodbine, was seriously injured. The truck was completely demolished. This is the forty-second traffic fatality in this section in less than five months.

Florence Gredin, 14 years old, of 153 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, who visited Manhattan against her parents' wishes in search of employment yesterday, was struck by an automobile at Lafayette and East Houston Streets and died last night in Bellevue Hospital. The automobile was driven by William E. Nelson, who gave an address on North Palisade Avenue, Bergenfield, N. J.

Chester Wyenski, 6 years old, of 158 First Street, Jersey City, is in the Jersey City Hospital with a fractured skull and internal injuries received, according to the police, when struck by an automobile truck operated by Ernest Wilms of 623 Monroe Street, Hoboken. The accident occurred yesterday in front of the boy's home. The driver was arrested.

Albert Mangis, 6 years old, of 202 Fourteenth Avenue, Jersey City, was injured internally yesterday by an automobile alleged to have been operated by Herbert Wiley of 238 Winfield Avenue on Hoboken Avenue and Thirteenth Street viaduct, Jersey City. He was taken to the Jersey City Hospital.

An automobile bought a week ago for a honeymoon trip was wrecked on its first trial yesterday and Miss Mary Naylor, 1,174 Clay Avenue, the Bronx, fiancee of Frank Stone of 1,155 Clay Avenue, the Bronx, owner, was taken to Lincoln Hospital with a fractured skull. While driving south in Westchester Avenue, the Bronx, Stone is said to have lost control of the car, which crashed into a telegraph pole. Stone was served with a summons, charging him with driving a car without a license. Stone told the police that he was to have been married in June.

TENANTS PROTEST ON 8-FOOT CEILINGS

Contend, at Governor's Hearing, Measure Would Benefit Landlords—Favored by Smith.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 24.—At a hearing before Governor Smith this afternoon on the Antin-Jesse bill, which would permit the erection of tenement houses with ceilings eight feet high, protest was voiced by representatives of various New York City Tenants' Associations on the ground that the measure was drawn in the interest of builders rather than the tenants.

Senator Antin stated that he had introduced the bill following a conference of experts on the housing shortage in New York City. The sole purpose of the measure was to provide more modern homes at cheaper rentals, he insisted. Lawson Purdy, C. B. Myers, the present and former Tenement House Commissioners, and prominent architects believed such a measure, if enacted into law, would do much to relieve the housing shortage, he said.

A. J. Thomas, an architect, was surprised to find the tenants opposed to a measure that was drawn for their benefit."

Miss Agnes M. Craig, attorney for the Bronx Council of the Tenants' League, asserted that the measure would result in unsanitary conditions and that the only persons who would really benefit under it would be builders and owners of tenements.

Representatives of the Tremont Tenants' Association, the South Bronx Tenants' Association, the Bronx College Community Club and the Bronx Chapter of the Veterans of Foreign Wars told the Governor that enactment of the measure would bring "hot, stuffy and unhealthy dwellings," and that if any money was saved it would be in the interest of the builders and not the tenants.

The Governor commented that the only permanent solution of the housing shortage was to build enough houses to meet the demand. It is generally believed he will approve the bill.

$71,000 FOR FERRY GRANT.

Offer at Auction of Yearly Concession at St. George, Staten Island.

At a meeting of the Sinking Fund Commission in the City Hall yesterday Deputy Commissioner William Wirt Mills of the Department of Plant and Structures announced that at a public auction held earlier in the day Peter J. Cokenes of 18 Montgomery Avenue, St. George, S. I., had bid $71,000 a year on a five-year lease for the eight concessions in the St. George, S. I., terminal of the municipal ferry. These include candy, candy news stand and restaurant privileges.

The last concessionaire, John D. Antonopulos, held a five-year lease which expired on May 1 for which he paid annually $18,000. A short time ago he offered to pay $27,900 for the same privileges, but another offer of $48,000 was received. The latter bidder withdrew, and at yesterday's auction Antonopulos, who was present, did not bid.

HYLAN PAY INCREASE SIGNED BY GOVERNOR

Smith Approves Measure Which Also Raises Salaries of Craig, Hulbert and Friedman.

LEGION POSTS ESCAPE TAX

Measure Allowing Savings Banks to Rent Safe Deposit Boxes Becomes a Law.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 24.—The Downing bill, providing for increases in the salary of Mayor Hylan and Controller Craig from $15,000 to $25,000 was signed today by Governor Smith. The Mayor approved the bill yesterday. An increase in salary from $5,000 to $15,000 for President Murray Hulbert of the Board of Aldermen and an increase of from $3,500 to $5,000 for Jacob Friedman, the Republican leader of the Board of Aldermen, were also included in the measure.

The Relburn bill, which would exempt from taxation the property owned by American Legion posts, was also approved.

The Governor signed the Russell bill which permits savings banks to provide safe deposit boxes for their depositors.

Among the bills he vetoed was one which would have created additional positions in the law library of the Court of General Sessions in New York County.

"Aside entirely from whether or not such positions are needed, they can be created by the Judges themselves under the provisions of the act which created the library," commented the Governor.

The Governor vetoed the Antin bill relating to the rules and regulations for the retirement system in public institutions of higher learning, ruling that under another measure approved by him the bill was unnecessary, and the Cooke bill, which would have allowed the use of funds appropriated for the help of country communities for the construction of streets in third class cities.

"If this were to be carried out generally," the Governor commented, "such cities, with their power in the Board of Supervisors, would get an unfair proportion of the money, if, in fact, they are entitled to any of it."

The Governor has signed nearly 400 bills in the last three days. He planned to work late tonight so that he could go to New York tomorrow night.

CANON CHASE REBUKED BY SMITH AT HEARING

Governor Indicates He Will Sign Bill Allowing Fine for Bookmaking.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 24.—Canon Chase of Brooklyn and Assemblyman O'Connor of Manhattan, the latter representing Charles F. Murphy's district, opposed each other at a hearing before Governor Smith this afternoon on the Assemblyman's bill relative to pool selling and bookmaking. At present a Judge must impose a prison sentence on conviction under the statute. The O'Connor measure would make it discretionary with the Court as to whether a jail sentence or a fine should be imposed.

When Canon Chase declared he had reason to believe that the race track gamblers had handed the bill to Assemblyman O'Connor, the latter exclaimed:

"That is a deliberate lie, and you know it is."

"Well, you refused to tell where you got the bill," rejoined Canon Chase.

"I don't think any one has a right to ask an Assemblyman who gave him a bill," the Governor interrupted. "If a member of the Legislature introduces a bill at the request of some one or some organization, he generally writes on the bill 'by request.' If those words do not appear on the measure it is taken for granted that the member introduced the measure without request."

"Why, Canon Chase and his side partner, the man with the fleeting Adams apple, O. R. Miller, would like to see a man burned at the post for taking a glass of beer or betting on a horse race," said O'Connor.

"Men like you," the Assemblyman continued, "do a lot of talking about a bill of this kind because that is what you are paid to do, but did you ever support a bill affecting the morals of people? All you and your kind do is to try to vilify men in public office if they do not think just the way you do. This bill was scheduled for a public hearing in the Legislature, but not one of the lobbyists of your type showed up then and made any protest."

The Assemblyman said he had introduced the bill because Chief Justice Kernochan of Special Sessions and other members of that Court in New York had told him that the present law was a farce, and that more than convictions could be obtained if the Judges had the right to impose either prison or jail sentences.

"They are not getting the real fellows under the present law," said Mr. O'Connor, and I tell you right here, Governor, if you believe this bill will be a benefit to the race track gamblers, then veto it at my request. But believe that it will really help to prevent a violation of the law."

Canon Chase urged the Governor to veto the bill, because "the only thing the race track gamblers fear is a prison sentence."

H. N. Pringle, representing the Society for the Prevention of Crime, asserted that the offices of the State Racing Association were in the same building and on the same floor with the race track gamblers' headquarters in New York City.

Figures submitted by Mr. Pringle showed that out of 2,137 arrests for race track gambling in New York City last year there were only 190 convictions.

"This doesn't look as if the present law was working very well, does it?" the Governor asked, turning to Canon Chase.

A statement by the Governor, that he believed the Justices of the Court of Special Sessions knew what they were talking about when they suggested a change in the law was taken as indicating that he would approve the measure.

BOOTLEGGERS RULE IN REIGN OF TERROR

Shot From Ambush South Carolina Residents Suspected of Sheltering Officers.

ANDERSON, S. C., May 24.—Bootleggers and moonshiners have terrorized the "Long Cane section" of Oconee County to such an extent that law-abiding citizens are afraid even to extend hospitality to law enforcement officers, Sheriff Moss testified today in Federal District Court here.

Many of the inhabitants, Sheriff Moss said, are afraid to venture forth at night, and persons suspected of permitting officers to remain in their homes have been the targets for shots from ambush. In some cases, he said, men and women have been forced to remain away from their homes over night through fear that the house would be shot into.

Sir Auckland Geddes in Dark Room For Serious Affection of the Eye

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Sir Auckland Geddes, the British Ambassador, is confined to a darkened room at the embassy with a serious affliction of the left eye. He is being treated by Dr. William Holland Wilmer, an eye specialist, and is under orders to give his eyes a rest for several weeks. This, however, it was stated at the embassy tonight, would not interfere with the signing of important documents, and it is expected that within a week he will sign the papers for the debt-refunding agreement between the United States and Great Britain.

The Ambassador had an engagement with the American Debt Funding Commission to sign these papers on Tuesday, but on that day trouble with his left eye developed, and he was compelled to summon Dr. Wilmer. The examination disclosed local trouble with one eye the exact nature of which the embassy declined to disclose. The Ambassador's condition gave rise today to the publication of reports that he was nearly blind and in "danger of total blindness."

At the British Embassy tonight it was stated that there is no real foundation for these reports.

"The published reports are grossly exaggerated," said Mr. Tennant, the Ambassador's private secretary, "there is nothing in the diagnosis to indicate any danger of blindness. The Ambassador has serious trouble with one eye and has been ordered to take a complete rest for several weeks. He is able to sign any important documents requiring his signature."

LADY ASTOR SCORES BRITISH DRY JESTS

Americans Feel Hurt by Laughter at Their Great 'Moral Experiment,' She Asserts.

LUNCHEON FOR DR. BUTLER

Notable Gathering Meets Columbia President as Guests of Former Lord Mayor Wakefield.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 24.—Speaking today at a luncheon in the Cordwainers' Hall tendered by a former Lord Mayor, Sir Charles Wakefield, to Nicholas Murray Butler, Lady Astor appealed to Britain and Europe to refrain from joking about American prohibition.

This was a great moral issue in the United States, she said, and Americans were inclined to feel hurt over European levity on the subject.

Lady Astor's remarks followed addresses by Dr. Butler and Dean Inge of St. Paul's Cathedral, who spoke on Anglo-American friendship and the influence of the British race on the world, the latter theme being enlarged upon due to the fact that today is Empire Day, celebrated throughout the British Commonwealth of nations.

Lady Astor said she could not regard it as a privilege to speak on such an occasion. She was terrified to follow two such speakers as President Butler and Dean Inge, but then she was a woman and a woman could always speak, and she was desperately in earnest over this subject of Anglo-American friendship.

"What I want most," she went on, "is to see one moral standard for both the great English-speaking nations. When American and English women meet at some women's congress they always find themselves working together; they find it easy, for they are working not only for their sons' sake, but for the sake of the whole world.

"Americans have recently made a great concession which they think over there to be right. They have made a sacrifice for what they believe a great moral cause. Europe looks upon this as a sort of immoral joke, and thousands of Americans feel very hurt when they see Europe laughing at what is itself a great moral struggle.

"I implore people here to look kindly on America's effort. It is perfectly true we may fall off the water wagon, but that does not mean she will not get on again," she said, amid laughter.

Then Lady Astor referred to the Empire Day celebrations and spoke of the work the British were doing. There were doing for civilization. They were toiling hard, not making fortunes, but they were extending territory where justice and freedom ruled.

Dr. Butler Lauds British Influence.

Dr. Butler, replying to the toast to his health proposed by Sir Charles Wakefield, said his task of trying to interpret the development of American public life was difficult but welcome, for he believed it testified to the vitality and virility of the underlying idea of Anglo-Saxon political and social organization.

He referred to the fact that today is Empire Day, when the Commonwealth of British Nations around the world celebrates the ideals of the British Empire.

"But," he continued, "that is not begin to measure or explain all of British influence and British authority. The fact is that London, as was Rome in its day, is still the active centre of those indefinable contingencies and construction forces which have gone all over the world through every people and every land, to expand civilization, adventure, science and the arts and to develop trade, commerce and industry. If the modern world has a capital, that capital is London."

Dean Inge of St. Paul's, speaking on Anglo-American friendship, said: "Americans are inclined to regard this country as a small island which by questionable means has grabbed a large portion of the earth's surface. That is really a wrong way of looking at it. The British Commonwealth is a League of Nations. It is one of two leagues of nations which are really in working order. The other league, of a different kind, is the United States. It is too much to hope and pray for, that these two leagues may combine in one common crusade to heal the wounds of war, to raise the level of international and social morality and make the law of Christ supreme?"

Among the guests to meet Dr. and Mrs. Butler and their daughter were Lord and Lady Astor, Lord and Lady Coventry, Sir George Watson, founder of the chair of American history which Dr. Butler is filling this year; Adolph S. Ochs, Charles Dana Gibson, Consul General Skinner and Mr. and Mrs. Boylston Beal.

Vivid Picture of the War by Rudyard Kipling

IN his History of the Irish Guards Rudyard Kipling describes a living cross-section of life in the Great War with its dark moments of tragedy and brilliant flashes of humor.

The completeness of the picture is told in the following list of chapter headings:

I. With the First 100,000
II. Irish Valor Before La Bassee
III. Amid the Horrors of Poison Gas
IV. Death and Dreariness in the Salient
V. Foreshadows of the Great Battle
VI. The Battle of the Somme
VII. Tragedies and Humor of the Trenches
VIII. When Americans Went into Battle
IX. The Beginning of the End
X. The Collapse and the Armistice

Beginning Next Sunday in

The New York Times
MAGAZINE SECTION

Order in advance from your newsdealer.

ENDS LIQUOR PERMIT DELAY TO DOCTORS

Dry Chief Here Is Authorized to Act on All Applications, Including Transportation.

CLUB IN 32D STREET RAIDED

Agents Arrest 3 and Report Seizure of Wine and Whisky—6 Saloons Ordered Closed.

Federal Director of Prohibition Palmer Canfield announced yesterday that he had been authorized to issue permits to physicians and others entitled to them. Heretofore it has been necessary to forward such applications to the office of the Commissioner at Washington for action. Under the new ruling a physician or carrier will be able to present his application and receive his permit the same day.

"There are now more than 2,000 applications from this State made in 1922 awaiting approval in Washington," said Mr. Canfield. "New York State has annually more than 12,000 permits. In the whole country there are about 35,000 issued to physicians, and of this number more than one-third are to doctors in New York."

Mr. Canfield discounted the effect of the failure of the Legislature to pass the bill amending the Mullan-Gage act as to double jeopardy. "The objection made to the continuance of the Mullan-Gage act because the United States Supreme Court has ruled that a violater may be prosecuted under both the Federal and State Prohibitions act for the same offense," he said, "has no real basis.

"There have been more than 30,000 arrests during the last two years in this State by troopers, Sheriffs and municipal police officers under the Mullan-Gage act. I do not know of a single State case that was taken over by the Federal Department and prosecuted. A Federal agent cannot arrest a violator unless the violation is committed in his presence. When a police officer makes a violation and makes an arrest, a Federal agent cannot use that as a basis for making an arrest under the Federal act."

Mr. Canfield also said that there never had been a case in this State where evidence in arrests made by Federal agents had been turned over and used by State officers in making a case under the Mullan-Gage act.

Prohibition agents yesterday raided the Up and Up Club at 144 West Thirty-second Street, and made three arrests. They reported seizing a quantity of champagne, whisky and gin. E. Q. Merrick directed the raid. There were more than 100 diners in the club at the time. Louis May, manager; Harry Keith, said to be the owner, and Tom Conway, doorman, were arrested.

Charles Stein of Bogota, N. J., was arrested after driving his truck off the 130th Street ferry early yesterday morning. Agents seized the truck, which they said had sixty half kegs of beer in it.

Six former licensed saloonkeepers were enjoined from doing business for six months, and their premises ordered closed for that period by Judge Charles M. Hough, in the United States District Court. The defendants were Patrick Maher and bartender Dennis Cronin, 678 Third Avenue; Antony Porco, 600 West 170th Street; Dominico Ocoo, 580 Fordham Road; Jacob Fass, 70 Ridge Street; Daniel McAvoy, Hartsdale, N. Y., and Thomas Purcell, 1,127 Second Avenue.

In each case Judge Hough allowed twenty days for the owners of the premises to furnish $500 bond that no violation of the liquor law shall occur in their buildings. When the bond is furnished it was ruled the places may be used for legitimate business.

During the day agents raided several former saloons in Third, Lexington, Eighth and Tenth Avenues, and made arrests in each case. The restaurant at 54 East Forty-second Street, said to be owned by William and George Arria, also was raided. The agents said they found a gallon of alcohol and about twenty quarts and pints of gin and whisky in the kitchen. They arrested Fred Witti, a bartender, and Oscar Rheinheimer, a waiter.

CAPE MAY, N. J., May 24.—With the Coast Guard cutter Kickapoo at Baltimore for overhauling, rum runners are reported to have landed more than 1,000 cases of whisky on the Delaware Bay shore inside the Capes.

Good whisky can be had for almost any price offered, it is said.

French Academy Elects Porto-Riche.

PARIS, May 24.—Georges de Porto-Riche, dramatic author, was elected a member of the French Academy today, receiving sixteen votes of the twenty-nine cast.

3 EX-JUDGES ASSAIL HARDING ON REPEAL

Lacombe, Jenks and Bartlett Hold That States Are Not Obligated.

OPPOSE DOUBLE JEOPARDY

Anderson Says One Wet Bill Was Allowed to Die to Force Gov. Smith's Hand.

President Harding's opinion regarding the function of the State in the enforcement of laws already covered by the Constitution of the United States, with particular reference to the Mullan-Gage law, as outlined by him in a recent letter to Wesley Wait, a prohibition advocate, of Newburgh, N. Y., was criticised in a letter sent yesterday to Governor Smith. The letter is signed by E. Henry Lacombe, former Federal Circuit Judge; Almet E. Jenks, former Presiding Justice of the Appellate Division, Second Department; Austen G. Fox, and Willard Bartlett, former Judge of the State Court of Appeals.

After quoting the President's opinion regarding the duty of States to enact laws to enforce provisions by Congress, the signers give it as their opinion that no State is under a constitutional obligation to enact a law which results in subjecting any citizen to double punishment for the same act. They add:

"We venture to think that it would be a calamity to permit such fundamental misconceptions of the relations between the States and the Federal Government, as may seem to some to be suggested by portions of the President's letter, to pass unchallenged."

The letter follows:

Text of the Letter.

New York, N. Y., May 19, 1923.

Honorable Alfred E. Smith, Executive Chambers, Albany, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

We have read the letter of President Harding, addressed to a resident of Newburgh and printed in the papers of yesterday.

The occasion for the President's statement was his receipt of a letter, written in protest against possible official action by you as Governor on the repeal of the Mullan-Gage law. The President's correspondent is quoted as saying that if the Governor signs the repeal bill the President would convene the Congress and that the Governor and the legislators who voted for the bill should be suspended. The President begins his reply in the two following sentences:

"I sending my approval of the Cuvillier bill by Governor Smith, this matter is hardly to be regarded as having reached the stage where any Federal authority is called upon for a determination of national policies. With much of what you say I am fully in accord."

It may turn out, and all must hope that it will turn out, that the President did not intend to convey the meaning which seems to be involved in one of his statements.

While the President does not assert expressly that a constitutional duty rests upon the States to pass enforcement laws, yet he seems to imply that such States as omit to do so decline to assume their part of the responsibility of maintaining the Constitution and the laws enacted in pursuance of it.

No Duty Imposed on States.

The Eighteenth Amendment imposes upon the States no constitutional duty to pass legislation, in aid of a Federal law passed to enforce the constitutional provision, although, when Congress has occupied the field by legislation the States may not thereafter pass legislation in conflict therewith. The Amendment does extend to the States the right, at their election, to pass appropriate legislation to enforce the provisions of the Amendment. The only duty known to constitutional law, is a duty imposed by the Constitution, and only such duties can be decided upon the States in their relation to the Federal Government is a constitutional duty.

It is possible that the President's attention was not directed to one result that is inseparable from two penal laws, one passed by a State and another passed by the Congress, each inflicting punishment for the same act by the same person. The Supreme Court of the United States has decided that the Fifth Amendment offers no protection against this form of oppression. Surely, however, no State is under a constitutional obligation to enact a law which results in subjecting any citizen to double punishment for the same act. It may have the election to do so, but it has the right to determine for itself whether it will do so or not. We are convinced that the President could not have intended to convey a meaning which might refuse to do so, thereby "decline to assume their part of the responsibility of maintaining the Constitution and the laws enacted in pursuance of it."

Massachusetts Case Cited.

We cannot believe that the President holds the opinion that the people of Massachusetts in voting to reject the State Enforcement act passed by their Legislature "declined to assume their part of the responsibility of maintaining the Constitution and the laws enacted in pursuance of the States and the Federal Government as may seem to some to be suggested by portions of the President's letter, to pass unchallenged.

Respectfully yours,
E. HENRY LACOMBE,
ALMET F. JENKS,
AUSTEN G. FOX.

I concur in the views expressed above.
WILLARD BARTLETT.

Anderson Sees Wet Plot.

William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, in a letter to the Governor suggested that the "double jeopardy" bill, which the Governor thought had passed the Legislature, was deliberately allowed to die in order to force the Governor's hand regarding the repeal of the Mullan-Gage law.

"You doubtless realize," wrote Mr. Anderson, "that even if it had passed as it would, in the light of the actual facts, have afforded no more of substantial relief than your approval of the repeal would afford of legal relief to the opponents of prohibition.

"The proposal recently made by the wets that the purpose of the repeal would be in large degree accomplished by your approval of this measure designed to pull the teeth of the search and seizure provisions of the Mullan-Gage law, establishes beyond question its ripper character.

An "Obnoxious Ripper."

"This particular Cuvillier bill, so far as it goes, in its inherent character and the uses that are certain to be made of it, is more obnoxious to Federal enforcement even than the repealer. The repeal proposition is merely passive nullification in that it withholds State assistance. This ripper bill, however, once it is approved, will be utilized to interfere with the enforcement of the Federal law itself.

"The Eighteenth Amendment and the laws passed by Congress to carry it into effect are a part of the supreme law of the land, anything in the laws of New York State to the contrary notwithstanding. Approval of this search and seizure ripper would undoubtedly lead to confusion and conflict of authority and would invite the Federal Courts to declare unconstitutional its provisions in so far as they undertake to forbid and punish acts directed or authorized by the Federal law."

William L. Fish, Secretary of the New Jersey Division of the Association against the Prohibition Amendment, declared yesterday that the real fear of the Anti-Saloon League was the responsibility of any enforcement of the Fourth Amendment of the United States Constitution.

"They know," he said, "that unless officers of all kinds are allowed to search and seize without a warrant the Volstead Law is impossible of enforcement."

NO WET TIME HERE, IS ENRIGHT'S PLEDGE

Commissioner Says the Police Will Work Under the Federal Statute Instead.

In the event of the repeal of the Mullan-Gage act, New York's police will not relax efforts to reach violators under the Federal law, asserted Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright yesterday.

"We will repeat our work of enforcement against liquor violators here as it was done in the period between Oct. 28, 1919, when the Volstead law or the Eighteenth Amendment became effective, and April 4, 1921, when the State law was enacted," said the Commissioner.

Details of what the police had accomplished under the Federal law, as compared with their work under the State enforcement act, were not given, but it may be recalled that on March 17, 1921, several months before the State law was passed, the Police Commissioner told the Association of Grand Juries that the New York police were doing more to enforce the law than the Federal agents assigned to this duty.

The Commissioner said that if the law was repealed the police would work through the Federal courts, the arresting policeman acting as a witness.

With reference to President Harding's letter to Dr. Wesley Wait of Newburgh, made public on May 16, in which he observed in discussing possible repeal of the State law that it might become necessary for the Federal Government to set up a police force for enforcement, Commissioner Enright said:

"I cannot say anything about the President's letter. Speaking for the police only, there will be no conflict between this department and any branch of the Federal Government. We have always co-operated with the Federal authorities, before the State law, and we will go back to the same co-operation as formerly under the Volstead act.

Since the State law went into effect, Police Commissioner Enright said, about 5,000 saloons and other illegal liquor places had been closed, leaving not more than 2,000 saloons in the entire city, all of which are kept under surveillance.

It was said that police supervision of the various night resorts and Broadway cabarets would not be withdrawn should the State Prohibition law be repealed. While this supervision includes prohibition enforcement, it also has to do with enforcing the city licenses relating to closing at 1 A. M., and it is part of the regular duty of the police to prevent disorder and to close loitering places for disorderly characters and criminals.

EXPECT FILM BILL VETO.

Use of Commercial Reels in Portable Machines Called Dangerous.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 24.—Governor Smith indicated tonight that he would veto the Steingut bill permitting the use of full-sized commercial films in portable moving picture projection machines or a type available for use in homes, churches, public schools and other places of assemblage, according to a statement made public after a hearing at which the New York City Fire Department and the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity protested against approval of the measure.

They objected on the ground that highly inflammable film of the kind used in theatres under elaborate safeguards and with a licensed operator in charge would be used without such safeguards or a licensed operator. Deputy Chief Hayes and Chief Inspector McCabe urged that approval of the bill would greatly increase fire hazards.

Governor Smith has a moving picture outfit at the Executive Mansion. He stated that this was equipped with all the safeguards used in theatres and that he paid $5 to a licensed operator every time it was used. He seemed astonished at the proposal in the bill.

The State Board of Health, the Boards of Education of the State and New York City, the Public Education Association, the Women's City Club, the Russell Sage Association, the Y. M. C. A., the Knights of Columbus, the Grand Lodge of New York State Elks and Accepted Masons, the New York Advertising Club and the National Association of Advertisers have endorsed the bill.

Pastor, Casting for Trout, Pulls Line, Gets a Chicken

Special to The New York Times.

CARMEL, N. Y., May 24.—The Rev. Frank D. Deats, pastor of Drew Methodist Episcopal Church here, while fishing for trout in the Peekskill Hollow Brook today, caught a chicken.

Standing in the middle of the brook, he let his line out down the stream and felt a tug. It had the pull of a big fellow, and cautiously the pastor drew in his line. His catch proved to be a feathered one.

The pastor's companion, the Rev. H. B. Chown, said he knew there was a special affinity between a minister and a chicken.

SMITH HARD PRESSED; MUM ON 'DRY' REPEAL

Governer, Deluged by Written Appeals, Now Explodes When Asked for His Views.

PROPAGANDISTS ARE ACTIVE

Anti-Saloon League and Allied Bodies Mail Arguments by the Thousands.

"DRYS" HIT ANOTHER SNAG

Discover Cuvillier Search and Seizure Measure Does Not Revoke the Mullan-Gage Provision.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 24.—With the exception of extreme "wets," with whom the wish may be father to the thought, no one at the Capitol today ventured to predict that Governor Smith will sign the Cuvillier bill repealing the State prohibition enforcement act.

While it is not known that the Governor has taken anybody into his confidence regarding his present inclination, utterances by persons who are on a very friendly footing with him are not of a nature to inspire with hope persons who have journeyed to the Capitol recently to add their personal pleas for the repeal of the State enforcement law to the thousands of requests that are reaching the Executive Chamber in the mails every day. These visitors have departed as much in the dark as when they went in.

Pressure Telling on Governor.

As the time for the hearing next Thursday on the Cuvillier bill approaches, the Governor's mail is assuming appalling proportions. Only comparatively a few of the letters on this subject have so far been submitted to the Governor. The pressure is beginning to tell on him. A mere reference to the Cuvillier bill, when coupled with a request for comment, seldom fails to bring forth an explosive nonconmittal response, clearly indicating how wrought up the Governor is.

He today reiterated that he would have nothing to say for publication on the repeal proposal prior to the hearing and the drafting of the memorandum which he will file with his decision, explaining his reasons for making it. He bluntly refused a request that some of the correspondence from persons of prominence be made available for publication. He denied that Republican leaders had asked him to arrange for a referendum on the Mullan-Gage law.

A large proportion of the correspondence relating to the Cuvillier bill is made up of form letters sent to the Governor as the result of a systematic propaganda issued by the New York Civic League, the New York Anti-Saloon League and allied organizations. Several thousand communications of this character have been coming into the Executive Chamber during the last few days. The Governor personally has seen only a few of them. He has been quick to divine the origin of those he has seen despite attempts made to conceal the fact that they were being sent through professional paid propagandists.

Simultaneously, it developed today, persons well versed in the law the Cuvillier bill drafted to prevent search and seizure under the Mullan-Gage or Volstead act by police officers in the State was found today to fall short of its purpose. This measure has been hailed by friends of Governor Smith who have urged him to permit the Mullan-Gage law to remain on the statute books as an anchor to windward in the storm of criticism should he veto the repeal bill.

They had pointed to approval of the Cuvillier search and seizure preventive measure, and to them it fully which would have gone some distance in warding off the double prosecution jeopardy incurred by violators of the prohibition laws with both the State and Federal authorities. It was the alternative which would effect all that from a practical point of view could be gained by repealing the Mullan-Gage law and conciliate wet sentiment in New York without alienating "dry" elements in other States. Since the discovery was made that the Davison bill had not passed the Legislature these advisers had pinned their faith to the Cuvillier search and seizure measure.

Search and Seizure Bill Futile.

Assemblyman Cuvillier himself, returning to the Capitol this evening, said the search and seizure measure could not, under any circumstance, be construed as an effective alternative for the repeal bill. Others pointed out that the former does not repeal any of eight subdivisions of Section 802B of the Code of Criminal Procedure, a part of the Mullan-Gage law which defines circumstances under which search and seizure may be undertaken. The proposed search and seizure law likewise adds a new subdivision, which reads as follows:

"Any police officer who shall search the person, premises or property of any person without a warrant directing such search, or who, while engaged in searching the premises of any person pursuant to a search warrant duly issued, shall maliciously and without probable cause search premises of the person not designated in the warrant, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than $100 n

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A "scale" of sizes that includes every build.

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Submarine Atrocities

ADMIRAL SIMS, U. S. N., has written some startling things about the German submarine warfare. He deplores the inhibition of the submarines in the Washington Treaty and doubts if it would be obeyed by England, France or the United States in certain situations.

June
CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE

On news stands or by mail, 25 cents a copy; $3.00 a year.

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GREY LAG CAPTURES THE METROPOLITAN

Crowd of 15,000 Sees Rancocas Star Win Feature of Belmont Opening.

DINNA CARE RUNS SECOND

Exodus Is Third and Careful Fourth, With Snob 2d, the Favorite, Last.

VICTOR PROVES HIS CLASS

Concedes From 8 to 26 Pounds to Six Other Starters and Is First by Three Lengths.

H. F. Sinclair's five-year-old chestnut horse, Grey Lag, son of Star Shoot and Miss Minnie, carried the green-trimmed white silks of the Rancocas Stable to an easy victory in the Metropolitan Handicap at the Belmont Park track yesterday afternoon. An assemblage estimated to number nearly 15,000 acclaimed him and Earl Sande, who had the mount, as they returned to the judges' stand. Giving away all the way from eight to twenty-six pounds to the six other starters, Grey Lag waited until the leaders had burned themselves out with a suicidal pace in the first half mile, came into the lead after three-quarters of the distance had been run and won his race by three lengths from the lightest weighted of his opponents, the Glen Riddle Farm's Dinna Care. Thereby Grey Lag confounded his critics, recompensed his followers for his defeat in the Long Beach Handicap at Jamaica last Saturday by Snob II., and proved himself a great race horse.

The Metropolitan Handicap, dating from 1891, and having the names of some of the greatest of American thoroughbreds among its winners, was the feature of the opening of the nineteenday meeting of the Westchester Racing Association. The event closed last November with seventy-five entries and ten were named overnight to undertake the mile journey. Sam Hildreth decided to scratch Knobble and Flying Cloud and pin his faith on Grey Lag and Mad Hatter, giving the latter an opportunity to register his third consecutive victory. That Mad Hatter failed was not unexpected, for J. S. Cosden's Snob II., was favored to win.

That Grey Lag won with such ease was the surprise, and it was also worthy of note that all of the lightly weighted horses were in the money, Exodus being a head in back of Dinna Care, with Careful half a length behind, the latter a length and a quarter in front of Mad Hatter. Mad Hatter finished a neck in front of Tryster, which was, in turn, three lengths ahead of Snob II., finishing last after a disappointing race. The race was run in comparatively slow time, the mile being traversed in 1:38 flat. The fractional times were 0:23 2-5, 0:48 4-5, 1:11 and 1:38. Grey Lag carried 133 pounds, Dinna Care 107, Exodus 111, Careful 108, Mad Hatter 125, Tryster and Snob II. 130 each. The Rancocas Stable's exchequer profited $7,900 by Grey Lag's victory, $1,000 going to the Glen Riddle Farm, $500 to the Greentree Stable and $150 to W. J. Salmon.

Away to Good Start.

The field was sent away to a fair start, after two minutes at the post, Mad Hatter breaking into the lead, with Grey Lag second and Snob II. third. Exodus being fourth and Tryster fifth. Exodus rushed into the early lead, followed by Snob II. and Tryster, with Mad Hatter a couple of lengths back, half a length in front of Grey Lag at the quarter. At the half-mile post Tryster had moved to the fore, leading Snob II. by half a length, the latter a length and a half in front of Grey Lag, which was just showing his head in front of Exodus.

From that point on the furious early pace began to tell on the leaders and there was a shifting of positions in the next quarter. They began to come back to Grey Lag, which showed in the van at the three-quarter mark, a length and a half in front of Tryster, Snob II., which had dropped back to third, then stopped and ran last for the rest of the journey. Dinna Care was steadily forging to the front, having worked up from the rear to fourth position. At the head of the stretch Grey Lag had increased his lead to three and a half lengths over Tryster, which was through from that point on. Mad Hatter also faded away, while Dinna Care moved up in the final strides to nose out Exodus for second money. Careful had moved up with Dinna Care's rush and beat Mad Hatter for the shortest end of the purse.

Grey Lag showed his class and indicated that he is a better horse today than any time in his career. He was beaten by Exterminator at Aqueduct last Spring, the old gelding giving him a lot of weight, and that defeat somewhat dimmed his glory, for it was not thought that any horse could give Grey Lag weight and a beating. It is all the more to be regretted that Exterminator is not fit, as the weight for age events of the year would surely be notable contests.

Grey Lag was bred by John E. Madden at Hamburg Place and passed into the hands of Max Hirsch, who sold him to the Rancocas Stable for $60,000. This was considered a big price for a three-year-old that had not done a great deal in first-class company, but Hildreth made no mistake.

Perfect Day for Sport.

The day was well-nigh perfect for the opening of the season at Belmont Park, the big crowd enjoying the picture of a perfectly appointed race course and interesting racing. The grandstand and enclosures were filled by appreciative followers of the thoroughbred, many notable being in the gathering.

The Westbury Steeplechase Handicap was the first event through the field of the Belmont meeting. The circuit inside the main course seemed from the stands as smooth and as closely cropped as a putting green, while the white wings of the fences enclosed smooth topped brush jumps trimmed as evenly and truly as with a level.

Scratches brought the field down to six starters and detracted not a little interest from the race by the elimination of Mrs. G. W. Loft's great jumper, Sweepment, and J. E. Widener's Grenadier among the others. Of the six only four stood up over the two-mile route of 13 jumps.

The race proved an easy victory for the Glen Riddle Farm's Brigadier General, an odds-on favorite at 8 to 5. The gelded son of Light Brigade was the class of the field, and Akers rated him along at the head of the procession. Brigadier General fenced faultlessly with his top-weight burden of 149 pounds and was never seriously pushed. The Greentree Stable's Irish Bee, a gelded son of Celt, finished second, two and one-half lengths behind the winner and was eight lengths in front of F. S. Von Stade's Domingo. J. S. Cosden's Gimme trailed throughout.

In the first circuit the Seven Oaks Stable's Locarno fell, but Jockey McNair was quickly up. Williams, who had the leg up on J. E. Davis's Trevitcot, was not so fortunate when the four-year-old gelding bolted on the far side of the course and crashed into the wing of one of the jumps. Williams received a shaking up and had his wind knocked out. The race was run in 4:10 2-5 and was worth $1,510 to the owner of the winner.

The Inaugural Dash at five and a half furlongs over the main course was conceded to the Rancocas Stable's Ballot colt, Rigel, with J. E. Smith's Silk Tassel second, choice on the Superman filly's showing last Tuesday at Jamaica when her speed carried her home third behind Rigel and Lucky Hour. Rigel opened at 2 to 5 and closed at 1 to 2, Silk Tassel opening at 2 to 1 and shortening to 9 to 5.

Rigel made all the running and won easily by nearly a length from J. E. Widener's Shuffle Along, which was always closest to the pace. The gelded son of Luke McLuke saved ground entering the stretch and came fast in the last sixteenth. He was four lengths ahead of Silk Tassel at the finish, the latter never being able to get in terms with the leaders. J. S. Dann's Daniel, the only other starter, was never a contender. The race was run in 1:05 flat, just one-fifth of a second slower than the track record for the distance.

The hottest contest of the afternoon and a race that was filled with thrills was the fifth on the card, a claiming event at a mile for three-year-olds and upward. It was vastly dramatic that the first three horses were separated at the wire by a breath, a whisker, a lip and a nose. It was generally conceded that the winner was W. M. Jefford's Prince Regent but there was a decided difference of opinion as to whether J. H. Carr's Repeats II. or William Daniel's Romany was second. The judges placed them in that order and the official reading gave a nose as the difference between first and second and second and third.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Inaugural Dash; $1,200 added. Five and one-half furlongs, main course.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Rigel	107½	L. Fator	1-2	1½
Shuffle Along	101½	M. Peter	2	2
Silk Tassel	106	Marinelli	9-5	3½
Daniel	107½	Ambrose	50-1	4

Time—1:05.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Rigel, ch. c., by Ballot—Pictom's Pride; owned by the Rancocas Stable and trained by S. C. Hildreth.

SECOND RACE.

For four-year-olds and upward; the Westbury Steeplechase Handicap; $1,500 added. About two miles.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Brigadier Gen.	142	Akers	8-5	1½
Irish Bee	126	Haynes	5-1	2½
Domingo	136	Kleager	15-1	3nk
Gimme	137	Kennedy	6-1	4
Trevitcot	132	Williams	4-1	5
Locarno	130	McNair	30-1	f

*Bolted. †Fell.

Time—4:19 2-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Brigadier General, br. g., 7, by Light Brigade—Yolanda; owned by the Glen Riddle Farm and trained by G. R. Tompkins.

THIRD RACE.

For two-year-olds; selling; purse $1,000. Four and one-half furlongs, straight.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Donnelly	113	Stuffs	8-5	1½
Baby Lane	106	Turner	11-5	2
Forchion	109	Finn	7-1	3½
Pathan	109½	Morris	4-1	4nk
Vultilla	104	Callahan	20-1	5½
Frances R.	106½	Bullman	15-1	6
Mitau	107	M. Peter	15-1	7
Royal Airman	111	McTaggart	20-1	8

Time—0:53.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Donnelly, ch. c., 2, by Spanish Prince II.—Plain Dorothy; owned by J. E. Madden and trained by W. S. Walker.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Metropolitan Handicap; $5,000 added. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
aGrey Lag	133	Sande	7-2	1
Dinna Care	107	Bullman	20-1	2
†Exodus	111	McTaggart	4-1	2½
Careful	108	Marinelli	12-1	2½
*Mad Hatter	125	M. Peter	8-5	4
†Tryster	130	Lyke	8-1	5
Snob II.	130	C. Kummer	6-5	6

*Rancocas Stable entry. †Greentree Stable and Westmont Stable entry.

Time—1:38.

Start fair; won easily; place driving. Grey Lag, ch. h., 5, by Star Shoot—Miss Minnie; owned by the Rancocas Stable and trained by S. C. Hildreth.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Prince Regent	99	Taylor	15-1	1nk
Repeats II.	102	Rose	5-1	2nk
Romany	109	Mooney	10-5	3
Whisk	100	E. Kummer	4-1	4½
Bellsolar	108	Callahan	8-1	5
High Speed	113	Collins	30-1	6½
Marvecrest	108	Barnes	8-1	7½
Perhaps	106	Milner	20-1	8
Orcus	113	O. Kummer	20-1	9
Briar Rose	92	Pierce	100-1	10
Dexterous	113	McTaggart	20-1	11

Time—1:38 4-5.

Start good; won driving; place same. Prince Regent, ch. g., 5, by Spanish Prince II.—Understudy; owned by W. M. Jeffords and trained by R. A. Smith.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; maidens; purse $1,000. Four and one-half furlongs, straight.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Cano	115	Robinson	5-1	1½
Bowman	115	Stuffs	12-1	2
Fair Lee	115	L. Fator	8-1	3½
Blissful	113	Rice	4-1	4
†Honor	115	Sande	3-1	5
Hands Up	115	Deegan	20-1	6
Wild Aster	115	McTaggart	4-1	7½
Prince Leopard	115	Fairbrother	50-1	8
Businesslike	115	Lyke	30-1	9
Try to Peep	115	Bullman	100-1	10
Vehement	115	Carroll	50-1	11
Director	115	Morris	30-1	12
Joe Marrone II.	115	Mooney	20-1	13
Cousin Artie	115	Collins	25-1	14

*Rancocas Stable entry.

Time—0:56 2-5.

Start good; won driving; place same. Cano, ch. c., by Omar Khayyam—Sempre Fidele; owned by the Oak Ridge Stable and trained by J. Loftus.

Weather clear; track fast.

BELMONT PARK ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs, main course. Ivanhoe 118 pounds, Belmon 110, Nugget 117, Picnic 119, Pletrus 113, Tiketh 113, Debadom 115, *Sagamore 113, Ethelbert 113, L'Estair 117, Evil 110, Haidee 99, †Eastside 117, *Glenlivet 106, a*Dr. Whitehead 99, a* Venisice 110, Frank Waters 117, Hugnis 104.

aAllies Stable entry.

SECOND RACE—Conditions; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile. Alka 118 pounds, Air Pilot 117, Marseillaise 117, Nine Grass 117, Chesterbrook 110, Southern Cross 117, All Over 114, King Albert 114, Lally 110, Flying Cloud 117, Bryson Days 114.

aH. W. Howard entry. bGifford A. Cochran entry.

THIRD RACE—Conditions; for two-year-olds; four and one-half furlongs, straight. Fredericktown 111 pounds, Transmute 111, Cookzey 118, Resolution 118, H. T. Waters 111, Nestune 116, Somerdean 118, Strayaway 111, Chesmistris 106, Bryon 111, Khazif 113, Invictus 114, Eagerness.

aRancocas Stable entry. bJ. E. Madden entry.

FOURTH RACE—The Hyde Park Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Eygone Days 100 pounds, Chesterbrook 105, Nine Grass 109, aBarrenlyn 113, Sedgefield 108, Modo 114, Miss Dive 108, Missionary 107, Rose Fair 118, Flying Cloud 123, Battersea 105, Paul Jones 118, Devastation 118.

aG. A. Cochran entry. bH. M. Howard entry.

FIFTH RACE—Selling; for three-year-olds; six and a half furlongs, main course. Recommendation 111 pounds, Rose Yata 100, Sri. Spring 113, St. Lawrence 111, C. Costigan 116, *Lomelet 113, High Prince 109, Paz Casey 106, *Sarsaparilla 104.

SIXTH RACE—Conditions; fillies; for three-year-olds; six furlongs, main course. Bethany 111 pounds, Runelles 117, J. Julian 117, Solisa 117, Wigwam 117, Miss Smith 117, Run Quest 111, Prime Donna 117, Hyer 117.

aApprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

SOCIETY GATHERS AT BELMONT RACES

Ideal Weather Conditions Bring Out a Smart Display of Fashion.

MANY NOTABLES ATTEND

Major Gen. Bullard and Rear Admiral Plunkett Are Entertained at Luncheon.

The most fashionable gathering at any outdoor event this season assembled yesterday at the opening of the racing season at Belmont Park, and the ideal weather conditions brought out a smart display of fashion. The Long Island colony of racegoers, and those in society who sponsor sports in its various phases, were in attendance, also notables from the army and navy, including Major Gen. Robert Lee Bullard and Rear Admiral Charles P. Plunkett.

General Bullard and Admiral Plunkett, with their aids, were the guests of Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg in the Turf and Field Club enclosure, where the society boxes were located, and before the races they were Mrs. Ladenburg's guests at luncheon at the Turf and Field Club, where there were four hundred reservations.

The members of the club and their guests, after luncheon, had only to walk across the paddock to the club's reserved section in the grand stand, and and there was the usual battery of cameras and pencil sketches in black and white to note the parade of fashion.

There was nothing daring this year in the first outdoor pageant of fashion except in footwear and "nude" hosiery, and the variegated colors of footwear and Paisley shawl effects were entirely missing in the exclusive section. Black, white and gray predominated, and here and there a vivid red gown lent a striking color touch against the vivid green of the turf. It was a well dressed crowd, but there was no showy display of frocks and hats as seen at the Parisian race track assemblies.

A former celebrity who has lived in Paris for some years and who was greeted by his friends, was E. Berry Wall, formerly one of the best dressers in society. Mr. Wall appeared yesterday in black suit of the Palm Beach variety, but the first three horses were separated at the wire by a breath, a whisker, a lip and a nose. It was generally conceded that the winner was W. M. Jefford's Prince Regent but there was a decided difference of opinion as to whether J. H. Carr's Repeats II. or William Daniel's Romany was second. The judges placed them in that order and the official reading gave a nose as the difference between first and second and second and third.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Inaugural Dash; $1,200 added. Five and one-half furlongs, main course.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Rigel	107½	L. Fator	1-2	1½
Shuffle Along	101½	M. Peter	2	2
Silk Tassel	106	Marinelli	9-5	3½
Daniel	107½	Ambrose	50-1	4

Time—1:05.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Rigel, ch. c., by Ballot—Pictom's Pride; owned by the Rancocas Stable and trained by S. C. Hildreth.

SECOND RACE.

For four-year-olds and upward; the Westbury Steeplechase Handicap; $1,500 added. About two miles.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Brigadier Gen.	142	Akers	8-5	1½
Irish Bee	126	Haynes	5-1	2½
Domingo	136	Kleager	15-1	3nk
Gimme	137	Kennedy	6-1	4
Trevitcot	132	Williams	4-1	5
Locarno	130	McNair	30-1	f

*Bolted. †Fell.

Time—4:19 2-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Brigadier General, br. g., 7, by Light Brigade—Yolanda; owned by the Glen Riddle Farm and trained by G. R. Tompkins.

THIRD RACE.

For two-year-olds; selling; purse $1,000. Four and one-half furlongs, straight.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Donnelly	113	Stuffs	8-5	1½
Baby Lane	106	Turner	11-5	2
Forchion	109	Finn	7-1	3½
Pathan	109½	Morris	4-1	4nk
Vultilla	104	Callahan	20-1	5½
Frances R.	106½	Bullman	15-1	6
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Royal Airman	111	McTaggart	20-1	8

Time—0:53.

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For three-year-olds and upward; the Metropolitan Handicap; $5,000 added. One mile.

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Careful	108	Marinelli	12-1	2½
*Mad Hatter	125	M. Peter	8-5	4
†Tryster	130	Lyke	8-1	5
Snob II.	130	C. Kummer	6-5	6

*Rancocas Stable entry. †Greentree Stable and Westmont Stable entry.

Time—1:38.

Start fair; won easily; place driving. Grey Lag, ch. h., 5, by Star Shoot—Miss Minnie; owned by the Rancocas Stable and trained by S. C. Hildreth.

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For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000. One mile.

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Prince Regent	99	Taylor	15-1	1nk
Repeats II.	102	Rose	5-1	2nk
Romany	109	Mooney	10-5	3
Whisk	100	E. Kummer	4-1	4½
Bellsolar	108	Callahan	8-1	5
High Speed	113	Collins	30-1	6½
Marvecrest	108	Barnes	8-1	7½
Perhaps	106	Milner	20-1	8
Orcus	113	O. Kummer	20-1	9
Briar Rose	92	Pierce	100-1	10
Dexterous	113	McTaggart	20-1	11

Time—1:38 4-5.

Start good; won driving; place same. Prince Regent, ch. g., 5, by Spanish Prince II.—Understudy; owned by W. M. Jeffords and trained by R. A. Smith.

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For two-year-olds; maidens; purse $1,000. Four and one-half furlongs, straight.

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Cano	115	Robinson	5-1	1½
Bowman	115	Stuffs	12-1	2
Fair Lee	115	L. Fator	8-1	3½
Blissful	113	Rice	4-1	4
†Honor	115	Sande	3-1	5
Hands Up	115	Deegan	20-1	6
Wild Aster	115	McTaggart	4-1	7½
Prince Leopard	115	Fairbrother	50-1	8
Businesslike	115	Lyke	30-1	9
Try to Peep	115	Bullman	100-1	10
Vehement	115	Carroll	50-1	11
Director	115	Morris	30-1	12
Joe Marrone II.	115	Mooney	20-1	13
Cousin Artie	115	Collins	25-1	14

*Rancocas Stable entry.

Time—0:56 2-5.

Start good; won driving; place same. Cano, ch. c., by Omar Khayyam—Sempre Fidele; owned by the Oak Ridge Stable and trained by J. Loftus.

Weather clear; track fast.

BELMONT PARK ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs, main course. Ivanhoe 118 pounds, Belmon 110, Nugget 117, Picnic 119, Pletrus 113, Tiketh 113, Debadom 115, *Sagamore 113, Ethelbert 113, L'Estair 117, Evil 110, Haidee 99, †Eastside 117, *Glenlivet 106, a*Dr. Whitehead 99, a* Venisice 110, Frank Waters 117, Hugnis 104.

aAllies Stable entry.

SECOND RACE—Conditions; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile. Alka 118 pounds, Air Pilot 117, Marseillaise 117, Nine Grass 117, Chesterbrook 110, Southern Cross 117, All Over 114, King Albert 114, Lally 110, Flying Cloud 117, Bryson Days 114.

aH. W. Howard entry. bGifford A. Cochran entry.

THIRD RACE—Conditions; for two-year-olds; four and one-half furlongs, straight. Fredericktown 111 pounds, Transmute 111, Cookzey 118, Resolution 118, H. T. Waters 111, Nestune 116, Somerdean 118, Strayaway 111, Chesmistris 106, Bryon 111, Khazif 113, Invictus 114, Eagerness.

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aApprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

Launch 70-Foot Craft Built To Make 50 Miles an Hour

Special to The New York Times.

PORT HURON, Mich., May 24.—What is said by Gar Wood of Detroit to be the world's fastest cruiser was launched at Algonac today. The boat, named Cigarette, was built for L. Gordon Hammersley, a New York broker. The Cigarette, according to Mr. Wood, will make about 50 miles an hour and is 70 feet long by 12 feet wide. It is powered by five Liberty motors, especially rebuilt. There are two engines on each side and one in the centre turning three propellers.

NEW YACHTS LISTED FOR SPECIAL RACES

Hawk and Ingomar Will Compete in Six-Meter Events on Memorial Day.

With a special series of races for the six meter and Class S boats, the Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht Club will open its season on Memorial Day, Wednesday. Two new six-meter yachts, built for the trials to determine the team of four boats that will be sent to England to defend the cup won by America last year, will sail in these special events which will continue until June 4. These yachts are the Hawk and the Ingomar. The formal trials will not be held until June 11.

Commodore W. A. W. Stewart has presented two prizes to be given to the winners of the special series for six-meter and S boats. Vice Commodore Paul L. Hammond will give a prize to the winner of the season's championship in the S class, and the Leland Challenge Cup will be sailed for by the S class in the annual regatta, which will be held on June 23.

A full season has been planned by the Race Committee, of which C. J. Nourse is Chairman, and whose other members are H. E. Böcher, S. A. Rahnestock, Percy S. Weeks and Ray D. Bowers. Besides the six-meter and S class contests on Wednesday, there will be a special race for the Fish and Kitten classes. The Robert Center Challenge Cup will be sailed for by the Fish Class in the annual regatta and Rear Commodore Harry M. Curtis will give a prize to the winner of the season's championship in this division. The Alfred Roosevelt Memorial Cup will be sailed for in the Stratford Shoal Race on Sept. 1 by yachts enrolled in the club.

REGATTA ON HARLEM DRAWS 52 ENTRIES

N. Y. Rowing Association's Events Will Be Contested on Decoration Day.

The New York Rowing Association announced yesterday that it had received fifty-two entries for the fourteen events of its annual regatta on the Harlem River on Decoration Day.

Paul Costello, national amateur single sculls champion, and Jack Kelly, Olympic champion, will row in the senior four carrying the colors of the new Penn Athletic Club of Philadelphia, and Louis Zohs of the Bohemian Boat Club, national quarter mile sculling champion, will row in the senior singles.

The event for junior eights will be a three-cornered affair between the University of Pennsylvania junior crew in the colors of the College Boat Club, the New York Athletic Club and the New York Rowing Association. Five high school crews have entered the interscholastic eight-oared race. They will represent Stuyvesant High, De Witt Clinton, Brooklyn Tech, Erasmus Hall High and New Rochelle High Schools.

PLEBE CREW TO LEAVE.

Only Navy Entry in Henley Starts for Philadelphia Today.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., May 24.—The Naval Academy crew, which will enter the freshmen event of the Henley in Philadelphia Saturday, and which was to be the only entry from the academy this year, will leave for that city tomorrow afternoon. The varsity, which enters the Poughkeepsie regatta this year, and the second varsity, which will work with it, will resume special preparation for that race immediately upon the close of "June Week," starting June 7.

CORNELL CREWS ARRIVE.

Varsity and Freshmen Practice on Charles for Race Tomorrow.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 24.—The varsity and freshman eight-oared crews of Cornell arrived here today for their race with Harvard crews on the Charles River Saturday, and this evening Coach John Hoyle sent his charges out for trial spins over the course.

WASHINGTON FOUR WINS.

Major Quekemeyer Stars as War Department Beats Bryn Mawr.

BRYN MAWR, Pa., May 24.—The War Department polo team of Washington today defeated Bryn Mawr, 14 goals to 5, in the semi-final match for the second Wooton Cup, and will meet the Philadelphia Country Club quartet in the final contest Saturday. Major H. G. Quekemeyer was the individual star of the game, scoring five goals for the War Department.

LOUISVILLE RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,400; six furlongs. Ascot, 103 pounds (Howard), $163.80, $48.80, $27.80, first; Grace of Honor, 110 (Keesee), $6.80, $4.80, second; Miss Mabel, 104 (Wilson), $6.80, third. Time—1:13 2-5. Good night, Kinsley, Bill O'Tyron, Betty Amie, Miss Stone, Lexitus, Major Carrel, Lady Gorham and John G. Kelly also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; maidens; purse $1,200; one mile. Fany Free, 116 pounds (Willis), $7.10, $4.60, $3.20, first; Mistress Mary, 97 (Long), $14.80, $7.60, second; Alluring, 99 (Wallace), (Gay), $6.00, third. Time—1:46 4-5. Sam Larsh, Major Ohilton, Spinball, Pets For, Cappy Ricks, Rustigan, Lew Fox, Albert L., Glory of the Seas and Marjorie also ran.

THIRD RACE—For two-year-olds; fillies; claiming; purse $1,200; four and one-half furlongs. Observation, 105 pounds (Garner), $4.20, $3.20, $2.60, first; Peat, 108 (Fator), $9.00, $6.00, second; Queer, 108 (Brothers), $6.00, third. Time—0:58 2-5. Burst, Ora Lee, Battle Shot, Wood Lady, Swift Water and April also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; allowances; the Merino Stakes, Merchants' Association, Inc. Purse; purse $1,400; six furlongs. Lathrop, 99 pounds (Wallace), $7.30, $6.20, $3.00, first; Buster, 107 (Keesee), $6.80, $4.80, second; Sun Thistle, 92 (Parke), $7.20, third. Time —1:12. Eulah P., Miss Cerina, Lady Champ, Marvin May and Quince Garden also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,200; one mile and three sixteenths; 3 pounds (Howard), $8.60, $5.40, $3.80, first; Cubamo, 97½ (Corcoran), $8.60, $3.60, second; Little Ann, 97 (Wallace), $5.40, third. Time—2:00. Kimpalong, Whirling Dun and Jack Hill also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For two-year-olds; allowances; the Harbourville Purse; purse $1,400; five furlongs (Johnson), $6.40, $2.80, $2.20, first; Earl Pool, 112 (Mooney), $2.80, $2.20, second; Bob Tail, 104½ (Ponce), $2.40, third. Time—1:01 2-5. Sarah Day, Bear Grass and London Smoke also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,200; one mile. Elias O., 95 pounds (Wallace), $42.80, $12.60, $1.50, first; Humphrey, 107 (Brothers), $8.70, $2.60, second; Slanderer, 98 (Penn), $2.50, third. Time—1:39 4-5. Black Thane, Grayson and Real Foot also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

LOUISVILLE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—$1,800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Orlove 98 pounds, Sister Josella 107, Hughes Cushing 108, *Joe Jon 108, *Little Black Sheep 104, May Bodine 107, Ben Bolt 106, Commander McGeekin 110, Zorro 106, Day Trader 114, Romance 110, Bay Prom Knox 111, Royal Palm 113, Golden Fleece 115, Clairmore 112. Also eligible: Dernier Son 106, Cobweb 108, *Glyn 100, Lily M. 98, Ruby 106, Honor Maz 107.

SECOND RACE—$1,400; maidens; two-year-olds; colts and geldings; four and a half furlongs. Extradition 117 pounds, Blue White 115, Asaph 115, Sunspere 115, Firestone 115, Graeme 115, Beaumont 115, Great Northern 115, Keegan 115, J. G. Deany 115, Brilliant Cast 115.

THIRD RACE—$1,400; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. Overwhelm 96 pounds, *Kindred 99, Mary Rose 101, *Nuyaka 101, Kenmare 94, Blue Bird 102, *Reid Gold 102, Whitleather 104, Stump Jr. 108, Untried 110, Jupiter 115.

FOURTH RACE—$1,000; Gentlemen's Cup; three-year-olds and upward; seven furlongs. Lieutenant Colonel 106 pounds, Uncle Sonny 106, Blaise 106, Little Dutch 106, Lily Oliver 106, Blackwatch II. 106, Salve 106.

FIFTH RACE—$1,800 allowances; the Cornbill; three-year-olds; six furlongs. Pleasure 101 pounds; Right on Time 106, Revenge 100, Uncle Hugh 106, Dust Flower 107, Great Jane 106, Actuary 113, Prince K. 110, Indian Trail 113, Snuggle 115.

SIXTH RACE—$1,800; allowances; the Lagrange; three-year-olds and upward; mile. Prince Til Til 98 pounds, Rhoadie 100, Wayward Lady 105, Precious Lute 108, Excuse Me 108, Jingo 115.

SEVENTH RACE—$1,800; claiming; two-year-olds; four and a half furlongs. *Menes 104 pounds, Meadow Lawn 102, Attractive 104, Silent Joe 106, Miss Cobb 106, Peggy 106, Blue Bonnet 106, Miss Cherokee 106, Dugler 109, Moorfield 109, Indian 109, Rap 113. Also eligible: Miss Murdock 104, Harvesty 109, Night 109, April 109, Buck 109, Bendan Tea 109.

EIGHTH RACE—Purse $1,800; claiming; four-year-olds and up; mile and a sixteenth. *Toss 97 pounds, *Plus Ultra 96, *Smuts 100, *Opulent 100, Ostale 97, *Exile 97, Milesbeltown 106, Walnut Hall 104, Lem 106, Foster Embry 106, Brotherly Love 110, Rah 113, Meddlan 112. Also eligible: Dismal 109, Sweetpotato 102.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

Launch 70-Foot Craft Built To Make 50 Miles an Hour

Special to The New York Times.

PORT HURON, Mich., May 24.—What is said by Gar Wood of Detroit to be the world's fastest cruiser was launched at Algonac today. The boat, named Cigarette, was built for L. Gordon Hammersley, a New York broker. The Cigarette, according to Mr. Wood, will make about 50 miles an hour and is 70 feet long by 12 feet wide. It is powered by five Liberty motors, especially rebuilt. There are two engines on each side and one in the centre turning three propellers.

CALIFORNIA PICKED TO

YANKEES' WINNING STREAK IS BROKEN

Lose Opening Contest of Series With Athletics in Ninth Inning, 1 to 0.

WELCH DRIVES IN THE RUN

Singles With Bases Filled—More Than 20,000 See Ruth Walk Four Times.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.—A winning streak extending over nine consecutive games was broken this afternoon when the Yankees were beaten, 1 to 0, in the opening game of a series with Connie Mack's Athletics. This was the first setback suffered by the champions since they were taken into camp by the veteran George Dauss on May 13 in the second game of their series in Detroit.

Their defeat today was a story of neglected opportunities, of which they had many. Only seven hits were made off Eddie Rommel, but they were supplemented by six passes and five errors, two of which were charged against Catcher Cy Perkins for failing to capture easy fouls. Neither of these two errors proved costly, however, the batter in both instances subsequently flying to Frank McCowan.

The Yankees had one or more runners on the bases in each of the nine innings, and in the third and eighth they filled the bags to capacity. They could not break through in the pinches, however, and eleven of them were left on the paths.

Welch Is Hero.

Bullet Joe Bush pitched against the ace of the local hurling corps and let the Mackmen down with five hits and three passes. Three of the enemies' hits, including two doubles, were made by Welch, who batted in the winning run in the ninth inning after the Macks had filled the bases on Matthews's single past Pipp, a fielder's choice and an intentional pass to Hauser.

More than 20,000 persons witnessed the game, in which the Yankees made their first appearance of the year in Philadelphia.

A flashy double play stopped the Yankees in the first inning. Witt led off with a single to short and took an extra base on Galloway's wild throw to first. Dugan bunted a pop fly to Rommel. Ruth drew a pass, but Dykes took Pipp's grounder on the run, stepped on second forcing Ruth, and whipped the ball to first in time to double the batter and retire the side.

Ward singled to centre after two were out in the second, but nothing came of it. Hauser, who opened the Mackmen's half with a pass, also was left on first.

Yanks Fill Bases.

Witt poled a single to left after Bush had been retired in the third, and went to second on McGowan's boot. Dugan filed to McGowan, and Ruth was purposely passed. Pipp filled the bases by beating out a hit to Dykes. Meusel ended the inning, however, by lifting an easy foul to Perkins. Dykes drew a pass at the start of the second half. He went to second on Rommel's sacrifice, but he was doubled off the bag on Matthew's liner to Dugan.

Neither side threatened in the fourth, and in the fifth a pass to Ruth—his third of the game—was nullified by an unsuccessful attempt to steal second. In the second half Welch led off with a double to right and went to third on Galloway's sacrifice. McGowan fanned, however, and an attempted double steal, after Dykes had been hit on the elbow, resulted in a double run-up, which ended when Welch was caught between third and the plate.

Ward came through with his third hit—another single to left—at the start of the seventh and went to second on Scott's sacrifice. He was caught between second and third, however, on Bush's grounder to Rommel. Following a pass to Whitey Witt, Dugan rolled to Galloway for a force-out at second which retired the side. Welch doubled to centre after two were out in the Athletics' half, but was left at second when Bush handled Galloway's easy bounder.

New Yorkers Threaten.

The Yankees threatened again in the eighth, but failed to score after filling the bases. Ruth led off with his fourth pass, only to be forced at second on Pipp's bunt to Hale. Meusel then grounded to Rommel, and with a double play in sight the Athletics pitcher made a wild throw to second. Both runners advanced on Schang's grounder to Hale and Rommel filled the bases by purposely passing Aaron Ward. This brought Scott to bat, and the deacon sent an easy fly to McGowan for the third out.

The Yanks went out in order in the ninth, but in the second half Matthews led off with a single past Pipp, went to second on Hale's sacrifice and slid safely into third when Scott tried to catch him there on Perkins's stab to deep short. Hauser, a left handed hitter, was purposely passed, filling the bases. Then Welch, who previously had made two doubles off Bush, came to bat. He carried the count to three and two, and after fouling off a number of good ones, broke up the game with a single to deep right centre.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Matthews,cf	4	1	1	1	0	Witt,cf	4	0	2	4	0
Hale,3b	4	0	0	1	2	Dugan,2b	3	0	0	4	4
Perkins,c	4	0	1	2	2	Ruth,lf	0	0	0	1	1
Hauser,1b	2	0	0	10	0	Pipp,1b	4	0	1	10	0
Welch,rf	3	0	1	0	0	Meusel,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Galloway,ss	3	0	0	5	3	Schang,c	4	0	0	2	1
McGowan,lf	3	0	0	4	0	Ward,2b	3	0	3	2	4
Dykes,2b	1	0	0	3	3	Scott,ss	3	0	0	0	1
Rommel,p	2	0	0	1	0	Bush,p	4	0	0	0	4
Total	25	1	5	27	10	Total	31	0	7	*25	15

*One out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Philadelphia 3 (Perkins 2, Galloway, McGowan, Rommel), New York 0.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Welch 2. Sacrifices—Rommel, Galloway, Hale, Scott. Double plays—Dykes and Hauser; Dugan and Ward. Left on bases—New York 11, Philadelphia 6. Bases on balls—Off Bush 3, Rommel 6. Struck out—By Bush 3. Hit by pitcher—By Bush (Dykes). Umpires—Dinneen and Owens. Time of game—1:42.

INDIANS BEAT BROWNS.

Coveleskie In Fine Form as Cleveland Wins, 6 to 1.

ST. LOUIS, May 24.—The Cleveland Indians took the first of the four-game series with the St. Louis Browns today, 6 to 1. Coveleskie was in fine form, only fifteen batters facing him in the first five innings. J. Sewell hit a home run off Shocker in the sixth, scoring Speaker and Summa. In the eighth inning Brower hit a circuit drive off Bayne.

The score:

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jamieson,lf	5	0	0	2	0	Tobin,rf	4	0	1	2	0
W'gans,2b	3	1	1	4	6	Gerber,ss	4	0	0	2	3
Speaker,cf	4	1	2	4	1	Jacobson,cf	4	1	2	3	0
Brower,1b	3	1	1	12	1	Williams,lf	3	0	0	1	0
Summa,rf	3	2	1	2	0	McManus,2b	3	0	2	1	5
J. Sewell,ss	4	1	2	1	4	Severeid,c	3	0	0	2	0
Lutzke,3b	4	0	1	0	1	Robertson,3b	3	0	0	0	1
Myatt,c	4	0	1	2	0	Schl'bner,1b	3	0	1	13	2
Coveleskie,p	4	0	0	0	3	Shocker,p	1	0	0	2	2
						Bayne,p	0	0	0	0	0
						Danforth,p	0	0	0	0	0
						aDurst	1	0	0	0	0
						bCollins	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	6	8	27	15	Total	30	1	6	27	14

aBatted for Shocker in sixth.
bBatted for Bayne in eighth.

Errors—Cleveland 0; St. Louis 1 (McManus.)

Cleveland	0	1	0	0	4	0	1	0	0—6
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits—J. Sewell, Jacobson, McManus. Home runs—J. Sewell, Brower. Stolen base—Wambsganss. Sacrifice—Brower. Double plays—J. Sewell, Wambsganss and Brower (2); McManus and Schliebner. Left on bases—Cleveland 4, St. Louis 5. Base on balls—Off Coveleskie 1, Schocker 2. Struck out—By Schocker 2. Hits—Off Schocker 7 in 5 innings, Bayne in 2, Danforth 0 in 1. Losing pitcher—Shocker. Umpires—Connolly and Connolly. Time of game—1:46.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York 8, Philadelphia 3.
Pittsburgh 11, St. Louis 4.
Other clubs not scheduled.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia 1, New York 0.
Washington 7, Boston 1.
Chicago 6, Detroit 1.
Cleveland 6, St. Louis 1.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	25	6	.758
Pittsburgh	19	13	.594
St. Louis	17	17	.500
Brooklyn	15	16	.484
Chicago	15	16	.484
Boston	13	16	.448
Cincinnati	12	17	.428
Philadelphia	8	22	.267

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	28	9	.719
Philadelphia	18	12	.600
Cleveland	18	15	.545
Detroit	17	16	.515
Washington	13	16	.448
St. Louis	13	18	.419
Chicago	11	18	.379
Boston	9	18	.333

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Boston at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.
Cincinnati at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Philadelphia.
Washington at Boston.
Chicago at Detroit.
Cleveland at St. Louis.

CARDINAL PITCHERS EASY FOR PIRATES

Pittsburgh Keeps Home Slate Clean, Winning, 11 to 4—Rawlings at Second.

PITTSBURGH, May 24.—Pittsburgh pounded three pitchers today and kept the home slate clean by defeating St. Louis, 11 to 4. It was the Pirates' eighth victory without a defeat on their home grounds.

Johnny Rawlings, who was obtained by the Pirates in a trade with the Philadelphia Nationals, played second base today, replacing Tierney, who went to the Phillies.

Traynor hit a home run in the seventh inning. Lavan, St. Louis shortstop, struck in the face by a pitched ball during batting practice, was unable to play.

The score:

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Maranv'le,ss	5	1	1	5	3	Smith,lf	4	1	2	2	0
Carey,cf	5	1	1	4	0	Flack,rf	4	0	1	3	0
Bigbee,lf	3	2	1	2	0	Hornsby,2b	4	0	1	1	4
Barnhart,rf	5	2	3	4	1	Blades,3b	0	0	0	0	0
Traynor,3b	4	2	2	1	3	Bot'mley,1b	4	0	1	6	0
Grimm,1b	4	1	3	10	1	Stock,3b,2b	3	0	0	1	2
Rawlings,2b	3	0	2	1	5	Myers,cf	3	0	1	3	0
Schmidt,c	4	1	2	2	0	Dyer,cf	1	0	0	2	0
Adams,p	4	1	1	0	1	Freigau,ss	4	1	2	3	3
						McCurdy,c	3	1	1	7	0
						Almstrth,c	1	0	0	0	0
						Sherdel,p	2	0	0	1	1
						aToporcer	1	1	1	0	0
						North,p	0	0	0	0	0
						Stuart,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bClemons	1	0	0	0	0
Total	37	11	15	27	14	Total	35	4	10	24	10

aBatted for Sherdel in seventh.
bBatted for Stuart in ninth.

Errors—Pittsburgh, 1 (Carey); St. Louis, 2 (McCurdy).

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	3	3	1	4	0	0—11
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2—4

Two-base hits—Maranville, Schmidt, Adams, Freigau (2), Toporcer, Bigbee, Grimm. Three-base hits—Barnhart (2). Home run—Traynor. Stolen bases—Bigbee, Barnhart, Schmidt. Double plays—Hornsby, Freigau and Bottomley; Maranville, Rawlings and Grimm. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Pittsburgh, 5. Bases on balls—Off Sherdel, 1; North, 1; Adams, 1; Stuart, 1. Struck out—By Sherdel, 2; Adams, 2. Hits—Off Sherdel, 10 in 6 innings; North, 4 in 0 (none out in 7th); Stuart, 1 in 3. Losing pitcher—Sherdel. Umpires—Klem and Wilson. Time of game—1:39.

SENATORS BEAT RED SOX.

Hit Hard Behind Zachary's Fine Pitching and Win by 7 to 1.

BOSTON, May 24.—Zachary's pitching was too much for the home-coming Boston Red Sox today, and Washington won, 7 to 1. The Senators got thirteen hits for a total of eighteen bases. The fielding of Bluege and Stan Harris was steadily brilliant. After three straight hits Goslin was compelled to retire because of a wrenched ankle.

The score:

WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bluege,3b	5	1	3	1	7	Mitchell,ss	4	0	0	4	2
S. Harris,2b	3	1	1	4	4	Picinich,c	3	0	0	8	2
Rice,rf	4	2	2	2	0	Collins,cf	4	0	0	4	0
Goslin,lf	3	0	0	3	0	Flagstead,rf	4	0	0	0	1
Wade,lf	1	0	0	0	0	Burns,1b	3	0	1	8	0
Judge,1b	4	0	1	13	0	J. Harris,lf	3	0	2	3	0
Evans,ef	5	1	1	1	0	McMillan,3b	3	0	0	2	2
P'eaugh,ss	5	1	0	0	5	Pittenger,2b	3	0	0	3	3
Gharrity,c	3	1	1	7	2	Ferguson,p	1	0	0	0	2
Zachary,p	3	0	1	0	1	O'Doul,p	2	0	0	0	4
Total	37	7	13	27	19	Total	29	1	3	27	16

Errors—Washington 1 (Rice); Boston 1 (McMillan).

Washington	2	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0—7
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits—S. Harris, Rice, Goslin, Burns, J. Harris. Three-base hit—Rice. Stolen base—Bluege. Sacrifices—S. Harris, Judge. Double plays—Peckinpaugh, S. Harris and Judge; S. Harris and Judge. Left on bases—Washington 9, Boston 3. Bases on balls—Off Zachary 1, Ferguson 1, O'Doul 2. Struck out—By Zachary 3, Ferguson 2, O'Doul 1. Hits—Off Ferguson 10 in 4 innings (none out in 5th), O'Doul 3 in 5. Hit by pitcher—By O'Doul (Harris), By Zachary (Burns). Losing pitcher—Ferguson. Umpires—Hildebrand, Rowland and Moriarty. Times of game—1:44.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL GAMES.

At Rochester.

									R.	H.	E.
Rochester	3	1	0	0	2	3	0	1	—9	10	1
Syracuse	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	—4	7	2

Batteries—Judd and Lake; Dubuc, Ward, Hill and Niebergall.

At Toronto.

FIRST GAME.

									R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	1—6	10	1
Toronto	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—2	4	3

Batteries — Fisher and Urban; Taylor, Lynch and Hill.

SECOND GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0	1	5	1	0	0	3	1	—11	9	2
Buffalo	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	0	0—5	7	3

Batteries—Glazer and Hill; Mohart, Boland, Reddy and Urban.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Rochester	23	6	.793
Baltimore	22	11	.667
Buffalo	16	13	.552
Toronto	14	14	.500
Reading	15	15	.500
Jersey City	12	19	.406
Newark	10	18	.357
Syracuse	7	24	.226

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Baltimore at Jersey City.
Newark at Reading.
Syracuse at Rochester.
(Other clubs not scheduled.)

BASEBALL TODAY, EBBETTS FIELD.
Brooklyn vs. Boston, 3:30 P. M.—Advt.

SNYDER BATS HARD AS GIANTS TRIUMPH

Drives in Five Runs With Triple and Homer—Phillies Are Beaten by 8 to 2.

McQUILLAN PITCHES WELL

Allows Fletcher's Team Only Six Hits—Williams Makes 17th Circuit Clout of Season.

The Giants and Phillies play in the same league, but the resemblance ends there. There is a chance that the Giants will set up a league record for victories before they are through with the season, but it looks like a double-riveted certainty that the Phils will set up a permanent and ineffaceable mark in the number of defeats, judging from their bedraggled appearance at the Polo Grounds yesterday.

Second impressions merely confirmed the first, which was that the present Phils are probably the worst team that William F. Baker has ever fashioned together in the city of brotherly love. As early as the second inning they were out of the running, and the Giants galloped ahead to win as they pleased, finally ending up with an 8-2 victory. In hitting, fielding, team play and spirit the Phils were extremely depressing, and the fans slumbered placidly, once they were sure that the Giants had made enough runs.

Jimmy Ring, who is Arthur Fletcher's best pitcher, now that Lee Meadows has gone to the Pirates, was in the box, and the Giants knocked him dizzy. They made him the personal butt for a lot of punishment, not only hitting the ball hard, but also smashing it right at Jimmy himself. Three singles in the fifth skipped past Ring's ankles, and O'Connell finally capped the display by slashing a grounder that almost separated the Quaker from his good right hand.

But this didn't bother Ring nearly as much as a pair of further flung blows by Frank Pancho Snyder, the Giants' catcher. These two hits came nowhere near Ring himself, but they just about wrecked the ball game. One was a three-bagger with the bases crowded in the second. The second was a home run with a man on first base in the fifth. Five runs off two hits was a good day's work, and Snyder let it go at that.

Williams Hits Homer in First.

The furious Phils packed all their contributions of thrill into the first two innings. This fellow Cy Williams came up in the opening frame and slapped Hugh McQuillan's first pitch up against the upper boxes in right for his seventeenth homer of the season. Williams is making Ruth look like a neophyte at the home-run game. He now has twice as many four-baggers as the Babe, and one to boot, and he is far ahead of Ruth's mark at this time in 1921, when the Yanker star hit his fifty-nine.

In the second inning the Phils again shocked and surprised the good folks who were present. Wrightstone walked with one down, cantered to second on an out and scored when Ring jolted a hit to centre. Mokan followed with a single past Kelly, the third hit off McQuillan, but Astorla Hugh settled down and fanned Sand.

After that exciting time Fletcher's futile Phils were through for the day, and the Giants were just beginning. They ground out three runs in the same second inning and had nothing to worry about in the subsequent innings. Young crashed a single to left with one gone, Kelly walked, and both moved up on O'Connell's low line single at Williams's feet, which Cy dropped after a hard struggle.

Bases filled and Snyder up. In the same situation the other day he beat Fred Toney by singling. This time his technique was even better, for he lifted what is generally called a terrific triple away over Mokan's head and to the left field wall. Where three little Giants had bloomed before, only one bloomed now, and that was Snyder. He died on third.

That job done, the Giants rested on their oars until the fourth inning roused them to more deeds. Snyder did it again. With as many as two out O'Connell got his second single to centre, and Frank reached out for a wide one and deposited it on a line over the edge of the lower tier of the right field stand.

Giants Score Three More.

Ring cracked still more in the fifth and yielded three runs that were superfluous. After Bancroft had walked Groh chopped a single in the vicinity of second. Frisch smashed past Ring for a base hit, scoring Bancroft and admitting Groh to third. Frank went to second on Williams's throw to third, and both he and Groh came over when Meusel hit a single in the same groove past Ring. It was all so easy. Young and Kelly died on flies, but O'Connell bombarded Ring again with a sharp grounder, Meusel pulling up at second. The home run and three-bagger specialist Mr. Snyder contented himself with a gentle pop fly to Sand.

Williams carved out a double in the third to lay beside his homer, but on a later grounder to Bancroft Long Cy was run down by Snyder, Groh and McQuillan. Then the Phils had nothing to say again until the eighth, when McQuillan walked Sand and Williams, the first two batters, only to nip the next three in the bud.

There was also excitement in the ninth, if you could call it that. Wrightstone and one Fred Leach, batting for Ring, singled and Meusel dropped Mokan's fly, filling the bases with one out. Fletcher rushed Clarence Mitchell up to swing for Sand, but Travis Jackson grabbed his grounder, stepped on third and threw to first ahead of the runner—a clever double play.

McQuillan allowed only four hits up to the ninth and six altogether. In the last twenty-seven innings his allotment to the enemy has been two runs and eleven hits, which is something in these days of jackrabbit balls, big bats and little parks.

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bancroft,ss	3	1	0	3	4	Mokan,lf	5	0	1	2	0
Groh,3b	3	1	1	0	1	Sand,3b	3	0	0	2	3
Jackson,3b	1	0	0	2	1	Williams,cf	3	2	1	2	1
Frisch,2b	4	1	1	2	6	Walker,rf	3	0	0	4	0
Meusel,lf	4	0	1	2	0	Holke,1b	4	0	0	11	1
Young,rf	4	1	2	2	1	P'kinson,2b	4	0	0	1	3
Kelly,1b	3	1	0	10	1	W'stone,ss	3	1	1	1	3
O'Connell,cf	4	2	3	2	0	Henline,c	4	0	0	1	0
Snyder,c	4	1	2	4	1	Ring,p	3	0	1	1	1
McQ'lan,p	4	0	0	1	0	aLeach	1	0	1	0	0
						bMitchell	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	8	10	27	14	Total	33	2	6	24	11

aBatted for Ring in ninth.
bBatted for Sand in ninth.

Errors—New York 2 (Jackson, Meusel), Philadelphia 0.

New York	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0—8
Philadelphia	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Williams, Young. Three-base hit—Snyder. Home runs—Williams, Snyder. Double plays—Bancroft, Frisch and Kelly; Jackson and Kelly. Left on bases—New York 4, Philadelphia 9. Bases on balls—Off McQuillan 5, Ring 2. Struck out—By McQuillan 4, Ring 1. Umpires—Moran and Finneran. Time of game—1:32.

Caught at the Plate.

Cotton Tierney and Charley Glazner, who were traded to the Phils by the Pirates, weren't on hand yesterday. They went back to Pittsburgh Wednesday night to get ready for the plunge.

Fletcher is quoted as declaring that other of the Phillies will be traded if they don't show something. That ought to strike terror into the Quaker ranks.

It was a threat or a promise, depending on the way you look at it.

Fred Leach, who singled as a pinch hitter in the ninth, was making his major league debut. He joined the club only a few days ago and may get a regular berth now on the strength of the single.

Jimmy O'Connell is picking up in hitting. Four hits last Sunday and three yesterday show which way the wind is blowing. He would have had four yesterday if his tremendous liner in the eighth hadn't gone right at Parkinson.

After watching Jackson at third Groh decided to get back in a hurry. He played five innings and then let Travis take up the burden.

Jess Barnes is due to face the Phils today.

McQuillan's "sneak strike" pitching didn't bother the Phillies. One batter hit the quick pitch for a single, much to Fletcher's delight. With two and nothing on Williams, Mac pitched three in succession and all were balls. The hitter walked on the next one.

The fans jeered mildly at McQuillan's tactics, but it did no good. That's the way Hugh pitches and that's the way he is going to pitch.

Five Leading Batsmen In Each Major League

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Wheat, Brooklyn	29	106	21	45	.417
Grimm, Pittsburgh	32	115	27	49	.426
Bottomley, St. Louis	34	137	36	54	.394
Frisch, New York	33	140	30	52	.371
Hornsby, St. Louis	37	100	28	32	.320

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club).	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Heilmann, Detroit	28	100	22	44	.440
Reichle, Boston	32	82	11	34	.337
Collins, Chicago	30	105	18	28	.371
Welch, Philadelphia	26	90	12	33	.367
Miller, Philadelphia	24	83	16	30	.361

SKEETERS BEATEN BY ORIOLES, 5 TO 1

Baltimore Scores Four Runs in Seventh and Takes Third Game of the Series.

The Baltimore Orioles defeated the Skeeters in the final game of the series in Jersey City yesterday afternoon by a score of 5 to 1. After the home club had tied the score in the sixth inning, the visitors pounded Hansom in the seventh and scored four runs, clinching the game. Hanson yielded a total of eleven hits. Frank of the Orioles was found for nine safeties. He also led the Baltimore team's attack with three hits in four trips to the plate.

The score:

BALTIMORE (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	JERSEY CITY (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Maisel,3b	3	1	1	1	3	Wolf,ss	5	0	1	2	3
Lawry,lf	4	1	1	2	0	Getz,3b	5	0	0	2	2
Jacobson,cf	3	0	0	1	0	Jacobs,lf	5	0	0	2	1
Walsh,rf	4	0	1	2	0	Holt,1b	5	0	2	10	2
Boley,ss	4	0	0	1	2	Cobb,cf	5	0	0	3	0
Bishop,2b	3	0	1	2	3	Danielson,rf	3	1	2	2	1
Styles,1b	3	1	2	8	1	Ray,2b	3	0	2	2	6
McAvoy,c	4	1	2	7	0	Freitag,c	2	0	1	1	2
Frank,p	4	1	3	2	3	Hanson,p	4	0	1	2	1
Total	32	5	11	27	10	Total	37	1	9	27	17

Errors—Baltimore 2 (Lowry, Boley), Jersey City 0.

Baltimore	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0—5
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits—Bishop, Freitag, Wolf. Three-base hits—Walsh, Maisel. Sacrifices—Maisel. Double plays—Hanson, Ray and Holt; Jacobs and Ray. Left on bases—Baltimore 6, Jersey City 13. Bases on balls—Off Hanson 5, Frank 4. Struck out—By Frank 5, Hanson 1. Umpires—Van Graffin, James and Carpenter. Time of game—1:27.

NEWARK LOSES AGAIN, 8-7,

Drops Third in Row When Reading Rallies in Ninth With Two Out.

READING, Pa., May 24.—Newark lost its third straight game here today falling before Reading by an 8 to 7 score. Flieshitter pitched brilliant ball for the visiting team and held Reading until the ninth when they pushed a pair of runs across with two out. Anderson hit a home run over the right field fence.

The score:

READING (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEWARK (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gilhooley,cf	4	1	0	1	0	Whitman,cf	4	1	1	0	0
Connolly,rf	5	1	1	2	0	Zitman,ss	4	2	2	1	3
Barrett,lf	5	0	2	1	0	See,lf	4	1	1	3	0
Wsahb'rn,2b	4	1	3	4	2	Honig,rf	4	0	0	0	0
R.Miller,3b	4	1	1	2	1	Brainard,2b	4	2	4	4	5
Thomas,ss	4	0	0	2	4	Anderson,3b	3	1	1	1	3
Bates,1b	4	1	2	10	0	E.Miller,1b	4	0	0	15	0
Lynn,c	3	2	1	4	3	Devine,c	4	0	0	2	1
Carts,p	1	1	0	1	2	Flieshitter,p	3	0	0	0	3
xLightner	1	0	1	0	0						
Hughes,p	1	0	0	0	2						
Total	36	8	11	27	14	Total	34	7	9*	28	15

*Two out when winning run was scored.
x Batted for Carts in seventh.

Errors—Reading 2 (Thomas, Lynn); Newark 3 (Zitman, E. Miller, Flieshitter).

Reading	0	0	5	0	0	0	1	0	2—8
Newark	0	0	0	4	0	3	0	0	0—7

Two-base hits—Lynn, Connolly, R. Miller, Lightner, See, Bates. Three-base hits—Washburn 2. Home run—Anderson. Stolen bases—Barrett, Whitman. Sacrifices—Carts, Lynn. Double play—Anderson, Brainard and Miller. Left on bases—Reading 8, Newark 1. Bases on balls—Off Carts 1, Flieshitter 1. Struck out—By Carts 4, Flieshitter 1. Hits—Off Carts 7 in 7 innings, Hughes 2 in 2. Winning pitcher—Hughes. Umpires—Gaston and Magerkurth. Time of game—2:00.

WHITE SOX WIN OPENER.

Defeat Tigers in First Game of the Series by Score of 6 to 1.

DETROIT, May 24.—The Detroit Tigers were unable to hit Charley Robertson's pitching today and lost the opening game of the Chicago series, 6 to 1. Cobb's home run into the right field bleachers was responsible for the solitary Tiger run. Willie Kamm, White Sox third baseman, fielded brilliantly and made three hits.

The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper,rf	2	1	1	2	0	Blue,1b	4	0	1	10	1
McClellan,ss	4	0	2	0	6	Haney,ss	4	0	1	2	5
Collins,2b	4	2	3	0	3	Cobb,cf	3	1	1	0	0
Mostil,cf	1	0	1	3	0	Veach,lf	4	0	0	2	1
Sheely,1b	5	1	1	14	0	Heilmann,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Falk,lf	5	0	0	4	0	Pratt,3b	4	0	0	2	2
Kamm,3b	3	1	3	1	2	Outshaw,2b	2	0	0	3	2
Schalk,c	3	1	0	8	0	Bassler,c	2	0	1	6	2
Robertson,p	3	0	0	0	2	Holloway,p	2	0	0	0	2
						Olsen,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	30	6	11	27	13	Cole,p	0	0

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PLANS FOR BOUT PERPLEX MONTANA

Railroads, Telegraph Companies and Promoters Wrestle With Deep Problems.

SHELBY INSPECTED AGAIN

Decision on Transportation and Housing Looked for Today—Dempsey Makes Fans Pay to See Him.

Special to The New York Times.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., May 24.—Definite information about the transportation and housing plans of the Great Northern Railway for the world's heavyweight championship bout between Jack Dempsey and Tom Gibbons at Shelby, Mont., July 4, is expected here tomorrow. Railroad officials have been in the oil town for the past three days going over the plans for providing accommodations for visiting fight fans.

Promoters Loy Molumby and Mike Collins, and Jack Kearns, manager of the champion, also are in Shelby. In connection with the arrangements being made by the railroad, it was expected that the delegation from this city would return today, but at the headquarters of Kearns here it was announced that his return would be delayed a day and at the local offices of the Great Northern it was stated the officials most directly identified with the fight arrangements would not return until late tonight.

Discussion of the arrangements made by the Great Northern to date developed that reports sent East of plans to provide forty miles of sidings for Pullmans, dining cars and other special accommodations contained little foundation in fact. Like the premature publication of Mark Twain's demise, the reports were slightly exaggerated. From a semi-official source it was learned this afternoon that latest plans call for providing about five or six miles of trackage. It was pointed out, however, that there was nothing definite about this arrangement. In fact, plans have been tentatively adopted and rejected, accepted and revised, with startling regularity since the start of work on this all-important detail. Right now the arrangements are in somewhat of a muddle, but the inspection of conditions at Shelby is expected to clear this confusion.

Read Short of Pullmans.

On the matter of equipment it was admitted in the Great Northern office that the company did not have at its disposal the quantity of Pullmans which it is expected will be required for the title bout. This is one of the many knotty problems which must be untangled without delay. Railway officials are concerned on this point, but they look on the situation with the optimism which is general here in regard to details of the bout arrangements. It is expected that what equipment is necessary to prevent or relieve congestion will be available from other roads.

Work also has been started on the problem of installing telegraph wires at the ringside. Like the railroad situation, this detail has assumed serious proportions. The task of providing for the wire traffic has attracted the attention of the leading telegraph officials in this part of the country, but without definite results to date.

The task of distributing tickets is expected to progress rapidly hereafter. Local business men back of the bout expect to send a representative to Shelby by tomorrow for the seats apportioned to Great Falls. An entire ringside section of the arena has been reserved for the local delegation, which is expected to number between 2,200 and 2,500. In addition residents of this city are receiving requests from friends in other parts of the country for pasteboards to the championship battle.

Shirley Ford, Vice President of the Great Falls National Bank, who was Treasurer of the fund raised to obtain the bout for Shelby, today gave some interesting details in connection with preliminary work on the battle—information which has not before been published. The proposal to get the bout for Shelby was first made in the way of a joke, then attracted serious attention with the realization of the advertising possibilities for Shelby and Great Falls and has now advanced to that stage where the State of Montana is back of the project.

How Money Was Raised.

When the problem of attracting capital to insure the bout came up, a mass meeting was held in this city to arouse interest. When the financial returns did not come up to expectations an intensive canvass of the town was instituted, with the result that this city raised $54,500 without difficulty. The goal for Shelby and Great Falls was $100,000, to be raised with a specified time. Shelby had raised only 45,000 in the time limit. The rest was obtained on subscriptions from Glasgow, Culbertson, Havre and Cutbank.

The bout has the support of the Toole County American Legion, the county in which Shelby is situated. A part of the proceeds from the bout, if there are any, will go to the Toole County American Legion to be spent in building a hospital for disabled war veterans. The opposition of the State Legion has been almost eliminated, according to Ford, who stated that a canvass of the State showed Legion posts back of the proposition by about 4 to 1.

"Kearns signed for the bout for $2,500," said Ford. "He did not get his $100,000 until ten days after the articles were signed. We refused to release the money until he had posted a satisfactory forfeit as a guarantee for the investment represented.

"The early financing was sort of a co-operative community enterprise and the interests of the investors had to be protected. Kearns balked at first and wanted an arbiter appointed. We accepted his plan and John A. Noble, First Vice President of the Harriman National Bank of New York, was appointed to determine, in case of necessity, if any of the signatories to the contract violated its provisions. Kearns then deposited $50,000 as a forfeit. He will collect this, under the arrangements made, if the second $100,000 installment of his guarantee is not forthcoming on June 15, as is stipulated in the contract. If the installment is met, the $50,000 will remain as a forfeit for the third installment, which is to be paid July 2.

Expects $600,000 Gate.

"Under the terms of the contract Dempsey receives $300,000, and 40 per cent of all over $600,000. I would not be surprised to see this sum reached. It is expected a crowd of 20,000 will witness the bout, and at an average of $30, which is conservative, the return will be $600,000, thus making a financial success out of a matter originally launched for advertising purposes. I have no positive information on the advance sale, but I hear it is beyond the $200,000 mark, which is a strong indication of the interest in the bout."

A new order of things was instituted today at the Dempsey camp when the champion resumed training before a fair-sized crowd. Admission was charged to the training grounds, which were heretofore open to the public without charge. Dempsey indulged in the customary brisk road workout across country in the morning and in the afternoon battered his sparring partners. The champion is not extending himself to the limit in these workouts. The fight still is more than a month off and Dempsey is in prime condition. Because of this, Jack is taking things easily. Dempsey said today that he intends to take a rest of several days from the training routine because of the danger of going stale. The champion has a fishing expedition arranged for Monday.

Plans are afoot for a rousing reception to Gibbons on the occasion of the challenger's stage appearance here Monday. It still is undecided where the St. Paul light-heavyweight will do his training for the Dempsey battle. Havre and Hilger are eager to have him train in their midst.

Proclamation Against Pools Issued by Ohio's Governor

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 24.—Baseball pool and lottery, punchboard and slot-machine gambling must cease in Ohio, Governor Donahey has declared in a proclamation. The order, directed to Mayors, Sheriffs and other enforcement officials, intimates that unless such practices are stopped authorities charged with law enforcement will be removed by the Governor. Sale of baseball pools has been going on in the State for several years uninterrupted, the proclamation sets forth, despite efforts of baseball magnates to eliminate the evil. Suppression of the vice is now put up to authorities. The Governor's action followed his learning that his 10-year-old son fell afoul of the baseball pool operators, and numerous requests from interested persons that vice be removed from the reach of children, many of whom, an investigation at the instigation of the Governor showed, were victims.

SPALLA CHALLENGES DEMPSEY TO FIGHT

Italian Seeks Bout for World's Title—Champion Says He Is Willing.

MILAN, May 24 (Associated Press).—Ermino Spalla of Italy, holder of the European heavyweight boxing title, today challenged Jack Dempsey to a bout for the world's heavyweight championship. Spalla, once a sparring partner in Dempsey's camp, won the European title from Vandeveer, the Hollander, here last Sunday.

Dempsey Makes Reply.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., May 24.—"I will fight any of them," declared Jack Dempsey, heavyweight champion, when shown a dispatch citing the challenge sent him by Ermino Spalla of Italy, European heavyweight champion. "But," he said, "just now I have about all the fighting that I can attend to. If I clean up on this side of the water I will be willing to take on the European fighter. I do not remember Spalla and I haven't heard of his battles, but it's all right with me so far as the fighting part is concerned."

As to the statement credited to Jess Willard, that Dempsey probably would never meet Wills, the champion remarked: "Kearns does the arranging and I do the fighting, and if Kearns signs for Wills, it will be Wills."

Dan Tracy, Great Falls hotel owner, with four other business men, has offered Kearns the same purse and conditions as given Dempsey and Gibbons for their bout at Shelby July 4, to match Dempsey against Wills in Great Falls, Labor Day, if the Shelby fight proves a success and Dempsey is the winner.

"If Gibbons should be the next champion, the same offer goes for him," said Tracy.

20,000 SEE VILLA LOSE, FLORES WIN, IN PHILA.

Bobby Wolgast Outpoints Former Flyweight Champion in Open Air Battle.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24. — Bobby Wolgast of Atlantic City tonight outpointed Pancho Villa, former flyweight champion, in a fast eight-round bout in the first open-air show of the season at the National League baseball park. Wolgast did most of the leading, and in the final round he had Villa bleeding from the mouth. More than 20,000 persons saw the contest.

Danny Kramer, Philadelphia, won on a foul from George K. O. Chaney, Baltimore, in the second round of the semi-wind-up.

Elino Flores, Filipino lightweight; Patsy Wallace and Andy (Kid) Palmer, both of Philadelphia, were victors in the three eight-round preliminaries. Flores beat Joe Tiplits of Philadelphia in a fast bout. Flores weighed 138½ pounds and Tiplitz 136. Wallace outpointed Johnny Buff, former bantamweight champion; their weights were announced as 116 pounds each. Palmer beat Jack McCarron of Allentown, Pa.

KILBANE MEETS CRIQUI IN RING AT FLUSHING

'May Best Man Win,' Says Champion as They Are Introduced at Legion Smoker.

Johnny Kilbane and Eugene Criqui, who are scheduled to meet at the Polo Grounds June 2 in a match to decide the featherweight champion of the world, met face to face last night in the State Armory, Flushing, at a smoker held jointly by the William A. Leonard Post of the American Legion and Company I of the Fourteenth Infantry of the New York National Guard. More than 1,500 persons were present. Harry Willis, contender for heavyweight honors, refereed several of the matches.

Kilbane and Criqui shook hands in the ring, where they were introduced by Fred Delaney, Long Island representative of the A. U. U.

"This is the first time I ever met you, Mr. Criqui," said Kilbane, "and it does me honor to be able to shake your hand. I want you to know that I respect you both as a fighter of the ring and as a soldier who has done much for his country. You have done wonderful things, Mr. Criqui, and when we meet in the ring it is my honest desire that the best man take the honors."

FIRPO SAILS FOR HAVANA.

Will Meet Two or Three Opponents Before Fighting Willard.

Luis Angel Firpo, South American pugilist, sailed yesterday on the Munson liner Christensen for Havana to fulfill two and possibly three ring engagements before returning to New York on June 22 to prepare for his bout with Jess Willard on July 7 here or in this vicinity.

Firpo is matched to box Joe White of New York in Havana on June 8 and Jim Hibbard of Buffalo, N. Y., in Mexico City on June 17, five days earlier than the contest originally was scheduled. In addition, he was reported to be tentatively booked to meet Martin Burke in New Orleans on June 11, but it was said here that he was unlikely to go through with that contest.

Hibbard was a passenger on the Monterey, sailing yesterday for Vera Cruz, where he will train for his fight with Firpo.

BOXING BOUTS TONIGHT.

Rink Sporting Club—Dan O'Dowd vs. Bob Roper, twelve rounds; Happy Mahoney vs. Sammy Stearns, ten rounds.

Freeport Sporting Club—Harry Galfund vs. Nate Isaacman, twelve rounds; Nat Pincus vs. Jack Feldman, six rounds; Joey Silvers vs. Johnny Solzberg, six rounds; Marty Silvers vs. Harry Mulchay, six rounds.

Empire A. A., Hoboken—Petie Mack vs. Johnny Dixon, eight rounds; Jack McCoy vs. Tommy Kay, eight rounds; Joey Rose vs. Bobby Burns, eight rounds.

MISS CASSEL WINS IN TENNIS TOURNEY

Will Meet Miss Scharman in the Final at Montclair A. C. Tomorrow Afternoon.

Miss Clara Cassel of the West Side Tennis Club will meet Miss Lilian Scharman of Brooklyn tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the final round of the women's open lawn tennis tournament at the Montclair Athletic Club, Montclair, N. J. In the semi-finals yesterday, Miss Cassel defeated Mrs. Percy Wilbourn in three sets, after losing the first, at 5—7, 6—0, 6—2. Miss Scharman also was carried to three sets in gaining her final bracket. She put out Miss Edna Hauseit at 6—4, 3—6, 6—2.

Miss Scharman will be a finalist also in the doubles. Paired with Miss Ceres Baker of East Orange, N. J., with whom she formerly held the metropolitan title indoors, she will play Miss Hauseit and Mrs. Madelon W. Ellert in the concluding round, which will be put on this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Miss Scharman and Miss Baker eliminated Mrs. Bronson Batchelor and Miss Caroma Winn in the semi-finals yesterday, 6—4, 4—6, 6—4. Miss Hauseit and Mrs. Ellert advanced by defeating Mrs. Wilbourn and Mrs. Gordon B. Hirsch.

Miss Hauseit, who brought herself to notice in this tournament last year when she gave Miss Cassel a strenuous battle, has employed the same crude technique all this week that was so conspicuous during the 1922 season. In spite of the fact that her strokes are entirely lacking in approved form, she gets remarkable results, making most difficult recoveries and keeps the ball in play in one long rally after another.

First Set Keen.

A keen struggle was anticipated when she came up against Miss Scharman, and that was what developed, all through the three sets.

The Brooklyn girl found it necessary to call upon all her resourcefulness and energy as a driver and net player to pull out the first chapter at 6—4. In the second set her best was not good enough to break through the defense of her opponent, who sent everything back and did superior work at the net. After dropping the second frame at 6—2, Miss Scharman played her best tennis in the third and allowed the other but two games. Miss Hauseit, in spite of the strenuousness with which she had covered court in the first two sets, still had plenty in reserve, but Miss Scharman's beautiful forehand drives, which were whipped across the net to the baseline corners, went for aces again and again, or compelled Miss Hauseit to make faulty returns. The Brooklyn girl followed these forcing shots to the net frequently and, with the other set in her line, it was a simple matter to angle the ball to the service court corners for the points.

Mrs. Wilbourn, playing in the same good form that characterized her work in the preliminary rounds, made a commendable showing against Miss Cassel. Her whole game was played at the back court, from whence she drove with steadiness and vigor, covered her territory in skilful fashion and let very little get past her. As a consequence, Miss Cassel had to earn almost every point she made. These were not sufficient to win the set, however, which went to Mrs. Wilbourn at 7—5.

Miss Cassel Rallies.

The second set saw a complete change in the situation. Tired from the fast pace that she had maintained in the first, and unable to get to her opponent's speeding strokes quickly enough to make clean returns, Mrs. Wilbourn weakened badly and lost six straight games. She did better in the third, but she had already given of her best. Whereas Miss Cassel, who had played at a steady pace from the start, was as strong as at the outset, and won the frame at 6-2. It was these same waiting tactics last year that enabled Miss Cassel to triumph over Miss Hauseit when she seemed to be facing defeat. Undisturbed by the fact that she had lost the first set, she went straight ahead, confident that her experience and counterraft would bring her through to victory in the end.

One team reached the third round of the mixed doubles, which got under way yesterday, Miss Hauseit and Gerald Emerson of Columbia University, after defeating Miss Elizabeth Johnson and Elliott Mayo in the first round, disposed of Mrs. Bronson Batchelor and Charles Lindley in the second at 7—5, 6—1. The final round of this tourney will be played tomorrow afternoon following the match in singles.

The summaries:

SINGLES.

Semi-final round—Miss Lilian Scharman defeated Miss Edna Hauseit, 6—4, 2—6, 6—2; Miss Clare Cassel defeated Mrs. Percy Wilbourn, 5—7, 6—0, 6—2.

DOUBLES.

Semi-finals—Miss Hauseit and Mrs. Madelon W. Ellert defeated Mrs. Wilbourn and Mrs. Gordon B. Hirsch, 6—4, 4—6, 6—4; Miss Lilian Scharman and Miss Ceres Baker defeated Mrs. Bronson Batchelor and Miss Caroma Winn, 6—4, 6—2.

MIXED DOUBLES.

First Round—Miss Margaret Grove and Henry J. Steinkampf won from Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Mun by default; Mr. and Mrs. Ingo F. Hartman defeated Miss Marjorie Ellis and J. Stockwell, 6—3, 6—3; Mrs. Bernard F. Sims and Fred Powers defeated Miss Edith Moore and Anton F. Von Bernath, 6—4, 6—2; Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Taylor defeated Mrs. Percy Wilbourn and Armand L. Brennan, 6—0, 6—4; Miss Clare Cassel and Ralph Bagge defeated Miss Caroma Winn and Carl N. Jolliff, 6—4, 6—4, 6—3; Mrs. George Miller and Leonard W. Knox defeated Mr. and Mrs. L. G. French, 6—3, 6—2, 6—1; Miss Edna Hauseit and Gerald Emerson defeated Miss Elizabeth Johnson and Elliott Mayo, 7—5, 6—2; Mrs. Bronson Batchelor and Charles Lindley defeated Mrs. J. E. Bailey and F. Halsey, 6—2, 7—5.

Second Round—Miss Hauseit and Emerson defeated Mrs. Batchelor and Lindley, 7—5, 6—1.

FAVORITES WIN AT TENNIS.

Tilden Easy Doubles Victor in Philadelphia Title Tournament.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.—All the favorites won easy victories today in the second round of the tennis tournament for the championship of Philadelphia and district.

William T. Tilden, national champion, holder of the Philadelphia title, did not play in the singles today. Paired in the doubles with Donald Strachan, Germantown Academy, he won easily from A. Cohen and partner, 6—0, 6—1.

BIKE STARS WILL RACE.

Madonna, Snook and Others Entered in Tonight's Velodrome Events.

A thirty-mile motor-paced race in which Vincent Madonna, Jean Snook, Frank Corry and Percy Lawrence will take part will be one of the two featured races at the New York Velodrome tonight. The other contest which is sure to attract the interest of bike fans, will be a one-mile match race between Orlando Piani and Alfred Goullet. Goullet defeated Piani in the opening meet at the Velodrome, but the Italian is determined to turn the tables tonight.

Mario Bergamini and Palmiro Mori, two more Italian stars, will compete in a one-mile team match, which will be decided in the best two out of three heats against Sammie Gastman and Freddie Taylor. Alfred Grenda, Art Spencer and Reggie McNamara will start from scratch in the two-thirds mile handicap. There will also be a three-mile open paced and a three-mile invitation and three amateur events on the program.

SYRACUSE TWELVE WINS.

Defeats University of Montreal in Exhibition Game, 8 to 3.

MONTREAL, May 24.—The Syracuse University lacrosse team, en route for England, defeated the University of Montreal team, 8 to 3, in an exhibition game here today. Syracuse forced the play the entire game. Ross scored three of the goals for the visitors.

Conti Sets French Record Of 642 in 18.2 Billiards

PARIS, May 24.—Roger Conti, clicking off 642 points without a miss, has established a new French high run record in an 18.2 balkline Billiard match. The previous record, established by Willie Hoppe in 1910, was 622. Conti was playing in a regular match and fulfilled all the necessary conditions imposed by the French Billiard Federation. It is announced that his record will be officially recognized.

CHAMPIONS RETAIN VETERANS' TITLE

Hardy and Campbell Defeat Ward and Prentice in Final of the Doubles Tourney.

Samuel Hardy and William A. Campbell retained their title as metropolitan veteran lawn tennis doubles champions yesterday by defeating Holcombe Ward and Bernon S. Prentice in the final round of the tournament at the West Side Tennis Club, Forest Hills, L. I. The match was decided in four sets at 6—3, 6—4, 7—9, 6—1. For three of the sets its was fast, interesting tennis that these veterans of forty years put up. At times there was a tendency on the part of all four to play a bit too carefully, to put too big a premium on the error making of the opposing pair, instead of going out after the points in vigorous fashion.

Hardy was the outstanding player of the four on the attack. While Campbell's steadiness in getting everything back was an important factor in the victory of the champions, it was Hardy who brought off most of the finishing shots for the points. On the other side of the net, Prentice was the big man. He covered court faster than did Ward, and did it ably, and stood off Hardy's net attack in creditable fashion.

Winners Start Well.

From the manner in which Hardy and Campbell started off in the first set, it looked as though the final would be decided in straight fashion. They ran five games before the opposing pair found themselves. However, three of those five went to deuce, and after the fifth Ward and Prentice made a fine pull-up, taking the next three. They clinched the set by winning the ninth also. It was only after the score had gone to deuce five times that Hardy and Campbell won the game for the set at 8—6.

The second set was considerably closer, the first and last games going to deuce four times. The play was so even that there was not much to choose on either side. Prentice was going at his strongest on his side of the net and Hardy was forcing in similar fashion and let no let up in the attack on the other side. In the fourth set the defending team ran into a lead of 5—1 and it looked as though the match was to be ended immediately. But here their opponents began their best stretch in the contest and pulled up to go into the lead at 4—3.

Ward was particularly effective now. His well-placed lobs completely upset the opposing pair, who fell off in steadiness as they found themselves sent overhead and passed down the lines repeatedly. Ward and Prentice played the ball to Campbell most of the time and Hardy had very little opportunity to get into the play. It was a break through Campbell that gave the opposing pair the set at 9—7.

Players Tire.

This third set sapped the strength of all four men and the play in the fourth was spiritless and uninteresting. Ward and Prentice had nothing left and after they had won the second game dropped the next five and the match, getting one point in the third and fourth and losing the last three at love. The winners captured a total of 15 points in the four sets, to their opponents' 12.

The point score follows:

FIRST SET.

	Games.	Pts.
Hardy and Campbell..5 4 5 4 4 1 1 1 9—6	36	
Ward and Prentice....3 6 3 6 3 4 4 4 7—9	51	

SECOND SET.

Hardy and Campbell..5 2 4 4 2 4 5 4 1—6	44
Ward and Prentice..4 4 2 0 5 4 2 7 1 6—4	37

THIRD SET.

Hardy and Campbell—	
3 4 4 4 1 1 1 7 2 4 1 6 1 3 4 1 3—7	49
Ward and Prentice—	
5 1 2 2 4 4 6 4 1 4 4 5 2 4 4—9	55

FOURTH SET.

Hardy and Campbell.....4 1 4 4 4 4 4—6	25
Ward and Prentice.....2 4 1 1 0 0 0—1	8

JOHNSTON PREDICTS SALE OF RED SOX

Arriving in Boston, Ban Says Club Will Change Hands 'Before Many Moons.'

BOSTON, May 24.—President Ban Johnson of the American League arrived here from Chicago today, presumably in connection with the reported sale of the Boston Red Sox. He would make no statement on the matter beyond reiterating his statement of yesterday that "the team will pass into other hands before many moons."

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 24.—Concluding negotiations for the purchase of the Boston American League Baseball Club by Columbus capitalists may take place at some Eastern point, possibly New York, it was intimated here today.

According to available information all details were worked out at a recent conference in Chicago and the deal is merely awaiting final consummation. The purchase price, involving approximately $1,250,000, is said to have been agreed to. Possession of the team would remain with the present owners until the close of the present season.

Three local capitalists, E. M. Schoenborn, former President of the Columbus American Association Club; Dr. Robert S. Drury and Palmer Winslow, glass manufacturer, worked out details of the proposed purchase with U. J. Herrman, part owner of the Red Sox, at Chicago.

SANGES SHOWS CONFIDENCE.

Fencer Cables Mussolini He "Will Positively Emerge Victorious."

Giancinto Sanges, Italian fencer, who will meet Louis Sehac, the American champion, at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory tomorrow night, yesterday replied to Premier Benito Mussolini's message of good wishes. Sanges's cabled reply follows:

"Appreciate wishes of your Excellency. Will positively emerge victorious in the name of Italy."

Italian sportsmen in New York are highly excited over the match and are expected to turn out in great numbers to root for the Italian champion. This will be Sanges's second match against an Italian in defense of his title. In 1910 he defeated John Rossi in the best two out of three matches at Carnegie Lyceum.

KAW SELECTED AS COACH.

Star Halfback at Cornell Will Drill St. Lawrence Teams.

CANTON, N. Y., May 24.—Eddie Kaw, star halfback, who will be graduated from Cornell this year, will coach the St. Lawrence University athletic teams next year, Dean E. Richmond announced today. Kaw will have Emerie Another Cornell letter man, as his assistant.

JOHNSTON VICTOR IN FRENCH TENNIS

Reaches Semi-Finals in International Event—de Gomar Beaten, 6-3, 6-2, 6-1.

MISS COSS IS ELIMINATED

American Shows Improvement but Loses to Mrs. Beamish, England, 4-6, 6-2, 6-1.

ST. CLOUD, France, May 24 (Associated Press).—William M. Johnston, America's second ranking tennis star, today won his way into the semi-finals of the international hard-court championship here by virtue of a clean-cut victory over Count de Gomar of Spain. He won in straight sets, 6—3, 6—2, 6—1. Tomorrow he will meet La Coste, the youthful Frenchman, who, after witnessing today's match, expressed doubt of his ability to take even one set from the brilliant Californian.

The French champion, Cochet, came through in the upper half of the draw, but must defeat Washer of Belgium tomorrow in order to qualify for the finals.

Johnston played superb tennis against the Spanish nobleman. The forearm drive for which he is famous was working perfectly. Count de Gomar played some of the best tennis of his career, but was helpless against the slashing drives that shot down the sidelines or cross court out of his reach after "Little Bill" had maneuvered him into awkward positions. Time and again the American caught his opponent flat-footed or going the wrong way.

Johnston's service also was a great factor in the result. Many of his first balls got over, and these the Spaniard either fanned or returned in short, soft lobs close to thenet, which Johnston, racing forward, smashed for certain points.

In the women's singles tournaw Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen will meet Mrs. Beamish of England, who today put Miss Eleanor Goss, American, out of the running in a three-set match, 4—6, 6—2, 6—2. In the other half of the draw Miss Kathleen McKane of England will try conclusions with the winner of the match between Mlle. Vlasco of Greece and Mme. Golding of France.

In playing Mrs. Beamish today Miss Goss showed marked improvement over her previous form, revealing an especially strong backhand game, which was the best seen in this tournament, not excepting even Mlle. Lenglen's. The American girl lost through the superior steadiness of the Englishwoman in a baseline duel.

In the men's doubles Count de Gomar and Eduardo Flogues of Spain defeated William M. Johnston and Clifton Heard, Americans, in the quarter-finals by 6—3, 6—2, 6—3.

In the second round of the women's doubles Miss Goss, paired with Miss Lesils Bancroft, defeated Mme. Danet and Mlle. Conquet of France, 6—3, 6—2.

OFFICIALS SELECTED FOR FOOTBALL GAMES

Coaches and Managers Name Arbiters for Principal Eastern College Contests.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.—Football coaches from all parts of the East, graduate managers and football managers attended the meeting of the Central Board today when officials for the big games next season were selected. A partial list of the men named for the big games follows:

Oct. 27, Harvard-Dartmouth—Referee, O'Brien; umpire, Murphy; field judge, Robinson; head linesman, McGrath.

Princeton-Navy—Referee, Crowell; umpire, Fultz; field judge, Gillinder; head linesman, Thorp.

Nov. 10, Harvard-Princeton—Referee, Olcott; umpire, Murphy; field judge, Land; head linesman, Bankart.

Nov. 17, Yale-Princeton — Referee, Schwartz; umpire, Fultz; field judge, Gillinder; head linesman, Nelly.

Nov. 24, Yale-Harvard—Referee, Quigley; umpire, Thorp; field judge, O'Brien; head linesman, Murphy.

Nov. 27, Penn-Cornell—Referee, Thorp; umpire, Read; field judge, Palmer. Pitt-Penn State—Referee, Crowell; umpire, McCarthy; field judge, Ryan; head linesman, Cosgrove. Columbia-Dartmouth—Referee, Bergin; umpire, Burleigh; field judge, Ryan; head linesman, Cosgrove.

Included in the list of coaches present were Captain McEwen of the Army, Bob Folwell of the Navy, Glenn Warner, Pitt; Hugo Bezedek, Penn State; Tiny Speers, West Virginia; Roy Mercer, Swarthmore; John W. Heisman, W. and J., and Tom Keady, Vermont.

PEEL ELECTED HEAD OF U. S. SOCCER BODY

Thomas Cahill Again Is Chosen Secretary—Will Meet in Detroit Next Year.

CLEVELAND, May 24.—Peter J. Peel of Chicago was elected President of the United States Football Association, the national soccer governing body, at the closing session of its annual convention here today. Mr. Peel, who is a former President, was elected by one vote over George Healey of Detroit, who has been as head of the organization expired today.

Morris W. Johnson of Philadelphia, First Vice President; Thomas Cahill, New York, Secretary, and William S. Haddock, Pittsburgh, treasurer were re-elected. William Patrick of Bayonne, N. J., was chosen Second Vice President, and Herbert F. Murray of Providence, R. I., was named Third Vice President.

The annual meeting in 1924 will be held in Detroit.

GIRLS EQUAL SPRINT MARK.

Misses McCartie and Fisher Tie 60-Yard Record at Savage Meet.

The annual track and field meet of the Savage School of Physical Education, held yesterday at Celtic Park, L. I., produced some excellent times and marks. In the sixty-yard dash Miss Marion McCartie and Miss Rose Fisher ran a dead heat in 7 2-5 seconds, thus equaling the national mark for girls held by Miss McCartie. Miss Fisher defeated Miss McCartie in the 100-yard dash, but was forced to cover the distance in 12 seconds flat in order to do it.

For the first time in this meet a hurdle event was run. This was the 50-yard low hurdles, and Miss Jean Alexander won in the fast time of 8 seconds. Another good mark occurred in the running high jump, Miss Vera Hillman winning the event at 4 feet and 9 inches. More than 200 girls took part in the contests.

BIG TEN PLAY BEGINS.

Wilson and Treadwell Show Good Form in Tennis Tourney.

CHICAGO, May 24.—Eddie Wilson, Chicago, and Captain Treadwell, Wisconsin, by their exceptional play in the first round of the big ten tennis championship play here today, are predicted to go to the semi-finals by experts watching the tournament.

Wilson won handily over Aagesen, Wisconsin, 6—1, 6—3, the Badger player being unable to cope with the Maroon star's baseline game and unusual aggressiveness at the net. Captain Treadwell easily disposed of Blackmer, Indiana.

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At 137th Street—LOU G. LEVY
At 148th Street—MARTIN D'LEVY
At 157th Street—WASHINGTON SHOP
At 165th Street—AL. EDWARDS
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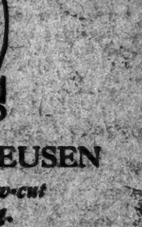

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OUTFIT—racket, cover, two balls, complete $4.98
HARRY C. LEE special rackets $5.50 Ea.
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Amazing Modern Drama

TRANSCRIPT of the testimony taken at the trial of the Catholic priests by the Soviet Government in Moscow. A stirring story of the Soviet war on religion. First complete account of the case published in America, revealing the attacks of the Bolshevist prosecutor, the valiant defense of the priests and the strange atmosphere of the Red court, all of which make a drama of rare quality.

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NEXT SUNDAY
Reserve a copy at your news stand.

CAMPBELL CAPTURES JERSEY GOLF TITLE

Unheralded Scotsman Wins the Open Championship on Englewood Links.

GRUICKSHANK IS SECOND

Finishes With 151 Strokes, Two Above Victor—O'Loughlin Out of Running Early.

Special to The New York Times.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J., May 24.—Dave Campbell, a brother of Alcok (Nipper) Campbell and an almost exact duplicate of this same five-foot golfer who presided for many years over the practice tees of the Country Club, Brookline, is the new New Jersey State open golf champion. Playing in his first competitive event since his arrival from Gleneagles, Scotland, Campbell today turned on a steady brand of golf that brought him his honors with two strokes to spare. His winning score for the thirty-six holes play at the Englewood Golf Club was 149, seven strokes above the notch that the par figures call for.

On his heels came Robert Cruickshank, another wee Scot, with a total of 151, and Cruickshank's assistant, Dan Williams, and Cyril Walker, the home club professional, divided third place with scores of 152. Frank W. Dyer, the New Jersey State amateur champion, was the first of the Simon Pures to flash into the list of prize winners. His total was 154, which put him in a tie with Dan Cooper of Colonia and Jack Beckett of Yountakah. Then came Louis Martucci of Lake Hopatcong, the well-known one-armed golfer, whose rounds of 78 and 77, for a total of 155, bespoke consistency as well as proficiency.

Oswald Kirkby, former metropolitan amateur champion, and W. E. McKay, the former Scottish amateur, who is now professional at the Essex County Country Club, were tied with a total of 156. Following them came George Fotheringham of Norwood and Jack Forrester of Hollywood, with 157, and three at 158—F. H. Gates, Montclair amateur; T. A. Rajoppi of Summit and A. H. Beebe of West End.

O'Loughlin Far Down List.

Among those who failed to get into the list of prize winner was Martin J. O'Loughlin, chubby Plainfield pro, who until today were the New Jersey State open crown which he won last year in addition to his victory in the metropolitan open championship. With a 78 in the morning round, the 1922 champion was practically out of the running, but on top of it he packed an 83 in the afternoon, which put him far down in the list of the sixty or more competitors who started out in the season's open title hunt of the salaried golfers.

Campbell entered today's event practically unknown. Upon his arrival in the States ten weeks ago he joined up at the Hollywood club at Deal, N. J., as assistant to Jack Forrester. He hails from a celebrated golfing family, seven brothers in all, of which Nipper is the oldest. In fact, he admitted today that he had never seen his noted brother, who left Scotland for America several years before Dave was born.

Campbell today proved himself a valuable addition to metropolitan golf circles. He proved his soundness by his rounds of 73 and 76 today, and he also proved his fighting qualities when he reeled off a 36 on the homeward portion of the final journey over most of which he knew exactly what he would have to do in order to win the coveted trophy and the $200 money award that went with it.

His ability was portrayed at the home hole, a treacherous one. Here his tee shot drifted a bit to the right and almost caught the trap which guards the green. The ball stuck in a fringe of short grass, however. At this time he realized that a 4 would tie, if not win. Perhaps that realization steeled him, for he chipped up dead, almost holing out in fact. The ball ran a foot past the cup but without either flourish or trepidation, he hit the middle of the cup after which he modestly accepted the congratulations of his fellow pros.

Williams Close Behind.

Campbell was one of the last to start in the morning round and at its completion he was leading the field by a single shot, his total being two over the par figures. In his wake came Williams, the young Shaokamaxen assistant pro, who has been rising to the top of the ladder fast during the last few years. A stroke behind Williams, who had the distinction of leading the field for the greater part of the morning round, came Walker and Forrester, the latter making a heroic finish to get his 74, traveling over the last nine holes in 34 strokes, one under par. The immediate followers of this quartet were Cruickshank and Cooper, who were tied at 78.

Campbell's morning round was practically flawless. After matching par for the first three holes, he got a birdie 3 at the 378-yard fourth and had par figures on all of the others with the single exception of the short seventh which cost him a 4. He was out in 36, exactly par. After the turn, he had a birdie at the eleventh but lost the shot at the thirteenth. He then dropped two more over the remaining distance, one at the sixteenth and the other at the home hole.

His morning card with par:

Out—									
Par	4	4	4	4	5	3	4	4	5—36
Campbell	4	4	4	5	5	3	4	4	4—36
In—									
Par	4	5	3	4	5	3	4	4	5—35—71
Campbell	4	4	5	5	5	3	5	4	4—37—73

Comes to Grief at Seventh Hole.

Walker's grief in the afternoon round started at the short seventh hole, where his tee shot hit the bank and dropped back into the bunker, from where he failed to get out on his first effort. The hole, a par 3, cost him a 5, which made him 40 at the turn. He played faultlessly over the next seven holes and, as things developed later, had only pars to make in order to win the title. Going to the seventeenth he sliced his tee shot a trifle and it ended up on the face of a mound, from where he had a difficult second to play. His ball was just ahead of a wiry tuft of grass and he was unable to get at it. At the same time he faced the dilemma of playing for the green with the chances of going over, or playing short with the danger of being trapped.

He hit a fine shot—he said afterward one of the finest he ever played—the ball clearing the mound in front of the green but running across the flat and into an almost unplayable lie. He failed on his first effort to chip back and ended up with a 6. At the home hole he barely missed holing out an approach from the back edge of the green. It was so close that he went into a "nose dive" in the anticipation of it. Cruickshank, who finished in second place, stated that the greens reminded him of those on the other side, where one is never sure of a putt, even of a foot. Whatever it was, Bobby got few of them today, missing several tiny ones during the day. What really proved his bugaboo were the tenth and eleventh holes, at which he took 5s in both rounds, mostly the result of too much putting. His 75 in the afternoon was a more or less notable achievement. At least it was one which few—not more than four—duplicated.

His morning card:

Out—									
Par	4	4	4	4	5	3	5	5	5—39
In	5	5	3	4	4	4	5	4	4—37—76

His afternoon card:

Out	4	4	4	4	5	3	5	4	4—37
In	5	5	3	5	5	4	3	5	4—38—75

The scores:

David Campbell, Hollywood	73	76	149
Robert Cruickshank, Shackamaxon	76	75	151
Dan Williams, Shackamaxon	74	78	152
Cyril Walker, Englewood	76	77	153
*Frank W. Dyer, Upper Montclair	76	78	154
Dan Cooper, Colonia	76	78	154
Jack Beckett, Yountakah	76	78	154
Louis Martucci, Lake Hopatcong	78	77	155
*Oswald Kirkby, Englewood	77	79	156
W. R. McKay, Essex County	77	79	156
Jack Forrester, Hollywood	76	81	157
George Fotheringham, Norwood	77	80	157
T. A. Rajoppi, Summit	81	77	158
*F. H. Gates, Montclair	83	75	158
A. H. Beebe, West End	83	77	160
Peter Purves, Essex Fells	77	83	160
Joe Mitchell, Montclair	84	75	159
Frank Dowling, South Orange	81	78	159
W. J. Glancy, Spring Brook	77	83	160
Charles S. Hunter, Newark A. C.	82	78	160
*Grantland Rice, Englewood	79	81	160
Harry Avery, Mountain Ridge	78	82	160
Charles Lurh, Maplewood	85	75	160
John Langlands, Westgate Park	79	81	160
R. M. Thomsen, Glen Ridge	85	75	160
*Roy Webb, Englewood	83	78	161
Marry O'Loughlin, Plainfield	79	82	161
Ben Parola, Sunny Field	84	77	161
Tom Mulgrew, Hackensack	79	83	162
B. Beebe, West End	80	82	162
William Walker, Englewood	85	77	162
N. C. Mair, Hydewood	83	79	162
H. B. Clark, Rumson	83	80	163
George Main, Maplewood	78	85	163
William Gourlay, Suburban	82	82	164
Jack Farr, Roselle	85	80	165
Bernard Conroy, Arcola	84	82	166
E. C. Compton, Suburban	82	84	166
David Hunter, Essex County	86	81	167
E. Weber, Ridgewood	83	84	167

*Amateurs.

Two Auto Drivers Insured For Race at Indianapolis

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 24.—At least two of the drivers in the 500-mile automobile race at the Indianapolis motor speedway, Tommy Milton and Howard (Howdy) Wilcox, will be insured for $10,000 each when they speed around the track, it was announced today. Both will drive cars designed by Harry C. Stutz of Indianapolis who declared he had taken out the policies "merely as a matter of business and not because he feared for the lives of either of his pilots." Wilcox won the race in 1919, and Milton took first place in 1921.

TIE FOR FOX HILLS LOW MEDAL SCORE

Kammer and Scharff Lead Big Field in the Invitation Event With 77s.

Throughout a considerable portion of yesterday it looked as if the score of 78, six above par, was going to carry off the medal in the annual Fox Hills Golf Club invitation event. Five golfers, A. C. Gregson of Lido, H. Miller Jones of Richmond County, Richard Walsh of the Scottish-American Club, Henry McAleenan of Hollywood and L. G. Spindler of the home club, were deadlocked and there was every indication that a five-cornered play-off would be necessary to decide who was to have the distinction.

Finally, however, A. F. Kammer, representing Baltusrol, turned up with a 77 which was later tied by Harry Scharff of the Scottish-American club. The latter had a putt for a 3 on the home hole, which, had he made it, would have left him isolated for the medal, but he missed it and he and Kammer will do battle for the honors sometime during the next two days.

The Fox Hills event, one of the landmarks of the metropolitan district, attracted a large field, almost a hundred turning out. The opening day, however, proved to be featureless except for the struggle for the medal. There was nothing particularly scintillating in the scoring.

In addition to those already mentioned, the first sixteen, who will begin match play this morning, will be made up of the following: John Conroy of Fox Hills, Palmer Black of Nassau and H. A. Steiner of Inwood, all of whom tied at 79; and C. E. Sommers of the Scottish-American, W. Flanagan of Fox Hills, P. Thiel of Richmond County, W. N. Fulkerson of Belleclaire, B. T. Allen of Fox Hills and W. D. Paterson of Sound View.

Neither Scharff nor Kammer got away with a flying start on their medal-seeking venture. The former started out with a pair of 5s and in addition he had a 5 at the par 3 fifth hole and a 4 at the par 3 eighth, which left him 40 at the turn. He hewed close to the par line on the last nine, however, his only losses coming at the twelfth and fourteenth holes. He got back one of these strokes with a birdie 4 at the eleventh and had a chance to equal the par had he been able to negotiate his putt on the home green.

Kammer's start was far worse than Scharff's. In fact, when the Baltusrol representative reached the turning point he probably little dreamed of even tieing for the medal. With a 6 at the first hole and a 5 at the third, he was four strokes down to par. Another 6 and a pair of 5s made his card 42 at the ninth. But he was only once over the par figures on the return trip, that being at the fifteenth, where he took a 5. Previous to that, however, he had scored a birdie, and he duplicated the feat at the home hole.

The cards with par:

Out—									
Par	4	4	3	5	3	5	4	4	4—36
Kammer	6	4	5	5	3	6	5	3	5—42
Scharff	5	5	5	5	5	4	5	5	5—40
In—									
Par	4	5	3	5	4	4	3	4	4—36—72
Kammer	4	4	3	6	4	5	3	4	5—35—77
Scharff	4	4	4	5	5	4	3	4	4—37—77

Gregson, reaching the turn in 38, had an excellent opportunity to capture the medal, but he ruined it at the last hole, which cost him a 6.

The scores:

FIRST SIXTEEN.

A. F. Kammer, Baltusrol	42	35	77
Harry Scharff, Scottish-American	40	37	77
A. C. Gregson, Lido	39	40	79
H. Miller Jones, Richmond County	40	38	78
Richard Walsh, Scottish-American	38	40	78
L. G. Spindler, Fox Hills	42	36	78
Henry McAleenan, Hollywood	39	39	78
John Conroy, Fox Hills	40	39	79
Palmer Black, Nassau	40	39	79
H. A. Steiner, Inwood	37	42	79
C. E. Sommers, Scottish-American	40	40	80
W. Flanagan, Fox Hills	42	38	80
P. Thiel, Richmond County	40	40	80
W. N. Fulkerson, Belleclaire	42	38	80
B. T. Allen, Fox Hills	37	43	80
W. D. Paterson, Sound View	38	42	80

SECOND SIXTEEN.

Pat Youmissie, Asbury Park	40	41	81
Austin McAleenan, Fox Hills	42	39	82
Joe Ford, Scottish-American	42	40	82
Dr. H. V. Garrity, Asbury Park	40	42	82
Dr. M. Carpenter, Oakland	42	40	82
Leon Abbett, Nassau	42	41	83
F. G. Huber, Richmond County	40	43	83
J. Lewis Brown, Hudson River	44	39	83
R. Roughton, Formby	41	43	84
R. Consolagio, Scottish-American	43	41	84
E. L. Maxwell, Nassau	43	41	84
J. A. Fuller, Princeton	43	41	84
*W. G. Brumder, Princeton	38	47	85
*E. G. B. Riley, Fox Hills	43	42	85
*J. E. Ridder, Engineers	43	42	85
*H. C. Kayser, Echo Lake	43	42	85
*D. Prichard, Fox Hills	44	41	85
*Samuel Allison, St. Albans	43	42	85
*F. R. Ryan, Fox Hills	44	41	85

*Play off for four places.

Other scores:

Capt. S. M. Milliken, Apawamis, 43, 44—87; G. G. Worthley, Fox Hills, 41, 45—86; J. Leisah, Ocean, 46, 41—87; H. E. Jones, Fox Hills, 45, 42—87; A. D. Peterson, Fox Hills, 42, 46—88; Dr. Driscoll, Fox Hills, 44, 44—88; F. J. Flynn, St. Albans, 45, 43—88; H. C. Burrowes, Deal, 48, 41—89; D. Roberts, Fox Hills, 46, 43—89; J. H. Amy, Ocean, 47, 42—89; F. L. Sawyer, Oakland, 47, 42—89; B. D. Clinton, Manhattan, 46, 43—89; E. T. Villaral, Fox Hills, 46, 43—89; Dr. J. B. Given, North Fork, 48, 41—89.

J. Keenan, Fox Hills, 44, 46—90; Dr. E. M. Mendel, Engineers, 45, 45—90; T. H. Lawrence, Fox Hills, 45, 45—90; Stanley Hall, Westchester Hills, 47, 43—90; J. P. Boland, Colonia, 47, 43—90; Leo McDonagh, Colonia, 45, 45—90; C. Mueller, West Point, 48, 42—90; F. C. Denning, Fox Hills, 47, 43—90; F. L. Markey, Fox Hills, 46, 45—91; D. Carpenter, unattached, 44, 47—91; E. B. Jackson, Fox Hills, 44, 47—91; C. C. Keller, Fox Hills, 44, 47—91; C. C. Valentine, Fox Hills, 47, 44—91; T. W. Tannock, Richmond County, 45, 46—91; F. D. Chambers, Richmond County, 47, 45—92; E. C. Stevens, St. Andrews's, 46, 47—93; C. G. Keeting, Fox Hills, 47, 45—92; H. R. Solomons, Newspaper, 46, 46—92; C. V. Sullivan, Fox Hills, 48, 44—92.

REACH SEMI-FINALS.

Southern Women Golfers Complete Third Round Matches in Texas.

FORT WORTH, Tex., May 24.—Mrs. Dozier Lowndes of Atlanta, defending her title; Mrs. David Gaut of Memphis, Western champion; Mrs. Duffield of Memphis, former Southern champion, and Mrs. Herman Gartner of Fort Worth won their third round matches today and will meet in the semi-finals of the Southern women's golf tournament tomorrow. Mrs. Gaut will play Mrs. Duffield, while Mrs. Lowndes's opponent will be Mrs. Gartner.

STAR FIELD PLAYS AT SLEEPY HOLLOW

White and Kerr Tie for Medal Honors in Small but Select List of Golfers.

Special to The New York Times.

SCARBOROUGH-ON-HUDSON, May 24.—Most of the elite of metropolitan golfdom turned out for the annual Sleepy Hollow Country Club invitation event, which started here today with a small but highly select field. In the lists were Gardiner W. White of Nassau, holder of the metropolitan amateur championship two years ago; H. C. Van Vleck of Garden City, runner-up in the recent Garden City invitation event; J. G. (Laddie) McMahon of the home club, former metropolitan junior titleholder and at present one of the anchors on the Yale golf team; John DeWitt, former Cornell golf captain, who captured the medal in the Garden City event last week, and E. E. Sturges, the present Westchester amateur champion.

The fight for the medal developed into a struggle between two Long Island stars, White and Hamilton Kerr of the Garden City club, and the result was a deadlock at 78. Van Vleck was a stroke out of the way, followed by McMahon, who had an 80, a 43 on the outward nine destroying his chances. Donald Carr of Ardsley and Mason Starring of the home club were next in order with 82s, followed by DeWitt of Ardsley and two Hudson River representatives, C. F. Bacon and Charles Brown. A trio of Sleepy Hollow players composed the next group—Hugh Halsell, present seniors champion; C. T. Newberry and S. Stewart. Safely in the first sixteen also were J. C. McDonald and J. W. Harris of the home club and E. E. Sturges of Scarsdale. Tied for the final place in the first sixteen were R. W. Bacon of Highland and R. T. Lounsbury of Oakland.

To Play Off Tie Tomorrow.

This last mentioned pair will play off for the place tomorrow morning and the match play will get started with the following pairings:

G. White vs. Halsell; Carr vs. Harris; Brown vs. winner of play-off; Van Vleck vs. Newberry; McMahon vs. McDonald; C. Bacon vs. DeWitt; Starring vs. Sturges; Kerr vs. Stewart.

White was hitting the ball the best he has since his injury at the end of the season two years ago, but three bad holes during his round spoiled his chances for an outright win of the medal. His first came at the eighth hole, where he pushed his second shot into the rough and ended up with a 6. At the next hole he got into an even more dire situation. His second dropped in behind a clump of trees from where he took three more strokes before he succeeded in getting out of his difficulties. These two mishaps cost him a 42 for the outgoing nine. His only bad hole on the incoming round came at the fifteenth, where, following a good drive, a well-played second rolled past the pin and trickled down into a trap. He had a bad lie and barely succeeded in moving the ball on his first attempt, but was on the green with his next, and then a missed putt brought his figures up to six.

Kerr Scores on Short Game.

Kerr, while not driving any too well, played a fine short game. Playing the home hole he was never on the fairway, but managed to get his par 4 nevertheless. He was in the rough on his drive, played his second short of the green and overplayed his third, but chipped into the cup from some distance.

The cards of the winners:

Out—									
White	4	5	4	4	5	5	4	6	7—42
Kerr	5	6	4	4	4	5	3	4	4—41
In—									
White	3	4	4	5	4	6	4	3	4—36—78
Kerr	4	3	4	5	4	4	4	5	4—37—78

Laddie McMahon played brilliant golf most of the way but was off on his putting, taking no less than three putts on seven of the eighteen greens. He came within an ace of getting a "one" on the tenth hole which measures 166 yards. Playing a full iron from the tee, his ball landed on the green and came so near to holing that a quarter-turn would have put him in the ranks of those mortals with "holes-in-one" to their credit. Out in the 43 he was one under 4s on the return until he struck the fifteenth, where he used up six strokes as did White. His second was over the green, near the tee box, and his third was just on the edge from where he took three putts. He made a bold try to chip in for a tie at the last hole but missed and ended up with a 5.

The scores:

FIRST SIXTEEN.

Hamilton Kerr, Garden City	41	37	78
Gardiner White, Nassau	42	36	78
Eddie Van Vleck, Garden City	40	39	79
J. G. McMahon, Sleepy Hollow	43	47	80
Donald Carr, Ardsley	43	39	82
Mason Starring, Sleepy Hollow	41	41	82
John De Witt, Ardsley	43	40	83
C. E. Bacon, Hudson River	44	39	83
Charles Brown, Hudson River	42	41	83
Hugh Halsell, Sleepy Hollow	43	41	84
C. T. Newberry, Sleepy Hollow	44	40	84
S. Stewart, Sleepy Hollow	44	40	84
J. C. McDonald, Sleepy Hollow	43	42	85
E. E. Sturges, Scarsdale	43	42	85
J. W. Harris, Sleepy Hollow	40	45	85
*R. W. Bacon, Highland	41	45	86
*R. T. Lounsbury, Oakland	45	41	86

*Play off for one place.

SECOND SIXTEEN.

George T. Brokaw, Piping Rock	44	43	87
H. D. Bassett, Ardsley	47	41	88
O. C. Macy, Sleepy Hollow	47	41	88
W. P. Barnes, Baltimore	43	46	89
K. M. Reed, Scarsdale	44	46	90
T. S. Fuller, Sleepy Hollow	46	45	91
Harry Hays, Sleepy Hollow	48	43	91
J. C. Lord, National	47	45	92
W. A. Kimball, Ardsley	50	43	93
W. S. Bird, Sleepy Hollow	47	46	93
H. S. West, Glens Falls	47	46	93
J. M. Brander, Siwanoy	49	46	95
W. McCarthy, Westfield	46	49	95
O. C. Hoyt, Sleepy Hollow	51	44	95
C. C. Hubbell, Sleepy Hollow	46	51	97
H. H. Albright, Sleepy Hollow	52	45	97

Other scores were:

Mark Noble, Sleepy Hollow, 48, 50—98; A. N. Peterson, Sleepy Hollow, 50, 48—98; A. W. Williams, Sleepy Hollow, 50, 48—98; A. Rogers, Sleepy Hollow, 52, 47—99; Paul Hunt, Sleepy Hollow, 51, 48—99; J. M. Thorson, Sleepy Hollow, 50, 50—100; K. Van Rensalaer, Maidstone, 51, 52—103; F. S. MacLaughlin, Ekwanok, 56, 50—106; Hugh Cateron, Port Chester, 57, 50—107; J. M. Hamilton, Sleepy Hollow, 55, 52—107; R. J. Weeks, unattached, 60, 55—115.

NEW JERSEY WOMEN WIN TEAM GOLF TITLE

Defeat Long Islanders, 25 to 6, in Play for Golf Illustrated Trophy at Rye.

Special to The New York Times.

RYE, N. Y., May 24.—By administering a smashing defeat to the Long Island team, the members of the New Jersey women's golf team today won the Golf Illustrated trophy, emblematic of the metropolitan team championship for the season of 1923. Just as today's victory on the course of the Apawamis Club marked the first time that the cup ever has gone across the Hudson, so it marked the first time that the Long Island team ever has been defeated. The insular golfers won both their matches against the Westchester and New Jersey teams last year and defeated Westchester in the opening match of the present season.

The New Jersey golfers, captained by Mrs. J. S. Irving of Englewood, and boasting of such stars as Mrs. Thomas Hucknall, Miss Anita Lihme, 16-year-old girl wonder of the Englewood club; Mrs. Wright Goss, formerly Miss Elisabeth Hardin of Morris County and others, today crushed the Long Island force, the final points score being New Jersey, 25; Long Island, 6. This victory left the final point score as follows: New Jersey, 35; Westchester, 29; Long Island, 28.

At the start of today's play the New Jersey players had only ten points, that being all they managed to garner in the match against Westchester last week. Therefore it was necessary for them to pile up a huge total in order to win, and that is what they did. Among those who won three points were Mrs. Wright Goss, Mrs. L. J. Grumbach of Hollywood, Mrs. Albert Taylor of Hackensack, Miss Kate Bomann of Plainfield and Mrs. George Bodman.

The feature match of the day was between Mrs. Hucknall and Miss Alexa Stirling, No. 1 player on the New Jersey and Long Island teams, respectively. Tonight the New Jersey forces are singing the praises of Mrs. Hucknall who, while she lost two points, played remarkable golf against the former champion. For the first nine holes Mrs. Hucknall and Miss Stirling were all even, and so it remained until the home hole. There Mrs. Hucknall hooked her second into the gallery that surrounded the green, the ball hitting a spectator and stopping short of the green. The break gave Miss Stirling a chance to win the hole and with it two points. The latter had an 86, which was tied by Mrs. Wright Goss. Miss Lihme, who was pitted against the Long Island team captain, Mrs. J. L. Anderson of Cherry Valley, turned in the next low score with an 88. Other low scorers were: Mrs. Courtland Smith, 91; Mrs. Grumbach, 93; Miss Kate Bomann, 93, and Mrs. C. L. Voorhees, 94.

Miss Stirling's card follows:

Out	5	4	5	5	4	5	4	4	6—42
In	4	6	4	5	5	5	4	5	5—44—86

The point scores:

NEW JERSEY.

Mrs. Thomas Hucknall, Morris County	0
Mrs. F. E. Dubois, Englewood	0
Mrs. Courtland Smith, Glen Ridge	0
Miss Anita Lihme, Englewood	2
Mrs. Wright Goss, Morris County	3
Mrs. Walter MacGowan, Glen Ridge	2
Mrs. L. J. Grumbach, Hollywood	3
Miss E. T. Koemple, Glen Ridge	0
Mrs. Charles Voorhees, Baltusrol	2
Mrs. W. S. Case, Glen Ridge	0
Mrs. F. B. Ryan, Baltusrol	0
Mrs. Albert Taylor, Hackensack	3
Mrs. W. L. Whittemore, Englewood	2
Miss Kate Bomann, Plainfield	3
Mrs. George Bodman, Rumson	3
Total	25

LONG ISLAND.

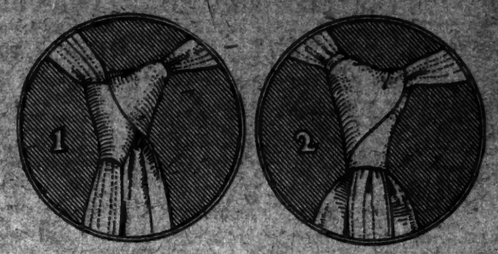
Miss Alexa Stirling, North Hempstead	2
Mrs. G. A. Heckscher, Piping Rock	1
Mrs. Norman K. Toerge, Piping Rock	0
Mrs. J. L. Anderson, Cherry Valley	0
Mrs. H. C. Phipps, Piping Rock	0
Miss Florence Low, Piping Rock	0
Mrs. Louis Noel, Nassau	0
Mrs. Philip Stevenson, Piping Rock	1
Mrs. D. D. Smithers, Nassau	0
Mrs. Donald Geddes, Piping Rock	0
Mrs. G. K. Morrow, Pomonok	2
Mrs. A. Nowak, Soundview	0
Miss K. Ingalls, Piping Rock	0
Mrs. Charles Fair, Nassau	0
Miss Martha Attley, Nassau	0
Total	6

MRS. BARLOW IN FINAL.

Will Meet Mrs. Marshall for Philadelphia Golf Title Today.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.—Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow of Marion will meet Mrs. E. E. Marshall of Huntingdon Valley tomorrow in the finals for the women's golf championship of Philadelphia. Mrs. Barlow won her way to the last round today by defeating Mrs. G. Henry Stetson of Huntingdon Valley, 3 and 2, in a well-played match. Mrs. Marshall captured her semi-final round from Miss Helen Meehan of Cedarbrook, 2 and 1.

Mrs. Barlow has won the city title eight times. On two occasions she has won three-year cups and has obtained two legs on the present trophy. It will become her property if she defeats Mrs. Marshall tomorrow.



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THE PLAY

By JOHN CORBIN.

Bennett School Sophocles.

Producing by the hospitality of the Beauty Players, Inc., among whom Edith Wynne Matthison and Charles Rann Kennedy are leading spirits, the Bennett School production of the "Antigone" of Sophocles was presented yesterday at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre, for a series of three matinees, with Miss Matthison and Mr. Kennedy in the leading parts. Mr. Kennedy was the only man in the cast, the other male parts being taken by pupils or teachers in the school; but the performance was very far from epicene, being scholarly throughout and inspired by high artistic intelligence. Several of the scenes were quite thrillingly dramatic.

"Antigone" was anciently reputed the best of the tragedies of Sophocles, as Sophocles was reputed the best of tragic dramatists. When he wrote it, others honored the occasion by appointing him to a board of ten Generals. Pericles is said to have remarked that as a General Sophocles was an excellent playwright, or words to that effect. A suspicion obtruded yesterday afternoon that the original Verdict of Athens has been misunderstood, being to the effect that as a writer of tragedy Sophocles was an excellent General.

From the modern point of view, certainly the play lacks the onward drive, the cumulative weight of woe, which one finds in many of the great dramas of antiquity. The virtuous exile of Antigone and her despairing lover occur midway in the action; the remainder of the piece shows only the effect of their reported deaths, and of the consequent death of Queen Eurydice, upon King Creon. The perversity of his moral and political love may have been a matter of keen interest to others, but today he is utterly incomprehensible and otherwise unsympathetic—a royal anti-climax.

All that could be done to make him appear otherwise was right royally accomplished by Mr. Kennedy. His diction was more than admirable; it was superlative. The program is silent as to the translation used, but one mightily suspects that Plumtree's excellent blank-verse has been rendered even more vernacular and viable by the author of "The Servant in the House." Many passages have a ring of sincere feeling and a tang of really human speech that are essentially Shakespearean. Equally vigorous was Mr. Kennedy's miming. He is picturesque always, and a vivid factor even in the long scenes during which he is silent. What has come over our producers that this sterling actor has been neglected in the current classic revival? As an interpreter of Greek drama, certainly, he is splendidly Shakespearean.

He was not always adequately supported by the co-partners of his scenes. The Antigone of Miss Matthison is stately and poetic, a creature of the utmost dignity and sauvity of sorrow; but it lacks the keen steel of resolution, the high scorn of weakness and the sombre exaltion in sacrifice, that make up this amazing resilient and splendidly feminine character.

Curiously enough, Mr. Kennedy found his most electric support in little Miss Alnah James, who played Creon's son, the betrothed of Antigone. Here also was vernacular speech leaping from a heart aflame, and here also facial expression and gesture as gracious as it was eloquent of scorn and sorrow—a thoroughly admirable and wholly adequate performance.

The burly, loquacious character comedy of the watchman was intelligently intended by Miss Margaret Love, but never really convincing. The chorus was well trained and effective.

"SUNUP" A VIVID DRAMA.

Lulu Vollmer's Play Finely Acted at Provincetown Theatre.

SUN UP. A play in three acts by Lula Vollmer. At the Provincetown Theatre.

Widow Cagle	Lucille Le Verne
Pap Todd	Owen Meech
Emory	Anne Elstner
Budd	Eugene Lockhart
Sheriff Weeks	France Bendtsen
Rufe Cagle	Alan Birmingham
Preacher	Burnside Babcock
The Stranger	Elliott Cabot
Bob	Norman Dale

As thunderous an ovation as the tiny Provincetown Theatre could hold followed the final curtain last night of "Sunup," a new play by Lulu Vollmer. In many ways it was justified—for the audience had just witnessed as precious a collection of fine acting as has been on display this past season and the first demonstration of a playwriting talent that, undeniably crude and uncertain, nevertheless held forth the clear promise of better things.

It is the Carolina Mountains that Miss Vollmer has chosen for the locale of her play and the experts on such matters in last night's audience testified that her characters, in diction, action and dress, were true to type. To some observers it seemed that the local color, a phrase much used in earlier and cheaper days for just such things, was laid on a bit too thick, what with "Ah reckons" and "We-uns" and "uh-bleeged" following in monotonous succession, but there is no doubt that the primary goal was reached in that the audience was left in no doubt as to what manner of people was meant.

In these mountains, then, in the early days of American participation in the war, there lives a young mountaineer whom the war has reached with the strange request that he register for enrollment in the army. And this young fellow, in an environment that, on the one hand, produced its Sergeant Alvin C. York, and, on the other hand, filled the cells at Leavenworth, gets a sudden vision of a personal, intimate country that calls upon him for defense.

It is a weird thing, this country he conceives, all made up of familiar hills and womenfolk, with these exclusively his mother and his new wife, and a sense of destiny in having been placed there by his Maker, and he takes his call as a personal summons. He will fight, in this France that lies, he thinks, some forty miles beyond Asheville and against the eternal enemy, the Yankees.

To his mother, the shrewd old woman of the hills, the boy is crazy. Better by far, she thinks, an honest living converting the corn that grows so easily into the forbidden juices than a soldier's life, be it ever so gainful and be it even against the Yankees. Why, above all lend a shoulder to, the crushing movements of the law?

The law, she believes, has killed her husband, engaged in the innocent barter of moonshine when a bullet from behind ended his career. The law, she believes, has raised the price of bread and meat. The law, she believes, is personal and she hates it with a hatred as personal as is the love her son bears his conception of country.

The boy leaves for the war, entirely lamment of the slightest notion of what it is all about. Then, some six months after his departure, there comes to the mother and young wife in their lonesome cabin a deserter from near-by camp.

From this deserter the women hear further words of patriotism. The mother is still unconvinced of the virtue of this new doctrine, and, when the Sheriff arrives to take the fugitive, it is her hatred of the law that saves this young patriot, and, triumphant over patriotism, moves her to hide him.

From this point on Miss Vollmer's action is, to say the least, vigorous. Among the other developments, it transpires that the son has been shot on the field of honor and that the young deserter is the son of the avenuse officer earlier mentioned who picked off the toiler in the vineyard at the very zenith of his toil. Whereupon the baser motives of the mother are given a full six minutes' play, during which she decides to kill the deserter, and she is stayed at the last moment only by mystic music, which she alone hears, proceeding from her dead son and presumably counseling and preaching love and patriotism. Thus love conquers all, she assists the young boy in making his escape and the final curtain hides the full development of a beatific smile of full content.

If this description of the plot is chaotic it is still remarkably pure and undefiled against Miss Vollmer's original. For, in addition to the things mentioned, she gave vigorous sub-motifs dealing with the advantages and disadvantages of what passes for learning in those mountainous hills, sharp and less sharp observations on stupor and fugitive attempts to trace the soul of a young girl.

If its constant wanderings from the main theme prevent it from being a completely satisfactory play, Whether its fundamental theme is true is also clearly open to question, but playgoers could be well satisfied to see it thoroughly presented.

The acting was truly splendid. Particularly fine was Lucile La Verne as the mother, grim, relentless, vital, and as true as the author allowed her to be. Eugene Lockhart gave a remarkable interpretation of Bud, a half-wit struggling manfully to shoulder the responsibilities his sluggish brain indicated to him. Anne Elstner, cheated at her love by a fate she never understood and yet never questioned, was convincing throughout. Alan Birmingham, in an ungrateful rôle as the young boy who married off to Bud, was splendid in a decidedly ungrateful part. The others, too, were worthy of all praise, except Elliott Cabot, whose interpretation of the deserter was even emptier than the rôle itself.

FLIER FINDS LIQUOR FLEET.

Boston Reporter Verifies Rumors, Denied by "Dry" Officials.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 24.—To verify rumors current here for many days, a newspaper reporter today flew over Massachusetts Bay twelve miles from land, with George H. Perkins, a Boston and New York broker, as his pilot, and discovered a liquor fleet.

He saw at anchor no less than twelve ships. Moving about them were a number of small power boats. A mysterious plane circled overhead. There is evidence that generous quantities of liquor have been landed from this fleet during recent weeks, although there has been a tendency to deny its existence in official quarters.

MUSIC NOTES.

Euphalie Hatayvka, a Russian soprano, is to give her first New York recital next Thursday evening at the Town Hall.

Dr. Noble at the Juilliard Foundation will present the gold medal of the Guilmant Organ School at its commencement on Monday.

Miss Schumann-Heink is announced in a recital on Monday evening at the State Armory in Yonkers.

Lauri-Volpi, tenor of the Metropolitan, will sing Monday at a City Jubilee concert at Wanamaker's.

The Liederkranz Club sings a concert of male glees on Tuesday, to be broadcast by radio.

Isidor Strasser has a Brahms program tomorrow night in the Carnegie chamber music hall.

Margaret Severn gives a "dance recital" tomorrow evening at the Princess Theatre.

LEWISOHN HONORED FOR CULTURAL GIFTS

Bust of Himself Is Given to Him at Exercises in Hunter College.

SPEAKERS LAUD GIFTS

Stadium and Other Musical Benefactions Are Cited as Jazz Is Decried.

Adolph Lewisohn received public recognition last night for his endeavors toward advancing the culture of New York. A large audience, including many prominent State and Federal officials, attended exercises in Mr. Lewisohn's honor in the chapel of Hunter College, at Park Avenue and Sixty-eighth Street. The occasion was the closing for the season of the free public course in chamber music which has been given at Hunter for two years through Mr. Lewisohn's generosity.

Besides receiving oral tributes for his musical gifts to the city the philanthropist got a bust of himself executed by Louis Kella. Mr. Kella, John C. Freund, President of the Musical Alliance of the United States, remarked, was brought up in poverty on the lower east side, where Mr. Lewisohn has helped to alleviate conditions.

George McAneny presided at the exercises. The speakers were Lieut. Gov. George R. Lunn, United States Senator Royal S. Copeland, George Gordon Battle, Justice Samuel Levy, of the Children's Court, Mrs. Marion R. Elliott, Miss Ruth Lewinson and Mr. Freund.

Mr. McAneny pointed out that the city had progressed to such an extent that the schools and colleges were used not only during the day for the education of the young but were open at night for the cultural betterment of the older members of the community. This had been made possible, he said, through the generosity and public spirit of Mr. Lewisohn.

"Mr. Lewisohn is the type of citizen that we must always honor," said Mr. McAneny, "and in the honor of whom we must always find gratification. The Lewisohn Stadium is one of the wonders of New York; one of the finest expressions of that public spirit we have come here to celebrate. I sometimes think that the most satisfactory thing that can happen to a man is to achieve wealth and then to enjoy the infinite wealth that comes to those who give his material wealth for the benefit of the people around him."

In presenting the bust in behalf of the committee, Mr. Freund asserted that "Mr. Lewisohn has never endeavored to seek publicity of others, like some professional philanthropists who employ a half dozen press agents."

Speaking briefly, Mr. Lewisohn declared he did not like to appear ungrateful, but he would rather not have had the celebration.

After speaking of music as a molder of character, Lieut. Gov. Lunn placed his "ban on jazz" and continued:

"In literature we want only the best; why not in music? Through the generosity of one individual, Mr. Lewisohn, we can get the best—at Hunter College during the Winter and at the City College Stadium in the Summer. Then there was a musical program by the Hunter College Orchestra and the Sinsheimer Quartet.

The committee consisted of Mr. McAneny, Chairman; Clarence H. Mackay, Otto H. Kahn, Dr. John H. Finley, George Gordon Battle and Colonel Louis Annin Ames.

Connecticut Ends Prison Flogging.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 24.—The bill which will eliminate flogging as a punishment which may be inflicted upon prisoners at the State prison was adopted by both branches of the Connecticut General Assembly today. The bill was introduced in the House as an emergency measure, at the request of Colonel Norris G. Osborn, Chairman of the State Prison Board.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The East-West Players, winners of the recent Little Theatre tournament and the Belasco Trophy, will present four one-act plays, "The Clod," by Lewis Beach; "Another Way Out," by Lawrence Langner; "Night," by Sholom Asch, and "The Man Who Married a Dumb Wife," by Anatole France, at the Neighborhood Theatre tonight and tomorrow night.

"The Clinging Vine" will close at the Knickerbocker a week from tomorrow night.

"Poor Richard," a new play dealing with the life of Franklin, by Louis Evan Shipman, will be produced in the Fall, with Maclyn Arbuckle in the leading rôle.

Walter Hampden announces that he will play "Cyrano de Bergerac" during the coming season at the National Theatre.

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS JR. SCREEN ACTOR AT 13

Famous Players-Lasky Co. Signs Son of Famous Star at $1,000 a Week for Three Years.

Douglas Fairbanks Jr., thirteen years old, emulating his agile and smiling father, it was learned yesterday, has just signed his first contract to act for the screen. He is soon to start work with Famous Players-Lasky Corporation at $1,000 a week for three years. Mrs. James Evans Jr., his mother, who is staying at the Algonquin with her son, said the contract was signed about a week ago, and that in it is a clause stipulating that her son's acting is not to interfere with his education; he will have a private tutor at Hollywood.

The son of the popular Douglas Fairbanks is the youngest star ever entered by Famous Players and Jesse Lasky, who made the contract, kept it a secret until he reached California, so as to surprise the boy's father.

Douglas Fairbanks Jr. was born in 1910, when his father was playing on the stage in "A Gentleman from Mississippi." His mother was Miss Beth Sully, daughter of Daniel Sully, at the time known as "the cotton king." She was married to Douglas Fairbanks in 1907, when he had a minor role in "The Man of the Hour." They were divorced in March, 1918, and Mrs. Fairbanks later married James Evans Jr., a Pittsburg broker. A year after the divorce Fairbanks married Mary Pickford, who had been divorced from Owen Moore.

MOTION PICTURES

about a girl
who couldn't stop loving

"One of the 'biggest' pictures made in years is 'The White Rose' because it is so very, very human . . . comes as near being *a REAL picture as we have seen in years* . . . It is an *unqualified success* . . . and Mae Marsh reaches out and twangs away at a mighty sad little symphony on one's heart strings, and never strikes a discord."—*Don. Allen in Eve. World.*

"*Aimed straight at your heart, it hits the mark*—boldly tearing away the old dual standard of morals, and showing *man* accepting *blame for the sin* along with the woman—inspiring and moving—*One of the finest things D. W. Griffith has ever made.* And *if you want to see art* in the cinema, see Mae Marsh as 'Teasie.'"—*Quinn Martin in The World.*

"It easily *ranks with the most important pictures made in America.* The *acting is magnificent; as fine as the screen can boast.*"—*The Sun.*

"'The White Rose' is indeed a triumph for its splendid cast."—*P. W. Gallico in The News.*

"*It is the best picture Mr. Griffith has made since 'The Birth of a Nation'*—Try as you may to resist its appeal, it will *make you smile, laugh and weep—The dawning of love* between the preacher and this flowerlike girl *magnificent, one of the most gloriously beautiful passages in all Mr. Griffith's pictures*—Once you are into the heart of the story, it is inescapable."—*Leo Pollock, Eve. Journal.*

"A singularly fine picture—and the *treatment of the big dramatic moments is superb*—It is *beautified and exalted by the presence of that exquisite creature, Mae Marsh, the divinely inspired.* The scenes are marvelously beautiful."—*Robert Sherwood in The Herald.*

"*For Griffith is a great poet.*"—*Max Reinhardt, famous German Producer.*

"*Suspense galore* and sob scenes aplenty—There was applause for the beauty . . . many *women wept* and one fainted. The artist in Griffith as the master of photography *smites the eye constantly.*"—*The Times.*

"Another pictorial and sentimental gem—*Doubtful if the Magician Griffith has ever done anything finer*—An unusually superior picture, and one that *reaches the heart* with its presentation of a new angle of the moral code; and establishes the dual responsibility in the moral code in which the woman pays perhaps, but not alone."—*Journal of Commerce.*

"Again 'The White Rose' proves Griffith the master of the screen technique—sways the audience—a very human bit of life with a very strong heart appeal."—*Morning Telegraph.*

"'The White Rose' is sermon, *poem, and great love drama, all in one,* with *laughter* full of *tears*—presenting the big moments in little lives; beauty in simple and even sordid things; the basic principle in which the world—yours and mine—actually moves.

"It sends one home with something unforgetable, with a heart hunger for a better humanity."—*Sophie Irene Loeb, famous publicist and president of the Child Welfare Board.*

D. W. GRIFFITH'S "THE WHITE ROSE"
LYRIC THEATRE
TWICE DAILY 2.20 and 8.20 SUNDAY MAT. at 3 P. M.
PHONE BRYANT 3216 ALL SEATS RESERVED BUY IN ADVANCE
See it with voices and special orchestra
PRICES: EVENINGS 50c TO $2.00 MATINEES 50c TO $1.50
EVENINGS—400 CHOICE SEATS at $1. 200 at 75c. 350 at 50c
MATINEES—500 SEATS, $1 300 at 75c. 500 at 50c
Engagement Limited to Four Weeks Only

MOTION PICTURES

The Three Biggest Hits in Town
RAIN
THE FOOL
ZANDER THE GREAT

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. at 2:30. ALICE BRADY IN ZANDER THE GREAT "Safest bet in town."—World
FULTON 46th St. & B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. (Pop.) at 2:30. COLD FEET with MAY VOKES
MERTON OF THE MOVIES CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. at 2:15. with GLENN HUNTER-FLORENCE NASH.
New Amsterdam Theatre, at 8:10. POP. PRICE MATS. TOMOR'W & WED. ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. at 2:30. CYRIL MAUDE "AUNT DIPLOMACY" WE ALL"
GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. JACK & JILL John Murray Anderson's New Medley Comedy. Lew Fields, Ann Pennington, Clifton Webb, Chas. Judels, Lulu McConnell, Brooks Johns.

EQUITY PLAYERS
LAST THREE PERFORMANCES
ALL STAR CAST "THE RIVALS"
FRANCIS WILSON MARY SHAW JAMES T. POWERS
MACLYN ARBUCKLE VIOLET HEMING JOHN CRAIG
McKAY MORRIS EVA LE GALLIENNE F. M. KERRIGAN
HENRY HULL VIVIAN TOBIN Staged by Wm. Boyd
EARL CARROLL THEATRE 7th Av. & 50 St. Circle 0365. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Tom'w. 2:30
EQUITY 48th ST. THEATRE Bryant 9171. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Tues., 2:30. Extra Matinee Decoration Day.
LAURETTE TAYLOR in "SWEET NELL OF OLD DRURY"
—AND—
EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON in "ANTIGONE"
TWO MATINEES—TODAY AT 2 P. M. and TOMORROW AT 11 A. M.

SAM H. HARRIS Presents "ICEBOUND" Owen Davis' Warm-hearted Play
SAM H. HARRIS Thurs. W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomor'w & Wed. 2:15. The 1923 Pulitzer Prize Play. Seats at Box Office $1, $1.50, $2 & $2.50
SAM H. HARRIS Presents IRVING BERLIN'S MUSIC BOX REVUE MUSIC BOX THEATRE West 45th St. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15. STAGED BY HASSARD SHORT
LIBERTY 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. at 2:30. GEORGE M. COHAN'S COMEDIANS in The New American Song and Dance Show "LITTLE NELLIE KELLY"
LYCEUM Thea., West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Thurs. at 2:30. The MOUNTEBANK With NORMAN TREVOR
KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8:15. MATINEES TOMORROW & WED. at 2:25. CLINGING VINE with PEGGY WOOD
THE SELWYNS in association with ADOLPH KLAURER Present JANE COWL as "JULIET" HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Tomorrow and Thursday (Pop.) 2:30. EXTRA HOLIDAY MAT. NEXT WED.
BELASCO 44th St. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents LIONEL ATWILL in "THE COMEDIAN" by Gladys Unger. Adapt. by Mr. Belasco
JOHN CORT OFFERS Go-Go SMART MUSICAL COMEDY DALY'S 63d Street Mats. Tom'w & Wed.

Preliminary Announcement. THE PLAYERS' SECOND ANNUAL CLASSICAL REVIVAL "THE SCHOOL for SCANDAL" Beg. June 4, One Week. Mts. Wed. & Sat. Cast includes: JOHN DREW, ROBERT MANTELL, WALTER HAMPDEN, TOM WISE, CHARLES RICHMAN, HENRY E. DIXEY, McKAY MORRIS, JOHN CRAIG, REINALD WERRENRATH, E. MILTON ROYLE, A. G. ANDREWS, ETIENNE GIRARDOT, ERNEST LAWFORD, FRANCIS WILSON, ETHEL BARRYMORE, CHARLOTTE WALKER, VIOLET KEMBLE COOPER, CAROL McCUMAS. Prices of Opening and Closing Nights, $10 to $2.00; Other Nights and Mats., $5.00 to $1.50. Applications by mail with check to order of The Players, 16 Gramercy Park, filled in order of receipt. TICKETS TO BE ANNOUNCED SUNDAY; BOX OFFICE SALE MAY 30

MOTION PICTURES.
RIVOLI B'way 49th St. "SOUL of the BEAST" Metro Picture. Ben Ali Haggin's "Du Barry" Betty is now Lothersputsi. Classic Jazz—Rialto Orch.
RIALTO B'way 42d St. "Enemies of Women" Lionel Barrymore—Alma Rubens. Prologue — Rivoli Orchestra.
140th and 141st Showings "The Covered Wagon"
CRITERION B'way & 44 St. Twice Daily 2:30-8:30. Sun. MATS. & All Seats Reserved
PLAZA Mad. Ave. & 58th St. TOM MIX in "Romance Land." Also Shirley Mason in "Shirley of the Circus."

CARNEGIE HALL, Sun., June 3
GREATEST ALL STAR MUSIC FESTIVAL
In the History of the Concert Stage in America in Aid of VETERANS' MOUNTAIN CAMP (Auspices American Legion, N. Y.)
MARGARET MATZENAUER
TITA SCHIPA
ALEXIS KOSLOFF
MISCHA LEVITZKI
TOSCHA SEIDEL
INA BOURSKAYA
WILLEM WILLEKE
EDWARD LANKOW
A SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA OF 80
Mail Orders Now. Prices $5, $3, $1.50
Seat Sale Opens Thurs., May 31

MOTION PICTURES.
CAMEO 42d Street and Broadway 10 A. M. to Midnight. "Red-Blooded Romance."—N. Y. American. "MASTERS OF MEN"
STRAND B'way & 47 St. DAVID BELASCO'S "The Girl of the Golden West" Strand Symphony Orchestra.
CAPITOL B'way, 51st St. Mr. and Mrs. Martin Johnson's TRAILING AFRICAN WILD ANIMALS Capitol Grand Orchestra

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS
MARINE ROOF
HOTEL BOSSERT, BROOKLYN
OPENS TOMORROW NIGHT
PAUL WHITEMAN PRESENTS—
JACK ALBIN AND HIS BOSSERT ORCHESTRA
—2 P. M. TO CLOSING—

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND SITE—DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Winter Garden Revue. In the "BOMBO" with AL JOLSON
MOROSCO 45th St. W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. TAYLOR HOLMES IN A NEW COMEDY "NOT SO FAST"
AMBASSADOR 49th St., W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. Dec. Day. TESSA KOSTA in THE SEASON'S MUSICAL GEM Caroline
CENTRAL B'way & 47th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. Dec. Day. GINGHAM GIRL with ERNEST TRUEX. FIFTY MONTHS
MAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST present Return and Farewell Engagement Week Only MOSCOW ART THEATRE MATINEE TODAY (By request of American Grand Artists). Today, Mat. & Eve. "THE THREE SISTERS." Tom'w, Mat. & Eve. "THE CHERRY ORCHARD." Sunday, Mat. & Eve. "THE LAWYER." Monday, Mat. & Eve. "THE LAIRD OF DRAMECHT." Tues. & Wed. Mats. & Eves. "THE THREE SISTERS."
SOLOMON'S 59TH ST. THEATRE Plaza 9182. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Positively last performances in America June 2. LITTLE THEA., 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TOM'W and WED. at 2:30. A Guy Combaz & Morris Gest Present POLLY PREFERRED with GENEVIEVE TOBIN

5th MONTH—The Reason New York Is Laughing—5th MONTH
MANN and SIDNEY in "GIVE & TAKE"
49th St. Theatre, West of Broadway. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow and Dec. Day, 2:30.
SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th St. & B'way. PAPA JOE with WILLIAM HODGE
SELWYN Thea., W. 42d St. Mat. Today. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. WASP with OTTO KRUGER
BELMONT Thea., 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Dec. Day. H. B. WARNER in YOU AND I with LUCILE WATSON and a perfect personnel.
Maxine Elliott's 39th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30. SAM H. HARRIS Presents JEANNE EAGELS IN "RAIN"
REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS Abie's Irish Rose THE PLAY THAT PUT U IN HUMOR

CENTURY Central Park West & 62d St. Phone Col. 8000. Sally, Irene and Mary Greatest Musical Hit in New York
ASTOR Thea., 45th St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Dec. Day. JAMES BARTON in DEW DROP INN
BIJOU Thea., 45th St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Dec. Day. "UPTOWN, WEST"
PLAYHOUSE 48th St. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Dec. Day. UP SHE GOES
RITZ Thea., 48th St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow. LAST 4 TIMES. THE ENCHANTED COTTAGE
24,000 MEN AND WOMEN SAW "FOR VALUE RECEIVED" In the Past 3 Weeks
Every one voted this the best emotional comedy of the season.
Beginning Next Monday Night YOU CAN FIND "For Value Received" at APOLLO THEATRE 42d St. IF YOU DO NOT FIND THIS A REALLY GREAT PLAY WE WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY. Evenings 8:30—Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
LONGACRE 48th St. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. "Enthusiastically Welcomed."—New York Times. FOR VALUE RECEIVED
ALVA KERR! SIXTH TIMES TONIGHT The Old Soak By Don Marquis
PLYMOUTH Thea., W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Dec. Day. 8:30

Spend a Day at America's Most Beautiful and Complete Racecourse
BELMONT PARK
SIX GRAND CONTESTS TODAY INCLUDING
The Hyde Park Handicap
The Salvatore
The Friar Rock
The Prudery
FIRST RACE AT 2:00 P. M.
SPECIAL TRAINS
Leave Penna. Station, 32d St. and 7th Ave.; also Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, at 12:15 and at intervals to 1:00 P.M.
Special Cars Reserved for Ladies.
Course also reached by trolley, Grandstand and Paddock, $5.50 including Tax.

PRINCESS Theatre, 39th St., E. of B'way. Margaret Severn DANCE RECITAL SUNDAY EVENING, May 27, AT 8:30.
THE BONSTELLE PLAYERS HARLEM OPERA HOUSE, 125th St. & 5th Ave. "THE DOLLAR THEATRE" THIS WEEK "THE GOLDFISH"
STEEPLECHASE CONEY ISLAND The Funny Place Now Open
LUNA CONEY ISLAND PRYOR'S BAND NEW FREE CIRCUS

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.
The Esplanade
West End Avenue at 74th Street New York
The Only Strictly Residential Hotel In Town
No transient or seasonal guests Unfurnished suites only
One or more rooms with superior service
Immediate Possession or October first

Hotel St. George
Brooklyn Heights, N. Y. C.
4 Minutes to Wall St. 15 to Times Square
750 ROOMS Single or en suite
Restaurant serving only the best at moderate rates
Clark Street Station of 7th Ave. Interborough Subway in building.
Permanent and Transient accommodations
Superior facilities for Balls, Banquets and Weddings
CHAS. A. WEIR, Manager

Hotel COLONIAL
44 West 81st Street Northeast Corner of 81st St. & Columbus Ave. Phone Schuyler 9000
Refined, comfortably furnished apartments, single and suites. The Colonial enjoys quarter-like atmosphere; faces Central Park and the Driving Park of the West Side; accessible by Subway, Bus, 81st St. Crosstown Car or 7th Ave. Elevated; fireproof; Restaurant Service a la Carte. Rates Weekly or Monthly. Single Rooms $15-$22.50-$30.00 a week. Two-room Suites if Desired.

INCORPORATE B. M. T. TO TAKE OVER B. R. T.

Brooklyn - Manhattan Transit Gets Charter as Part of Reorganization.

BETTER SERVICE PROMISED

Plans Operation of 14th Street Link to Manhattan in Six Months.

The passing of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and its replacement by the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation was foreshadowed yesterday by the granting of a charter to the latter company at Albany and the filing of its articles of incorporation in the office of the County Clerk of Kings County.

The filing of articles of incorporation, giving the name of the new company, followed approval by Judge Julius M. Mayer of the United States Circuit Court of the sale of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company to Alfred E. Mudge, representing the B. R. T. Reorganization Committee. According to an announcement by Mr. Mudge, the new company will probably take charge of the property about June 1, which means that by that time Lindley M. Garrison will have been discharged as receiver and that the B. R. T. will be succeeded as a factor in the local transit situation by the "B. M. T."

It is believed that the reorganization of the B. R. T. is now in its final stages. If the Reorganization Committee is successful next Tuesday afternoon in bidding in the Municipal Railway Corporation and the New York Consolidated Railroad Company, which control and operate the rapid transit lines, all of the property of the old company will pass into the hands of the new. The important steps then remaining will be approval of the reorganization plan by the Transit Commission and the discharge of the receiver.

Pendered Over Name.

The name of the new company was said to have caused the members of the Reorganization Committee a great deal of thought. It was felt that "Brooklyn" was not sufficiently indicative of the scope of the company's operations, but that preference should be given the name of that borough in the order of the words, "Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation." The word "rapid" was dropped as being superfluous.

Although officers will not be chosen until the reorganization plan is formally approved and the receiver discharged, William S. Menden, present general manager, is expected to be elected President. Albert H. Wiggin, President of the Chase National Bank; Gerhard M. Dahl and Frederick Strauss, who constituted the purchasing committee of the Reorganization Committee and are named as Directors in the articles of incorporation, will continue as Directors when the permanent board of fifteen members is formed. It is expected that the Transit Commission will appoint three members of the board to represent the public, as it did in the case of the reorganization of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company. Others named as temporary Directors, who will probably be replaced later, included Alfred E. Mudge, Andrew M. Williams, Stanley Clarke, Otis Everett, Joseph V. Kline, Darius A. Marsh, Joseph B. Lynch, Francis P. Randolph, Bertram F. Shipman, Robert C. Brandt, Charles S. Martin and Robert E. A. Corcoran.

Statement by Committee.

The following formal statement was issued by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Stockholders' Committee at the offices at 61 Broadway:

"It was announced by the B. R. T. Stockholders' Committee this morning that the charter of the new company to succeed the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company had been filed with the Secretary of State this morning by Albert H. Wiggin, Gerhard W. Dahl and Frederick Strauss, the Purchasing Committee which bought in the properties on behalf of the Reorganization Committee. The name of the new company is Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation. It was also stated that no announcement could be made as to the permanent Directors or officers of the new company until the details of its organization were completed and possession of the properties taken over from the receiver, which it was expected would be about June 1."

The first meeting of the permanent Board of Directors will probably be held on the day the new company takes over the Brooklyn Rapid Transit property. At that time also an announcement will be made of the officials who are to have charge of the operation of the property, it was said yesterday.

So far as the passengers on the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system were concerned, there would be little difference noted when the road changed, it was said. Officials of the new company hoped for an improvement of the service. One of the first betterments, it was said, would be the temporary operation of the Fourteenth Street subway from Brooklyn. It is believed that temporary service can be put in operation over this route within six months.

To date 94 per cent. of the bondholders of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company have deposited their bonds with the committee and 80 per cent. of the stockholders have deposited their stocks and made arrangements to pay the assessment of $35 a share on the stock, which gives the new company $26,000,000 to carry on the reorganization.

After the purchase of the New York Municipal Railway Corporation and the New York Consolidated Railroad Company property on next Tuesday another charter for this company will be applied for in Albany, it was said. At the same time arrangements will be made to take over this property.

Plans Moved Quickly.

Plans for taking the property out of the hands of Receiver Lindley M. Garrison have moved forward much more rapidly than was anticipated at the time the reorganization plan was announced on March 22 of this year. Then it was expected that it would be impossible to complete the transfer before the middle of the Summer.

The reorganization plan called for the scaling down of bonds and notes, thus reducing fixed charges, and the issuance of new stocks in place of the old capital structure. The assessment applied to the holders of the company's present common stock which was to be deposited with and initial instalment of $15 a share, and subsequent payments of $20 a share, make the total of the assessment $35. In return for each share of common stock so deposited the holder is to receive one share of new common stock, $21,875 of new 6 per cent. bonds and $13,125 of new preferred stock.

Arrangements were also made for the payment of $2,000,000 in cash to the holders of damage judgments as the result of the Malbone Street tunnel wreck which was one of the causes of the receivership.

Provision has also been made for the settlement of bank loans by paying 47 per cent. in cash, 47 per cent. more in new 6 per cent. gold bonds and the remaining 6 per cent. in new 6 per cent. preferred stock. General claims for material which are unsecured will be settled when, in the opinion of the reorganization committee, it is practicable to do so.

A recent state of revenues of the road showed that the passengers carried on the rapid transit lines had increased from approximately 285,879,000 in 1918 to approximately 406,682,000 in 1922.

Another step in the reorganization was taken by the filing of articles of incorporation of the Williamsburg Power Plant Corporation, with a capitalization of $50,000, to take over the B. R. T. power plants. Seven Directors, all Directors in the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation, are named. This company, according to the reorganization plan, will sell power to the lines of the new "B. M. T." system until such time as the power plants are taken over by the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation or by the city.

NATION'S FIRES COST $521,860,000 IN 1922

Insurance Men Told Total Exceeds That of 1906, Year of San Francisco Disaster.

The National Board of Fire Underwriters held its fifty-seventh annual meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday, with representatives present from 157 fire insurance companies. John B. Morton, President, opened the meeting with an address denouncing Legislatures for enacting laws increasing taxation which ultimately, he said, proved detrimental to insurance interests. He also declared that radicals are endeavoring to retard industry, and refuted charges that insurance companies were profiteering.

Reporting on fire losses, Mr. Morton said that last year's fire waste in the United States reached the record total of $521,860,000, exceeding even that of 1906, when the San Francisco conflagration occurred, despite the fact that no great fire occurred in 1922.

"The loss per person in the United States last year," he said, "came to $4.75, as compared with 72 cents for Great Britain, indicating the greater carelessness of the American public and the more inflammable nature of American buildings."

Another point he referred to was the fact that the National Board Companies during 1922 incurred an underwriting deficit of $11,603,020 on their fire and lightning business. There was a substantial gain from investments, however, which maintained the strength of the companies, he said.

Commenting on recent legislation, Mr. Morton said: "The Legislatures have been active as usual in introducing ill-advised measures affecting our business. They do not seem to understand that the position of fire insurance in the economic scheme of things is basic, and that the operating machinery of the business is intricate; consequently they throw statutory monkey-wrenches into the enmeshed gears of this machinery of indemnity, without heeding the inevitable result of such disregard for fundamental forces.

"From time to time the institution of insurance has been set up as a foe of the people—an opponent in a kind of legislative shadow boxing. This has been a safe type of combat for the legislators, since the shadow has been the sole recipient of punishment.

"The most astonishing feature of this so-called reform is its volume. During the legislative sessions now closed 1,700 bills relating to the conduct of insurance were introduced in the Legislatures of forty-two States.

"There is one charge against insurance that displays amazing vitality, though it has been disproved times without number, that of profiteering. As a matter of solemn and unhappy fact, the fire insurance companies, taken as a whole, have made little or no profit out of fire underwriting in recent years. Between 1912 and 1922, the average fire insurance rate in the United States declined from $1.04 to 97 cents for each $100 of insurance carried."

The matter of incendiarism as a factor of importance in piling up the aggregate of destruction came up for discussion, and in the report of the Committee of Incendiarism and Arson it was stated that considerable progress had been made in clearing up unsatisfactory conditions in several prominent cities.

Francis R. Stoddard, State Superintendent of Insurance, said: "We should have a national bureau to establish rates and forms, one which will be willing to give co-operation not only to the members of the board but to mutuals and reciprocals."

Officers were elected as follows: President, Harry A. Smith, Hartford; Vice Presidents, N. S. Bartow, New York; Treasurer, Norman T. Robertson, New York; Sumner Vallard, New York, re-elected Secretary.

DOYLE CHALLENGES SKEPTICS ON SPIRITISM

He Offers to Post $1,000 With Scientific American and Prove Spirit Phenomena.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 24.—Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, preceding his first lecture in Los Angeles on spiritism, issued a challenge tonight to those skeptical of the genuineness of psychic phenomena.

"The idea of spiritualism has been repeatedly assailed by unbelievers in all parts of the world," Sir Arthur declared, "and I issue this open challenge as a means of testing for the benefit of these doubters, the phenomena and the messages, which I know to be from the world beyond."

He offered to deposit $1,000 with the Scientific American, a like amount to be proffered by the other side to the controversy, as evidence of good faith, the Scientific American to act as judge.

A picture of life beyond the grave Sir Arthur asserted was through the words of those who have left existence on earth. He quoted phrases which he declared came to him from spirits in the other world and significant bits from hundreds of other messages received by mediums throughout the world.

"The world doesn't know how strong the evidence is in support of spiritualism," declared the speaker. "Seventy professors from recognized seats of learning who have devoted years to the study of the subject pronounce spiritualism scientifically sound and give full credence to the rappings, moving of chairs and the messages which come to us from the other world."

HAS NEW BUSINESS SLOGAN.

Must Render Public Service to Endure, Says Banker.

RICHMOND, Va., May 24.—The old days of "business is business" have passed, to be supplanted by the slogan that "business is service," J. H. Puelicher, President of the American Bankers' Association, said here today in an address before the Virginia Bankers' Association.

"Only that business will endure," Mr. Puelicher said, "which renders a real public service. Only that business is sound which administers to real human needs, comforts and progress. The most conspicuous part of a reaction is the crashing to earth of business based on selfish speculation, on exploitation of public emergencies, on over-trading and on stimulation of abnormal activity in many lines beyond the point of rendering real service."

Mr. Puelicher said better team work would prevent alternating periods of prosperity and depression in business, and warned that lack of co-ordination of effort for the general welfare would lead to an unbalanced situation.

GETS AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

Oceanic Line Proposes Building Two Ships, Revertible to Navy in War.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Postmaster General New has authorized the renewal of the contract with the Oceanic Steamship Company to carry the Australasian mails. In the meantime the Shipping Board and the Post Office Department have under consideration a plan submitted by the Oceanic Line whereby the company will agree to construct two modern liners designed especially for naval and military use in time of war, providing it receives a ten-year contract with the Government.

Plans for the ships have been prepared and submitted to the Shipping Board, and Admiral Benson pronounces them to be excellent. The vessels would be especially valuable, he said, for transports or cargo carriers during a war.

REPUBLICANS HONOR 4 IN TRANSIT FIGHT

Accept Mayor's Challenge at a Dinner for Ullman, Kaufman, Steinberg and Jesse.

HYLAN BLAMED FOR FAILURE

Assemblyman Tells How Legislation Was Blocked—Mills Praises Work at Albany.

Mayor Hylan's challenge on the transit issue was accepted last night at a dinner at the Hotel Astor given by the New York County Republican Committee to the four Republican Assemblymen from New York County, Sol Ullman, Victor R. Kaufman, Joseph Steinberg and George N. Jesse. Mayor Hylan was blamed for the failure of transit legislation, and charged with responsibility for the failure to construct new subways.

"This dinner is not only a deserved tribute to the four Assemblymen," said Representative Ogden L. Mills, "but the affirmative, militant answer of the Republicans of this county to Mayor Hylan's attacks on these men. We Republicans say to Mayor Hylan that we believe these men have been everlastingly right and that he has been eternally wrong."

Miss Helen Varick Boswell, Vice-Chairman of the County Committee, answered the Mayor's threat to campaign against the four Assemblymen by declaring that the Republicans of the county would not only re-elect them, but would elect other Republican Assemblymen from Manhattan to keep them company in the next legislature.

Samuel S. Koenig, County Chairman, asserted that the bill introduced by Mr. Jesse and supported by his three colleagues had paved the way for a compromise between the Transit Commission and the Board of Estimate. "I hope the two bodies will get together so that the transit question will be taken out of politics forever and the situation be relieved," he said.

"The Walker-Donohue bill meant a return to the days of graft and political corruption before the creation of the Public Service Commission," said Mr. Jesse. "The adoption of the counter proposal made by myself and my three Republican colleagues, would have ensured the adoption of the plan of unification and a continuous ride from any part of the city to any other part for a 5-cent fare."

Mr. Jesse charged Mayor Hylan and the Board of Estimate with responsibility for delay in the building of new subways, and asserted that the Mayor had pursued a policy of obstruction for the sake of having a political issue. He declared that the conferences of transit at Albany came to nothing because the Republicans were not met in a spirit of fairness.

"We were told that we must consent to the proposition of 'all or nothing,' and turn over to the Mayor, to be debauched and destroyed at his pleasure, every vestige of control over our present transit facilities as well as all future development," Mr. Jesse added. "Mindful of our obligations to the people, this we could not do. The responsibility for the failure of the Legislature to come to an agreement lies squarely upon the doorstep of Mayor Hylan and the Democratic conferees and they cannot escape this responsibility."

Mr. Ullman commented upon Mayor Hylan's action in approving a bill to raise his own salary as showing his hypocrisy, and quoted the Mayor as having said on April 24 that the financial condition of the city was such that he might even vote to reduce his own salary to save the taxpayers' money and make both ends meet.

"The way the Mayor reduced his salary was by signing a bill increasing it to $25,000 per year," Mr. Ullman said. "Remember that the police and firemen are still yearning for an honestly deserved and meritorious increase in salary."

Mr. Kaufman and Mr. Steinberg were among the speakers. Others at the speakers' table included Charles D. Hilles, Republican National Committeeman; George K. Morris, Republican State Chairman; former United States Senator William M. Calder and Mrs. Arthur L. Livermore. Nearly 1,200 persons were present.

SUBWAY CONTRACT LET.

Nassau Street Award Then Is Sent to Estimate Board.

The Transit Commission yesterday awarded and sent to the Board of Estimate the contract for the construction of Section 2 of the Nassau Street subway from Broad and Water to Nassau and Liberty Streets. The award was made to Patrick McGovern, Inc., the lowest bidder, at $5,976,085.50.

The Nassau Street subway, one of the last uncompleted links of the system provided by the dual subway contracts, will run from the Municipal Building to a connection with the Montague Street tunnel, completing the portion of the Brooklyn Loop system in Manhattan. There will be two stations on the line, one in Broad Street, just below Wall Street, and the other at Fulton Street.

The contractor will be required to carry out special engineering provisions for underpinning and caring for the buildings along Nassau Street during construction. Because of its greater width, the underpining problems in Broad Street are not expected to be as serious as those in Nassau. The situation successfully met during the construction of the subway under William Street and it is believed that the Nassau Street line will be built with a minimum of disturbance to buildings and their occupants.

PLEA FOR TRANSIT PLAN.

Broadway Association Asks City to Accept McAneny Program.

An appeal to Mayor Hylan and the other members of the Board of Estimate to accept the offer of the Transit Commission for a compromise and begin the construction of new subways at once is made by E. W. Estes, managing director of the Broadway Association in the May issue of Broadway, the magazine published by the association. Mr. Estes makes a particular appeal to the Mayor, Presidents and Controller Charles L. Craig, apparently in the hope that they, as a majority of the board, may do something to bring about immediate subway construction, if the Mayor doesn't. Mr. Estes says:

"Will you accept the offer of the Transit Commission? You sacrifice no principle by so doing. The lines are connected up with the recapturable parts of the present system, and when finished, if municipal operation is the thing to have, they will be ready to be municipally operated. And New York wants these subways begun now."

CLUB ADDS MEMBERS.

Canadian Professional Women Hold a House-Warming.

The Canadian Business and Professional Women's Club, which has taken quarters at 25 East Thirty-ninth Street, held a reception and house-warming last night. The club is two years old and has eighty members, ten of whom joined last evening with the arrival of the first guests, and the officers said they expected to double the membership before the reception was over.

The principal guest last evening was Mrs. Gloster Armstrong, wife of the British Consul General. On the Reception Committee were Miss Isabel Lount Evans, President of the club, and Mrs. K. E. Macauley, its past President. There are said to be more than 1,000 Canadian women actively engaged in some business or professional work in New York City.

GETS 3 WILLS BY MAIL IN ESTATE OF $230,000

Surrogate Refuses to Probate Either Document Affecting Mrs. Easton's Property.

Although three documents were mailed to the Surrogate's office in Brooklyn as the last wills of Mrs. Margaret Easton, 80 years old, who lived alone at 90 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, and died Oct. 29, 1921, leaving an estate of $230,000, Surrogate Wingate declined yesterday to admit any of them to probate. No one appeared to probate them, and the Surrogate ruled that there was no proof that they were legally executed by Mrs. Easton.

The first will received was mailed to the Surrogate's office Nov. 25, 1921. Under the terms of this document a Josephine Johnson, said to be a resident of Ohio, was named the residuary legatee. The second will was mailed from a small town in Florida on Dec. 14, 1921, and it left the estate to a Jessie A. Owens of Sparr, Fla., said to be a relative.

The third will arrived anonymously on March 15, 1922. Under its terms one-fourth of the estate was left to the Salvation Army, and three-fourths to Dudley R. Farnsworth. It was stipulated that the bequest to the Salvation Army should not be paid until Farnsworth had received his share. He never showed up.

As no will of Mrs. Easton has been probated, Mrs. Mary I. McDonald of 151 West Kingsbridge Road, the Bronx, a sister-in-law, and five grandchildren of Mrs. Easton living in Rochester may receive a share of the estate.

NEW YORK.

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NOW OPEN
400 ROOMS 300 BATHS
EXCELLENT CUISINE AMERICAN PLAN
GOLF — TENNIS — BATHING — BOATING — FISHING — HAUTERS Saddle Horses, Dancing, Sun Parlors, Spacious Lawns, and every convenience for Rest, Recreation and Amusement.
A Mountain Paradise — Altitude 3,000 Feet
400 ROOMS—300 BATHS
Excellent Cuisine—American Plan.
Under Management
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Brown Swan Club
SCHROON LAKE, N. Y.
Special Rates for May
GOLF COURSE
is in splendid condition.
FINE FISHING

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Special Rates for May and June
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TENNIS
HORSES
Famous Cuisine
RED SWAN INN
Warwick, N. Y.
Orange County
Attractive Rates for Season Guests
Ideal for Weekends.
Write for Booklet

HOTEL GRAMATAN
28 minutes from Grand Central.
60 electric trains daily. City conveniences in the country. Golf, tennis, dancing, daily concerts. Accommodates 400.
Henri Pauchey & Son, Inc., Lessee, Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y.

GLENBURNIE CLUB & COTTAGES
Lake George. Open June 20. Golf, Riding, Bathing. W. B. Foshay, Mgr., 680 5th Av., N. Y.

LAKE PLACID ADIRONDACKS, New York
For Booklet address Chamber of Commerce.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

Spend Decoration Day at the Seashore and Enjoy Ocean View on New Boardwalk.
An ideal home; every convenience; moderately low rates; 800 rooms; 75 private baths; spacious verandas; frequent diversions. Dancing and Ned Wayburn's 'Demi-Tasse' Revue in Ballroom.
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Dietary Laws Observed.
MAKE YOUR RESERVATIONS EARLY.
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Open Decoration Day
NEW ATLANTIC HOTEL,
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ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
Just completed. One of the finest hotels on the Jersey Coast. Every modern convenience. Each room equipped with hot and cold salt water baths. S. Glaser, Owner.

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CAPACITY 350.
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Opens June 16th. Open for inspection, June rates $6 per day; $35 per week up. Phone 926.

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MOST DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED RESIDENTIAL HOTEL IN NEW YORK'S SUBURBS.
OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR.
OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT.
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Special Decoration Day Rates
From Sat. Dinner $22.00 Phone
To Thurs. Brkfst. Deal 1026
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48 miles from New York. Elevation 1,400 feet. Holiday and week-end rates $5.00 per day; fireproof buildings; all city improvements. Wire reservations.
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NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.
Special Rates
MAY AND JUNE
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ATLANTIC CITY
Announces the following WEEKLY RATES for about ½ per cent of the capacity during the months of May and June, 1923:
American Plan
Double Room with bath for 2 $90 $110
Single Room with bath for 1 $70 $77
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Single Room with bath for 1 $42 $49
Ownership Management
Josiah White & Sons Company

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ALBEMARLE
Virginia Avenue near Beach. You will find best of food, service, cleanliness, comfort. Ideal spot for motorists. Free bathing privileges. Showers. Private baths. Elevator. Spacious porches. All outside rooms.
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Directly on the beach, in the Chelsea section. Salt and fresh water in all private baths. Usual exclusive feature maintained. Rates consistent with costs of service. Open all year. Send for booklet.
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ENTIRE BLOCK ON THE OCEAN FRONT
Five miles of Continuous Boardwalk
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All Amusements. Phone Asbury 211
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Narragansett Pier, Rhode Island.

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On the Water. 50 Minutes from N. Y.
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Under Management of
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On Lake Bonnesom, Castleton, Vt. Bathing. All sports. Rates very moderate. Non-housekeeping lake front cottages. L. S. JOHNSON.

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COTTAGES AND BUNGALOWS
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Go sightseeing on a desert like Sahara, swim in the long rollers of the broad Pacific, rest in a quiet mountain cabin, hike, ride horseback, play golf or do anything you like.

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* * * *

As to the weather, these average mean temperatures taken over a period of 44 years in a central Southern California city by the U. S. Weather Bureau may give you a new idea of this strange land.

Average mean temperature for 44 June ... 68 degrees
Average mean temperature for 44 July ... 73 degrees
Average mean temperature for 44 August ... 73 degrees
Average mean temperature for 44 September ... 69 degrees

Balmy *rainless* days and nights cool enough for blankets are the rule—ninety of them during July, August and September.

And a *complete change*, which authorities say means rest, recreation—a *real vacation*.

Think of all the wonders of a land like this connected by 4,000 miles of *paved motor boulevards!*—all within a radius of a few hundred miles—a day's journey, lined on both sides with sights you want to see—and summer an ideal time, when you can get away!

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Ask any railroad ticket agent for further information or mail coupon below.

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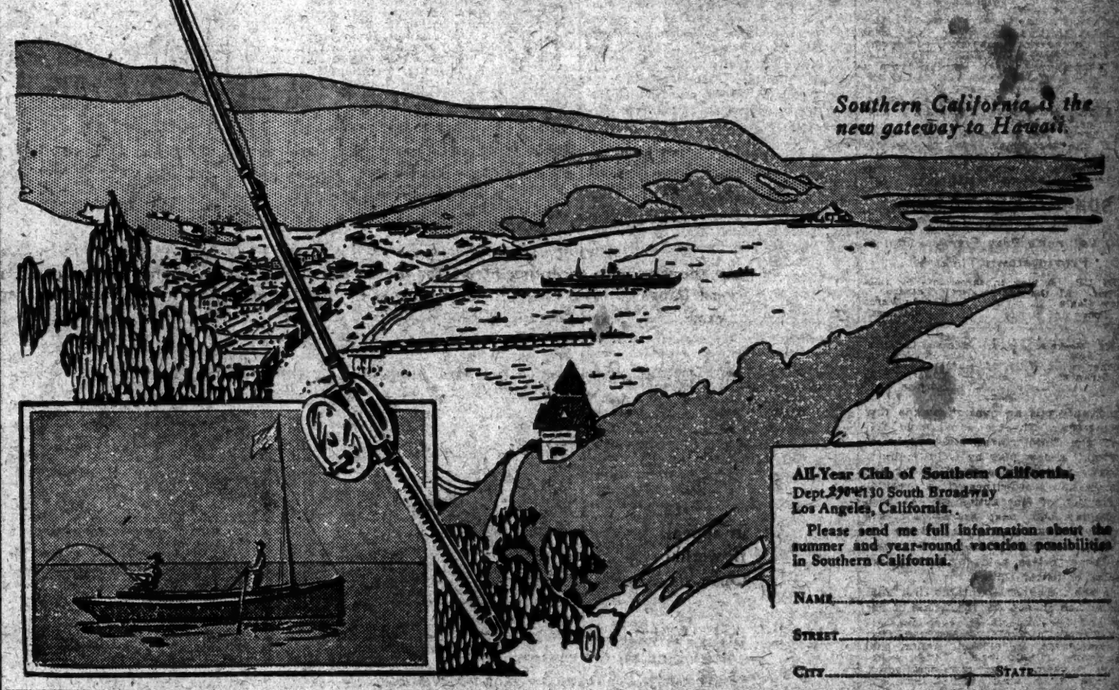

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Company does the entire commercial electric light and power business in Washington, D. C., and adjoining communities.

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Equipment Trust Certificates of large railroads now average about 5½% return. We offer certificates of a large Eastern System yielding over

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To return 6.25%

Descriptive letter on request

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The American Thread Company
5% Cumulative Preferred Stock

Par value $5 per share

As of March 31, 1922, Net Assets applicable to this stock amounted to $18.75 per share outstanding, or 375% of its par value.
Earnings available for payment of dividends for ten-year period ending on that date averaged over seven times annual requirements. Dividends have been paid on these shares uninterruptedly for twenty-four years.

To return 6.25%

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Rapid Recovery on Stock Exchange—Bonds Firm, Liberty Loans Go Higher.

The rapidity with which prices advanced on the Stock Exchange yesterday gave evidence of a change in financial sentiment; for the buying was aggressive and was by no means limited to repurchases by recent speculative sellers. Measured by values of the more active stocks, yesterday's recovery carried the market well beyond the point at which Monday's violent declines would have been canceled. So far as the day's results indicated the position, it would seem that the almost complete halt in movement of prices last week had actually reflected a market in which the decline had run its normal course.

To the extent that the downward movement after the early days of March—a loss of something over 11 points by the "averages"—was based on an idea that reaction of the 1920 sort confronted us, it would naturally have grown less logical in the light of recent developments; which have clearly shown that whatever else had been an influence toward trade reaction, neither overstrained credit nor "pyramided" orders for goods was a factor in the present situation. But the precise character of the trade movement in coming months is not yet clear. It depends on influences and circumstances not easy to discover; among them the extent to which, in general industry, accumulated requirements due to the "undersonsumption" of 1921 and 1922 have already been met by the speeding up of production in the first quarter of the present year.

Advances in some stocks ran yesterday to 4 points or more, and gains of 1 to 2 points were very numerous. The railway shares were active participants in the recovery, several of them rising 2 to 3 points. The day's advance was not a consequence of anything in the news; it was a change in the inferences drawn from events and tendencies that had been in sight before the market turned. In view of the fact that the cotton market rose at the beginning of the year when stocks were rising and broke at exactly the same time in March as the break on the Stock Exchange—that often happens with highly speculative markets—yesterday's movement of cotton prices was true to form. The closing spot prices showed that considerably more than half of the recent 20 per cent. reaction has been recovered.

Nothing in the weekly Federal Reserve statement indicated change in the general position. Rediscounts increased only $3,000,000, outstanding Reserve notes decreased $5,200,000. Reserves held for member banks increased again, but they are still below the maximum of March. In all these aspects, the Reserve system's position warrants the statement given out yesterday by the Advisory Council.

It shows no evidence of that movement of credit which Wall Street more or less vaguely describes as "inflation." If the condition of things which even some of our bankers lately pictured had actually existed, the Reserve statements would have reflected it. If such a condition were to arise hereafter, the statements would reflect it then, and the Reserve banks might be depended upon to take action in their discount rate. These simple facts have been altogether too much ignored in recent discussion.

Foreign exchange was the least active of the day's financial markets; the only positive movement being the slow downward reaction of the German mark, which, however, did not reach Tuesday's low price. The weekly European bank statements were interesting. This week brought the Bank of England's ratio of reserve to deposits to the highest percentage reached since the Spring of 1920; a consequence chiefly of a declining loan account, which would not seem to indicate continuance by English home trade of its recent activity. The Bank of France reported further reduction of 305,935,000 francs in the paper currency; it has decreased 578,000,000 in the past fortnight. The amount outstanding is still above what it was a year ago, but it is 1,436,000,000 francs below the high point of the present year. In a way, this difficult and frequently obstructed effort to pursue a policy of judicious contraction suggests the similar effort, often ineffective, of the ten years after our Civil War.

MONEY.

THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1923.

Stock Exchange call money was maintained at 4½ per cent. throughout the session, unchanged from Wednesday's final. Brokers' requirements in the way of fixed period money continued light, with consequent dullness, and unchanged quotations of 5 @ 5¼ per cent. for short and long date maturities. Both commercial credit markets were moderately active, but discounts held without change from current levels.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Tuesday's Last.
4½	4½	4½	4½	4½

Time Loans.

	Bid.	Asked.
Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	5	5¼
4, 5 and 6 months	5	5¼
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	5	5¼
4, 5 and 6 months	5	5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	5
Other names, 4 to 6 months	5¼@5¾

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4½; 60 to 90 days 4½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4½; 60 to 90 days 4½

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances 4

Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	4½	4
60 days	4½	4¼
90 days	4½	4¼
Four months	4½	4¼
Six months	4½	4¼
Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days	4½	4¼

London Market.

Money in London ½ lower at 1¾ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 2¼ per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 1 11-16@2 per cent.

Gold bullion 2d. up at 89s 1d. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a price of 104⅝ at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 106, on Jan. 20. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149⅝, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 103⅛, on Feb. 21, 1923.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $900,000,000; balances, $81,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balances, $70,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $724,000,000.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1923.

Day's Sales.	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
1,153,445	852,465	1,361,360	1,025,585	539,905	107,776,419	109,296,020	78,353,561	118,589,094¼	106,765,036

1922. High.	1922. Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	Prev.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.
19½	11⅝	200	Advance Rumely	12¾	12¾	11⅝	11⅝	— 1¼	12¾	12⅝
14½	10	400	Ajax Rubber	10¾	11	10½	11	+ ¼	11	11¼
4	1	400	Alaska Gold Mines	1	1	1	1		1	1⅛
66	62⅜	2,700	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	65½	70⅝	65½	70⅝	+ 2¼	70¼	71
112	106⅝	100	Allied Ch. & Dye pf. (7)	105¾	106½	106½	106½		108¾	110
51⅛	38⅛	1,700	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	41	43¾	41	43¾	+ 2⅝	43	43⅝
36½	15⅞	800	Amer. Agri. Chemical	19	20⅝	19	20⅜	+ 1¾	19¾	21
46	32½	300	Amer. Agri. Chem. pf.	44⅜	45	43⅜	43⅜	— 2	43⅜	44
39	37	1,100	Amer. Beach Magneto	37½	40½	37½	40½	+ 2¾	40	41
108	73⅛	51,000	American Can (5)	93½	97¾	89½	97	+ 6¾	96⅞	97
138	105	100	Amer. Car & Fdy. (12)	170	170	170	170	— 5	169	171½
25½	22	300	Amer. Chain Class A	22½	23	22¾	23	+ ¾	23½	23
31	5⅝	1,100	American Chicle	5	5¾	5	5¾	+ ¼	5⅞	6
30⅜	9⅝	1,200	American Cotton Oil	9	9¾	9	9¾		9¾	9⅞
39½	14	100	American Cotton Oil pf.	18	18	18	18	— 1	17	18
7⅝	4	1,000	Amer. Drug Syndicate	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅜	5	6¼
143½	115⅛	200	American Express (6)	120	120	120	120	— 3	118	121
13⅝	9⅝	100	Amer. Hide & Leather	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	+ ⅛	9⅜	10
74⅝	47⅞	800	Amer. Hide & Leath. pf.	48	48	47⅞	48	+ ⅛	48½	50
111½	90	900	American Ice (7)	93½	96	93½	96	+ 2	96½	96¾
23½	22	800	American International	25	25⅝	25	25⅝	+ 1	25⅝	26
28	20⅜	200	American Linseed	23	23	23	23¼	+ ¾	23⅛	23⅜
128⅜	120⅞	5,200	Amer. Locomotive (10)	135	137	124⅝	126	— 9	135½	136
50¼	44⅛	900	American Metal (3)	46⅞	46⅞	45⅝	46⅛	+ 1⅛	46¼	47
100½	92	100	Amer. Roll. Mill pf. (7)	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	+ ⅛	96	100
9¼	4⅛	500	Amer. Safety Razor (25c.)	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛	6⅞	7
21½	14⅜	300	Amer. Ship & Commerce	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛	14⅝	15
59½	53	3,800	Amer. Smelt. & Refining	55⅝	57⅝	55⅝	57⅛	+ 1⅜	57⅛	57⅜
40⅞	34½	1,000	Amer. Steel Foundries (3)	35¼	36⅜	35¼	36¼	+ ⅞	36¼	36⅝
55	49	300	Amer. Sugar Refining	71	73	71	73	+ 3	73	73½
39⅝	24¾	700	Amer. Sumatra Tobacco	25	25⅞	25	25⅞	+ ⅛	25¾	26
125⅞	121⅛	1,900	American Tel. & Tel.	123⅜	123⅝	123⅜	123⅝		121⅝	121¾
141	141	100	American Tobacco (12)	144½	145¾	144½	145¾	+ 1¾	146	146½
150	140	900	Amer. Tobacco Cl. B (12)	143¾	144	143¾	144		144	145
106⅞	101	600	American Tobacco pf. (6)	102	102	102	102		102	102¼
44⅜	27½	200	Amer. W. W. & Electric	38	38⅝	38	38⅝	+ ⅛	37½	39
103	100⅞	1,000	Am. Wool pf. rcts. f.p. (7)	101¼	102	101¼	102		101⅜	102
109⅝	80⅝	12,000	American Woolen (1)	87⅛	92¾	87	91½	+ 3¾	91½	91⅝
111⅝	101⅞	500	Amer. Woolen pf. (7)	102	102	101½	101½	— 1	101½	102⅜
24	16	700	Amer. Writing Paper pf.	19⅝	20	19⅝	20	+ 1⅜	20	21
19¼	10½	300	American Zinc L. & S.	12½	12⅝	11⅞	11⅞	+ ⅛	11½	12⅛
53½	42⅜	8,800	Anaconda Copper (75c.)	44½	46	44⅜	46	+ 1⅝	45⅞	46
45	32½	300	Arnold, Con	36	36	36	36	— ¾	36⅝	38
1	⅝	200	Assets Realization	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	— ⅛	⅝	¾
80	62⅝	300	Associated Dry Goods (4)	73	74	73	74	+ ¼	74	74½
124	104	300	Associated Oil (5)	115	117	115	117	— 5	116	118
105¾	97⅜	7,100	Atch., Top. & S. F. (6)	97⅜	100	97⅜	99½	+ 1⅝	98¾	99¼
90⅝	87½	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf. (5)	89	89	89½	89		88¾	89
3¼	1½	600	Atlanta, Birm & At.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝		1½	2
127	110⅞	2,100	Atlantic Coast Line (7)	112⅞	115¾	112½	115¾	+ 3¼	114½	115½
21	10	1,000	Atlantic Gulf & W. Indies	19¾	20	19¾	20	+ ⅛	20⅛	20⅜
120	116	100	Atlantic Refining (4)	117	117	117	117	— 3	117	120
25½	19⅝	1,100	Austin Nichols	22½	23½	22½	23½	+ 1	23	23¾
28¼	22⅝	1,000	Auto Knitter Hosiery (3)	24	25	24	25	+ ½	24⅝	25
4⅞	2	100	Auto Sales	3½	3¼	3¼	3¼	— ⅛	3	3½
15½	12	100	Auto Sales pf.	12	12	12	12	— ½	11	14
144¼	123⅜	24,600	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	125⅝	130¼	123¾	128⅞	+ 3½	129¼	129⅝
56¾	40⅞	5,700	Baltimore & Ohio	47	48¾	47	48¾	+ 1⅝	48⅝	48⅞
60⅜	55¾	200	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)	56⅜	56⅜	56⅜	56⅜	+ ⅛	56½	57
35	18⅞	1,200	Barnsdall, Class A	19¾	20½	19¾	20½	+ ⅞	19½	20½
22	14	600	Barnsdall, Class B	15	16⅜	15	15	+ 1	14½	15¾
84¾	61	2,200	Beech-Nut Packing (2.40)	64	66¾	64	66	+ 1⅝	66	67
70	51⅝	23,300	Bethlehem Steel (5)	52¾	56	51⅝	55¾	+ 3	55½	55⅝
97⅞	91	400	Bethlehem Stl. pf. new (7)	91⅞	91⅞	91	91⅞		91⅞	91⅝
98	86	100	Blumenthal (S.) pf. (7)	98	98	98	98	— ⅜	98	98¼
7¾	4¾	100	Booth Fisheries	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	+ ⅛	4¾	5
29⅞	24	100	British Emp. Steel 2d pf.	22½	22½	22½	22½	+ 1	22½	25½
121½	104⅛	600	Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8)	106½	108	106½	108	+ 1½	107	108½
16⅜	1⅞	100	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝		1⅝	1⅞
128	103¼	200	Brooklyn Union Gas (5)	107	108	107	108	+ 3	106	110
65⅞	55½	400	Brown Shoe	59	59⅝	59	59¼	+ ⅛	58	59½
144⅜	134⅞	500	Burns Brothers (10)	136	137	136	137	+ 1½	137	138
106½	104⅝	100	Burns Brothers pf. (7)	108	108	108	108		108	110
48	34⅞	2,800	Burns Brothers Cl. B (2)	35	36⅝	35	36⅝	+ ⅞	36½	39¾
11⅝	6¼	1,100	Butte Copper & Zinc (50c)	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6⅝	+ ⅛	6⅝	6⅞
37⅞	20½	900	Butte & Superior (2)	23⅝	25⅜	23⅝	25⅜	+ 1¾	25⅝	26
21⅜	16	100	Butterick Co.	16	16	16	16		15½	16
5⅝	3⅞	300	Caddo Central O. & R.	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	+ ¼	4¼	4½
57	37⅜	400	California Packing (6)	51½	52¾	51½	52¾	+ 1	52¼	53¼
111⅛	66⅞	56,200	California Petroleum (7)	103⅞	111⅞	102¾	111	+ 6¼	111	111⅛
27⅞	21½	8,900	California Pet., new (1⅝)	26	27⅞	26	27¼	+ 1⅝	27⅜	27⅝
110⅝	94⅜	3,900	California Pet. pf. (7)	107⅝	110¼	107⅝	110¼	+ 3	110¼	110⅝
9⅜	6	1,200	Callahan Zinc-Lead	6½	7	6½	7		7	7
157⅛	115⅝	7,400	Canadian Pacific (10)	153½	155⅝	153½	155¾	+ 3	155½	156⅞
25	5⅝	100	Carson Hill Gold	6	6	6	6		6	6¼
46½	25	1,800	Central Leather Co.	26¼	28	26¼	28	+ 1¾	27⅝	28
79⅝	63⅜	600	Central Leather Co. pf.	68	68¾	68	68¾	+ 1	68¾	69
231	198	100	Central R. R. of N. J. (12)	196	196	196	196	— 2	197	210
44⅝	41¼	2,300	Cerro de Pasco Copper (1)	42⅛	43¾	42¼	43⅜	+ 1⅝	43¼	43⅝
76	58⅞	1,500	Chandler Motor (6)	61	62¾	61	62¾	+ 1½	62¾	62⅞
76⅜	62	800	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	64	66¼	64	64¾	+ 1½	64¾	65
3½	2	300	Chicago & Alton	2	2	2	2		2	3
38⅝	26⅜	1,000	Chicago & East. Illinois	30½	31¾	30¼	31	+ 1	31	32
62¼	51	300	Chicago & East. Ill. pf.	54½	55	54½	55	— ½	56	60
7	4	1,400	Chicago Great Western	4⅞	5	4⅝	5	+ ⅛	5	5⅛
17	8½	200	Chicago Great Western pf.	10	10¼	10	10¼	+ ⅛	10¼	11
26⅝	19⅜	2,200	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	20⅝	21¾	20⅝	21¾	+ 1	21¾	21¾
34⅞	27⅛	3,700	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	36	37⅛	36	37⅛	+ 1	37¼	37⅝
81	76¼	1,000	Chicago & N. W. (5)	79	79⅝	79	79½	+ 1⅛	79½	79⅝
119	113	300	Chicago & N. W. pf. (7)	115	116	115	116		115½	116
90⅜	76	200	Chicago Pneu. Tool (5)	79¾	80¾	76¼	80¼	+ 1⅝	80¼	80⅝
37⅞	28	9,200	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	27⅞	29⅝	27⅞	29⅝	+ 1⅝	29⅝	29⅞
85	36	300	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (6)	77	77	77	77	— 1	77	78
30⅜	26¼	5,100	Chile Copper (2½)	26⅞	27⅜	26⅞	27⅜	+ ⅝	27⅜	27⅝
21¾	21¼	2,700	Chino Copper	27	27⅜	27	27⅜	+ ⅛	27¼	27⅜
92	76⅝	200	C., C., C. & St. Louis (4)	80½	82	80½	82	— 5	75	83
81	72⅝	3,900	Coca-Cola (1½)	74⅜	77	74⅜	77	+ 2	77	77¾
84⅞	25½	200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	27	27	27	27	+ 1¼	28	29
40⅞	33	200	Colorado Southern (3)	34	35	34	35	+ ⅛	35	36
46¾	45¾	700	Columbian Carbon (4)	48½	49¼	48¾	49¼	+ ⅛	48⅞	49
37⅜	33½	200	Columbia Gas & El w. i.	34½	34¾	34½	34¾		34¾	35
114	99⅞	1,200	Columbia Gas & El. (7.50)	101⅞	103¼	101⅞	103¼	+ 1½	103¼	104
2⅞	1⅝	3,000	Columbia Graphophone	2	2⅛	2	2⅛	+ ⅛	2⅛	2⅜
48	25	100	Commercial Solvents A	27	27	27	27	+ 1⅛	27	28
83⅜	69½	300	Comput. Tab. Record. (6)	73¼	74⅜	73¼	74⅛	+ 1	74	75
24	24	900	Consolidated Cigar	25½	25½	25½	25½		25¾	26
69⅝	58⅝	8,900	Consolidated Gas (5)	62	63¾	62	63	+ ¼	63	63¼
14⅜	9⅞	2,000	Consolidated Textile	10	10¾	10	10⅝	— ⅛	10⅝	10¾
50⅝	42⅞	2,700	Continental Can (3)	44½	45¾	44½	45¾	+ ⅛	45¾	45⅞
12⅝	8	300	Continental Motors	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼		9¼	9⅜
139⅝	122⅜	7,200	Corn Products Ref. (6)	126	129⅜	126	129	+ 2½	128⅞	129
63¾	44⅞	25,500	Cosden Co. (4)	46⅞	48¾	46⅞	48¾	+ 2	48¾	48¾
84⅞	63⅝	6,000	Crucible Steel	65⅞	68¾	65⅞	68¾	+ 3	68¾	69
97⅞	87⅜	100	Crucible Steel pf. (7)	87	87	87	87		87	88
31⅝	23⅜	2,800	Cuban American Sugar	31⅛	32⅜	31⅛	32⅜	+ ⅛	32⅜	32⅝
15⅞	12⅜	1,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	14½	14½	14½	14½		14½	14⅝
57⅜	37⅞	3,600	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	52½	53¾	52½	53¾	+ 1½	53	53⅞
12⅝	6⅝	500	Cuban Dominican Sugar	7	7	7	7		7	7½
69	61⅞	1,100	Cuyamel Fruit	64¼	64¾	64	64¾		64	65
38⅛	20⅝	1,000	Davison Chemical	24⅞	26	24½	26	+ 2½	25⅞	26
124⅞	103	1,000	Delaware & Hudson (9)	110½	113⅞	110½	113⅝	+ 2⅞	113	114
130⅝	113⅜	400	Delaware, Lack. & W. (6)	114½	115¾	114½	115¾	+ ¾	115	116
111	101½	100	Detroit Edison Co. (8)	102	102	102	102		102	103
28	23⅜	400	De Beers Mines	25⅝	26	25⅝	26	+ ⅜	25⅞	26
44⅜	30⅝	1,900	Dome Mines (2)	34½	34¾	34	34	— 1	33	35¾
148⅝	106¾	7,200	Du Pont de Nemours (6)	124½	129¾	124	129¾	+ 5¾	129	129⅞
18	17	200	Durham Hosiery	17	17	17	17		15	22
115⅝	89⅜	300	Eastman Kodak (17½)	106	109⅞	106	109⅝	+ 1¾	109	109⅝
67⅞	54	1,800	Electric Stor. Bat. (14⅜)	60	61⅜	60	61⅜	+ ⅛	61¼	62
20⅜	13⅜	100	Elk Horn Coal	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼		14¼	15
84⅜	67	100	Endicott-Johnson (5)	69½	69½	69½	69½	— 1	69¾	70
15⅜	10¼	1,000	Erie	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	+ ⅛	10¼	10⅜
20⅜	15	1,200	Erie 1st pf.	16	16¼	16	16¼	+ ⅛	16¼	17
15	10⅝	300	Erie 2d pf.	11	11⅛	11	11⅛	+ ⅛	11	11½
93	73½	3,000	Famous Players-L. (8)	75½	79	75½	79	+ 4	78¾	79
60¾	44	400	Federal Min. & S. pf. (7)	45⅝	45⅝	45	45	— ½	45	45½
212⅜	145	100	Fisher Body (10)	152	152	152	152	— 4	150	160
10⅝	9⅝	1,000	Flak Rubber	10⅜	12	10⅜	12	+ 1½	11⅜	12⅜
47⅞	37⅜	1,000	Fleischmann Co. (12)	42⅜	45	44⅜	45		44⅜	45⅞
71⅜	64½	400	Foundation Co. (6)	66¾	66¾	66¾	66¾		66¾	67½
22	12⅞	1,900	Freeport-Texas	14	14⅞	14	14⅜	+ ⅛	14⅜	14⅝
14⅜	10⅝	300	Gardner Motor	10¼	10½	10½	10½	— ⅛	10⅜	10⅝
54	37	2,600	General Asphalt	39	40⅞	39	40	+ 1⅝	39¾	40⅜
83	71	200	General Asphalt pf. (6)	71¾	71½	71¾	71¾		71¾	72
94⅜	81¼	100	General Cigar (6)	83	83	83	83		83	84
190⅛	170½	900	General Electric (8)	175	178¾	174	175	— 2	174	175¼
17⅛	13⅞	12,200	Generals Motors (1.20)	14⅝	15⅝	14⅝	15⅝	+ ⅞	15⅝	15¾
13	10⅞	200	General El. Special (60c)	11	11	10⅞	10⅞	+ ⅛	10⅞	11
51¾	41	100	Gimbel Bros.	44	44	44	44		45	46
102⅜	96½	100	Gimbel Bros. pf. (7)	98	98	98	98	— 1	98	100
7⅛	4⅞	900	Goldwyn Pictures	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	+ ⅛	5¼	5⅜
62¼	50	400	Goodyear T. & R. pf.	53½	54¾	53½	54¾	+ 1	53⅝	54⅝
99	95½	200	Goodyear T. & R. pr.pf. (8)	95½	96½	95½	96½		96	96½
41¼	30	300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	31½	32	31½	32	+ ⅛	32	33
33	22½	600	Granby Consol.	22⅞	25¼	23⅞	25¼	+ 2	25¼	27½
15⅝	9⅞	100	Gray & Davis	10	10	10	10		10	10
80	69⅞	3,700	Great Northern pf. (5)	70¼	72¾	70¼	72¾	+ 2	72¾	72¾
38	27⅞	1,700	G.t. Nor. Ctfs. for Ore P. (2)	28	29⅞	28	29	+ 1	29¼	29
34⅜	21⅜	100	Greene Cananea Copper	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	+ ⅜	24	26
29	12	200	Gulf, Mobile & Northern	13½	13½	13½	13½		12¾	13½
62⅜	44½	100	Gulf, Mobile & North. pf.	52	52	52	52		53	53
104⅝	77½	7,000	Gulf States Steel (6)	76½	79¾	76½	79¾	+ 2¾	82¾	82½
95⅞	80⅞	100	Hartman Corp. (7)	81½	81½	81½	81½		81	83
44	24⅞	2,400	Hayes Wheel (3)	36⅜	38¼	36⅜	38¼	+ 2⅜	37⅞	38
39⅜	31⅞	2,800	Household Products (3)	33½	33⅝	33	33½	+ ⅛	33½	33⅝
79	60	2,100	Houston Oil	65¾	68½	65¾	68½	+ 2¾	67¾	68¾
32⅜	23⅜	1,200	Hudson Motor Car (12½)	25⅜	26⅝	24⅞	26¾	+ 1⅝	26¾	26¾
29½	20⅝	400	Hupp Motor Car (1)	22	23⅜	22	23⅜	+ ⅞	23	23⅛
5⅝	1⅞	100	Hydraulic Steel	2½	2½	2½	2½		2½	2¾
117⅜	103	100	Illinois Central (7)	109½	109¾	109½	109¾	+ 1¾	109	109¼
11¾	8½	800	Independent Oil & Gas	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛	8⅞	9
19	7	700	Indiahoma Refining	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛	7⅞	8
8½	5⅜	600	Indian Refining	6	6	6	6	— ⅛	5⅞	6
43⅝	32½	900	Inspiration Copper (2)	35¼	34¾	33	34½	+ 1	34	34⅞
46⅝	36	600

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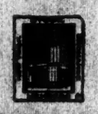

John Muir & Co.
Members { New York Stock Exchange / New York Cotton Exchange / N.Y. Coffee & Sugar Exchange }
61 Broadway New York

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1923.

Day's sales:	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
U. S. Government bonds	$4,646,350	$7,261,100	$8,756,150	$13,849,600	$3,750,800
Other domestic bonds	7,747,500	6,976,500	2,494,500	2,330,500	6,823,000
Foreign bonds	1,602,500	2,079,500	1,529,000	952,000	656,500
Total all bonds	$13,996,350	$16,317,100	$12,781,650	$17,132,100	$17,230,300
Year to date:					
U. S. Government bonds	$354,536,310	$342,174,775	$724,970,180	$1,284,401,250	$987,969,950
Other domestic bonds	715,473,800	829,854,200	353,966,800	246,914,000	225,154,489
Foreign bonds	209,127,400	272,940,800	120,875,000	126,850,300	154,533,500
Total all bonds	$1,279,182,010	$1,944,969,775	$1,199,811,980	$1,658,165,550	$1,367,677,939

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range, 23- High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chg'ge.	Closing- Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
103.1	Oct. 19,'22	98.31	June 2,'21	101.20	100.30	191¼	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	100.30	101.1	100.30	100.31	...	100.31	101.00	3.45
102.30	Oct. 19,'22	96.4	July 17,'21	101.20	100.25	...	Liberty 3½s, registered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
101.26	July 25,'22	93.20	May 19,'20	98.30	97.5	...	Lib. 1st con. 4s, 1932-47	...	...	...	...	...	98.14	99.00	4.16
101.10	July 24,'22	93.22	May 19,'20	96.12	97.3	...	Lib. 1st con. 4s, reg.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
100.28	July 25,'22	61.12	May 20,'20	96.12	96.12	6	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	98.15	98.15	98.15	98.16	+.15	98.16	98.20	4.15
100.18	July 14,'22	61.16	May 21,'20	96.16	96.16	...	Liberty 2d 4s, reg.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
102.00	July 10,'22	90.00	June 7,'20	100.00	97.6	4	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 32-47	98.24	98.24	98.24	98.26	+.4	98.00	98.22	...
101.25	July 13,'23	84.00	May 21,'20	90.4	90.22	2394	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg.	98.20	98.24	98.17	98.24	+.6	98.20	98.24	4.35
101.14	July 24,'22	84.00	July 30,'20	98.26	98.20	24	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg.	98.15	98.15	98.15	98.15	+.5	...	...	...
101.00	July 24,'22	61.12	May 20,'20	98.2	98.24	1,450	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 27-42	98.17	98.26	98.13	98.23	+.5	98.20	98.22	4.35
100.28	July 25,'22	83.10	Dec. 20,'20	98.28	98.21	10	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.	98.13	98.24	98.13	98.16	+.3	...	...	...
101.00	July 25,'22	86.30	Dec. 20,'20	98.6	97.25	1,88714	Liberty 2d 4¼s, 1927-42	98.20	98.3	98.27	98.00	+.3	99.00	99.2	4.47
100.27	July 25,'22	62.12	May 19,'20	99.1	97.17	...	Lib. 2d 4¼s, registered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
101.27	July 27,'22	62.00	May 20,'20	99.6	96.27	968	Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	98.24	98.26	98.21	98.26	+.6	98.26	98.28	4.35
101.29	July 28,'22	62.15	May 20,'20	99.06	98.28	68	Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg.	98.20	98.20	98.25	98.24	+.6	...	...	...
100.1	Oct. 19,'22	96.1	Mar. 17,'23	100.1	99.31	153	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	99.26	100.00	99.24	100.00	+.4	99.29	100.00	4.35
100.00	Feb. 14,'22	98.20	Apr. 25,'23	100.00	98.20	...	Treasury 4¼s, registered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Beginning March 22, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing cts or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1923 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s, 1945	Cy Marseilles 8s, 1934	Dept of the Seine temp 7s, 1942	4..... 96⅛	6..... 59⅜	5..... 83⅜	6..... 93⅜	Rep Colombia 6½s, 1927	5½s, 1937
1..... 73¾	8..... 80⅜	1..... 85¼	2..... 96¼	5s?f.. 95⅝	King Belgium 6s, 1925	4..... 65¼	10..... 93	10..... 103⅜
2..... 73¼	Cy Montevideo s f 7s, 1952	Dom Rep 5s, 1958	2..... 96⅞	9..... 95¼	1..... 86¾	1..... 94	1..... 93½	6..... 103⅝
temp 7s, 1927	8..... 103⅜	1..... 80¼	5s?f.. 96¾	Holland-Am 25-yr s f 6s, 1947, int rcts	7½s, 1945	5..... 63¾	10..... 93¼	5..... 104
8..... 103⅜	1..... 80¼	10..... 96¾	22..... 96⅞	1..... 87⅜	14..... 102	King Sweden 6s, 1939	Rep Cuba s f 5½s, 1953, int ctfs	2..... 104
1..... 102⅜	1..... 80¼	Dom of Can 5s, 1926	4..... 97	2..... 87⅜	8s, 1941	6..... 106¼	6..... 99¾	5..... 105¾
8..... 102⅜	5..... 94½	1..... 100⅛	160.. 96⅛	1..... 87⅜	1..... 100⅜	Paris-Lyons-Med Ry 6s, 1958	4½s, 1949	U S of Brazil 8s, 1941
25..... 102⅜	1..... 94	8½s, 1929	8s, 1962	2..... 87⅜	2..... 100¼	20..... 75⅜	6..... 83¼	1..... 96
2..... 102⅜	2..... 94½	1..... 101½	9..... 95⅜	Ir. Wks Dev Agr B A 4½s, 1948	1s?f.. 100⅜	2..... 75⅞	Rep Haiti s f 6s, SerA, 1952	1..... 96¼
Chinese Ry 5s, 1951	s f 8s, 1947	1..... 101½	2..... 95⅞	1..... 41	2..... 100⅜	1..... 75¾	1..... 94¼	5..... 96
3..... 45⅜	1..... 84	1..... 101⅛	10..... 95⅞	1..... 40¼	King Denmark 6s, 1942	1..... 75¾	1..... 94¼	9..... 96
City Bergen 6s, 1945	2..... 94½	1..... 101⅛	1..... 95⅞	Jap Govt 4s, 1901, ster. in	1s10f.. 98¾	11..... 75¾	2..... 94¼	1..... 96¼
4..... 103⅛	2..... 94½	Can Pac deb 4s	1..... 95⅞	5..... 81¼	6..... 98⅛	6..... 75¾	Rep Uruguay s f 8s, 1946	1..... 96
4..... 103⅛	City Soissons 6s, 1936	4..... 72	1..... 95⅞	6..... 81¼	1..... 98¾	2..... 75¾	2..... 95	Cent Ry of E Elec 7s, 1952
City Berne 8s, 1945	11..... 81¼	10..... 72	1..... 95⅞	4½s, 1925, ster loan	1..... 98¾	Rep Bolivia temp s f 8s, 1947	2..... 94½	1..... 92
7..... 103⅜	City Tokio 5s, 1952	16..... 70½	20..... 95⅞	1..... 93⅛	15..... 98¾	11..... 90¼	1..... 94½	2..... 82¼
2..... 110¼	1..... 77	12..... 70½	Cz Slov 8s, 1951	2d series	20..... 98⅛	5..... 90¼	St Queenald 8s, 1947	1..... 92
Cy Bordeaux 6s, 1934	Czechoslovak Rep 8s, 1951	2..... 70½	2..... 96¾	1..... 92¼	8s, 1945	5..... 90¼	5..... 100⅝	1..... 82¼
5..... 80¼	2..... 96¼	13..... 70½	French Govt 7½s, 1941	2..... 92¼	7..... 108⅜	Rep of Chile s f 7s, 1942	1..... 100⅝	1..... 82¼
1..... 80¼	2..... 96¼	2..... 93	2..... 93	Oriental Dev deb 6s, 1953, int ctfs	1..... 108⅜	6..... 95⅜	8..... 100⅝	1..... 82¼
Cy Christiania s f 8s, 1945	2..... 96¼	Dutch E Ind. s f 5½s, 1952, trust rcts	2..... 95¼	21..... 92⅜	King Nethlds s f 6s, 1972	11..... 95¼	s f 7s, 1941	U S of Mex 4s, 1905
1..... 106⅜	8..... 96	6 (3)... 92	15..... 95⅜	2..... 92⅜	17..... 100	11..... 95¼	1s?f.. 107	1..... 39
1..... 116¼	2..... 95¼	10..... 92	5s?f.. 95	1..... 92⅜	6s?f.. 99⅜	2..... 95¼	1..... 107¼	1..... 39¼
10..... 116¼	2..... 95¼	2..... 92¼	11..... 95¼	5..... 92⅜	King Norway 6 s f 6s, 1952, int ctfs	13..... 95⅜	St of Rio Grd do Sul 8s, 1946	10..... 39
Cy Copenhgn 5½s, 1944	1..... 95¼	2..... 92	1..... 95¼	10..... 92⅜	7..... 93¼	5..... 95⅜	1..... 96	15..... 38¾
12..... 91¾	1..... 95¼	1..... 92¼	2..... 95¼	74..... 92⅜	King Norway 6 s f 6s, 1952, int ctfs	5..... 95⅜	St of S Paulo s f 8s, 1936	5..... 38¼
Cy Gr Prague 7½s, 1952	2..... 95¼	1..... 91⅞	13..... 95¼	22..... 92⅜	7..... 93	s f 8s, 1926	2..... 102⅜	10..... 38¼
5..... 80⅜	Danish Munic s f 8s, Ser A, 1946	5..... 92	9..... 95¼	7..... 92⅜	7..... 93¼	2..... 102⅜	s f 8s, 1941	15..... 38¼
18..... 81	10..... 102	5 c... 82½	17..... 95¼	1 (3).. 92⅜	ref 5s, 1955, int ctfs	2..... 103⅛	2..... 103⅛	20..... 38¼
25..... 81¼	s f 8s, Ser B, 1946	4s, 1947	17..... 95¼	7..... 92¼	10..... 99½	2..... 103⅛	Swiss Confed s f 8s, 1940	5..... 37¼
9..... 81¼	10s?f.. 107⅞	1..... 93¾	1..... 95¼	7..... 92¼	4..... 99⅝	3..... 103⅛	2..... 115¼	11..... 36¾
City Lyons 6s, 1934	2..... 107⅞	2..... 93¾	1..... 95¼	1..... 92¼	17..... 99⅝	5..... 103⅛	Un. King of G B & I conv 5½s, 1929	5..... 36¾
11..... 80⅜		1..... 93¾	13..... 95¼	1..... 92¼	5..... 99⅝	s f 8s, 1946	12..... 113⅞	15..... 36¾
						3..... 103⅞		10..... 36¾

DOMESTIC BONDS.

N Y Canal 4s, July, 1961	1..... 96	Cal Gas & El 5s, 1937	5..... 85½	2..... 73¾	Ill Cent 4s, 1952	3..... 94¾	16..... 53⅜	N Y L & W cons 5s, 1939
5..... 102⅜	10..... 95¼	1..... 96⅜	2..... 85¼	14..... 74	1..... 84	3..... 94¾	5..... 53⅜	1..... 96¾
N Y State 4s, 1960	5..... 95⅜	Camaguey Sug 1st s f 7s, 1942	2..... 85⅝	D & R G 1st & ref 5s 1955	1..... 85	L S & M So 3½s, 1997	1..... 53⅞	N Y N H & H 6s, 1925
1..... 103	10..... 95¼	1..... 85¼	15..... 85¼	1..... 51	1..... 84½	15..... 78	2..... 53⅞	35..... 84½
N Y City 4½s, 1963	5..... 95¾	Can Sou con 5s, A, 1962	gen 4½s 1940	14..... 51¼	4s, 1966	5..... 76½	10..... 53⅞	francs
1..... 104⅞	Trans S L 4s, 1954	6..... 97	2..... 85¼	Det Ed ref 5s, 1940	4s, 1952	4s, 1923	1..... 52½	57..... 60¼
Ajax Rubber s f 8s, 1936	2..... 85¾	Can SS Lines 1st s f 7s, 1942	ref 4½s 2014	30..... 86	5..... 79¾	4s, 1951	80..... 52¾	conv 6s 1948
1..... 96	Atl Ch A L 1st 5s, ser B 1944	1..... 94½	11..... 85½	1st & ref 6s 1940	17..... 80	92¼	4..... 52¾	10..... 63¼
Alb & Susq 5½s, 1946	10..... 98¾	2..... 94¼	10..... 85¼	4..... 103½	5..... 80¾	Leh Vy of Pa con 4½s 2003	10..... 52¾	18..... 63
6..... 81	At C L 1st 4s 1932	3..... 94¼	2..... 85¼	1..... 103½	15..... 81	88½	10..... 52¾	20..... 63¼
Am Ag Ch 7½s, 1941	2..... 87¾	Can Nor 6½s, 1946	Chi Gas & El 5s, 1937	3..... 103	ref 5s, 1955, int ctfs	Lex & Eastn 1st gtd 5s	16..... 52¾	non-con deb 4s, 1954
5..... 99½	7s, 1938	1..... 94½	1..... 96⅜	Dimd Match sf7½s, 1935	10..... 99½	Lig & Myers 5s, 1951	2..... 52¾	1..... 43½
5..... 99¼	1..... 106¼	2..... 113	5..... 96⅜	1..... 106½	4..... 99⅝	1..... 97	15..... 52¾	4..... 43
12..... 99¼	L & N col 4s, 1952	5..... 113¼	1..... 96⅜	1..... 106¼	17..... 99⅝	1..... 96¼	Me Pac 1st 6s, 1949	N Y O & W gen 4s, 1955
2..... 99	10..... 81	3..... 113	2..... 96⅜	1..... 106¼	14..... 99⅝	2..... 97	5..... 94⅜	56
12..... 99¼	At Sef temp deb 6s, 1937	1..... 113¼	Chi Rys 6s 1927	12..... 106	5½s, 1934	7s, 1944	9..... 93⅝	N Y Rys adj 5s, 1942
11..... 99¼	30..... 81½	2..... 112¾	5..... 80⅝	Dis Sec Corp 5s, 1927	2..... 100⅜	2..... 115⅜	Missouri Pac gen 4s, 1975	D..... 4¾
13..... 99	At Sef temp 7s, 1939	5..... 113	C R I & P gen 4s, 1988	3..... 50¼	8..... 101	La Isl unified 4s, 1940	7..... 57⅞	ctfs of dep
5..... 98⅞	4..... 94⅞	2..... 113¼	50	Bankers Tr Co ctfs dep	3..... 100⅝	3..... 77⅛	7..... 58	19..... 4
2..... 98⅞	Atl Gulf & W I SS col tr 5s, 1959	4..... 113	ref 4s, 1934	1..... 50¼	Ill C & Chi, S L & N O ref 5s, Ser A, 1963	L & N 7s 1930	17..... 58	ref 4s, 1942
24..... 99	1..... 98⅜	Can Pac deb 4s	38..... 78½	Dom Iron & Sf ctfs, int ctfs, 1939	3..... 95½	107⅝	15 3.. 58	5..... 57
2..... 99¼	B & O pr in 5½s, 1925	4..... 72	38..... 78⅝	2..... 81¼	5..... 95¼	temp ref 5½s, 2003	1..... 58	N Y St Ry con 4½s, 1962
15..... 99	5..... 95½	16..... 70¼	5..... 78¾	5..... 81¼	50..... 95¾	1..... 108¾	18 3.. 58	N Y Tel 4½s, 1939
1..... 99¼	5..... 95¾	12..... 70	21..... 78¾	2..... 82¼	Ind Steel 5s, 1952	4..... 108¼	10..... 58	1..... 92½
5..... 99¼	46..... 95¾	10..... 70¼	37..... 79	2..... 83	1..... 100	2..... 108¾	1..... 58¼	1..... 94¼
Am Ch cv 5s, 1928	gold 4s, 1948	43..... 70¼	1..... 78¾	Donner Steel 8f8s, ser A temp, 1941	Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s, 1966	col tr 5s 1931	Mob & Birm 4s, 1983	2..... 93¼
1..... 96¾	82..... 78¾	3..... 70¼	3..... 78¾	1..... 86¼	5..... 86	5..... 98¾	2..... 70	2..... 94¼
Am Chain temp s f 6s, 1933	5..... 78½	5..... 70	1..... 86¼	1..... 87¼	5..... 86½	unified 4s 1949	Mob & O new 6s, 1927	1..... 93¾
3..... 96¼	conv 4½s, 1933	C St L & N O 5½s, 1951	DuPt de Nem 7½s, 1931	2..... 87¼	1..... 86½	6..... 91¼	1..... 104¼	6..... 94
10..... 96	14..... 70¼	15..... 78¾	2..... 107¼	2..... 82¼	1..... 86½	2..... 91¼	Montana Pwr 5s, Ser A, 1943	1..... 94½
Am Cot Oil 5s, 1931	13..... 70½	Caro, Clinchfd & Ohio 5s, 1938	Duq Lgt col tr 6s, 1949	2..... 83	1..... 86½	Pac 10..... 80¼	14..... 96	ref 6s, 1941
3..... 66	4..... 70¼	4..... 93½	1..... 102	Donner Steel 8f8s, ser A temp, 1941	1..... 86½	G M Jt 4s 1952	3 S.. 93¾	2..... 104¼
Am Republics deb 6s, 1961	1..... 70¼	temp s f 6s, Ser A 1962	1..... 102½	1..... 86¼	stamped 5..... 86	1..... 76¼	16..... 93¾	5..... 104¼
2..... 89¾	1..... 70¼	13..... 97½	2..... 102¾	1..... 86¼	6..... 86½	5..... 76¼	Montreal Tramways 1st ref 5s, 1941	2..... 104¾
2..... 90	ref 5s 1995	7..... 97¾	1..... 41	1..... 86¼	1..... 86½	1..... 77	1..... 89	s f deb 5s, 1949
Am Smelt & Ref 5s, 1947	1..... 81¼	7..... 97¾	1..... 40¼	2..... 85	1..... 86½	1..... 77½	Morris & Co s f 4½s, 1939	2..... 105¾
9..... 89⅝	4..... 81½	Cent of Ga Ry 6s, 1929	King Denmark 6s, 1942	Jap Govt 4s, 1901, ster in	12..... 86½	Man Sug st 7½s, 1942	4..... 78¾	10..... 106¼
13..... 89¾	ref 5s 1995	2..... 100⅜	1s10f.. 98¾	5..... 81¼	Int Rap Tran 6s, 1932	5..... 85¾	8..... 79	N Y Westch & Bos 4½s, 1946
1..... 89¾	1..... 80¾	5..... 100⅞	6..... 98⅛	6..... 81¼	30..... 64	2..... 85	6..... 40	7..... 39¼
6..... 100⅜	Am Sug Ref 5s, 1937	10..... 100⅞	King Nethlds s f 6s, 1972	1..... 98¾	Mkt St Ry cn 5s, 1924	Mar Oil 1st s f 8s, 1941	Nat R R of Mex pr in 4½s 1926, July 1914 coupon on	13..... 39½
2..... 101¾	2..... 101¾	con 5s, 1946	17..... 100	1..... 107	1..... 94	10..... 97	2..... 32	8..... 39¾
1..... 101¾	1..... 101¾	10..... 96	6s?f.. 99⅜	2..... 107	1s?f.. 93¾	1..... 97	2..... 32¼	6..... 39¾
1..... 101¾	1..... 101¾	Cent Leather 5s, 1925	Gen Elec deb 5s, 1952	1..... 107¼	1s?f.. 85½	Mar Sug 1st 7½s, 1942	22..... 32¼	5..... 40
6..... 101¾	1..... 101¾	1..... 96¾	5..... 100¼	2..... 107¼	col tr 6s 1924	1..... 94¾	1st con 4s, 1951, July 1914, co on	N Y State Pow 1st 5s, 1932
6..... 101¾	1..... 101¾	1..... 96¾	1..... 100¼	1..... 107¼	1..... 94¾	Maryland Oil sf8s w w 1931	2..... 32¼	13..... 98¾
5..... 101¾	1..... 101¾	1..... 96¾	1..... 100¼	1..... 107¼	Marland Oil sf8s w w 1931	5..... 138¾	Nat Tube 5s, 1952	Nor & W con 6s, 1935
8..... 101¾	1..... 101¾	1..... 96¾	2..... 100¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 139	3..... 93½	New Eng T & T 1st 5s 1952	10..... 109
2..... 101¾	1..... 101¾	2..... 96¾	2nd?.. 100	1..... 107¼	5..... 139¼	New Eng T & T 1st 5s 1952	1..... 97¼	Pac C & C 4s 1941
Armour & Co 4½s, 1939	1..... 101¾	Cent Pac gtd 4s, 1949	17..... 100	1..... 107¼	5..... 139¾	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	2..... 85¾
12..... 85¾	1..... 101¾	2..... 89¼	1..... 98⅞	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	No Am Edis Co s f 6s ser A, 1952
Atch Top & S F gen 4s, 1995	1..... 101¾	2..... 89¼	King Norway 6 s f 6s, 1952, int ctfs	1..... 107¼	sf7½s, ser B, 1931	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	2..... 93¼
22..... 88¾	1..... 101¾	Cerro de Pas conv s f 5s, 1931	7..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 93¼
9..... 88¾	1..... 101¾	1..... 130	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	4..... 97¼	Nor O Tr & L ref 6s ser A, 1947
1 s f f 88¾	1..... 101¾	2..... 131	2..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 92½
adjustment 4s stamped, 1995	1..... 101¾	Ches & Ohio cnv 4½s 1930	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	2..... 93
1..... 80⅜	1..... 101¾	10..... 87¾	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	1s?f.. 93
6..... 80⅜	1..... 101¾	10..... 88	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	4..... 97¼	5..... 93¼
14..... 81	1..... 101¾	5s?f.. 88	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	5..... 93¼
21..... 80⅜	1..... 101¾	6..... 88¼	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	6..... 92¾
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 101¾	2..... 88¼	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	No Am Ed Co s f 6s ser A 1952
10..... 80⅜	1..... 101¾	2..... 88¼	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	2..... 93¼
14..... 81	Bush Ter Bldg gtd 5s, 1960	2..... 88¼	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	No Pac 3s, 1947
conv 4s, 1955	2..... 89¾	gen 4s, A, 1969	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 69¾
10..... 80⅜	C & N W gen 5½s, 1987	1..... 88	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	2..... 69¾
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	5s?f.. 88	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	13..... 61
14..... 81	1..... 97¾	6..... 88¼	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 60¾
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	2..... 88¼	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	4..... 60¾
10..... 80⅜	1..... 97¾	2..... 88¼	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	4s, 1997
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	2..... 88¼	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	6..... 85
14..... 81	1..... 97¾	gen 4½s, 1992	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	2s?f.. 85¼
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	Chi & Alton 3s, 1949	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	5..... 85¼
10..... 80⅜	1..... 97¾	1..... 52	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 85¼
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	5½s, 1950	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 85¼
14..... 81	1..... 97¾	11..... 26½	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	2..... 85¼
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	6..... 26⅜	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	ref & imp 4½s, 2047
10..... 80⅜	1..... 97¾	C, B & Q gen 4s, 1958	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	2..... 85¼
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	5..... 87½	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	8..... 85¼
14..... 81	1..... 97¾	temp 1st & ref 5s 1971	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	5..... 87
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	2..... 112½	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	8..... 87¼
10..... 80⅜	1..... 97¾	2..... 100	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	5..... 87¼
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	2..... 100⅛	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	ref & imp Sf 5s, 2047
14..... 81	1..... 97¾	4..... 100⅛	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 94¼
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	Ill div 3½s, 1949	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	new 5s, Ser D, 2047
10..... 80⅜	1..... 97¾	10..... 61¾	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 94¼
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	Nebr ext 4s, 1927	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	int rcts
14..... 81	1..... 97¾	1..... 96¼	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	6..... 96¼
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	Chi & E Ill gen 5s temp ctfs, 1951	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	10..... 95¾
10..... 80⅜	1..... 97¾	1..... 79	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	Ex..... 96
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	22..... 70¼	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	10..... 96¾
14..... 81	1..... 97¾	24..... 70¼	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	2..... 96¾
conv 4s, 1955	1..... 97¾	Chi Gas Lt & C 1st 5s 1937	1..... 93¼	1..... 107¼	5..... 140¼	1..... 97¼	1..... 97¼	15..... 96
10..... 80⅜	1..... 97¾	9..... 92

Railroad Bonds

Atlantic & Yadkin
1st 4s, 1949

Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling
Consol. 4½s, 1930

N. Y., Penna. & Ohio
Prior Lien 4½s, 1935

St. Louis Southwestern
Consol. 4s, 1932

Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo
1st 4s, 1946

FOSTER, McCONNELL & CO.
14 Wall Street, New York
Telephone Rector 4210

BONDS

Investment Securities

F. S. Smithers & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
19 Nassau St. New York

We recommend the purchase of

Milwaukee Elec. Railway & Lt. Co.

5% Ref. & 1st Mortgage Gold Bonds

Series B, Due June 1, 1961

At the present market

To yield about 6%

Listed on N. Y. Stock Exchange.

Full details upon request

Frank B. Cahn & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
111 BROADWAY 7 ST. PAUL ST.
New York Baltimore

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

$200,000

Tulsa, Oklahoma

Water Works 5% Bonds

Due Serially 1935-1941

Principal and semi-annual interest payable in New York City.

These bonds are direct and general obligations of the entire city of Tulsa, payable from an ad valorem tax levied upon all the taxable property therein. Tulsa has a population, estimated at 80,000 and is the second city in size and importance in Oklahoma.

Prices to yield 4.70%

RICHARDS PARISH & LAMSON
111 Broadway New York
Cleveland Chicago
Cincinnati

Investment Securities

Chas. D. Barney & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Philadelphia Stock Exchange
25 Broad St. 1422 Walnut St.
New York Philadelphia

VIRGINIA I. C. & C. RESUMES DIVIDENDS

Holders of Common Realize 2% on Each Share—First Payment Since January, 1922.

OTHER FIRMS CUT MELONS

Quarterly Disbursement by the Waldorf System, Inc., Announced on No-Par-Value Stock.

Directors of the Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Company yesterday resumed dividend payments on the company's common stock by declaring a disbursement equal to 2 per cent. on each share, payable July 2, to stockholders of record June 16. This is the first dividend paid by the company since January, 1922, when a semi-annual disbursement of 3 per cent. was made. No period was set on yesterday's dividend. In addition, the regular semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent. was declared on the preferred stock payable as of the same dates as the common dividend.

A quarterly dividend of 31¼ cents a share was declared yesterday by Directors of the Waldorf System, Inc., on the new no par value common stock. This is an increase over the old dividend payment of 50 cents a share on the common stock, as stockholders recently received two shares of no par value common stock for each share of $10 par value stock held. The regular dividend of 20 cents a share on the first and second preferred stocks also was declared. All dividends are payable July 2, to stockholders of record June 20.

An extra dividend of 2½ per cent. in addition to the regular quarterly payment of 2½ per cent. was declared on the common stock of the Buffalo and Susquehanna Railroad, according to advices received in Wall Street yesterday. The regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent. was also declared on the preferred stock. All dividends are payable June 30 to stockholders of record June 15. Three months ago the company declared an extra dividend of 3½ per cent. on the common stock.

Directors of the Inspiration Copper Company declared a quarterly dividend of 50 cents a share on the capital stock, placing the shares on a $2 annual dividend basis. The disbursement announced three months ago of the same amount was distributed merely as "a dividend," but yesterday's payment was announced as a "quarterly dividend."

The Congoleum Company doubled the dividend on its common stock by declaring a disbursement of $4 a share, against previous payments of $2 a share. The new dividend is payable July 16 to stockholders of record July 7.

INGERSOLL-RAND REPORT.

Net Earnings Last Year $4,982,948, Against $3,062,824 in 1921.

The Ingersoll-Rand Company, for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, reports net earnings of $4,982,948, against $3,062,824 in the previous year. After allowing for depreciation charges, Federal taxes and interest there was reported net income of $3,578,262, which, after allowing for preferred dividends, was equal to $15.71 a share earned on the $21,800,000 common capital stock outstanding, against earnings equal to $3.90 a share on $10,000,055 common stock outstanding in 1921.

	1922.	1921.
Net earnings	$4,982,948	$4,062,824
Depreciation	†1,071,001	†1,041,636
Federal taxes	333,505	
Interest	50,000	150,000
Inv. adjustment		1,369,934
Net income	$3,578,262	$362,241
Preferred dividends	151,318	
Com. cash dividends	3,289,140	1,089,600
Surplus	$137,804	*$668,987

*Deficit. †Includes depreciation of capital assets. ‡Does not include $670,000 additional applied from reserves for inventory adjustment.

The profit and loss surplus, due to the doubling of the common capital stock last year, stood at $8,328,777 on Dec. 31, 1922, against $17,306,229 at the close of 1921.

CALLAHAN CO. REPORT.

Cut in Zinc and Copper Shipments Laid to Lower Mill Recoveries.

The Callahan Zinc-Lead Company for the quarter ended March 31, 1923, reports gross income of $363,107 and surplus income of $48,330. During that period the company shipped 6,774,383 pounds of zinc and 4,214,183 pounds of copper. John Borg, President, in a statement to stockholders said the falling off in shipments was due primarily to lower mill recoveries, caused by insufficient supplies of water during the severe Winter months.

"The program for the extensive development of the Callahan and Galena properties recently adopted by the management," the statement said, "is proceeding as fast as operating conditions will permit. The expenses attendant thereto is being charged to general production costs, and affects net earnings for the period to a considerable extent. The company is in excellent financial condition, with approximately $1,000,000 cash on hand and no indebtedness, aside from current accounts payable, amounting to about $50,000."

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Better Feeling at London—Paris Hesitant.

LONDON, May 24.—Trading displayed a brighter sentiment on the Stock Exchange today. Gilt-edged securities and British industrials were steady. Oil shares opened weak but later became firmer. Old 2½ per cent. consols, 58; British 5 per cent. war loan, 101, both unchanged; 4½ per cent. war loan, ¼ lower at 96¾.

Rand Mines, unchanged at 2⅝; De Beers Mining, ⅛ higher at 14⅝.

PARIS, May 24.—Prices were easy on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 10 centimes higher at 57 francs 80 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, 25 centimes higher at 75 francs 25 centimes.

Exchange on London, 20 centimes higher at 69 francs 70 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 15 francs 5½ centimes, against 15 francs ¾ centime yesterday.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (unlisted)	4	Sep., 1945	77	78
Arg. (unlisted)	5	Oct., 1945	70	71
Belgian Fren.		1920	53	54
Belgian (restor'n)		Sep., 1925	50	55
Brazil	4	1889	39	41
Brazil	4½	1889	41	43
Brazil	5	1895	49	50
British Victory	4	Sep., 1919	95	97
British Fund	5	Mar., 1937	99	99
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct., 1922	99⅞	100⅛
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1947-49	97⅝	98⅛
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1919	99⅝	100⅛
Brit. Exchequer	5½	1919	99⅝	100⅛
Caldas			100	100⅝
Canada	5	Nov., 1933	103⅝	103⅞
Chile 1st 5s		1911	78	79
City of Pelotas	6	1917	84	86
Colombia	6	1928	96	97
Costa Rica	5	1911	58½	62½
Cuba		1923	93	97
French Loan	4	1917	47	49
French Gov. Wks.	5	Jan., 1937	49	51
French Loan	5	May, 1920	63½	63¾
French Loan	6	1920	80½	81¼
Italian War Loan			74	74½
Leip-Dri. R. R.	6	1956	57½	59½
Mid. R. R.	6	1930	57½	59½
Russ. External	5½	June, 1919	9¾	11¾
De (N'tal City Bank ctfs.)			10	12
Russ. rubs. bonds 5s		Feb., 1928	7	9
Russ. External	5	June, 1920	10	12
De (N'tal City Bank ctfs.)			10	12
Russ. rentes of 1894	4		7	9
Sweden	5	Jan., June, 1939	106⅜	105⅝
Switzerland	5	Aug., 1923	100⅜	101
Uruguay	6	1948	98¾	99¾

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
15 railroads	81.65	80.57	81.43	+.53
25 industrials	106.59	105.73	106.43	+.96
50 stocks	88.11	88.15	94.92	+.10

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
May 25	94.92	93.75	94.92	+ .77
May 24	93.90	91.93	93.60	+ .37
May 23	93.50	91.53	93.23	+ .71
May 19	93.76	93.17	93.17	— .43
May 18	94.65	93.93	93.96	— .18

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1923.	94.92	May 1	91.25	May 23	94.92
1922.	91.90	May 20	79.91	May 11	90.56
1921.	80.10	May 4	71.32	May 23	81.71
1920.	91.27	Jan. 3	83.17	May 24	83.47
1919.	99.86	May 29	78.98	May 1	86.79

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1923.	92.92	Mar. 6	81.25	May 23	94.92
†1922.	81.16	May 23	66.31	Jan. 10	90.05

Full Years.

1922.	92.06	Oct. 18	66.31	Jan. 10	92.92
1921.	79.10	May 6	59.49	June 21	90.56
1920.	94.07	Apr. 7	71.32	Dec. 21	81.71
1919.	99.47	Oct. 31	80.49	Jan. 21	99.86
1918.	90.16	Nov. 12	84.12	Jan. 15	92.39

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	77.71	+.01	+.01	—2.40

DAILY RANGE OF DOMESTIC BONDS.

May 25	77.70	+.15	May 16	77.56	—.03
May 24	77.56	—.01	May 17	77.55	—.01
May 23	77.57	—.01	May 18	77.55	+.01
May 19	77.56	+.26	May 15	77.30	—.01

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1923.	78.07	Feb. 14	76.09	Mar. 27	77.71
†1922.	80.56	May 2	76.01	May 3	80.10

Full Years.

1922.	82.64	Aug. 23	76.01	Jan. 3	82.13
1921.	76.31	Nov. 29	67.56	June 20	75.27
1920.	78.14	Oct. 31	65.37	May 21	86.66
1919.	79.60	June 14	71.26	Dec. 31	81.20
1918.	85.56	Nov. 12	79.95	Sep. 27	92.72

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Day.	Week.	Year.
10 Govt. issues	106.15	—.03	—.03	—.05

DAILY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

May 25	106.20	—.05	May 17	106.07	+.06
May 24	106.44	—.01	May 16	106.22	—.03
May 23	106.45	—.11	May 15	106.25	—.05
May 19	106.56	+.06	May 14	106.31	—.05
May 18	106.47	+.10	May 12	106.36	+.25

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1923.	106.84	May 1	96.99	Jan. 30	100.36

*To date.
†The corresponding date last year.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Foreign exchanges were quiet and steady again yesterday, as on Wednesday, the absence of speculative activity and erratic fluctuations in rates in the main reflecting the cautious attitude which dealers are taking in anticipation of the next reparations offer to be submitted by Germany.

There was a slight increase in the supply of sterling, with the result that London checks dropped a fraction to $4.62⅞ at the close, from $4.62⅝ on Wednesday. French bills also yielding slightly to 6.66 cents from 6.67 cents. Italian, Holland, German and Spanish remittances were moderately firm, but Norwegian kroner showed a further loss of fifteen points, to 13.85 cents, a successive new low, with other Scandinavians and Swiss also lower.

Far Eastern and South American were dull, while Canadian dollar was firm.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1923.

RANGE OF RATES, SIGHT EXCHANGE.

Wednesday's

	High.	Low.	Final.	Final.
LONDON	$4.62¾	$4.62¼	$4.62¼	$4.62¾
PARIS	6.64⅞	6.63¾	6.64	6.66
BERLIN	.00	.00	.00	.00
ROME	4.81	4.80	4.82	4.82
AMSTERDAM	39.15	39.13	39.13	39.14
BERLIN	.0016¼	.0015¾	.0016¼	.0015¾
MADRID	15.26	15.24	15.25	15.25
STOCKHOLM	26.70	26.64	26.64	26.68

Closing Rates.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.	Week	Year
Thursday,	Wednesday	Ago.	Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.			
Demand	$4.62¾	$4.62¼	$4.62¼	4.4418
Cables	4.62⅝	4.63	4.62¼	4.4548
Com. 30 days	4.62⅛	4.62⅛	4.61¾	4.4318
Com. 60 days	4.59¾	4.60	4.59¼	4.4178
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	6.64	6.63	6.66¼	9.14⅝
Cables	6.64⅛	6.63⅛	6.66¼	9.14
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.82	4.82	4.86	5.23
Cables	4.82⅛	4.82¼	4.86	5.23⅛
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.71¾	5.73⅛	5.74½	8.46
Cables	5.72¼	5.74	5.75	8.47
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0018¼	.0018⅝	.0022	.24⅞
Cables	.0018¼	.0018⅝	.0022	.24⅞
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0014¾	.0014½	.0014½	.0105
Cables	.0014¾	.0014½	.0014½	.0105
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	2.96¾	2.95¾	2.98¾	1.92
Cables	2.97¼	2.96¼	2.98¾	1.93
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	18.87	18.76	18.80	21.75
Cables	18.87	18.88	18.82	21.80
FINLAND—Par 10.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.09
Cables	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.10
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	2.10	1.96	2.10	4.20
Cables	2.12	1.99	2.13	4.22
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.13	39.14	39.12	38.80
Cables	39.15	39.16	39.12	38.85
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0195	.0190	.0193	.12¾
Cables	.0195	.0190	.0193	.12¾
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	15.98	16.00	16.52	19.30
Cables	15.97	16.02	16.52	19.35
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0019¾	.0020	.0021¼	.02¼
Cables	.0019¾	.0020	.0021¼	.02¼
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.56¼	.56	.49¾	.69
Cables	.56¼	.56	.49¾	.69
SERBIA—Belgrade: Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.03¾	1.05¼	1.05	1.44
Cables	1.04¼	1.06¼	1.05	1.44
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	15.24	15.25	15.22	15.78
Cables	15.25	15.26	15.24	15.80
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	26.64	26.66	26.66	25.83
Cables	26.66	26.71	26.66	25.85
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	18.03	18.04	18.02	16.06
Cables	18.04	18.06	18.04	16.08

Far East.				
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong—				
Demand	54.875	54.875	54.75	58.375
Cables	55.00	55.00	54.875	58.50
Peking—				
Demand	78.625	78.625	77.875	86.00
Shanghai—				
Demand	74.375	74.25	74.25	80.25
Cables	74.50	74.75	74.375	80.50
INDIA—Calcutta: cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	31.00	30.98	31.00	29.125
Cables	31.125	31.10	31.125	29.25
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS — Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.625	49.625	49.875	49.00
Cables	49.75	49.75	50.00	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.125	39.125	38.00	38.75
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	46.68	46.68	46.00	47.43
Cables	49.00	49.00	49.193	47.56

South America.				
ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	36.25	36.06	36.12	36.875
Cables	36.25	36.13	36.18	36.43
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per milreis.				
Demand	10.25	10.25	10.40	18.875
Cables	10.30	10.40	10.45	18.98
CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	12.30	12.60	12.60	11.97
Cables	12.80	12.85	12.85	12.00
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Checks	4.39	4.39	4.30	3.72
Cables	4.31	4.31	4.31	3.75
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	81.80	81.10	81.80	80.64
Cables	81.62	81.46	81.85	80.65

Canada.				
MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	97.8	97.79	97.44	0.00

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:
Par, $1.49 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.01	.12
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.02½	.03½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
*Argentine 5s, 1945	M. & S.	79½
Argentine 7s, *1927	F. & A.	102⅝
Belgium 6s, 1925	J. & J.	96⅝
Belgium 7½s, 1945	J. & D.	100¼
Belgium 8s, 1941	F. & A.	106
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952	J. & D.	87¾
Can. Steamship 7s, 1942	M. & N.	95½
City of Bergen 6s, 1945	M. & N.	100
City of Berne 6s, 1945	M. & N.	110¾
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	J. & D.	89½
City of Christiania 6½s, '52	M. & N.	97⅝
City of P. Alegre 8s, 1961	J. & D.	98¼
U. S. of Brazil 6s, 1941	J. & D.	95⅜
U. S. of Brazil 7½s, 1952	A. & O.	100⅜
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O.	100
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1926	F. & A.	101⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	A. & O.	100
Dom. of Canada 6s, 1933	M. & N.	107⅜
Holland-Am. Line 6s, 1946	M. & N.	97⅜
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942	M. & N.	85½
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	F. & A.	103
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	M. & N.	103⅝
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1960	M. & N.	103⅝
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952	A. & O.	94½
City of Christiania 8s	A. & O.	110¾
City of Copen. 5½s, 1944	J. & J.	97½
City of Montevideo 7s, 1952	M. & N.	90½
Cundinamarca, Rep. 8s, '31	A. & O.	95½
Rep. of Bol. s. f. 8s, 1947	M. & N.	102½
Rep. Cuba, ext. 5s, 1944	M. & S.	95⅝
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	F. & A.	89¾
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	F. & A.	83
Rep. of Cuba 5½s, 1953	J. & J.	98½
Danish 6s, 1942	A. & O.	103⅝
Denmark 8s, 1945	J. & D.	96½
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A, '46	F. & A.	107⅜
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B, '46	F. & A.	107⅞
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947	M. & S.	97
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962	M. & S.	96
Dutch East Indies 6½s, '42	A. & O.	92
Ftfest. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42	J. & J.	91¼
French Gov. 7½s, 1941	M. & S.	99¾
French Gov. 7½s, 1945	M. & S.	99⅝
Italy 6½s, 1925	F. & A.	93
Japanese 4s, 1931	J. & J.	81¾
Japanese 4½s, 1925	F. & A.	92⅝
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser., '25	J. & J.	92½
Oriental Dev. 6s, 1953		92½
Jugoslav U. M. W. 6s, 1947	J. & J.	87⅜
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	M. & N.	90
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934	M. & N.	80½
City of Bolzano 6s, 1925	M. & N.	81
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1954	J. & D.	38¼
U. S. of Mexico 6s, 1946	Q. Jan.	57
Mex. Irrigation 4½s, 1943	M. & N.	40
King. of Nwth. 6s, 1973	M. & S.	99⅝
King. of Norway 6s, 1940	A. & O.	110⅝
King. of Norway 6s, 1952	A. & O.	98
King. of S., C. & S. 8s	M. & N.	83½
Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958	F. & A.	76½
State of Queensl'd 6s, 1947	F. & A.	100½
State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941	A. & O.	107⅞
State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946	A. & O.	96
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946	A. & O.	94¼
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1947	A. & O.	94¼
Dom. Rep. 5s, 1958	F. & A.	95½
Dom. Rep. 6s, 1942	M. & S.	87⅛
State of Rio de Janeiro 8s	J. & D.	106
City of São Paulo 8s	M. & N.	99
Dept. of the Seine 7s, 1942	J. & J.	97½
Kingdom of Sweden 6s, 1939	J. & D.	103⅝
Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940	J. & J.	115¾
City of Tokio 5s	M. & S.	77
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946	F. & A.	103½
City of Zurich 8s, 1945	A. & O.	110⅞
Va. R. Pow. 5s, 1934	J. & J.	113½
Un. R. Elec. 1937	F. & A.	108¾
U. S. S. Copen. 6s, 1947	J. & J.	90

U. S. GOVERNMENT PREWAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r. 1930	102¾	
2s, c. 1930	102¾	
3s, r. 1918	99	99⅛
3s, c. 1918	99	99⅛
4s, r. 1925	103½	
4s, c. 1925	103½	
Pan. 2½, r. 1936	103¼	
Pan. 2½, c. 1936	103¼	
Pan. 2½, r. 1938	103¼	

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	71	72
Ad Rumely pf.	43	43½
Air Red.	62¾	64
Alaska J.	1¾	3¼
Alb. & Sus.	170	
All Am C.	101	103½
Allg & W. pf.	97	
Allis-Ch.	34	
pf.	91	93⅞
Amal S 1st pf.	103	106
Am Bd.	90	95⅝
Do pf.	53	54
Am B Sug.	57¼	58
Do pf.		80
Am S R	3	4
Fdy	74	75
Do pf.	107¾	109¾
Am C pf.	107	109
Am Chicle pf.	33	40
Am Coal	73	75
Am Ice pf.	82¾	84¾
Am La F		
Fire, Eng.	11⅝	12
Mar.	22	23
Am L pf.	43¾	44¾
Am Lo pf.	114	118
Am Metal pf.	107	115
Am Rad.	80¾	81
Do pf.	118	125
Am S & R pf.	96¾	97¼
Am Snuff.	137½	140
Do pf.	93½	100
Am Sti Fd pf.	102	105
Am S Ref pf.	103½	105
Am S Tob pf.	50¼	57½
Am W W & E 7% pf.	88½	90¾
Do pf 8%	83	85¾
Am Whl pf 6%	90	97
Am Z. pf.	45	47
Ann Arbor	13	19
Art Metal	15½	17
Arnold C.	13¾	13¾
Asso D G 1st pf.	85	88
2d pf.	80	95
Atl Fruit	2	2⅛
Do ctfs.	1⅞	2
A G & W I pf.	15	18
Atl R pf.	115	118
Atlas P'dt.	163	170
Do pf.	85	90
Aus N pf.	83½	84
Auto K H.	14½	16
Bald L pf.	112	115
B & A pf.	92	93
Bar Leath.	40	46
Do pf.	96	100
Batop M.	¾	1
Baych Bros	51	53
Bch Creek	33	40
Beth S 8% pf.	104½	107
Brit E St.	7¾	8
Do 1st pf	86	98
B R T cfs.	1½	2
Brown Shoe pf.	94	96
Burns Bros pf.	116½	126
Bush Bldg pf.	93¾	95¼
C. C & O.	14	
Do pf.	23	
Cal & Ar.	53	56
Can So.	51	53
Case Plow.	2½	3
Case (J I)	80¾	86
Do pf.	76	80
Cash-teed	30	38
Do 1st pf	70	80
Do 2d pf.	60	
C R Mills.	33½	35
Do pf.	95	99
C & O pf.	100¾	100¾
C & A pf.	3¾	3¾
C R & A 7% pf.	88	89
Chi, St P, M & Om.	65	70
Do pf.	95	100

NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
America	238	245	Fifth Ave.	1190	1230
Amer. Exch.	186	203	Fifth	240	250
Bank of U. S.	163	170	First	1190	1205
Battery	133	138	Garfield	260	
Bowery	440		Gotham	197	205
Bryant Park	197		Greenwich	207	210
Bway Cent.	120	140	Harriman	330	350
Bronx Boro.	135		Hanover	800	900
Bronx Nat.	150		Imp. & Trad.	750	
Butchers & D.	130	140	Manhat. Co.	144	148
Chase	343	348	Mech. & Met.	395	400
Chatham & P.	250	254	Mutual	210	
Chelsea Ex.	70	80	Nat. Amer.	135	145
Chemical	542	548	New Neth.	122	
City	343	353	Pacific	217	225
Coal & Iron	217	222	Park	417	425
Colonial	375		Public	295	305
Columbia	232		Seaboard	350	360
Commerce	283	287	7th Ave. Bk.	85	90
Com'wealth	240	280	Standard	170	185
Continental	135		State	325	355
Corn Exch.	427	432	23d Ward	250	
Cosmopolitan	105	120	Wash. Hts.	140	
East River	209		Yorkville	800	

Trust and Surety Companies.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alliance	97	101	Kings Co.	1800	
Am. Surety	94	98	Lawyers Mtg.	158	162
Bk. N. Y. & T.	460	470	Lawyers Title.	190	200
Bankers	260	280	Manufacturers	260	270
Bond & Mtg.	260	272	Metropolitan	300	310
Brooklyn	470		Nat. Surety	161	165
Cent. Union	453	458	New York	342	346
Empire	315	323	N. Y. T. & M.	193	197
Equitable	165	185	People's	395	415
Farm. L. & T.	521	527	Realty Assoc.	166	172
Fidelity Intl.	198	203	Title Guar.	362	368
Fulton	245		Unit. States.	1250	1300
Guaranty	383	387	U. S. Mtg.	206	216
Judson	300		West. T. & T.	210	
Irving-Col.	228	231	Westchester	195	

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yester-day.	Wednes-day.	Bid.
4½s, December, 1971	106¼	106⅜	106⅞
4½s, June, 1965	104⅞	105⅛	104⅞
4½s, July, 1961	104⅝	104⅞	104⅝
4½s, March, 1963	104⅞	105⅛	104⅝
4½s, May, 1957	104⅝	105⅛	104⅞
4½s, November, 1957	104⅝	105⅛	104⅝
4½s, March, 1960-80	99⅝	100⅛	99⅝
4½s, April, 1972	100⅛	100⅜	100⅛
4½s, March, 1964	100	100⅛	100
4½s, March, 1962	100	100⅛	100
4½s, September, 1960	99⅞	100⅛	99⅞
4s, November, 1958	96⅜	97⅛	96⅜
4s, November, 1936	95⅜	97⅛	95⅞
4s, May, 1960	97⅛	96⅞	97⅛
4½s, May 1964	87⅛	86⅞	87⅛
4½s, November, 1964

BONDHOLDERS WIN SUIT IN ARGENTINE

Will Receive German Loan Interest in Swiss Francs Instead of Marks.

MAY SUE FOR PRINCIPAL

New York Banker Looks for Further Action Now to Redeem Securities on Same Basis.

Samuel McRoberts, President of the Metropolitan Trust Company, has been notified that the Argentine Supreme Court has just handed down a decision favoring the bondholders in the long litigation arising out of the demands of the holders of the 4½ per cent. coupon German loan of 1910 of the Province of Buenos Aires. Many of the bonds are reported to be held here. This suit was brought against the Province of Buenos Aires, not because the Province, in 1920, elected to pay off the entire loan in marks and remitted the necessary funds to Berlin to do this, but because the holders of the bonds insisted on receiving their interest in Swiss francs.

Discussing the suit, Mr. McRoberts said yesterday:

"The suit was not brought against the Province until after the latter had decided to pay off the loan. Until then the entire service on this loan had been remitted to the Dresdner Bank in Berlin, and this had never met any objection from the bondholders. Article 5 of the loan contract reads in part, 'The payment of the matured coupons and bonds called for redemption up to the total amortization of the loan shall be effected in Europe at the Dresdner Bank, Berlin, the A. Schaaffhausenscher Bankverein, Berlin, the Nationalbank fur Deutschland, Berlin, the Dresdner Bank, London, the Banque J. Allard and Cie, Paris, and the Aktiengesellschaft von Speyr and Co., Basle (Switzerland). The payment will be made in Germany in marks, in Paris and Basle in francs, and in London in pounds sterling, according to the wish of the holder.'

"Article 6 of the contract provides for all purchases of the bonds below par to be made by the Dresdner Bank, Berlin, as brokers, and that drawings of bonds for redemption shall take place at the office of the same bank.

"A mistaken impression exists in some quarters regarding the suit that has just been settled. When the Province called the loan for payment it remitted the full outstanding amount to the Dresdner Bank in Berlin, and no suit was brought by the bondholders as regards the basis for repayment of principal. It is probable now that a suit over the payment of the principal will be brought by the bondholders as a result of their success in the suit they have just won. But it is a fact that this suit now settled by the Argentine courts was brought solely in connection with interest payments made prior to the repayment of the principal.

"The service of the German loan was guaranteed by the share belonging to the Government of the Province of Buenos Aires in the profits of the Banco de la Provincia, and this security was always sufficient to meet all the debt payments. All during the time that the litigation was under way the Province continued to set aside in a special account a reserve from its share in the profits of the bank. At the close of 1922, this reserve amounted to 14,350,000 Argentine paper pesos, equal to over $5,000,000 at the average rate of exchange. This reserve is almost enough to take care of all payments that now become due.

"It will be remembered that a decision in favor of bondholders was rendered just a short while ago by the Argentine courts with reference to the payment in gold of coupons and principal of the 4½ per cent. French loan of 1910 of the Province. While details of litigation regarding the German loan and the basis for the recent court decision are not yet fully known here, certainly nothing could be more evident than the desire of the Province to do all within its power to place its credit abroad on a firm basis."

LONDON RESERVE RATIO HIGHEST IN 3 YEARS

Loans Cut Down Heavily—French Bank Reduces Note Circulation 305,935,000 Francs.

Yesterday's statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes for the week:

Gold coin and bullion.....increased	£1,548
Reserve in banking department, gold and notes.....increased	198,000
Notes in circulation.....decreased	196,000
Loans on Government securities.....decreased	1,555,000
Loans on other securities..decreased	2,622,000
Notes in reserve .....increased	196,000
Public deposits .....decreased	1,052,000
Other deposits.....decreased	918,000

Proportion of the bank's reserve to deposit liabilities this week is 20.27 per cent.; last week it was 19.44 per cent.; two weeks ago it was 20.15 per cent. The highest reserve percentage for 1923 to date is the 20.27 of the present week, which is also the highest percentage since March 24, 1920. The highest percentage since the war began was 23.53, on March 17, 1920; the lowest, 7.80, on Dec. 30, 1920.

The statement compares as follows with the corresponding week one and two years ago:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
Total gold holdings	£137,538,647	£129,880,842	£128,349,547
Res. in bkg. dept., gold & notes	23,965,000	25,440,867	18,991,857
Notes in circulation	123,280,000	120,889,975	127,807,690
Public deposits	14,577,000	13,562,305	16,419,417
Other deposits	105,805,000	113,873,738	112,080,283
Government securities	42,577,000	49,187,846	38,108,122
Other securities	71,604,000	74,593,141	89,139,824
Ratio of reserve	20.27	20.00	14.75

The Bank of England's official minimum discount rate remained unchanged at 3 per cent., to which it had been reduced from 5½ on July 13, 1922. At this date of 1922 the rate stood at 4 per cent., at 6½ in 1921, at 7 in 1920, at 7 in 1919, 1918, 1917, 1916 and 1915, and at 3 in 1914.

The Bank of France.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes, in francs:

Gold in hand.....increased	135,000
Silver in hand.....increased	62,000
Notes in circulation.....decreased	305,985,000
Treasury deposits.....decreased	24,419,000
General deposits.....increased	74,153,000
Bills discounted.....increased	11,940,000
Advances .....decreased	55,892,000

The State borrowed from the bank 200,000,000 francs. Advances to the State now stand at 23,000,000,000 francs as against 22,450,000,000 a year ago this week. Largest amount ever reached by these advances, 26,700,000,000, in May, 1921; smallest during the last three years, 21,200,000,000 in March, 1922.

The principal items in the statement compare as follows with the same date one and two years ago, in francs:

Gold—	1923.	1922.	1921.
	5,537,361,950	5,537,644,850	5,518,505,205
Silver	302,225,400	284,622,495	272,534,495
Circulation	35,363,138,000	35,674,180,000	36,233,194,370

The highest point which the Bank of France's outstanding note circulation has ever reached was 39,046,896,000 francs, on Nov. 3, 1920. The lowest point in 1922 was 35,231,600,295, on March 23, which was the lowest of any week since Aug. 28, 1919. Highest this year was the 37,824,802,000 francs of April 5; lowest, the 36,388,138,000, of this week.

The bank's official discount rate remains unchanged at 5 per cent., to which it was reduced on March 11, 1922.

RAILROAD'S INCOME GAINS.

Southern Pacific Returns for April Show $890,586.

With April net operating income higher than for any corresponding month since 1918, the Southern Pacific Company, in its monthly report, made public yesterday, shows an increase of almost 40 per cent. over April, 1922. The net operating income in April was $3,517,206, against $2,526,709 in April, 1922, an increase of $990,586.

A comparison of the net income account for the month of April since 1920 shows a steady increase from a deficit of $1,553,379 in 1920, to $1,826,254 income in 1921, to the figures already given for 1922 and 1923. The high record for April was made in 1918, with a net income of $4,442,163.

Out of the total of $21,680,053 for April of this year, $16,595,163 was expended for operating expenses, the increase in the amount of revenue over the corresponding month of last year being $2,185,762, and the increase in the expense $1,425,609.

In the first four months of this year the Southern Pacific received $85,251,-278 in operating revenue, and expended $65,544,735 in operating expenses.

RESERVE BANK POSITION.

Comparison of This Week's Items With Those of Other Periods.

In yesterday's statement for the Federal Reserve system and the Reserve Bank of New York, a new high record for 1923 was established in total gold holdings of the entire system. No other new high or low marks were reached.

Following is the comparison of highest and lowest figures of the Reserve system in 1923 to date and in previous full years. Figures are in thousands of dollars:

Total Gold Holdings.

1922....	$3,063,926	May 23	$3,049,451	Jan. 3
1922....	3,080,960	Oct. 11	2,975,225	Jan. 4
1921....	2,970,994	Dec. 21	2,060,282	Jan. 7
1920....	3,060,833	Dec. 30	1,084,381	Mar. 19
1919....	2,901,604	June 6	2,066,788	Aug. 29
1918....	2,090,374	Dec. 27	1,637,720	Jan. 5
1917....	1,671,133	Dec. 28	748,063	Jan. 6
1916....	732,396	Dec. 29	484,689	May 6
1915....	542,413	Dec. 30	251,906	Jan. 29

Rediscounts.

Secur'd by	High, 1923.		Low, 1923.	
Govt. col..	$428,734	Feb. 4	$381,996	Jan. 10
Other col..	367,707	May 2	219,769	Jan. 31
	High, 1922.		Low, 1922.	
Govt. col..	477,456	Jan. 4	115,238	July 28
Other col..	635,111	Jan. 4	297,045	Aug. 16
	High, 1921		Low, 1921.	
Govt. col..	1,104,583	Jan. 7	431,991	Nov. 16
Other col..	1,106,818	Jan. 7	692,640	Dec. 28
	High, 1920.		Low, 1920.	
Other col..	2,815,186	Dec. 3	716,466	Jan. 30
Govt. col..	1,176,990	Feb. 27	1,141,086	Dec. 30
	High, 1919.		Low, 1919.	
Govt. col..	1,583,476	May 16	1,414,960	Dec. 19
Other col..	1,694,514	Dec. 26	17,568	May 9

Reserve Note Circulation.

1923....	$2,411,658	Jan. 3	$2,203,791	Jan. 31
1922....	2,464,121	Dec. 27	2,122,610	June 14
1921....	3,270,022	Jan. 7	2,388,006	Nov. 30
1920....	3,404,853	Dec. 23	2,850,944	Jan. 30
1919....	3,037,646	Dec. 26	2,450,720	Jan. 31
1918....	2,685,344	Dec. 28	1,824,984	Jan. 25
1917....	1,246,488	Dec. 29	909,765	Jan. 26
1916....	975,353	Dec. 30	182,244	June 30
1915....	180,026	Dec. 30	14,500	Jan. 29

Ratio of Reserve.

With previous percentages computed on the basis introduced by the Reserve Board on March 18, 1921, the highest and lowest reserve percentages of the Federal Reserve system compare as follows:

	High.		Low.	
1923	77.0	Feb. 7	71.5	Jan. 3
1922	80.4	Aug. 9	44.5	Jan. 7
1921	73.1	Dec. 17	40.5	May 14
1920	44.0	Dec. 17	40.5	May 14
1919	51.1	Feb. 7	42.5	Dec. 26
1918	52.9	Feb. 8	47.9	Dec. 6
1917	66.2	Mar. 30	60.8	Dec. 29

The reserve percentages of the New York Reserve Bank compare as follows:

1923	85.8	Mar. 31	75.0	Jan. 3
1922	89.6	Jan. 25	70.4	Jan. 4
1921	84.1	Sep. 21	56.5	Feb. 4
1920	42.3	Sep. 24	35.8	Feb. 20
1919	52.9	June 30	38.8	Dec. 26
1918	66.4	Aug. 2	41.7	Dec. 27

Go to Bankers' Convention.

The following bankers left last night to attend the annual convention of Reserve City Bankers at French Lick, Ind.: Percy H. Johnston, President of the Chemical National Bank; Henry L. Servoss, Vice President of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company; Peter S. Duryee and Charles H. Marfield, Vice President of the Seaboard National Bank; C. F. Junod, Vice President, and John H. Trowbridge, Assistant Cashier of the Bank of America; George V. Drew and Joseph E. Smith, Assistant Secretaries of the Equitable Trust Company; George M. Curran, Manager Travelers' Checks, Bankers Trust Company.

PANAMA TO OFFER $4,500,000 BONDS

Republic's Issue on the Market Today to Be Spent Partly on Road Building.

PRICE 97½, TO YIELD 5.65

Eastern Connecticut Power Puts Out $1,500,000 Stock — Zanesville, Ohio, Issues $715,000 Bonds.

Among the new bond offerings in the local market today will be an issue of $4,500,000 Republic of Panama bonds, proceeds of which will be used in the construction of new highways by the republic and for the development of the country's resources. The new issue will be secured by real estate in New York City and will be carried wholly with external resources and without recourse to taxation.

The bonds are thirty-year 5½ per cent. sinking fund gold bonds, due June 1, 1953. The offering price is 97½ to yield 5.65 per cent. to maturity. In his letter to W. A. Harriman & Co., Inc., and the Guaranty Company of New York, who are offering the issue, Eusebio A. Morales, Minister of Finance of Panama, states that the bonds are a direct obligation of the Central American republic secured by allocation of net income from a constitutional fund of $6,000,000 invested in first mortgages on New York City real estate and by the unassigned portion of treaty payments due the republic of Panama from the United States. The bonds are not redeemable for ten years except for the sinking fund. After completion of this financing the funded debt of Panama will aggregate approximately $7,000,000, of which $6,148,000 will be external debt.

A new issue of $1,500,000 Eastern Connecticut Power Company 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock is being offered by Putnam & Co. of Hartford and Charles W. Scranton & Co. of New Haven. Proceeds of the issue together with that of $3,000,000 bonds recently sold will provide for the extension of a steam plant now under construction at Montville, Conn., and will create funds for the purchase of the securities of the Synne Electric Power Company and the Danielson and Plainfield Gas and Electric Company, and for the retirement of floating debt caused by the purchase of the Putnam Light and Power Company. The stock is being offered at par.

Offering is being made of $715,000 Zanesville, Ohio, school district 5 per cent. bonds by the Bankers Trust Company and W. A. Harriman & Co., Inc. The bonds are dated May 1 last and are due serially from 1924 to 1943. The bonds are being offered at prices to yield from 4.60 to 4.70 per cent.

M. M. Freeman & Co. of Philadelphia are offering through Ludwig & Bauchle of this city $806,000 Elizabeth, N. J., 4½ per cent. temporary loan bonds, due in 1928.

Westinghouse Issue Is Absorbed.

Announcement was made yesterday by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and the Chase Securities Corporation, as managers of the syndicate which underwrote the 7 per cent offering of $14,962,530 Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, common stock to shareholders, that all the stock not taken by the latter had been disposed of.

Cuba Railroad Increases Stock.

The Cuba Railroad Company has filed notice with the New York Stock Exchange of its proposed increase in common stock from 200,000 shares of $100 par value each to 1,000,000 shares without par value.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London 4d. off, at 32¼d.; New York price for domestic silver was quoted at 99¾c per ounce, the Mint price; foreign silver ⅝c lower at 66⅝c.

Range for 1923:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
London	33 4d	Apr. 30	30¼d	Feb. 2
New York	68⅝c	Mar. 27	63⅝c	Feb. 2
Range for 1922				
London	27⅞d	May 22	20¾d	Dec. 13
New York	73¼c	May 22	67¼c	Dec. 13

GOLD AT A NEW HIGH IN RESERVE VAULTS

Gain of $5,400,000 in the Week Sends the Total Above the Three-Billion Mark.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Increases of about $3,000,000 in discounted bills and of $18,100,000 in Government securities, as against a reduction of $10,800,000 in acceptances purchased in open market are shown in the Federal Reserve Board's weekly bank statement issued as at close of business on May 23, 1923.

Deposit liabilities declined $7,400,000 and Federal Reserve note circulation, $5,300,000, while cash reserves advanced $6,700,000.

The Reserve ratio, in consequence of these changes, shows a rise from 75.3 to 75.5 per cent.

Moderate increases in the holdings of discounted paper totaling $26,700,000 are shown for seven Reserve banks, including the New York, Philadelphia, Atlanta and Kansas City banks, while decreases aggregating $22,700,000 are shown for five other Reserve banks, mainly for the Boston, Cleveland and Chicago banks.

The New York Bank reports holdings of $20,606,000 of Treasury certificates, of which $6,000,000 represent special certificates to cover advances to the Government pending collection of funds from depositary institutions.

Gold reserves show an increase for the week of $5,400,000 and stand at $3,063,-300,000, a new high total for the system.

Since January 3, the increase in the system's gold reserves has been about $49,500,000, compared with an increase of $132,400,000 for the corresponding period in 1922. The inter-district movement of gold through the settlement fund has been away from New York City, the local Reserve Bank reporting a decrease of $86,700,000 in its gold reserves. Smaller reductions in gold reserves totaling $14,600,000 are shown for the Philadelphia, Richmond, Atlanta, Kansas City and San Francisco Banks.

Chicago reports an increase in its gold reserves of $12,500,000; Cleveland, of $10,800,000; Boston, of $12,900,000, and the three remaining banks an aggregate of $7,900,000.

Holdings of paper secured by Government obligations increased during the week from $362,500,000 to $393,800,000. Of the total held on May 23, $201,500,000, or 55 per cent., were secured by United States bonds; $148,100,000, or 40.4 per cent., by Treasury notes and about $17,000,000, or 4.6 per cent., by Treasury certificates, compared with $204,300,000, $142,700,000 and $16,600,000 reported the week before.

A summary of changes in the principal assets and liabilities of the Reserve banks as compared with a week and a year ago, follows:

	May 16, 1923.	May 24, 1922.
Total reserves	+ 6,700,000	+ 25,600,000
Gold reserves	+ 5,400,000	+ 26,600,000
Total earning assets	+18,600,000	+ 10,600,000
Discounted bills, total	+ 3,000,000	+373,100,000
Secured by U. S. Government obligations	+ 3,600,000	+185,700,000
Other bills discounted	— 600,000	+ 27,400,000
Purchased bills	—10,800,000	+165,500,000
U. S. securities, total	+18,100,000	—339,300,000
Bonds and notes	000,000	—30,100,000
U. S. certificates indebtedness	+18,000,000	—309,200,000
Total deposits	— 7,400,000	+ 20,100,000
Members' reserve deposits	+22,900,000	+107,400,000
Government deposits	—29,700,000	— 54,400,000
Other deposits	+19,700,000	+ 15,400,000
F. R. notes in circulation	— 5,300,000	+ 20,500,000
F. R. notes in circulation, net liability	— 200,000	— 70,000,000

+Increase. —Decrease.

FEDERAL RESERVE STATEMENT.

The following table shows the total gold holdings and other chief items in this week's report of each of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks:

CLOSE OF BUSINESS MAY 23.

District.	Gold Reserve.	Rediscount on Government War Paper.	Total Bills on Hand.	Due Members' Reserve Acct.	F.R. Notes and Cir'l'n Notes.	Ratio of Reserve to Deposits and F.R. Notes.
Boston	$272,497,000	$21,697,000	$53,445,000	$127,730,000	$207,219,000	53.2
New York	1,061,252,000	133,017,000	238,869,000	707,626,000	669,876,000	58.1
Philadelphia	121,774,000	43,251,000	87,076,000	114,949,000	202,393,000	70.9
Cleveland	291,197,000	36,050,000	99,508,000	207,184,000	229,383,000	74.6
Richmond	72,297,000	24,140,000	68,502,000	59,608,000	77,853,000	58.8
Atlanta	122,835,000	3,987,000	58,085,000	55,629,000	133,802,000	69.4
Chicago	521,060,000	53,940,000	117,153,000	202,187,000	396,773,000	81.5
St. Louis	99,057,000	14,224,000	41,970,000	76,377,000	79,259,000	65.6
Minneapolis	72,346,000	5,396,000	25,719,000	48,866,000	55,096,000	68.6
Kansas City	72,320,000	18,776,000	45,208,000	82,096,000	60,589,000	50.3
Dallas	31,854,000	3,870,000	23,726,000	48,126,000	27,126,000	47.6
San Francisco	240,355,000	30,892,000	98,348,000	150,038,000	202,586,000	68.3

In the Previous Week

District.	Gold Reserve.	Rediscount on Government War Paper.	Total Bills on Hand.	Due Members' Reserve Acct.	F.R. Notes and Cir'l'n Notes.	Ratio of Reserve to Deposits and F.R. Notes.
Boston	$269,575,000	$18,962,000	$64,905,000	$126,197,000	$205,350,000	50.4
New York	1,065,681,000	124,357,000	238,882,000	722,577,000	662,182,000	54.1
Philadelphia	220,713,000	48,880,000	84,367,000	114,315,000	202,774,000	71.2
Cleveland	274,375,000	37,609,000	107,256,000	208,525,000	227,688,000	70.8
Richmond	73,214,000	26,582,000	65,922,000	60,476,000	78,585,000	57.0
Atlanta	120,797,000	4,321,000	57,679,000	57,262,000	124,188,000	68.7
Chicago	508,622,000	53,635,000	124,074,000	205,638,000	396,387,000	79.8
St. Louis	81,988,000	15,026,000	43,681,000	67,145,000	76,962,000	67.0
Minneapolis	72,248,000	6,348,000	23,099,000	46,971,000	55,650,000	68.5
Kansas City	76,185,000	15,966,000	39,973,000	80,968,000	60,560,000	54.7
Dallas	32,305,000	2,345,000	28,904,000	45,116,000	27,452,000	47.4
San Francisco	243,135,000	28,188,000	97,308,000	145,005,000	205,587,000	68.1

Consolidated statement of twelve Federal Reserve Banks compares as follows:

RESOURCES.

	May 23, 1923.	May 16, 1923.	May 24, 1922.
Gold and gold certificates	$847,320,000	$844,043,000	$826,413,000
Gold settlement fund, Fed. Reserve Board	686,572,000	686,707,000	482,987,000
Total gold held by banks	$1,046,192,000	$1,030,750,000	$809,846,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agents	1,998,724,000	1,999,818,000	2,141,120,000
Gold redemption fund	58,379,000	57,817,000	57,230,000
Total gold reserves	$3,093,295,000	$3,087,885,000	$3,007,889,000
Reserves other than gold	94,485,000	93,166,000	127,564,000
Total reserves	$3,187,783,000	$3,181,051,000	$3,135,253,000
Non-reserve cash	68,731,000	68,642,000	
Bills discounted:			
Secured by U. S. Government obligations	366,805,000	360,200,000	181,071,000
Other bills discounted	336,510,000	337,131,000	306,169,000
Bills bought in open market	270,850,000	281,800,000	106,544,000
Total bills on hand	$971,163,000	$978,940,000	$593,804,000
United States bonds and notes	150,890,000	151,863,000	240,990,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	56,169,000	37,228,000	365,231,000
Municipal warrants	55,000	40,000	
Total earning assets	$1,178,177,000	$1,167,860,000	$1,188,815,000
Bank premises	50,932,000	50,494,000	40,850,000
Five per cent. redemption fund against Federal Reserve Bank notes	191,000	191,000	7,605,000
Uncollected items	615,872,000	734,416,000	601,733,000
All other resources	14,366,000	14,057,000	20,803,000
Total resources	$5,115,583,000	$5,214,710,000	$4,894,359,000

LIABILITIES.

Capital paid in	$100,278,000	$100,273,000	$104,695,000
Surplus	218,369,000	218,369,000	215,396,000
Deposits:			
Government	6,333,000	36,057,000	60,406,000
Member bank—Reserve account	1,930,519,000	1,907,893,000	1,822,743,000
Other deposits	49,426,000	29,741,000	34,025,000
Total deposits	$1,986,280,000	$1,993,691,000	$1,917,176,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	2,327,700,000	2,232,990,000	2,128,250,000
Federal Reserve Bank notes in circulation—Net liabilities	1,653,000	1,676,000	71,702,000
Deferred availability items	554,650,000	641,610,000	455,114,000
All other liabilities	17,633,000	16,260,000	22,044,000
Total liabilities	$5,115,583,000	$5,214,710,000	$4,894,359,000
Ratio of total reserves to deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	75.5%	75.3%	77.5%
Contingent liability on bills purchased for foreign correspondents	$28,766,000	$28,677,000	$33,844,000

*Not shown separately prior to January, 1923.

NEW YORK FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.

STATEMENT AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS MAY 23, 1923.

RESOURCES.

	Last Week.	Prev. Week.	Year Ago.
Gold and gold certificates	$160,082,236	$175,995,000	$216,068,000
Gold settlement fund, Fed. Reserve Board	236,363,000	236,363,000	138,019,000
Total gold held by bank	$406,635,829	$441,357,000	$354,087,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agent	687,891,070	657,977,000	705,958,000
Gold redemption fund	8,404,982	9,846,000	10,000,000
Total gold reserves	$1,051,931,892	$1,088,682,000	$1,162,960,000
Reserves other than gold	18,742,589	16,482,000	25,000,000
Total reserves	$1,070,674,481	$1,105,164,000	$1,187,096,000
*Non-reserve cash	10,584,873	9,222,000	
Bills discounted:			
Secured by U. S. Government obligations	135,016,619	124,827,000	37,559,000
All other	20,299,965	28,700,000	26,210,000
Bills bought in open market	72,352,884	75,645,000	31,258,000
Total bills on hand	$226,868,388	$229,882,000	$95,026,000
United States bonds and notes	5,541,050	7,149,000	48,294,000
United States certificates of indebtedness—one-year certificates (Pittman act)			21,500,000
All other	20,609,000		118,581,000
Total earning assets	$253,018,438	$236,981,000	$289,755,000
Bank premises	13,062,145	11,709,000	8,461,000
Five per cent. redemption fund against Federal Reserve Bank notes			886,000
Uncollected items	128,945,936	178,151,000	102,234,000
All other resources	1,358,872	1,475,000	4,250,000
Total resources	$1,466,644,268	$1,538,733,000	$1,594,982,000

LIABILITIES.

Capital paid in	$29,168,950	$29,159,000	$27,392,000
Surplus	59,799,823	59,800,000	60,197,000
Deposits:			
Government	875,248	11,701,000	16,298,000
Member banks—Reserve account	707,626,494	722,676,000	760,541,000
All other	10,767,796	17,071,000	11,704,000
Total	$726,269,448	$751,448,000	$778,940,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	559,876,371	562,192,000	514,597,000
Federal Reserve Bank notes in circulation—Net liabilities			16,512,000
Deferred availability items	105,696,749	132,396,000	82,566,000
All other liabilities	3,863,236	3,848,000	4,496,000
Total liabilities	$1,466,644,268	$1,538,733,000	$1,594,982,000
Ratio of total reserve to deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	83.1%	84.1%	86.3%
Contingent liability on bills purchased for foreign correspondents	$7,848,413	$7,759,123	$12,701,855

*Not shown separately prior to January, 1923.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business May 23:

Receipts.	This Month.	Corresp. Period Last Year.	Fisc. Yr. 1923.	Corresp. Period Fisc. Yr. 1922.
Customs	$33,345,490.77	$35,916,496.25	$497,837,480.42	$307,819,942.47
Internal rev.—income and profits tax	33,362,216.12	28,672,144.03	1,301,624,899.40	1,795,670,026.01
Misc. internal revenue	56,866,118.53	43,508,324.66	834,038,814.07	1,053,821,894.46
Misc. receipts, proceeds Govt.-owned securities, foreign obligations:				
Principal	12,200,000.00	12,200,000.00	21,656,907.64	49,624,880.00
Interest	786,484.33	1,070,169.06	132,197,247.86	26,546,512.00
Railroad securities	3,860,809.00		98,326,962.38	
All others	2,258,382.10	53,010.99	45,097,530.87	25,074,485.75
Trust fund accts. (receipts appropriated for investment)	1,134,618.09	1,955,471.64	33,770,057.06	28,847,866.74
Proceeds sale of surplus property	4,421,356.91	14,263,577.06	72,311,974.43	92,071,396.19
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	1,978,617.46	784,766.33	14,813,032.32	10,461,806.84
Repts. from misc. sources (not specified) direct to appropriations	2,611,432.57		65,012,000.85	
Other miscellaneous	13,134,468.20	45,885,947.95	216,427,462.30	231,801,642.90
Total ordinary	$168,600,485.42	$172,249,857.06	$3,338,988,959.80	$3,602,042,486.30
Excess of trf. rcts. over (total exp'r's chargeable against ord. receipts)			40,982,542.95	219,180,784.84
Excess of (total exp'r's chargeable against ord. receipts)	96,783,430.32	28,636,035.06		
Total ord. exp'r's	$264,519,498.94	$179,981,642.92	$3,380,476,975.55	$3,599,427,466.65

New Issue

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

$715,000
City of Zanesville, Ohio
School District 5% Bonds

Dated May 1, 1923 — Due Serially as shown below

Coupon bonds of $1,000 denomination. First coupon, representing interest for eleven months, due April 1, 1924. Coupons mature semi-annually thereafter on April 1 and October 1 of each year. Principal and interest payable at the office of the Treasurer of Zanesville City School District, Zanesville, Ohio.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
(School District)

Assessed valuation of taxable property	$36,319,630
Total bonded debt	1,129,500
Sinking Fund	$112,600
Net bonded debt	1,017,500
Population (1920) 29,569	

The ratio of the combined net debt of the City of Zanesville and the School District is less than 3¼% of the assessed valuation.

ZANESVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT is coextensive with the city of Zanesville, Ohio, which is the county seat of Muskingum County, and which was incorporated as a city in 1814. It is an active manufacturing community, its principal industries including iron and steel pipe, wrought iron and steel works and rolling mills, and also fire-clay, pottery and tile factories. Excellent transportation facilities are offered by the Zanesville & Western, Wheeling & Lake Erie, Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio Railroads.

THESE BONDS, issued for school purposes, constitute direct obligations of the school district and are payable from ad valorem taxes upon all the taxable property therein.

AMOUNTS AND MATURITIES

$35,000 October 1, 1924	$36,000 October 1, 1934
36,000 October 1, 1925	36,000 October 1, 1935
36,000 October 1, 1926	35,000 October 1, 1936
35,000 October 1, 1927	36,000 October 1, 1937
36,000 October 1, 1928	36,000 October 1, 1938
36,000 October 1, 1929	36,000 October 1, 1939
35,000 October 1, 1930	36,000 October 1, 1940
36,000 October 1, 1931	36,000 October 1, 1941
36,000 October 1, 1932	36,000 October 1, 1942
35,000 October 1, 1933	36,000 October 1, 1943

PRICES

1924-1929	to yield 4.70%
1930-1934	to yield 4.65%
1935-1943	to yield 4.60%

Legality to be approved by Messrs. Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, Attorneys, Cleveland, Ohio.

Bankers Trust Company — **W. A. Harriman & Co.** Incorporated

Statements while not guaranteed are based upon the best information available.

The New York Trust Company

Capital, Surplus & Undivided Profits - - - $27,500,000

BANKING UPTOWN

Our Fifth Avenue Office, located in the heart of the rapidly growing Plaza District, is equipped to render a complete commercial banking and trust service.

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Foreign Collections promptly effected through unexcelled facilities for custom house service.

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References: The Equitable Trust Company of New York

The First National Bank of Boston

The leading financial institution of New England

The State Bank

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BOND SALESMAN

A man who has proved his ability to produce consistently is wanted by a New York Stock Exchange House participating in all important syndicates and having occasional underwritings of its own. Dealing in securities and commission are on an attractive basis. Our own salesmen have been notified of this advertisement and all replies will be treated as confidential. Address Box 61, Desbrosses & Co., 44 Broad St., giving a brief statement of qualifications, including present connections.

HIGH GRADE SALES EXECUTIVE WANTED

A long-established, highly successful investment banking house of national reputation desires the services of an unusually high type of sales executive.

The man able to meet their requirements must be familiar with securities originating in the Southwest, and will also know the greater eastern markets for the various types of securities offered. He must either have a successful record as a sales manager or obviously possess the ability and experience to become one.

Such a man will be given important duties involving an intimate knowledge of the business of investment banking in keeping with his responsibility. Communications held in strictest confidence. Address S 3020 Times Annex.

MEETINGS AND REPORTS.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of The Equitable Trust Company of New York has been called by the authority and direction of the Board of Trustees of said Company and will be held at the principal office of the Company at No. 37 Wall Street in the Borough of Manhattan in the City of New York on May 29, 1923, at 11:00 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of taking such action as may be deemed necessary upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of The Equitable Trust Company of New York from Twenty Million Dollars ($20,000,000), consisting of Two Hundred

BANKERS ADVISED TO HELP FARMERS

Federal Farm Loan Commission Talks on New Credit Law.

BULWARK AGAINST RADICALS

Agriculturists Praised for Their Patriotism—Advice to Country Bankers.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 24.—Relief for farmers was the theme of an address to the Pennsylvania Bankers' Association in Haddon Hall today by Charles E. Lobdell, Federal Farm Loan Commissioner, and a former President of the Kansas Bankers' Association.

Referring to the American farmer as the sterling patriot who now, as before, will enable the ship of state to successfully ride the waves of radicalism that are sweeping the country, Mr. Lobdell pointed out that the enactment of recent agricultural credit legislation would materially aid the farmer, "who now," he said, "is receiving a 60-cent dollar for his products when measured by the cost of materials he is forced to use in operating his farm. This is a condition that must be remedied."

Among objections that have been raised to the legislation, the speaker pointed out, was one that it is paternalism. "This objection is made," he said, "only because of those it will benefit. There was no objection raised when the doors of the Treasury of the United States were opened to aid the financial situation a few years ago."

Returning to farmers' losses in the recent period of deflation, Mr. Lobdell said it was up to the country bankers, now that the new agricultural legislation has been effected, to seize hold of the opportunity and aid in the establishing of the necessary small rediscount bankers.

"These banks will be organized," he said, "by the farmers either with the co-operation of the country bankers, or with their opposition."

In this connection the speaker referred to a saying of several years ago that credit for the farmers could be had only at a high rate of interest and at great inconvenience, while the man who gambles in the necessities of life received funds readily at a low rate of interest.

"Farm credits," the speaker concluded, "were not intended to rehabilitate bankrupt farmers, but to stabilize the industry."

Price of Alcohol Up 2 Cents.

The United States Industrial Alcohol Co., yesterday announced an advance of two cents a gallon in all grades of alcohol.

APPROVES MODIFIED PLAN.

Reading Committee Agrees to Separating Coal and Rail Properties.

The bondholders protective committee for the general mortgage bonds of the Reading Company yesterday approved the modified plan for the separation of the company's coal and railroad properties. The committee has sent the following notice to bondholders:

"The committee under deposit agreement of July 1, 1922, between the committee, J. P. Morgan & Co. and Drexel & Co., as depositaries and holders of said bonds, have approved of a plan for the adjustment of the affairs and securities of said companies and modification of the terms and provisions of the said company and security thereof."

The plan has also been approved by the United States District Court of Eastern Pennsylvania.

WISCONSIN TRACTION SALE.

North American Company Purchases Stock From John I. Beggs Group.

The North American Company yesterday confirmed the report that it had acquired practically all of the stock of the Wisconsin Traction, Light, Heat and Power Company, which does electric light, gas and power business in Appleton and Neenah, and the adjoining territory in the lower Fox River Valley.

The stock was purchased from a group of stockholders headed by John I. Beggs, formerly President and General Manager of the company. Total assets of the company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1921, were $6,363,259.

Atlas Powder Change Approved.

The proposal of Directors of the Atlas Powder Company to change the capital stock from 100,000 shares of common of $100 a share par value to 500,000 shares of stock of no par value, is assured of ratification, according to a statement made yesterday, as the proxy committee has received proxies representing 88 per cent. of the voting common stock. A special meeting of stockholders has been called for June 13 to approve the change. Stockholders will receive three shares of new no par value stock for each share now held. There will be no change in the preferred stock.

New York Buys 100 Motor Trucks.

The White Motor Company received an order for 100 two-ton motor trucks for $300,000 from the City of New York, according to reports in Wall Street yesterday.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Metropolitan Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent for the common stock of the Western States Oil Corporation, consisting of 3,000,000 shares of the par value of $10 each, of which $10,000 shares are authorized at this time.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York has been appointed transfer agent for 395,000 additional shares of common stock of the Phillips Petroleum Company, without nominal or par value.

Shoemaker & Co. have prepared a special circular analyzing Jones Bros. Tea Company, Inc.

Battles & Co. announce that J. Stanley Johnson is now associated with them in the bond department of the New York office.

CHESTER PROJECT MONEY NOT IN SIGHT

Spokesman for Ottoman-American Concern Admits Moving Slowly to Raise Capital.

MEETING SET FOR TUESDAY

Report Is Expected Then From Montreal Man Who Surveyed the Concession.

The Ottoman-American Development Company, which was organized by Admiral Colby M. Chester, to develop his concession from the Turkish Government in Asia Minor, tried to hold a meeting yesterday, but postponed it until next Tuesday, because through an oversight a provision of the by-laws that stockholders be notified ten days in advance of any call for a meeting was not compiled with. The option, which Admiral Chester and his associates hold, to build a railroad 2,400 miles long in Asia Minor, with mining and mineral rights for twenty kilometers on each side of the right of way, making a total of 90,000 square miles, has been turned over to the above-named company for development.

Frederick S. Blackwell of the Tariff-Pierce Manufacturing Company, who is a Director and stockholder of the company, acted as spokesman at yesterday's interrupted meeting. Those present included Admiral Chester, C. M. Chester Jr., Admiral Rousseau, C. J. Bernard of Montreal, H. A. Woodhouse, William Whitthan and Frank D. Potter of Pouch & Co. Asked whether arrangements had been made to finance the development of the concession, Mr. Blackwell, with some reluctance, admitted that none had been made thus far. He explained that the concession was a big thing and that the company would have to proceed slowly in raising capital. Regarding objections to the concession understood to have been forwarded to the Turkish Government by the British and French Governments, Mr. Blackwell said that he knew nothing except what he had read in the newspapers, and added his opinion that there was no firm ground for any objections.

The company has no President at the present time. General George W. Goethals was named as the first President but resigned. It is understood that no action will be taken at next Tuesday's meeting to name a successor. Mr. Blackwell further said that Major K. E. Clayton-Kennedy of Montreal, who will arrive today from an inspection trip of the concession, was expected to submit a complete report at Tuesday's meeting. The stock of the company which is held by Canadian interests, it is said, has been placed in the hands of trustees. This is understood to have been done at the suggestion of the State Department. General Goethals and Admiral Rousseau are two of the trustees.

CRUDE OIL OUTPUT CONTINUES TO DROP

Average Daily Production Was 1,951,850 Barrels During Week Ended May 19.

Production of crude oil in the United States for the week ended May 19 averaged 1,951,850 barrels daily, according to estimates of the American Petroleum Institute. This compares with a daily average of 1,963,500 barrels in the previous week, and with 1,985,300 barrels two weeks ago. The latter total was the highest ever reported in the history of the industry.

The decline in production is due almost entirely to a curtailment of output in the California fields, where the total now averages 696,000 barrels daily, as against 705,000 barrels in the previous week, and a peak production of 710,000 barrels a day reported three weeks ago. The production in Arkansas also was reduced during the past week, but this was in part offset by increased production in Wyoming and Montana.

Inasmuch as the record-breaking production in California, which has been more than double that reported a year ago, has been the chief factor in unsettling the market for petroleum products during the past few months, the falling off in output in that section has caused a better feeling in oil trade circles during the past few days.

The opinion prevails that further attempts will be made to control production on the Pacific Coast, and if the decline continues it is believed that there will be no further cuts in the price of crude oil in the Western fields. In some sections of the country prices of refined products, especially gasoline, have been increased since the beginning of this week.

Receipts of California crude oil at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports averaged 187,714 barrels daily in the past week and 157,142 barrels the week before.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Light	22	23
Adirondack Power & Light pf	94	96
American Electrical Works	37¾	37¾
American Gas & Electric pf	40¾	41¾
American Light & Traction	114	116
American Light & Traction pf	91	92
American Power & Light	167	171
American Power & Light pf	81½	82½
American Public Utilities	38	40
American Public Utilities pf	45	48
Appalachian Power	33	35
Appalachian Power, new pf	89	93
Arkansas Light & Power	22	27
Carolina Power & Light	93	96
Cities Service	154	156
Cities Service pf	67½	68½
Cities Service pf. (Delaware)	64	65
Colorado Power	21	22½
Columbus Electric & Power	103	
Columbus Elec. & Pow. 1st pf	103	
Columbus Elec & Power 2d pf	92	95
Commonwealth Power Corp. pf	86	88
Commonwealth Pow. Ry. & Lt.	31½	32
Consumers Power pf	86	87½
Connecticut Power pf	94	
Eastern Texas Electric	103	
Eastern Texas Electric pf	81	84
El Paso Electric	123	127
Electric Bond & Share	96	97¾
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	86	87
Federal Light & Traction	90	91½
Federal Light & Traction pf	91½	92
General Gas & Electric pf A	96	100
Galveston-Houston Electric	15	20
Galveston-Houston Electric pf	49	52
Lehigh Power Sec	22½	23¾
Mississippi River Power	22	24
Mississippi River Power pf	86	93
National Power & Light	105½	106
National Power & Light pf	85½	86
Northern Ohio Electric	10	11
Northern Ohio Electric pf	30	31
Northern Ohio Power & Light	22	25
Northern Ontario L & P pf	70	73
Northern States Power	94	98
Northern States Power pf	91	
Northern Texas Electric	79	82
Northern Texas Electric pf	72	75
Oklahoma Gas & Electric pf	80	84
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	88½	90½
Pennsylvania Water & Power	100	103
Puget Sound Power & Light	46	49
Puget Sound P & L 6% pf	70	82
Republic Railway & Light	15	18
Republic Railway & Light pf	41¼	44
Southern California Edison	101½	102½
Southern California Edison pf	114	116
Standard Gas & Electric	27	28
Standard Gas & Electric pf	46¾	49¾
Tampa Electric Power	143	146
Tennessee Electric Power	14½	15
Tennessee Electric Power 6% pf	70	73
Tennessee Electric Power 2d pf	40½	43
Tennessee Electric Power 7% pf	89	91
United Light & Railway	150	152
United Light & Railway pf	84	87
Western Power	29	32
Western Power pf	79	82

BONDS.

Adirondack P & L 5s, 1950	90½	100½
Am. Gas & Elec. 5s, 2014	82¾	84¾
Am. Gas & Light 5s, 2016	85½	86½
Appalachian Power 1st 5s, 1941	87	88½
Cities Service deb. B	111	
Cities Service deb C	96	
Cities Service 5s, 1966	70½	72½
City Light & Trac. 5s, 1952	67	69
Columbus Elec & Pow 5s, 1947	99½	101¼
Cons Cities Gas & Pow 5s, 1962	70	75
Cal Power 1st 5s, 1963	86½	88½
Connecticut Power 5s, 1923	97	
East Texas Electric 5s, 1943	83	86
El Paso Electric 5s, 1949	88	90
Galveston-Houston 5s, 1954	80	83
General Gas & Electric 5s, 1952	93	100
Houston Electric 1st 5s, 1925	97	99
Lehigh Power Sec 5s, 1951	89½	91½
Mississippi River Power 5s, 1951	89	91½
Mississippi River Power 7s, 1935	100	102
Northern States Power 5s, 1941	89½	91
Northern States Power 7s, 1936	99½	100
Nebraska Power 1st 5s, 1947	89	90
N. News & Hp Ry, G & E 5s, '54	79	80
Northern Texas Elec. 5s, 1946	81½	83
Puget Sound P & L 7%s, 1941	100	102
Savannah Elec & Pr 7½s, 1941	103½	105½
Seattle Electric 5s, 1929	92	94
South. California Edison 5s, 1939	94½	96
South California Edison 6s, 1944	100½	101½
Standard Gas & Electric 6s, 1935	85	90
Standard Gas & Electric 6s, 1926	98½	100
Tampa Electric 5s, 1933	92	95
Utah Light & Traction 5s, 1934	103	107
Western States G. C. 5s, 1941	96	99

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1923.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10 Adirondack P & L pf	22½	22½	22½
50 Allied Packers, new	2	2	2
100 AmCeramic, cum pf w I	101	101	101
100 AmDrugSdrs, Class A	11½	11½	11½
300 AmG&E, new	37½	37½	37½
400 Am Lt & Trac pf	41¾	41	41¾
100 Am Hawaiian SS	17	17	17
100 AmLoco, new, w I	87	87	87
400 Am Superpower, new, w I	24½	24	24½
100 AmThread pf	4	4	4
200 ArcherDaniels, Midland	37	37	37
1,000 Armstr of Del 7% pf	91½	91	91
50 Boston Co	116	116	116
200 Bost Mach, 1st pf	105	105	105
100 Brit Int, B	13¾	13¾	13¾
100 Do Ser A	13¾	13¾	13¾
600 Brit-Am Tob Ord	56	51½	54
Do coupon	21¾	21½	21½
700 Buddy Bids	12	11½	11½
200 Car L & P pf	4	4	4
10 Celluloid	108½	108½	108½
100 CentrifCastI	13½	12½	13½
200 Cent Ter Sug	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,500 CheckChairs, Class A	56	51½	54
1,300 Chi Nipple, A	4	3¾	4
4,000 Chi Sil Whl	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,000 Do pf	3¾	3¾	3¾
300 Clevel'd Mot	26¾	26¼	26¼
800 ConSCashSt	57	56	57
900 Doug Pectin	13½	13½	13½
1,200 DubilierCond	19	9¼	10
100 Du Pont Mot	5¾	5¾	5¾
7,700 Durant Mot	53¾	51½	53¾
200 Do of Ind	13½	13½	13½
1,200 Eaton Axle & Spr, w I	26½	25¾	26
2,600 Federal Tel	4¾	4¾	4¾
10 Ford Mot of Can	415	415	415
900 Garland SS	80	80	80
100 Glen A Coal	60¾	60¾	60¾
500 G'dyearTAR	14¾	14	14¾
100 HudsMahanRR	98	98	98
600 Hydraul Corp	21¾	21¼	21¾
300 Imp Tob Of G & I rct	21	20¾	21
600 Int Carbon	73	73	73
100 Int Match	6	6	6
100 Mercer Mot	84c	80c	84c
200 Midvale, w I	15¾	15¾	15¾
400 Nassau	41¾	41¾	41¾
100 Nat Leather	2	2	2
600 Nichols(Del)	99¾	98¾	99¾
28 N Y Tel pf	105¾	105¾	105¾
200 Ontario Corp	2¾	2¾	2¾
300 Peerless Truck	42¾	42¾	42¾
600 Prima Radio	9¾	8¾	9¾
600 Radio Corp	7¾	7¾	7¾
1,000 Do pf	37¾	37¾	37¾
1,600 Rec Motors	19¾	18¾	19¾
125 Ray Hug Ref	25¾	25¾	25¾
1,000 Reo Mot Car	20¾	20¾	20¾
100 Stand Motor	2¾	2¾	2¾
600 Stutz Motor	16	15½	16
65 Swift & Co	103½	103½	103½
100 Tech Prod	6¾	6¾	6¾
100 Timken Det	10	10	10
100 Tinius Olsen, new	11	11	11
600 Tob Prod Exp	49	48¾	49
1,000 Triangle Film	15c	15c	15c
100 Un Bakeries	27¾	27¾	27¾
100 Do pf	85	85	85
1,400 Un Drug 6% pf	49	49	49
2,300 U S Lt & H	10	10	10
100 Do pf	3¾	3¾	3¾
200 Wayne Coal	1¾	1¾	1¾
600 West V Mfg	57¾	57¾	57¾

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

1,900 Ang-Am Oil	19½	19¼	19¾
100 Atl Lobos	2¾	2¾	2¾
25 Crescent P L	17¾	17¾	17¾
40 Eureka P L	101	100	101
110 Gal-Sig Oil	62	60¾	61¼
160 Illinois P L	165¾	167¼	167½
400 Imp O (Can) coupon	110	108	108¾
10 Indiana P L	86	86	86
13,000 Inter Pet	19¾	17¾	18¾
200 Magnolia Pt	142	141	142
10 North P L	106	104	104
200 Ohio Oil	67	65¾	67
40 Prai O & G	208	208	208
160 Prairie P L	102	102	102
30 South Penn	130	134½	135
10 Southern P L	80	80	80
300 S O of Ken	57	56	57
200 S O of Kan	43¾	43	43
900 S O of N Y	82	81	82
8,700 S O of N J	69¾	69¼	69¾
3,850 Vacuum Oil	47¾	46¾	47¾
25 Washington	25	23	23

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

500 Ark Nat-Gas, A	6¼	6¼	6½
100 Barrington, Class A	11¼	11	11¼
cum pf w I	101	101	101
100 AmDrugSdrs, Class A	11¼	11¼	11¼
300 AmG&E, new	37½	37¼	37½
400 Am Lt & Trac pf	41¾	41	41¾
100 Am Hawaiian SS	17	17	17
100 AmLoco, new, w I	87	87	87
400 Am Superpower, new, w I	24½	24	24½
100 AmThread pf	4	4	4
200 ArcherDaniels, Midland	37	37	37
1,000 Armstr of Del 7% pf	91½	91	91
50 Boston Co	116	116	116
200 Bost Mach, 1st pf	105	105	105
100 Brit Int, B	13¾	13¾	13¾
100 Do Ser A	13¾	13¾	13¾
600 Brit-Am Tob Ord	56	51½	54
Do coupon	21¾	21½	21½
700 Buddy Bids	12	11½	11½
200 Car L & P pf	4	4	4
10 Celluloid	108½	108½	108½
100 CentrifCastI	13½	12½	13½
200 Cent Ter Sug	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,500 CheckChairs, Class A	56	51½	54
1,300 Chi Nipple, A	4	3¾	4
4,000 Chi Sil Whl	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,000 Do pf	3¾	3¾	3¾
300 Clevel'd Mot	26¾	26¼	26¼
800 ConSCashSt	57	56	57
900 Doug Pectin	13½	13½	13½
1,200 DubilierCond	19	9¼	10
100 Du Pont Mot	5¾	5¾	5¾
7,700 Durant Mot	53¾	51½	53¾
200 Do of Ind	13½	13½	13½
1,200 Eaton Axle & Spr, w I	26½	25¾	26
2,600 Federal Tel	4¾	4¾	4¾
10 Ford Mot of Can	415	415	415

900 Garland SS	80	80	80
100 Glen A Coal	60¾	60¾	60¾
500 G'dyearTAR	14¾	14	14¾
100 HudsMahanRR	98	98	98
600 Hydraul Corp	21¾	21¼	21¾
300 Imp Tob Of G & I rct	21	20¾	21
600 Int Carbon	73	73	73
100 Int Match	6	6	6
100 Mercer Mot	84c	80c	84c
200 Midvale, w I	15¾	15¾	15¾
400 Nassau	41¾	41¾	41¾
100 Nat Leather	2	2	2
600 Nichols(Del)	99¾	98¾	99¾
28 N Y Tel pf	105¾	105¾	105¾
200 Ontario Corp	2¾	2¾	2¾
300 Peerless Truck	42¾	42¾	42¾
600 Prima Radio	9¾	8¾	9¾
600 Radio Corp	7¾	7¾	7¾
1,000 Do pf	37¾	37¾	37¾
1,600 Rec Motors	19¾	18¾	19¾
125 Ray Hug Ref	25¾	25¾	25¾
1,000 Reo Mot Car	20¾	20¾	20¾
100 Stand Motor	2¾	2¾	2¾
600 Stutz Motor	16	15½	16
65 Swift & Co	103½	103½	103½
100 Tech Prod	6¾	6¾	6¾
100 Timken Det	10	10	10
100 Tinius Olsen, new, w I	11	11	11
600 Tob Prod Exp	49	48¾	49
1,000 Triangle Film	15c	15c	15c
100 Un Bakeries	27¾	27¾	27¾
100 Do pf	85	85	85
1,400 Un Drug 6% pf	49	49	49
2,300 U S Lt & H	10	10	10
100 Do pf	3¾	3¾	3¾
200 Wayne Coal	1¾	1¾	1¾
600 West V Mfg	57¾	57¾	57¾

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
400 Alaska-Brit	2¾	2¾	2¾
400 Amalgamation	2¾	2¾	2¾
5,000 Ark Globe C	4¢	4¢	4¢
18,000 Belcher Ext	3c	3c	3c
1,000 Big Ledge	4c	4c	4c
4,000 Boss Min Con	10c	10c	10c
5,400 Butte & West	2¾	2	2
500 Cassiar Con	1¾	1¾	1¾
107,000 Candelaria	10c	9c	10c
2,000 Calum & Hecla	4c	4c	4c
2,000 Con Ner-U-Mi	10c	10c	10c
100 Consol Min	4¾	4¾	4¾
1,000 Cortez Sil	60c	60c	60c
700 Cres Cr G M	3¾	3¾	3¾
125 DL&W Coal	68½	67½	68½
100 Dolores Esp	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000 Divide Ext	7c	7c	7c
3,000 Dundee-C	15c	15c	15c
21,000 Fortuna Con	21c	20c	21c
500 Gold Data	45c	45c	45c
8,000 Golden State	4c	4c	4c
12,000 Geist Desp	11c	10c	11c
7,000 Goldf Flor	4c	4c	4c
1,000 Goldf Mex	41c	41c	41c
6,000 Gold Zone D	3c	3c	3c
18,000 Henriette Sil	20c	20c	20c
1,000 Hilltop New	17¾	17¾	17¾
1,000 Hollinger	13	13	13
1,000 Inca Con	1¾	1¾	1¾
5,000 Inf Lead	2c	2c	2c
3,000 Iron Blossom	1¾	1¾	1¾
100 Jerome-VDev	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,000 Jerry Dev	6¾	6¾	6¾
100 Kewanee Pf	45	45	45
1,000 LoneStarCon	4c	4c	4c
20,000 Marsh Mines	16c	14c	16c
100 Mex Metals	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000 Mex Gold	2c	2c	2c
2,000 McNass G Dev	2c	2c	2c
1,000 Mahkeen	6c	6c	6c
5,000 Nat Tin	17c	15c	17c
1,164 New Don A	5¼	5¼	5¼

BONDS.

(In $1,000s' lots.)

$ Allied Pack 8	70	70	70
2 Am Ag Chem 7s, 1925	100	100	100
2 Am Sumat Tob 7½s	90½	90½	90½
3 Am T&T 6s, 1924	100½	100½	100½
2 Angio-A O Tr 6½s	102¾	102¾	102¾
2 Am Cot Oil 5s	100	100	100
47 Armour of Del 5½s, Ser B	93	90	90½
11 Atl G & W I Tr ctf 5s, '59	49	48½	49
4 Beaver Bd 6s, '33	78½	78½	78½
1 Bush Bld 7½s	102½	102½	102½
1 Do 7s	101½	101½	101½
1 Can Pac 4s, 1954	75½	75½	75½
3 Cen Steel 8s	94	94	94
1 Cal Gruaki 6s	22	22	22
6 Do ctfs of dep	22	22	22
1 Con G, El L & P of Balt 5s, A	100½	102½	102½
1940	98½	98½	98½
2 Cons Tex 5s, 1941	98½	98½	98½
23 Dets City Gas 6s	99	99	99
2 Det Edis 5s, '33	101½	101½	101½
1 Do 5s, '41	97	97	97
1 Fed Land 5½s	97¼	97¼	97¼
1 Do 5s, 1941	100½	100½	100½
1 Fisk Rub 8s	100	100	100
1 Gen Asphalt 6s	90	90	90
1 Gen Electric 4½s	97½	97½	97½
1,000 Gen Motors 6s	99½	99½	99½
1 Gimbel Bros 4½s	84½	84½	84½
1 Goodrich Co 5½s	91½	91½	91½
1 Goldw'n F 6½s	97	97	97
1 Granby Cons 7s	95	95	95
1 Gray-Davis 7½s	100½	100½	100½
1 Gt Nor pf A	79¾	79¾	79¾
1 Do B	73¾	73¾	73¾
1,245 Gulf St Sts 5s	92½	92½	92½
1 Hayes Whl 7s	98	98	98
1 Houston Oil 7s	86	86	86
1 Hupp M Car 8s	97½	97½	97½
1 Do Ctf Dep	97½	97½	97½
1 Int Cement 6s	98½	98½	98½
1 Int Harvest 5½s	97½	97½	97½
1 Int Mer Mar 6s	100½	100½	100½
1 Int Paper 5s	93½	93½	93½
1 Int Rys 6s	93	93	93
1 Kelly Spr T 6½s	98½	98½	98½
1 Kresge Dept 6s	100	100	100
1 Lehigh Val 6s	100½	100½	100½
1 Liggett & M 6s	100½	100½	100½
1 Lorillard 7s	104½	104½	104½
1 Mengel Co 6½s	98	98	98
1 Mex Petrol 6½s	98½	98½	98½
1 Nat Acme 6s	98½	98½	98½
1 Nat Leather 8s	100	100	100
1 Nat Sugar Ref 6s	100	100	100
1 Nat Tube 5s	98½	98½	98½
1 Nor Pac 4s	75½	75½	75½
1 Ohio Cities Gas 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Ohio Fuel Sup 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Ohio Oil 5½s	97½	97½	97½
1 Ohio Power 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Ohio Public Ser 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Ohio Service 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Ohio Utilities 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Penn-Mex Fuel 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Phillips Petrol 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Pierce Oil 8s	97½	97½	97½
1 Pierce-Arrow 7s	97½	97½	97½
1 Pierce Oil 8s	97½	97½	97½
1 Pure Oil 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Republic Iron 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Reading 4s	97½	97½	97½
1 Roxana Pet 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Sapulpa Refining 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Shell Union Oil 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Simms Petrol 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Sinclair Oil 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Skelly Oil 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Standard Oil of Ky 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Standard Oil of N J 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Standard Oil of N Y 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Texas Co 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Texas Gulf Sul 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Texas & Pac 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 TexAP C&O 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 TimkenRollB 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Tob Prod 7s	97½	97½	97½
1 Tol Edison 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Tol Trac, Lt & Pr 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Transcont Oil 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Tri-City Ry & Lt 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Union Pac 4s	97½	97½	97½
1 Un Tob Co 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Un Typewriter 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Utah Pow & Lt 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Va Iron C&C 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Vacuum Oil 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Victor Talking Mach 7s	97½	97½	97½
1 Wabash 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Warner Sug 7s	97½	97½	97½
1 Wayne Pump 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Wells Fargo Exp 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Western Pac 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Western Pipe 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Wilson & Co 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Wilson Line 6s	97½	97½	97½
1 Woolworth 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Worthington 5s	97½	97½	97½
1 Yale & Towne 5s	97½	97½	97½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, MAY 24.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
250 Ajax Rub	10¾	10¾	10¾
1,200 Allied C & D	70¾	69¾	70¾
310 Allis-Ch	49	48¾	49
250 Am. Ag Chem	13½	13½	13½
220 Am B Magn	40¾	37¾	40¾
7,650 Amer Can	99¼	94¾	99¼
70 Am C & F, 1st	110	110	110
150 Am Cot Oil	8¾	8¾	8¾
150 Am Dr Syst	5	5	5
400 Am Hide	48¾	48¾	48¾
100 Am Indep	25¾	24¾	25¾
180 Am Intern	49	49	49
250 Am Linseed	23¾	23¾	23¾
196 Am Locom	137	135	136¾
316 Am Metals	44	43¾	43¾
115 Am Sm & R	57	56¾	56¾
180 Am Sh & C	14¾	14¾	14¾
687 Am Sm & R	57¾	56¾	57¼
450 Am Sug Ref	75	73¾	73¾
132 Am Ta & T	102¾	102	102¾
170

NEW ENGLAND ROADS ASK TRUNK GROUPING

Pearson of New Haven Favors I. C. C. Regional System If B. & A. Is Included.

SUGGESTS A CANADIAN LINK

Hustis Proposes Traffic Plan, Not Consolidation, for Boston & Maine and C. P. R. or Grand Trunk.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Two Presidents of New England railroads—James H. Hustis of the Boston & Maine, and E. J. Pearson of the New York, New Haven & Hartford—today laid their views on railway consolidation before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Differing with the Government's tentative plans, Mr. Hustis asked the commission to leave open several alternatives in proposing consolidation plans for his road so that its stockholders and users might have opportunity to make the best adjustment possible.

Mr. Pearson, while of the opinion that his road might be left by itself, expressed, with qualifications, approval of the Government's plan of putting New England lines into one system. The Boston & Albany, now a part of the New York Central system, he said, should be detached and put into the New England merger, while the Lehigh & New England and the Lehigh & Hudson, which the commission proposes to put into the New England group, should be left outside.

With E. C. Buckland, Vice President of the New Haven, Mr. Pearson went into a discussion of the system's financial condition, after expressing his general conclusion that the road had a fair chance to earn satisfactory returns as a single system.

As to a consolidated New England system along the lines he proposed Mr. Pearson said that it would "perform distinct territorial service" and give New England free opportunity of access to sea and water routes.

Sees Surplus in "Proper Valuations"

Mr. Buckland, drawn into a discussion of the New Haven's corporate deficit of $22,000,000, said this would be "turned into a substantial surplus after proper valuation" of the road's property. Its Central Vermont line, its leased lines generally, and its physical property, he asserted, in responding to questions from Commissioner Eastman, will work out to give it greater valuations than the present figures.

Mr. Hustis suggested that some arrangement, "short of actual consolidation," be made between the Boston & Maine Railroad and either the Canadian Pacific Railway or the Canadian National Railways. He believed arguments in favor of the proposed "all-New England" consolidation plan were too indefinite. Of the proposed consolidation of the New England roads with a trunk line he said:

"It would be both to the advantage of the Boston & Maine as well as to the territory served by it to be affiliated with a strong East and West system. Whatever economies in management or operation might result from a New England system would be more than offset by economies resulting from an affiliation with a trunk line which would result in a long haul under one management. At the present time the only system answering that description is the New York Central."

Turning to the Canadian suggestion, President Hustis said:

"The Boston & Maine has a substantial interchange with the Canadian Pacific direct and with the Grand Trunk (now the Canadian National Railways) through the Central Vermont.

"New England traffic is regarded as attractive by both of these lines and a high quality of service is maintained through these Northern gateways, which has probably been quite as effective in maintaining the popularity of these routes as have the Western differential rates.

Seeks Canadian Agreement.

"The suggestion has been made that one or the other of these lines might take over the Boston & Maine. It is doubtful whether the commission has power under the statute to recommend consolidation of American roads with the two large Canadian systems. Moreover, important political considerations would be involved in such an arrangement.

"But there is nothing to prevent some arrangement short of actual consolidation satisfactory to those interests and that could, I trust, be found by the findings of the commission in this case will not foreclose us from entering into such an arrangement. In any event and in any plan which may be adopted, the importance only of these routes not only to New England but to the Boston & Maine will, of course, be recognized."

Asserting that if the Boston & Maine were left free to conduct its own negotiations he had no doubt arrangements satisfactory to its owners and users could be made, President Hustis said that the railroad was not seeking alliances with other railroads.

"The Boston & Maine would be of real value to any trunk system," he said. "It is not a property to be scrapped or to be taken over as a bankrupt concern at the expense of its owners, who are entitled to a return on their investments, and should obtain it if the act is interpreted as I believe it will be."

QUITS CLAIMS COMMISSION.

Robert C. Morris Resigns as American Agent on German Damages.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Robert C. Morris of New York, American agent before the German-American Mixed Claims Commission, tendered his resignation today to President Harding. Announcement was made at the White House that he was retiring "at the insistent call of his personal and professional affairs."

The resignation of Mr. Morris was the second among officials of the Claims Commission within a week. William R. Day, former Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, resigned several days ago as umpire of the commission because he felt that a younger and stronger man should be assigned to the work which involves the settlement of claims amounting to a billion and a half dollars as his successor. As his successor the President appointed Edwin P. Parker of Houston, Texas, who had been the American member of the commission.

Mr. Morris since the organization of the commission last October has been engaged in preparing briefs on the claims that the American Government and its citizens have against Germany as the result of war damages and has built up a staff to conduct the presentation of claims. This staff now is functioning so well that he could return to his law practice in New York. The White House announcement of his resignation said it had been postponed "until the organization of the American agency was fully perfected in every way."

Rupprecht on Business Outlook.

Frederick K. Rupprecht, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Consolidated Textile Corporation and President of Converse & Co., speaking on general business conditions, yesterday said: "I regard the situation as fundamentally sound, and I see no reason why the present satisfactory state of affairs should not continue. As far as our own business is concerned we have had a satisfactory year, and although trade has been quiet during the last few weeks this is not unusual at this time of the year."

SIX MEN INDICTED IN N. J. POLICE MURDER

Two Involved in Bederski Case Were Formerly Patrolmen on Newark Force.

Though no official announcement was made of the outcome of its deliberations, it was learned last night that the Essex County Grand Jury in Newark yesterday afternoon indicted six men for the murder on the morning of May 11 of Patrolman Peter Bederski.

Bederski was killed by a bullet fired by one of the burglars surprised by Patrolman Louis Thomas while they were robbing the warehouse of the Bernstein Furniture Company in Jelliffe Avenue. Bederski was one of the burglars. Two of those indicted for murder are former Newark policemen. Both have been dismissed since the shooting. Five of the men were indicted for burglary and five for receiving stolen goods.

Those indicted for Bederski's murder are Adam Dresch, 32, of 97 Wilsey Street, Newark, a dismissed patrolman, now at large; Theodore Schaeffer, 42, of 29 Duryea Street, Newark, the other dismissed patrolman; Leonard G. Hetschel, 24, of 65 Colt Street, Irvington; Louis Ginsletaub, 30, of 160 Broome Street, Newark; Jack Glucksman, 24, of 291 Hillside Avenue, Newark, and Dan McGowan, a New York ex-convict, also a fugitive.

For the warehouse burglary and for breaking into the United States Tire Company building at Jay and Central Avenues, these men were indicted on burglary charges: McGowan, Hetschel, Dresch, Ginsletaub and Jerry Kehoe of New York, who is a fugitive.

The following, charged with getting some of the 147 stolen tires, were indicted for receiving stolen goods: Harold Freese, an ex-pugilist; Melvin Everitt, William Ralph, William Mustock and Antonio Masucci. Mustock is a substitute policeman in Orange, N. J.

Joseph Casey, a truckman, and Fred Schaefer, brother of the former patrolman, are in custody as material witnesses.

Much of the evidence on which the indictments were based was in the form of confessions by Hetschel and Theodore Schaeffer. They are said to have recounted to the authorities complete details of the depredations of the gang extending over two years and involving more than forty burglaries and other crimes.

It was from these two prisoners that information was obtained that led to the suspension of three guards of the Essex County Jail. These guards are accused of having permitted Bederski, Dresch and others to visit John McKenna, a burglar awaiting sentence, a few hours before the shooting.

The police say McKenna was visited for instructions on how to commit the burglary and that he was brought from New York by Patrolman Bederski to instruct the gang in its criminal program. McKenna was arrested during a burglary from which Bederski escaped. Within half an hour of McKenna's arrest Bederski had reported for duty and was patrolling his beat.

The arrest of Mustock, a chanceman, or substitute policeman, in Orange, has caused the authorities of Orange to investigate all the sixty men listed as chancemen. It was learned yesterday that two of them had been appointed in face of the fact that they had served terms for crimes.

It was revealed that a number of those on the list are dead and that although others have been dismissed, there is no record of their dismissal. Others, still listed as chancemen and prospective regular policemen, no longer live in Orange.

DISAGREE IN LIBEL CASE.

Jury Discharged in Trial of Former Surrogate of Hackensack.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., May 24.—After four hours' deliberation the jury disagreed tonight in the trial of ex-Surrogate Robert A. Sibbald, indicted for criminal libel. Surrogate J. Blauvelt Hopper, the complainant, was the last witness.

At the last election the two men were rival candidates for Surrogate, Sibbald, a Democrat, being beaten for the second time. He accused Hopper of making his deputy split all fees on appraisements, but the Surrogate denied this emphatically. Clyde Bogert, the former deputy, yesterday testified he did split the fees. Sibbald also sent a letter to the officials of the County Tuberculosis Association of which Hopper was President, attacking Hopper.

To Move Executive Offices.

Executive offices of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Company and the Hocking Valley Railway Company will be moved early in June to Cleveland, Ohio, it was learned yesterday. They will be operated in connection with the headquarters of the other Van Sweringen interests. Stock transfers probably will be handled through J. P. Morgan & Co. after the removal.

MISSING PERSONS.

The following persons were reported as missing to the police yesterday:

JOSEPH RUSSO, 16 years old, 618 East Twenty-fifth Street, Elmhurst, L. I., S. A. M.; May 21; height 5 feet, weight 140 pounds; brown eyes, light hair, dark complexion, blue coat with stripe, gray pants, black shoes and stockings, gray hat.

ISABEL ZITTRELLO, 16 years old, 98 Roosevelt Street, 7 P. M., May 22; height 5 feet, 6 inches, weight 105 pounds, brown eyes, black hair, dark complexion, brown suit, black shoes and stockings, blue and red hat.

WILLIAM SAMUS, 10 years old, 118 East Seventh Street, 6 A. M., May 21; height 4 feet 6 inches, weight 60 pounds, gray eyes, light hair, fair complexion, dark green suit, tan shoes, black stockings, gray cap.

JOHN MORTON, 14 years old, 2,580 Eighth Avenue; 12:10 P. M. March 23; height 5 feet 2 inches, weight 100 pounds; blue eyes, light hair, fair complexion; green mixed suit, brown shoes, black stockings, red and blue cap.

HENRY MESSINA, 12 years old, 201 Butler Street, Brooklyn; 10:20 A. M. May 23; height 4 feet 2 inches, weight 90 pounds; gray eyes, brown hair, dark complexion; blue striped suit, brown shoes, black stockings, gray checked cap.

HERMAN MENKE, 45 years old, 110 Bradhurst Avenue; 3 P. M. May 19; height 5 feet 9 inches, weight 135 pounds; blue eyes, light hair, fair complexion; dark blue suit, white shirt, black tie, black shoes and stockings, brown hat.

DANIEL McAULIFF, 45 years old, 54 Stuben Street, Brooklyn; 2 P. M. May 19; height 5 feet 9 inches, weight 175 pounds; blue eyes, black hair, dark complexion; black coat, blue pants with white stripe, tan shoes and stockings, blue cap.

THOMAS ABLOI, 11 years old, 172 West Houston Street; 2 P. M. May 23; height 4 feet 5 inches, weight 90 pounds; brown eyes, chestnut hair, dark complexion; gray suit, white shirt, blue and white tie, brown shoes, gray cap.

Missing Persons Located.

WILFRED JOHANSEN, 2 years old, 329 Third Avenue; reported May 12, located May 18.

THOMAS RICHARDS, 78 years old, 320 West Thirtieth Street; reported missing May 13, located May 15.

ALFRED OLIVE, 9 years old, 175 Baltic Street, Brooklyn; reported May 14, located May 16.

SOLOMON BIERSTEIN, 14 years old, West Twenty-third Street, Coney Island; reported May 15, located May 16.

FRANK KRONSTADT, 16 years old, 222 East 105d Street, reported May 15, located May 16.

RAMIRA MASON, 13 years old, 67 Columbia Place, Brooklyn, reported May 15, located May 19.

CHARLES GRACI, 15 years old, 533 East Forty-first Street, reported May 16, located May 17.

WILLIAM NELSON, 36 years old, 94 Quentine Road, Brooklyn, reported May 17, located May 18.

DOROTHY REAGAN, 13 years old, 249 Eighty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, reported May 17, located May 17.

SAMUEL UFNICK, 26 years old, 2,930 West Twenty-seventh Street, Brooklyn, reported May 19, located May 18.

EX-OFFICE BOY HEAD OF BANK INSTITUTE

New York Chapter Picks Jacob C. Klinck of Metropolitan Trust for President.

HAS MEMBERSHIP OF 5,000

William G. F. Price of National City Chosen First Vice President at Meeting.

Jacob C. Klinck, formerly an office boy and now Trust Officer of the Metropolitan Trust Company, was yesterday elected President of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Banking. Other officers elected were William G. F. Price of the National City Bank, First Vice President; Charles H. Schoch of the Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company, Second Vice President; Louis H. Ohlrogge of the National Park Bank, Treasurer, and Edwin C. Estes of the South Brooklyn Savings Institution, Chief Consul.

The following were elected Governors for the three-year term ending May 31, 1926: Godfrey F. Godfrey, State Banking Department; Henry Billman, Manufacturers' Trust Company; William Clements, Citizens Savings Bank; John Dieckert, Federal Reserve Bank; William H. Moorhead, Chase National Bank; Alfred E. Schneider, American Exchange National Bank; Alfred C. Steele, Farmers Loan and Trust Company; Charles D. Wheelock, Corn Exchange Bank, and George W. Wright, Bowery Savings Bank. Mr. Klinck is also a Governor.

The New York Chapter of the American Institute of Banking has a membership of 5,000, of whom 3,000 are enrolled in the various classes contained in the institute's curriculum. There are four standard courses—banking, trust companies, savings banks and investment banking. In the graduating class of 1923 there are ninety men.

CONFER ON ARGENTINA LOAN

Buenos Aires Reports Move to Renew $50,000,000 Due in October.

BUENOS AIRES, May 24.—It is understood that there is a possibility of renewing the $50,000,000 loan negotiated by Argentina in 1921 through Blair & Co. and the Chase National Bank of New York. The loan falls due on Oct. 1 next.

The question was discussed yesterday at a conference between Minister of Finance Vegas and a representative of the bankers. Argentina, it is indicated, seeks more favorable terms than were obtained originally when the 7 per cent. bonds were issued at 97.

Señor Vegas said the bankers' representative called attention to the exceptionally favorable condition in the American market for floating a large loan.

Representatives of Blair & Co. and the Chase National Bank, who could be reached last night said that they knew nothing of a renewal of negotiations with representatives of the Argentine Government in connection with extending the loan which matures next October.

FRIEDSAM ON ARBITRATION.

Asks Co-operation of Garment Industry at Luncheon by Franklin Simon.

For the purpose of forwarding the educational work of the Arbitration Society of America and to gain the co-operation of the garment industry of New York, a luncheon was given yesterday at the Garment City Club by Franklin Simon, head of Franklin Simon & Co., which was attended by a large number of representatives of the cloak, suit and fur industries.

Colonel Michael Friedsam, the head of B. Altman & Co., the principal guest, endorsed the principles of the Arbitration Society and advised the active support of the industry for a more general use of the society. Other speakers were William Bloom, Henry H. Finder, Max Lachman, Louis Lustig, Samuel Ullman, Harry Uviller, Ernest J. Wile and Judge Moses H. Grossman, Vice President of the society.

Mr. Simon, who is also Chairman of the Trades Committee of the Arbitration Society, appointed a committee, composed of members of the various garment trades to enroll their fellows in the arbitration movement.

18,763 FIRES HERE IN 1922.

Chief Kenlon Warns Against Building Frame Houses.

Fire Chief John Kenlon, speaking at the weekly luncheon of the Brooklyn Rotary Club in the Hotel Bossert yesterday, declared it should be against the law to build any more frame buildings in Brooklyn and warned of possible disaster if a fire should start in one of the sections where there are many frame houses.

Chief Kenlon said: "New York has the largest but not the greatest fire department in the world." His audience laughed, but Chief Kenlon did not explain just what he meant.

The department was called upon to fight 18,763 fires during 1922, he said, and in the single month of March, 1922, there were 1,894 fires in the city. He said there had been hardly one night during his twelve years in the Fire Department that he had not been called from his home to attend a fire.

SAVES $3,000 PAYROLL.

Boston & Maine Agent, Poked With Pistol, Foils Robbers.

BOSTON, May 24.—A payroll of $3,000 was saved today by Emerson Thompson, station agent of the Boston & Maine Railroad at East Somerville, notwithstanding that one of two robbers held a revolver against his body.

Thompson, backing away from the place where he had the payroll hidden, said it had not arrived. The men went away, but came back a moment later, and one again held the revolver against Thompson with a renewed demand. Persisting in his first statement, Thompson backed out of the station door and the robbers fled, fearing he would sound an alarm.

Resolutions on Homer A. Lattin.

The Board of Governors of the New York Curb Market at their meeting yesterday adopted resolutions in memory of the late Homer A. Lattin, formerly a member of the Board. The resolution was signed by John W. Curtis, President of the Curb.

For Optional Military Training.

MADISON, Wis., May 24.—The Sachtjen bill making military training optional instead of compulsory at the University of Wisconsin was concurred in by the Senate last night, and sent to Governor Blaine today for his signature.

$5,465,000 in Gold Arrives.

About $5,465,000 of gold in 165 pieces arrived here yesterday on the Homeric, of which $5,000,000 was for the account of the British Government and consigned to J. P. Morgan & Co. The balance was open market gold, consigned to Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

NEW CROP COTTON IN ACTIVE DEMAND

Unfavorable Reports From South Lead to Extensive Purchases of All Late Months.

The broadening tendency evident in new crop operations for the first time Wednesday developed rapidly yesterday and most active cotton trading so far this season resulted. The May and July situation has claimed attention for many weeks with the effect of obscuring the real importance of conditions surrounding the next crop, and price movements have been lacking in consistency. But with an unsatisfactory instead of a fine, early start, the market shows increasing nervousness over the first Government report due June 1st. The ten year average is 73.6 and no private estimate has yet reached that figure. Figures issued by the Crop Reporting Bureau on the par yield of cotton per acre indicated that a lower average than last year will be used in estimating production this season. Though no official announcement has yet been made by the Department of Agriculture of a change from the 221.6 par average for May published a year ago, details by States were such as to have a decided influence on sentiment. Volume of business in late months expanded materially and prices gained 32 to 79 points.

From the start, trading indicated a broadening demand for new crop positions. A slight advance instead of the decline due in Liverpool put October contracts abroad 235 points over the New York closing. As differences have been as low as 100 points recently, this reflected a growing feeling of nervousness in foreign circles over the American crop outlook. An opening rush of buying orders ran July to 27.20 when cotton poured into the ring from all directions and caused a sharp break of 35 points soon after the call. But late months met buying orders on extensive scales. These were most prominent in October. The course of July appeared to exert but little influence on the new crop positions. Large blocks were wanted on any slight setback, with decided absence of selling pressure. Houses that have taken little interest in the market for several weeks became active on the buying side. While purchases were in some instances to terminate obligations previously made, new buying developed in many quarters. As the day wore on there were more large buying orders executed in October than at any previous time this season. Similiar conditions prevailed in New Orleans so that prices moved upward steadily with only slight reactions. By early afternoon July was selling 10 points below opening figures and October 40 points higher than the call price.

Private reports regarding conditions in the cotton belt were not calculated to inspire confidence. There had been no moisth, gold, wet weather that proper cultivation depends on recently and labor had presented serious difficulties to the Southern planter. With a normal season the labor problem would have attracted less attention. But with more cultivation called for in order to free fields from grass the situation is causing some apprehension. Instead of clearing, weather was again unfavorable throughout Arkansas, Oklahoma and Tennessee. Even in Atlantic sections, where rainfall proved light, there were night temperatures in the 50s, which is not good growing weather for this season of the year. Owing to recent liquidation of a somewhat speculative long interest in old crop months, late positions became unduly depressed.

This started an active demand from trade sources two weeks ago and has been followed by speculative covering and new buying. As compared with 22.12 for October, touched on May 12, that month sold above 24.80 yesterday. The rise was accompanied by many reports of an increased demand for spot cotton from mills and export quarters, which served to accentuate discounts prevailing on new crop positions. Interest continued to be centred in the course of October and December rather than in July, and as a result the July premium decreased from 300 points the previous day to around 230 points at times during the afternoon. Activity was maintained in final trading, with 1423 months ending at high prices of the session.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
*May	27.60	27.70			27.20
July	27.10@27.31	28.85	27.05@27.10	26.73	
Oct.	24.35	24.96	24.13	24.78@24.83	23.60
Dec.	23.85	24.38	23.73	24.30@24.35	23.53
Jan.	23.55	24.15	23.46	23.98@23.98	23.25
Mch.	23.56	24.00	23.41	23.88@23.88	23.23

*May expired at noon.

The local market for spot cotton was steady, 15 points advance for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.20, 35 points advance; New Orleans, 27.75, 25 points advance; Savannah, 28.06, 31 points advance; Augusta, 28.50, 26 points advance; Memphis, 27.75, 25 points advance; Houston, 28c, 25 points advance; Little Rock, 27c, 25 points advance.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	3,161	6,698	15,761
Exports	5,508	14,945	24,869
Exports, season	4,895,388	4,371,166	5,133,512
N. Y. stocks	86,000	94,906	206,200
Ports stocks	402,701	408,854	902,059
N. Y. arrivals	1,247	250	2,544

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 8 points advance, 15.50d for middling. Sales 4,000 bales, of which American 2,000; imports 2,000 of which American 1,000. Futures opened quiet, 5 to 7 points decline and closed nearly steady, 5 points advance to 8 points decline. Prices: May 14.70d, July 14.34d, Oct. 13.14d, Dec. 12.76d, Jan. 12.64d.

Manchester—Holiday.

New Underwood Recapitalization.

The Board of Directors of the Underwood Typewriter Company are contemplating a readjustment of the capital structure, according to reports in the financial district yesterday. The Street heard that the company was contemplating the declaration of a stock dividend and the splitting up of the stock into smaller units. The present capital stock is of $100 a share par value, and it is understood that after the stock dividend each holder of a share of stock of $100 par value will receive four shares of new stock of $25 a share par value.

Rail Presidents Meet.

The Eastern Presidents' Conference, composed of the executive heads of Eastern district carriers, held its monthly luncheon yesterday at the Bankers Club, disposing only of routine business.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company	Rate.	Per-iod.	Pay-able.	Holders of Record.
Bklyn. Un. Gas	2	Q	July 2	June 14
Buffalo & Susq	1¾	Q	June 30	June 15
do.	2½	EX	June 30	June 15
do. pf.	2	SA	June 30	June 15
Consolidated Co.	4	Q	July 16	July 7
Gen. Electric	2	Q	July 14	June 16
do. Sp.	15c.	Q	July 14	June 6
Great West. Sugar	51	Q	July 2	June 15
Bklyn.	$1.75	Q	July 2	June 15
Gulf States Steel	1	Q	July 2	June 14
Inspiration Cop.	50c.	Q	July 2	June 14
Kresge	2	Q	July 2	June 15
do. pf.	1¾	Q	July 2	June 15
Morris & Essex	$1.75	SA	July 2	June 7
Mutual Oil	12½c.	Q	June 18	June 1
Penn Wat. & Pow.	1¼	Q	July 2	June 15
St. L. S.W., pf.	1	Q	July 2	June 16
U. S. Pig. & Litho.	1¼	—	July 1	June 20
Va. Iron, C. & C.	2	—	July 2	June 16
do. pf.	2½	SA	July 2	June 16
Waldorf System	81¼c.	Q	July 2	June 20
Walworth Mfg.	35c.	Q	June 15	June 5
do. pf.	75c.	Q	June 30	June 20

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	$7.25	$7.35	$7.30	$7.40
Quicksilver	80.00		80.00	
Aluminum	26.50	27.50	26.50	27.50
Iron, No. 2X silicon	23.25		23.25	

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 15¼ on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.			Tuesday. £ s. d.		
Copper, spot	86	17	6	86	17	6
Copper, futures	87	12	6	87	12	6
Tin, spot	199	0	0	196	10	0
Tin, futures	199	15	0	196	10	0
Spelter, spot	30	15	0	30	12	6
Spelter, futures	30	7	6	30	5	0
Lead, spot	25	5	0	25	5	0
Lead, futures	25	2	6	25	5	0

POORLY SUPPORTED, WHEAT GOES LOWER

Drop at Close Follows an Early Upward Flurry, But Corn Closes With Gain.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 24.—Wheat prices had a range of ½ cent, July being absorbed early at $1.17 on resting orders, with an advance later on covering by local shorts on talk of export business and on unfavorable crop reports from Ohio, but the finish was within a fraction of the bottom, with net losses of 1@1¼ cent.

A local house sold 96,000 bushels of No. 2 hard Winter at the Gulf on direct offers and it was said that there were bids for other grain close to a working basis. The removal of hedges against the sale had some effect on the market, but later in the day the market slipped off, due more to lack of support than any aggressive selling.

There were rumors in circulation that official confirmation of damage in Kansas would be received in a day or so. A North Dakota State report estimated the reduction in wheat in that State at 15 per cent., indicating a loss of 1,300,000 acres, leaving around 7,429,000 acres for harvest, compared with 5,740,000 acres harvested last year and 9,300,000 acres two years ago.

Export sales in all positions for the day were estimated at 400,000 bushels, but bids for new crop of Winters at the Gulf were on an unsatisfactory basis, with 10¼ cents over July asked for last half August loading without takers. Liverpool closed ¼@⅝d lower. The outbreak of "take all" fungus in Leavenworth County, Kan., is being investigated by the Government. Considerable infection has been found.

Chicago handlers have sold around 400,000 bushels of cash corn to seaboard exporters in the past two days, at much below a replacement basis, and an offer of more grain at a price that figured out about 3 cents under present cost brought an answer that others were offering it at ½ cent less.

There were further reports of increased country offerings to arrive, largely from Iowa, but the first run of this grain is expected to go to outside markets which are bidding higher prices than Chicago.

Removal of hedges against the cash grain sold to the East, with short covering credited to a leading local professional, was largely responsible for the close being ¼@⅝ cents higher. Aggressive trade was light. The basis on XX yellow corn in the sample market was unchanged to ½ lower, with an easy close.

Continued cold weather is bringing in an increased number of reports that corn planted early in the month is rotting in the ground and that a great deal of replanting will be necessary. Around 80 per cent. of the Iowa acreage is officially reported as having been planted so far.

Oats closed ¼ cent higher to ¼ cent lower after a light trade.

The seaboard bought July rye, but it closed ¼ cent lower in sympathy with wheat and on selling by the Northwest.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 605,000 bushels; week ago, 449,000; last year, 1,296,000. Shipments were 742,000 bushels; week ago, 990,000; last year, 1,475,000.

Corn receipts were 311,000 bushels; week ago, 168,000; last year, 723,000. Shipments, 366,000 bushels; week ago, 376,000; last year, 836,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
May	$1.19¼	$1.18¼	$1.18¾	$1.18⅝	$1.32¾	
July	1.16⅝	1.17	1.17¼	1.17¼	1.21⅛	
Sept.	1.16⅜	1.15	1.15¾	1.15¾	1.17⅜	

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
May	.80¾	.78⅝	.79⅛	.79⅜	.81⅛	
July	.80¾	.78⅝	.79⅛	.79¼	.82¾	

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
May	.43¾	.42¾	.43¼	.43¼	.45¾	
July	.42¾	.42	.42⅜	.42⅝	.45¾	
Sept.	.40¾	.39¾	.40	.40¼	.38⅝	

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
July	.78	.76⅝	.77⅛	.77⅛	1.06	
Sept.	.76⅝	.76	.76⅛	.76⅛	.97⅝	

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
May	11.22	11.13	11.22	11.15	....	
July	11.40	11.32	11.32	11.25	11.35	
Sept.	11.60	11.45	11.57	11.47	11.53	

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	*Close.	Prev. Close
Spot				11.75	11.00
May				11.75	12.00
June				11.50	11.40
July	1,000	11.48	11.36	11.45	11.33
Aug.	100	11.30	11.30	11.36	11.25
Sept.	1,500	11.16	11.06	11.15	11.06
Oct.				10.05	9.97
Nov.				9.07	8.98
Dec.	5.00	8.91	8.89	8.89	9.00
Sales, 3,100.					

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	10.05	9.92	9.95	10.05	10.33
May	10.00	9.76	9.75	10.00	10.33
July	9.63	9.48	9.61	9.58	10.07
Sept.	8.64	8.41	8.62	8.44	9.56
Dec.	8.24	8.08	8.21	8.08	9.30

SUGAR.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	4.75	4.73	4.73	4.67	2.85
July	6.44	6.38	6.41	6.37	2.70
Sept.	6.49	6.43	6.46	6.42	2.87
Dec.	5.95	5.90	5.92	5.89	2.95
Jan.	5.25	5.25	5.25		

*Closing bid.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 16,312 packages. Prices were shaded ½c. Creamery, extras, higher than quoted, pound, 41@41½c; extras, 92 score, 40½c; firsts, 39½@40c; seconds, 38½@39c; lower grades, 37@38c; centralized cars, 90 score, 40½c; 89 score, 39½@40c; 88 score, 39½c; unsalted, higher than extras, 41@41½c; extras, 92 score, 42@42½c; firsts, 40½@41½c; seconds, 39@40c; Danish, casks, duty paid, 40½@41c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 40c; good to prime, 39@39½c; common to fair, 36@37½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 36@37c; seconds, 35@35½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33½c; No. 2, 33c; lower grades, 31@32½c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 46,588 cases. Market generally steady on highest grades. Whites barely steady. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 31½@32c; storage packed, extra firsts, 30@31c; firsts, 29½@29c; fresh gathered, extra firsts, 28½@29½c; firsts, 28@28½c; seconds, 26@26½c; lower grades, 23½@25½c; trade eggs, 21@22c; dirties, No. 1, storage packed, 25@25½c; No. 1, regular packed, 24@25c; No. 2, 23@24c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 22@24c; duck eggs, Maryland, Baltimore and Virginia, selected, 32@33c; Western and prime Southern, 28@29c; Southern and Western under grades, 26@27c; Jersey hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 37@40c; other near-by hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 36@37c; near-by and Western whites, average best, 34@35c; extra firsts, 32@33c; firsts, 29@31c; near-by gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts 33@35c; under grades, 27½@29c; near-by whites, pullets, 28@30c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 34½@35c; extra firsts, 34@35c; firsts, 32@33c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 29@31c; New Jersey hennery browns, extra, fancy, light yolks, 36@37c; other near-by hennery browns, extras, 33@35c.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

FRISBIE & STANSFIELD KNITTING COMPANY

First Mortgage Twenty-Year Sinking Fund 6 Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

Pursuant to Article VI. of the Mortgage, dated July 1, 1914, securing the aforesaid bonds, Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee, invites holders of said bonds to make proposals for the sale to it on July 1, 1923, of bonds issued thereunder, at prices not to exceed 104 per cent. of their face value, in an amount sufficient to exhaust as nearly as may be the sum of $25,037.47 to be deposited to the credit of the Sinking Fund on that date. Such proposals should be enclosed in sealed envelopes and should be delivered to the Trustee at its Corporate Trust Department, 16 Wall Street, New York City, not later than 12 o'clock noon on June 15, 1923, after which notice will be mailed to bondholders whose proposals may be accepted and the names to the extent of funds then in its hands available therefor, will on July 1, 1923, purchase the bonds so offered and accepted in the manner provided in said mortgage.

Dated at New York this 18th day of May, 1923.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. F. Wilson, Jr., Vice-President.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Butter Drops to Record Low Point—Grains Decline, Coffee Advances.

There was a mixed list of advances and declines in yesterday values for cash staples, the noteworthy feature being that of ½ cent in high spot butter to 40¾ cents, a new low point for the year. Wheat and corn were also lower. Improved prices were reported in coffee, lead, tin and cotton, while provisions, other metals and groceries were unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Thursday, a week before and a year ago:

	May 24.	May 17.	May 25.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.20½	$1.23	$1.32½
Corn, No. 2 yellow	1.00½	.93¾	.77½
Oats, No. 2 white	.47¾	.47	.53
Flour, Spring patent	7.00	7.10	6.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.11¾	.11¾	.19¾
Sugar, granulated	5.40	5.40	5.00
Butter, creamery	.40½	.42½	.38½
Eggs, fresh-gathered, firsts, per dozen	.27@.28	.28	.21½
Lard, tubs	11.00	11.25	12.25
Pork, mess	27.00	27.00	27.00
Beef, family	30.00	30.00	31.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Phila	23.50	23.50	23.50
Steel billets, Phila	36.00	36.00	36.00
Lead	7.50	7.50	7.75
Copper	15.25	15.25	13.75
Tin	42.50	42.50	51.25
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. upland	28.55	26.75	21.50
Printcloths	.07¼	.07¼	.09⅜

Range of prices for year to date:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.56	Feb. 15	$1.14½	Jan. 3
Corn	1.06½	Apr. 16	.76	Jan. 4
Oats	.57¾	Feb. 1	.42	Jan. 4
Flour	7.60	Jan. 3	6.00	Feb. 28
Coffee	.19¾	Feb. 15	.11¾	Jan. 3
Sugar

SAYS MINE SYSTEM KEEPS COAL COST UP

John Moore of United Mine Workers Asserts There Are 4,000 Useless Mines.

BLAMES OPERATORS FOR IT

Declares They Hire 200,000 Surplus Men and Give Them Work 1 to 3 Days a Week.

John Moore, of Columbus, Ohio, representing the United Mine Workers of America, told the Yonkers Board of Trade last night that there were 4,000 too many coal mines in the United States and 200,000 too many coal miners and that the coal operators were responsible for this situation.

The number of mines and miners increased the cost of producing coal, said Mr. Moore, because the overhead costs of maintaining 4,000 useless mines must be paid out of the proceeds of the sale of the total amount of coal produced, and a living must be provided for 200,000 surplus miners as long as they were kept in the industry. If these mines and miners were eliminated, he added, it would mean lower cost of production per ton and lower coal prices to the consumer.

"But the United Mine Workers of America cannot put these 4,000 useless mines out of business, nor can it force these 200,000 surplus men out of the industry," Mr. Moore said. "The union did not open up these mines, nor did it bring these 200,000 surplus men into the mines. All of this was done by the coal operators. Therefore, they are responsible for the present condition. The union does not bring any man into the coal industry.

"It is sometimes charged that the union drags men from everywhere into the mines in order to swell its membership. The charge is not true. The constitution of the United Mine Workers of America says plainly that no man is eligible to membership in the union until after he has started to work in a mine. The coal operators must first hire the man and put him to work before he can join the union. Thus, the operators select the membership of the union. They determine how many members the union may have and who may or may not be a member.

"The fact is the coal operators have hired 200,000 more men than they need to produce all the coal that is needed, and they insist on keeping these men on their payrolls, even though they are able to give them work only one to three days a week. They refuse to let them go because they desire to maintain a 100 per cent. working force to take care of the business when they have any business.

"This is an imposition, not only on the 200,000 surplus miners and their families, but on all other miners who are thus deprived of steady employment. It is an imposition, also, upon the coal consuming public which is compelled to pay an excessive price for coal because of this unnecessary expense. The operators themselves are the only persons who can remedy this situation.

"If the coal operators would close down 4,000 mines they could still produce in the remaining mines more coal than the country could possibly use. And the coal would then be produced in those mines in which the production cost per ton is low. High cost mines would be eliminated. And this policy would do away with the 200,000 surplus miners and save millions of dollars a year to the coal consumer. No one can do this but the operators themselves. They own the mines and they hire the miners."

Mr. Moore said the lack of adequate transportation facilities was another evil affecting the coal industry. The railroads, he said, either did not or could not supply a sufficient number of cars to move the coal that was or could be produced at the best low cost mines of the country. In addition, he said, there was discrimination by railroads in the distribution of available cars, keeping the entire industry in a chaotic condition.

"There is as much unfairness in the distribution of coal cars among the mines as there is in anything that I know of," Mr. Moore said. "Miners complain against this discrimination and coal operators complain until they are blue in the face, but they get no relief. We are all hoping that the United States Coal Commission may succeed in finding a way by which this evil may be corrected."

OPPOSE ELECTRIFICATION.

Queens Manufacturers Will Ask Smith to Veto Bill.

Manufacturers of Queens, representing investments of more than $100,000,000, decided yesterday to appear before Governor Smith and ask that he not sign the bill which would require all railroads operating within the city limits to electrify their lines. E. J. Tarof, Chairman of the Transportation Committee of the Chamber, will represent the Queens manufacturers.

At the conference it was declared that the measure, should it become law, would require every business concern in Queens which maintains a private siding to receive and ship freight by electrification.

Among those protesting against the measure were George H. Willcookson, President of the Queens Chamber of Commerce and Vice President of the Loose-Wiles Biscuit Company; J. I. Doherty, Secretary of the Degnon Realty and Terminal Improvement Company; James Butler, Inc., Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company, American Chicle Company, National Carbon Company, A. W. Chapman, Secretary of the Turner Construction Company; Egbert Moxham, President of the Conley Foil Company; L. J. Carey, President of the Eagle Petroleum Company; Joseph R. Greenwood, President of the New York Vitreous Enamel Company; S. B. Pitcher, general manager of the Tiffin Products Company; K. W. Brockway of the Brockway-Fitzhugh-Stewart, Inc.; H. C. Bohack, President of the H. C. Bohack Company, and W. D. Smith of William Wrigley Jr. Company.

TRADING IN BROOKLYN.

Operators Buy Four Apartments, Valued at $200,000.

Meister Builders, Inc., have purchased 4,204 to 4,220 Fifteenth Avenue, between Forty-second and Forty-third Streets, four four-story apartment houses on a plot 37.6 by 100, accommodating thirty-two families and held at $200,000, M. Aronson was the broker. They also sold to an investor 582 Sixth Avenue, a three-story dwelling on a plot 18 by 80, and to an investor No. 562 Sixth Avenue, a three-story dwelling on a plot 18 by 80.

Fred Oppenheimer resold the three-story, eleven-room dwelling with garage on lot 40 by 120, 265 Ocean Parkway, near Beverly Road, which he recently acquired in exchange for the four-story tenement 104 First Avenue, Manhattan, to Isidor Zenvill for occupancy. George L. Moore of Flatbush was the broker in the transaction.

F. Lacov sold for the Art Building Company, Inc., to Makris & Co., the family brick and stucco nine-room house with Spanish tile roof, on plot 60 by 200, with double garage. The house is located on the southeast corner of East Ninth Street and Avenue I. Piercy & Co. sold the three-story brownstone dwelling 30 by 100, at 21 Montgomery Place, for Joseph Bogle to a client for occupancy.

BROOKLYN BRIDGE HAS 40TH BIRTHDAY

Flags Fly From Towers to Mark Anniversary of Opening, May 24, 1883.

Brooklyn Bridge celebrated its fortieth birthday yesterday. There were no festivities, but American flags flew from the New York and Brooklyn towers to mark the event.

Work on the historic structure began on Jan. 3, 1870, and thirteen years were required to finish it, the bridge opening for traffic on May 24, 1883.

The great structure has carried millions of pedestrians and vehicles without mishap and with slight interruption of traffic. A few months ago Commissioner Grover A. Whalen of the Department of Plant and Structures learned that one of the big cables that hold the span had slipped slightly out of place, and the structure was closed to certain forms of traffic, but the promenade for pedestrians never has been closed for any length of time.

The late John A. Roebling planned the bridge, but he never lived to see its completion. He died as the result of an accident, caused by a ferryboat crashing into a pier at which the builder was standing, making soundings for the foundation. The work was finished by his son, Washington A. Roebling, who only slightly modified the designs of his father.

The initial cost of the bridge was $10,000,000.

BERRY SUCCEEDS O'RYAN.

Gov. Smith Names Adjutant General to Head National Guard.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 24.—Governor Smith today appointed Adjt. Gen. Charles W. Berry to be Major General in command of the New York State National Guard, to succeed Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, who resigned as commander of the National Guard last Monday and was placed on the retired list.

The new State Guard leader was Adjutant General during Governor Smith's first term in office, 1919 and 1920, and was again made Adjutant General when Governor Smith was re-elected, succeeding J. Leslie Kincaid.

Major Gen. Berry has resided in Brooklyn for more than forty years and has been prominent in health work in New York City. He served with the New York City Health Department fifteen years.

In 1914 he was commissioned a Major after having enlisted in the Fourteenth Infantry as a private. He commanded the Second Battalion, 106th Infantry, in the Ypres sector in Belgium and was promoted to Lieutenant Colonel and transferred to the 105th Infantry in Flanders. He took part with the regiment as second in command in the breaking of the Hindenburg line. He was promoted to Colonel in 1918 and commissioned Brigadier General on his return from overseas.

TODAY IS SAFETY DAY.

Din of Whistles, Bells and Sirens Will Emphasize Meaning.

This is Safety Day. Barron Collier, Special Deputy Police Commissioner, announced last night that the Safety Bureau of the Police Department had arranged for a one-minute serenade at 3 o'clock this afternoon by steamboat, factory and locomotive whistles, school, church and family dinner bells, auto horns and fire sirens.

"The idea of the one-minute din is to bring New York to a realization that many lives are being lost in the streets largely through failure to observe a few simple rules of safety which the Safety Bureau is trying to impress upon the public," said a statement issued by the bureau yesterday.

Boy Scouts, pupils in public and parochial schools and others will take part in the "safety hour" exercises which will follow the one-minute din. The Scouts will distribute 1,000,000 warning cards calling attention to the fact that one-half the street accidents are due to jay-walking and urging persons to cross the streets at crossings. Safety mass meetings will be held in many public schools.

WILL IMPROVE THEIR SILK.

Japanese Heed Criticism of Quality —Features of the Market.

As the outcome of the recent visit to Japan of the Second American Silk Mission the silk filature operators in that country are taking immediate steps for the improvement of the quality of raw silk, according to a cable received here yesterday by S. Morita, local representative of the Raw Silk Association of Japan. Just before leaving the Far East, James A. Goldsmith, President of the Silk Association of America and head of the mission, said there was tremendous room for improvement in the raw silk sent to this country. He called attention to the great difficulties which the American manufacturers had with the qualities delivered here and said that the conditions called for immediate correction. The remarkable growth of the use of fibre silk here, he declared, was an outstanding warning of possible suspending of the natural product unless the quality was improved.

As the result of this statement, Mr. Morita said yesterday, the association which he represents will do all in its power to remove the objections of poor quality which have been voiced. He also said that a great degree of caution will be exercised in the purchase of the Spring crop of cocoons as its low prices could be obtained. The buying season opened on May 13, he said, and a comparison of the prices paid shows a 33 per cent. increase over those paid last year at this time. He also declared that early reports estimate the cocoon crop as being 15 per cent. larger than that of last Spring.

Dealings in raw silk both here and abroad have been very quiet. Buyers have covered their immediate wants and are now watching developments. Stocks on the primary markets and in importers hands are extremely limited and poorly assorted. A large proportion of the first two or three months production of new crop silk, according to advices received by H. L. Gwalter & Co., Inc., is already under contract, which will keep markets like supplies in many sorts restricted for some time to come.

Since the spurt last week the market at Yokohama has relapsed into inactivity, with prices receding slightly. Cables No. 1 is quoted at 1,240 yen. The Canton market is lifeless. The best of the steam filatures have been sold at Shanghai. Dealers there are asking prices above the parity of other sorts. The Milan market is firm, with most of the filatures closed for the new cocoon crop.

Throwsters Reply to Criticism.

A second statement was issued yesterday by the Throwsters' Committee of the Silk Association of America replying to the criticisms of manufacturers which followed the issuance of the initial statement last week. It is declared by the throwsters that what manufacturers term "an arbitrary and independent attitude" was really an effort to serve as well as possible all the customers then on their books. "Owing to the sudden unprecedented demand for crepes, particularly georgettes," it is pointed out, "all the existing spindles were taxed far above capacity, which made it impossible to take on any new accounts. This condition resulted in sharp price competition among the manufacturers themselves to secure the production of the already inadequate spindles then in existence." It is denied that the "big profits" of the throwsters were used by some to install new machinery which, with changed conditions, has become a liability rather than an asset. The report concludes with the statement that the throwsters ask only the cooperation of manufacturers in the elimination of unfair practices and price competition, with all their attendant risks."

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—5 per cent. for the best names. Wednesday—5 per cent. for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

Dress Worstads Slowing Up.

Easing up of the demand for worstads in the dress goods trade is reported by sellers here. This is more noticeable because of the continued strength of the demand for bolivias and similiar pile fabrics. The slackening is said to be seasonal, more than anything else, as the twills are thought likely to have another good run next season. Prices as a rule are firmly held. Buyers are said to take the attitude that they will pay the prices asked later when they need the goods, rather than operate in the higher priced fabrics now. The cheaper end of the twills is most active, particularly the single-ply cloths.

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Leather Collar and Cuff Sets.

A new idea in women's neckwear has been developed by one of the local wholesalers, based on the prevailing popularity of women's colored shoes. He shows a collar and cuff set of the same leather used for the shoes, dyed in shades of red, blue and green to match the footwear. The set is designed in the Puritan style, with a large collar and cavalier cuffs. It is claimed that, even though leather is used, the sets will not be unduly hot for Summer wear, and moreover a novelty that will have considerable appeal for the stylish dresser. The sets wholesale at $15 per dozen.

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Have Increased Petticoat Sales.

The long, sheer skirts which leading stylemakers on both sides of the Atlantic have decreed for late Spring and Summer wear have done a great deal toward increasing sales of petticoats in this country, according to a statement issued yesterday by the United Petticoat League of America. So marked has been the demand for these garments in the last few months that manufacturers represented in the membership of the league report business rivaling that of any similiar period in their history. Especially significant is the fact that the demand is keeping up at a time when it ordinarily would be missing as a result of a between-seasons lull. Indications of wider skirts for Fall are taken to mean a continuance of good petticoat business, but in different materials. Taffeta is then expected to be much in vogue for the purpose.

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Urges Disinterested Agency.

That the point has now been reached at which all those organizations representing the buyer and seller should come together and create a disinterested agency for the elimination of abuses on both sides is the conclusion set forth in the report issued yesterday of Dr. O. E. Klingman for the joint Committee on Trade Relations of the National Retail Dry Goods Association. This committee, headed by A. Lincoln Filene, was appointed last August, following the introduction of a resolution by President Jesse Isidor Straus at the Merchandise Conference which urged the establishment of an arbitration tribunal to adjust differences between buyers and sellers. Dr. Klingman's report is the result of the study which the committee made of the causes of trade difficulties between buyers and sellers. He divides his survey into two parts, namely, the sources of dissatisfaction on the part of retailers with manufacturers and of manufacturers, wholesalers and jobbers with the retailers. The chief causes are outlined in each case, with the suggested remedies.

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May Go Short on White Hose.

If the consumer demand for white hose reaches the proportions this Summer that have been predicted during the past several months, there is likely to be a shortage of this merchandise in many stores in this vicinity. Stocks of those goods at the mills are not large, as makers of the better qualities will do little on them for purely stock purposes. This fact, coupled with the slowness with which many buyers in this part of the country have been ordering them, led yesterday to the assertion that the only thing which can really prevent a shortage is a great deal of continued cool, wet weather. The call for "at once" colored hose, which is looked upon in some quarters as temporary, has been so large of late that certain mills with small stocks of white on hand have dyed them up for prompt shipment. This also promises to contribute to the paucity of white hose later on.

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Reselling Features Gray Goods.

Very little first-hand selling was done in the local market for gray goods yesterday. The further rise in cotton encouraged the mills to hold off for better prices, with the result that second hands did the bulk of the day's business, which was almost entirely for quick delivery. The principloth sales all made by second hands included 39-inch 60-72s at 11¼ cents, 38½-inch 64-60s at 9⅝ cents, and 38½-inch 60-48s at 8¼ cents. First hands sold 36-inch 5.50 sheetings at 8 cents, with second-hand business put through in 37-inch 48-squares, four-yard cloths and 36-inch 6.15s at 10 and 7¼ cents, respectively. A feature of the specialties was the sale of some second-hand sateens of a "distress" nature. The construction sold was 37½-inch 4.75s, and the price was 10 cents.

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Opposed to German Garments.

Definite plans of opposition to the influx of German-made garments are expected to be drawn up at a meeting of the Ways and Means Committee of the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective association to be held within the next few days. Since the first reports of the threatened invasion by the German manufacturers in the market here were received opposition has been growing among the local garment producers. It is thought likely that the new plans to be developed will enlist the aid of other associations in kindred lines. Efforts, it is said, will be made to acquaint Senators and Representatives with the dangers to production here, and the consequent need of new tariff provisions. It is pointed out that, so far as style and design go, the American trade interests are far superior, but the objection is to the chances with which the Germans can produce, owing to low wages and low-priced fabrics.

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Should Stress Agency Feature.

Following a recent court decision in which selling agents were held responsible for the acts of the mills they represent, a number of members of the National Association of Hosiery and Underwear Manufacturers have requested information from the executive offices of that body as to how they can best protect themselves from such liability. Recommendations have been made by counsel for the association that on selling agents, order blanks it would be advisable to have printed this clause or notice: "In the transactions noted herein, delivery of merchandise is guaranteed and collections of payment in full therefor, and all other matters concerning the same, the undersigned acts merely as agent for (name of mill inserted hereon) [address of mill inserted] and not in any sense or event as principal."

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Has New Measuring Device.

A new device for measuring fabrics, which not only performs that work but prints a sales slip for the customer and makes a record of all transactions in which it is used, is shortly to be offered to the specialty shops and department stores of the country. The computing of the new machine is done mechanically, which widens the price field in which it may be used. The device will measure up to 100 yards without being reset. This makes it available for the jobbing trade as well as the retail, it is said, and of particular value to the wholesaler who deals with the smaller merchants. The machine computes prices in eighths of a yard up to the 100-yard mark, and the sales check printed by it shows the size of the purchase, the yard price of the goods and the amount of the sale. The clerk's number also is printed on the check, along with other information usually given on sales slips for the guidance of the accounting department. The record of transactions kept by the machine is inaccessible to clerks, which prohibits tampering. The cost of operation is said to be a great deal of continued

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALTOONA, Pa.—Louis Bergman; M. J. Reinheimer pole coats, dresses; 117 West 32d (Hoffman & Hartblay).

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.: Miss M. Jeffries, Girls', Juniors' coats, suits, dresses; C. R. Maguire, Juniors' dresses, skirts; 16 W. 39th.

BALTIMORE—W. A. Korb, carpets, rugs, linoleums; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Muse & Kenner; G. W. Busch, white goods, linens; Martinique.

BALTIMORE—J. & D. Meyer & Co.; C. Meyer, dresses; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Blumberg Bros. Co.; M. M. Blumberg, popular priced silks, stout dresses; 17 West 32d.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; basement, B. H. Zoumper, jobs and seconds, men's athletic underwear, jobs, low-and silk dresses; 225 5th Av., Room 611.

BOSTON—D. B. Wolff & Co, jobbers; D. B. Wolff, coats; 224 5th Av. (D. B. Veldenfeld).

BOSTON—D. B. Wolff & Co.; Miss B. Heller, Fall coats, suits; 224 5th Av. (B. B. Feldenfeld); Breslin.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss K. E. Fadien, gloves; Miss Mahoney, skirts; 240 Madison Av.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; W. S. Tufts, cloth, cotton dresses; J. Falkson, clothing materials; Breslin.

BOSTON, Mass.—Orlow Mfg. Co.; M. L. Dickman, jobs, Bolivia, velour, polo coats; 1,182 Broadway.

BOSTON—Twin Mfg. Co.; O. Tannenbaum, popular priced shirts, silk and wool; 1,180 Broadway (Silverman & Lipshitz).

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss A. Hall representing; 16 W. 39th.

BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Mrs. E. P. Wright, corsets; 16 W. 39th.

CHICAGO—H. H. Friend & Son; B. Fink, jobs bolivia coats, capes; 370 7th Av. (Meinzer-Mann Co.).

CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; A. Traub, women's, misses' dresses for Fall; 868 6th Av.

CHICAGO—M. S. Lo. Co.; J. Shane, ladies', misses' dresses, also jobs; 9 East 40th.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss M. Nugent, dresses; Mrs. L. Booth, juniors' coats, dresses; Miss E. Carney, misses' dresses, coats, suit; 13 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—Boston Store; Mrs. F. Eisendrath, ready-to-wear; Miss M. McGrath, millinery; 44 E. 23d.

CHICAGO—Liberty Cloak & Suit Co.; A. E. Rosenberg, wash goods; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—J. P. Friend, knife pleated wool crepe, silk skirts for immediate delivery; 36 W. 29th (Frohman-Altman).

CHICAGO—Moraine Garment Co.; H. Arvi, jobs tailored suits, embroidered poiret twill coats, velour, poiret capes; 151 W. 32d (Swede & Tattlebaum).

CHICAGO—Philipsborn's; J. Rosenthal, ladies', misses' coats, suits, girls', children's coats for Fall; 226 Broadway.

CHICAGO—Saunders's Style Shop; I. Saunders, jobs linen dresses, children's capes; 264 5th Av. (Rice & Well).

CHICAGO—Marx & Kann & Co.; Miss A. Wieland, jobs silk dresses; 38 W 32d (Littman & Storch).

CINCINNATI—Irwin Cloak Co.; Miss M. Hance, dresses; 404 4th Av. (McAlpin.

CINCINNATI—Rollman & Sons Co.; J. Gibson, leather goods; Mrs. May, linen dresses; 56 West 32d (Littman & Storch).

COLUMBUS—Dunn-Yale Co.; Miss S. Reynolds, ready-to-wear; 60 W. 35th (Wm. Van Buren).

COLUMBUS—Fashion Co.; G. Doyle, knife pleated wool crepe, silk skirts for immediate delivery; 36 W. 29th (Frohman-Altman).

DALLAS, Tex.—Lorch Mfg. Co.; G. Fredricks, canton crepe dresses, printed crepe de chine dresses; 28 W. 32d (Jos. B. Folz), room 1506.

DAYTONA, Fla.—E. Lawrance; B. Freidander, georgette street dresses, sport dresses; 36 West 32d (R. Karper).

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; G. Sutinsky, mdse. mgr., jobs low-priced cotton dresses; Mr. Berry, men's handkerchiefs, pajamas; 38 West 32d, 15th floor.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; L. J. Noah, mdse. mgr.; Miss Dolan, infants' children's wear, basement; 225 6th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

DETROIT—Frank & Seder Co.; N. W. Jeran, mdse. manager; 1,373 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

DETROIT, Mich.—J. L. Hudson Co.; C. H. Armstrong, clothing; men's furnishing goods; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DETROIT, Mich.—Russell Co.; N. Glass, coats, suits, skirts; 370 7th Av. (Wm. Gross & Co.).

GALVESTON, Tex.—The Fair; B. Bonart, N. B. Bonart, coats, suits, dresses; 610 West 111th St.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—E. S. Chapin, Inc.; E. S. Chapin Jr., plaited wool crepe, silk skirts for immediate delivery; 36 W. 29th (Frohman-Altman).

HARTFORD—Sage, Allen & Co.; H. E. Atwill, draperies, upholstery, &c.; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Allianes).

HARTSVILLE, S. C.—McKinnon & McNair Co.; A. M. McNair, genl. mdse.; F. E. Medaline, genl. mdse.; C. C. Tuvby, genl. mdse.; Breslin.

HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.—Patterson's Dept. Store; H. Patterson, jobs gingham dresses; 131 W. 32d (Swede & Tattlebaum).

INDIANAPOLIS—Goldstein Bros.; J. Goldstein, knife pleated wool crepe, silk skirts for immediate delivery; 36 W. 29th (Frohman-Altman).

KANSAS CITY—M. S. L. Co.; C. Gellers, ladies', misses' dresses, also jobs; 9 East 40th.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—G. W. Owens Co.; G. W. Owens, ready-to-wear; 276 5th Av. (C. Goldberg).

MAYFIELD, Ky.—Merit Mfg. Co.; W. H. Brizendine, workers, cotton piece goods; Pennsylvania.

MINNEAPOLIS—M. S. L. Co.; M. Wolff, ladies', misses' dresses, also jobs; 9 East 40th.

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; P. J. Lundgren, furs, misses' wear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

MOBILE, Ala.—Reiss Merc. Co.; N. Reiss, better canton, roshanaras, silk capes, plain georgette crepe, Elizabeth dresses; 32 West 38th (H. W. Des Marets Co.).

MOBILE, Ala.—Reiss Merc. Co.; J. Reiss, cheap crepe de chine dresses; 32 W. 38th (H. W. Des Marets Co.).

MORGANTOWN, W. Va.—G. Cohen, misses' 2-piece suits; 141 West 32d (G. Silver).

NEW HAVEN—Mendel & Harris, Inc., Mendel general mdse. manager; 1,150 West 32d (Lilienthal & Co.).

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Ed Malley Co.; I. Koch, corsets; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.); Cadillac.

PHILADELPHIA—Frank & Seder Co.; J. T. Simpson, boys' nainsook union suits; 1,182 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PHILADELPHIA—Dearman & Brown; J. H. Brown, white goods, laces, blankets, notions, men's furnishing goods; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; J. Pearson, coats; B'way and 10th (New York office).

PHILADELPHIA—C. Lew, silk and cloth skirts; 1,180 Broadway (Gisselman & Lipshitz).

PHOENIXVILLE, Pa.—Swede's Style Shop; S. Swede, linen and linen dresses; 131 W. 33d (Swede & Tattlebaum).

PITTSBURGH—B'way Cloak & Suit Co.; M. H. Rosensen, children's silk capes, ladies' velour coats; 17 West 28th.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufman & Baer Co.; J. S. Exline, silks; G. Funk, basement domestics, yard goods; 404 4th Av. (M. L. Heyman).

PITTSBURGH—Lewis-Neiman Co.; B. Neiman, coats, suits, dresses; 1,372 B'way (Retail Research Assn.).

PITTSBURG, Pa.—S. S. Swartz, boys' corduroy and blue serge suits, sizes 4-8; 1,180 Broadway (Gisselman & Lipshitz).

RICHMOND, Va.—Miller, Rhoads, Inc.; W. Pierce, shoes; W. S. Rhoads, representing, 433 4th Av. (Dry Goods Union).

SAGINAW, Mich.—M. Hyman Co.; M. Hyman, spring wraps, sport coats, capes; 141 West 32d (G. Silver).

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Albert S. Samuels Co.; A. S. Samuels, D.—Riese, diamonds, watches, jewelry; 170 Broadway, Room 1007.

SAN FRANCISCO—Greenbaum, Weil & Michels; M. J. Carroll, blankets, towels, 48 Leonard; Breslin.

SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; Mrs. B. Fall, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 452 4th Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—G. A. Shearer, ladies' ready-to-wear; Breslin.

SEATTLE—The Bon Marche; Mr. Kelly, hosiery, underwear; boys' clothing, men's furnishings; H. Cole, boys' clothing; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Meskins, Packard & Wheat Co.; W. Meskins, jobbing neckwear, &c.; 433 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; G. Goldberg, men's two pants whip-cord suits, close-out young men's suits and stout; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Lansburgh & Bro.; Miss M. Trotter, dresses, coats; 115 W. 30th (Weill, Hartmann).

WATERTOWN, N. Y.—H. Ellis, polo coats, dresses; 117 West 32d (Hoffman & Hartblay).

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ALLTIME Crepes Wanted—Jobs or seconds for cash. Belmore, 51 West 31st.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stewart's 569, black, with kit fox; will pay cash. Marks, 56 West 37th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—1858, other American qualities; pay good prices. Madison Square 9000.

BOLIVIA Wanted — American, 1353; also tan and rookie, Polaire. Longacre 7053.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American 1353, all colors; spot cash. Jane, 243 West 36th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Pay spot cash 21871, also 0099. Madison Square 2195.

BOLIVIA Wanted—21371, 0545, 16061, 13313; cash. Penn. 1006.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American 1353, also 21371; spring 7248.

CANTON Crepe Wanted—Eagle's 201, or similar, in black, navy cocoa, brown; also satin cantons. Max Pasternack, Inc., 319 5th Av.

CANTON Wanted—Satin-faced; all colors; pay cash on delivery; call with sample piece. Arthur, 1372 B'way, Room 314.

CANTON Crepe Wanted—Eagle's quality 201, all colors; will pay cash. Madison Square 9242.

CANTON Crepe Wanted—Eagle's 201, black and navy; spot cash. Call orchard 0960.

CANTON Wanted—Eagle's, all colors; spot cash. Lavina Koenig, 37 East 28th.

CANTON Crepes Wanted—Open for quantity; will pay cash. 12th Floor; 36 West 33d.

CLOTH Wanted—American 1315, navy and sorrento 16062, 15120, Curry's plaid 15, Bobson's velour, all colors. Roffer, 15 West 24th.

COATINGS Wanted—Curry, 14 range, all colors. Watkins 0865.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on children's and intermediate coats. Call all week with samples. 7th floor, 16 West 24th.

COATS Wanted—Better grades for Fall. Call with samples. 145 West 30th St., 12th floor.

COATS, Suits Wanted—Jobber looking at medium and better grade. First floor, 22 West 27th.

COATS, Suits Wanted—Fall discarded samples; last year's Winter coats; cash. Longacre 0628.

COATS, Suits and Dresses Wanted—On consignment. Phone Pennsylvania 1122, 3517.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall samples all day. 1,225 Broadway, 2d floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking brytonia and plush coats. 2d floor, 151 West 30th.

COATS and Suits Wanted—Jobber placing order for Fall. 1st floor, 22 West 32d.

COATS Wanted—Fall samples. Ellis, 135 West 26th.

COATS Wanted—Call with snappy Fall samples. 4th floor, 140 West 37th.

COATS and Suits Wanted—Fall; spot cash. Morris Levy, 150 West 22d.

COATS Wanted—Snappy Fall sport coats. I. Novick, 45 W. 27th.

CREPE Wanted—Will buy for spot cash wool canton, Jullifard's or similar; Amoskeag, Granitte or similar; tan, gray or black; will pay premium of 5c or 10c per yard above market price. A. N. Maisel, 235 5th Av.

CREPES Wanted—Open to buy large, quantity silk cotton crepes and cotton wool crepes. Jacob Hyman, 187 West 35th.

CREPES Wanted—Cotton and silk crepe, silk and wool crepe; romaine crepe; all colors. Faultless, 25 West 27th.

CREPES, Wool, Wanted—Jullifard's or similar, tan, gray; cash. Stampel Bros., 25 West 30th.

CREPE de Chines Wanted—Open to buy 200 pieces for cash. Popular Price Dress, 25 West 32d.

CREPE Wool Wanted—Jullards-Hamilton or similar; will pay price; cash. Watkins 0865.

CREPE de Chines Wanted—All shades; cash. Block Dress, 30 W. 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at new Fall dresses, silks and cloth, $12.75 up. Harry Waidler, 246 West 38th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall styles, crepes, silks, &c. Larry Friedman, 6 West 30th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders now Fall styles, silks and woolens. Scharfman Bros., 24 W. 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders on Fall numbers in silks. Princess Dress House, 242 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall samples; poiret, serges, silks, &c. Tenth Floor, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on ostrons. Call with samples, Lidz & Diamond, 4 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy jobs in any quantity, spot cash. 1,225 B'way, Room 314, Longacre 3173.

DRESSES Wanted—Highest prices paid spot cash for any jobs in silks. Phone Weinberg, Watkins 2874.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on medium grade cloth dresses for Fall. Room 307, 1140 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted — Jobs suits, coats, dresses, children's wearing apparel. Weinberg, Camal 1161.

DRESSES WANTED—Jobber placing large orders on all kinds silk dresses, 35 West 31st, 8th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders for Fall satin, canton crepes and poiret twill. Fanny, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Cantons; jobs and regular numbers; cash. Progress, 30 W. 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs wash silks; no quantity too large. 263 West 38th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on silk and poiret. 7th floor, 15 West 37th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber buying Fall and Summer. Louis Albert, 248 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—High-class, all kinds; jobs for cash. Telephone Canal 4922.

DRESSES Wanted—5,000 cottons and silks; spot cash. Henrietta, 1265 Heller.

DRESSES Wanted — Silks and cottons. Samuel Schild, 38 West 28th.

BUYERS' WANTS—OFFERINGS TO BUYERS

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing stock orders on popular to highest grade dresses in georgette, cantons, crepe de chines, sportwear, novelty materials, ginghams, voiles, linens, shantungs and 4th silks. &c. to submit samples; 2-5 daily. 28 West 32d; 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—We pay spot cash for lots large or small in canton crepe de chine, georgette, sport wear and novelty materials; submit samples; 2-5 daily, or phone Pennsylvania 6380. 28 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing stock order on advance Fall models, charmeuse, crepe back satin, satin canton and poiret; also large silk dresses for immediate delivery. 24 floor, 270 West 37th.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing stock orders on advanced fall models of charmeuse crepe, back satin, satin canton and georgette. Well Levi Costume Co., 1407 7th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders foulards, georgettes, cantons; also Fall models, charmeuse, satin canton, poiret twills, M. C. Rosenthal, 1,225 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on Fall styled, cloth and silk, also cottons and sport models. Honig & Waldbaum, 1,204 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Ready to place orders with reliable people on Fall new silk and cloth Fall models. Warren Dress, 256 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on silk dresses suitable for large sizes and stouts. 11th Floor, 129 West 21th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on popular-priced silk and cloth dresses. Affiliated Mfg. Corp., 147 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—For spot cash; any quantity, silk or cotton. 233 Seventh Av., 18th floor. Longacre 8415.

FUR Coats Wanted—Raccoons, Muskrat, brown, cover; bring samples. 114 West 30th, 12th floor, freight side.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Any quality and color; spot cash. Dan Cohn, 37 East 29th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Good quality, at price cash. Shane & Kass, 29 West 30th.

GINGHAMS Wanted—Immediate delivery, stamm 84.75; jobs in cantons; act quick; before stock is sold. Belmore, 51 West 31st.

DRESSES—1,000 flat crepe and canton crepe, regularly sold up to $22.75, to close out in 3 lots, $12.75, $14.75 and $16.75 groups. Princess Dress, 242 West 36th St.

KNICKERS Wanted—Will buy quantities 2d floor 1225 Broadway.

FAISLEYS Wanted—Large quantity of silk and cotton paisleys. National Cloak & Suit Co., 204 West 25th St., City Dept. 54.

FOURETS Wanted—00163 or similar; spot cash. Belmore, 51 West 31st St.

FORET Twill Wanted—American 00164, S. S. Cassiday, 1385 Broadway.

POLAIRE Wanted—13718, reindeer. Kleinberger Bros., 158 West 27th.

POLAIRES Wanted—132016, 11196, shade 5, 9, 10 only, Chelsea 3067.

POLAIRES Wanted—All wool. Chelsea 9686.

ROSHANARA Crepes Wanted—Tan, gray and white; quantity at price. Posner, 126 West 30th.

SERGES Wanted—54-inch French serges; gray, tan; also C S or F S, open, gray; Gramercy 1552.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Silk and cotton; cash. Remsen Shirt Co., 752 Broadway. Call mornings, 10:30 to 1.

SILKS Wanted—Spot cash for satin taffetas, flat crepe, canton crepes, crepe de chines, foulards, sport satin, radiuts, printed silks of any description, also odd lots or imperfect silks. 433 4th Av. Madison Square 1260.

SILKS Wanted—Open to buy all kinds of silks, small or large quantities, for cash. Schwartz-Dulchin, 31 East 27th.

SILKS Wanted—All white silk back for wedding dresses. Room 601, 172 Madison Av., Ashland 0093.

TAFFETAS and Messalines Wanted—Cheap; black, navy, brown; also better qualities in any colors; spot cash. Stavisky & Greenstone, 437 4th Av.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Lorraine 4640, Brightwood 0634, American 0698; black only. Watkins 0429.

UNDERWEAR Wanted—Muslin, silk

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Operator Buys and Sells Apartment House Properties in Manhattan.

DEALS AGGREGATE $700,000

Apartment on Madison Av., Valued at $400,000, Sold After Ownership of Fifty Years.

Isadore B. Geller, operator, concluded seven sales and purchases yesterday, aggregating $700,000. He bought from Minnie Rosenberg premises 53-55 East Ninety-fifth Street, adjoining the corner of Madison Avenue, which is on a plot 42 by 100 and is six stories. The building rents for $14,000 and is arranged in five and six-room suites. The building is held at $100,000. Thayer Saunders & Co. were the brokers.

Mr. Geller purchased premises 953 Rogers Place, which is a tax-exempt house on plot 67 by 73, five and a half stories, and is arranged in two, three and four-room suites. The building rents for $20,000 and was purchased direct from the builders, Alland Building Corporation. The sale was negotiated by Charles B. Van Valen, Inc. The building is held at $120,000.

Isadore B. Geller also purchased from a client of Gettner, Simon & Asher premises 300 West 111th Street, which is on the southwest corner of Eighth Avenue. The building is on a plot 71 by 100, has four stores and is six stories high, is arranged in two and three-room apartments and is tenanted by thirty families. The building rents for $20,000 and is held at $140,000.

The same operator also purchased premises 134 Lawrence Street from the Flashdel Realty Corporation, represented by Zachary M. Delman, attorney. The building is near the corner of 125th Street and Broadway and is 40 by 100. The building rents for $11,000 and is six stories. The sale was negotiated by Nathaniel I. Helfgott, and the property is held at $70,000.

Mr. Geller sold premises 120 Sherman Avenue to Ludwig Hanf. The building is 40 by 150 and is arranged in three, four and five-room suites. The building is five stories, rents for $15,000 and is held at $100,000. The property was just purchased by Mr. Geller, and the resale was negotiated by Leon Lemle, broker.

Mr. Geller also resold premises 1160 Jackson Avenue to the Nylsor Realty Corporation, which is a corner, 40 by 100, five stories. The premises rent for $13,000, and were held at $85,000. The resale was negotiated by Nathaniel I. Helfgott, broker.

The same operator also resold premises 8-10 East 107th Street, which were just purchased by him. The building is 40 by 100, six stories, and is arranged in six and seven-room apartments. The building rents for $11,500 and was held at $70,000. The property was purchased by an investor.

$400,000 Madison Avenue Deal.

S. H. Stone, A. L. Pincus and M. L. Pincus sold 645-647 Madison Avenue, between Fifty-ninth and Sixtieth Streets, a seven-story apartment and store building, on a plot 50 by 100 feet. The price paid for the property was $400,000, and this is its first sale in fifty years. The buyer is A. Goodfellow.

Kentucky Holding Company, Inc. (Newmark, Jacobs & Newmark), through I. D. Brokaw as broker, sold to Jacob Breen for investment the six-story building 351 West 141st Street, 34 by 100, accommodating eighteen families, divided into suites of three, four and five rooms, with all improvements.

The premises rent for $13,000 and were held at $80,000. Henry S. Mansfield represented the seller.

Journiros Silverman bought, through Fischer, Hammond & Heinrich, from George A. Wade and Joseph P. Scutti premises 51 Hamilton Place, northeast corner 139th Street, a six-story elevator, size 100 by 94 by 100 by irregular, laid out in three six-room and one seven-room apartment on a floor, accommodating twenty-four families. The property rents for about $31,000 and was held at $188,000.

The same operator sold, through Irving H. Wolfe, to the S. L. K. Realty Corporation, premises 480 Convent Avenue, northwest corner 151st street, size 54.6 by 88, a five-story building laid out in one five and two six-room apartments on a floor, accommodating eighteen families. It rents for about $13,000 and was held at $80,000.

He also sold, through the Hanlea Realty Corporation, to E. Epstein premises 473-81 West 156th Street, comprising the entire northerly block front of 156th Street, between Amsterdam and St. Nicholas Avenues, laid out in two five and one six-room apartment on a floor, accommodating eighteen families. It rents for about $33,000 and was held at $185,000.

The six-story apartment, southwest corner 181st Street and Fort Washington Avenue, was bought by the Leyah Construction Company, Inc. (Henry J. Krinsky). The building rents for $59,000, and was held at $300,000.

Y. M. C. A. ADDS SITE.

Buys Princeton Apartments in Fifty-Seventh Street.

The West Side Branch of the Y. M. C. A., has added to its realty holdings on West Fifty-seventh Street, by acquiring from Richard Lathers Jr., and others the Princeton seven-story apartments on plot 100 by 100 at 322 to 328 West Fifty-seventh Street, adjoining its present branch at 318. The purchase price was $264,000.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of ALEXANDER SACHS DRESS SHOP, INC., Alleged Bankrupt—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, June 1, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 583 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dresses, coats, capes, &c.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, Custodian.

DORFF & LEVY, Attorneys for petitioning creditors, 261 Broadway, New York.

Inspection May 29th and 31st.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of FORNACH HAT BLOCK AND DYE CO., Bankrupt—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, May 31, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M. at Heins Bros. Garage, Inc., 835 East 135th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of 1 Ford Truck.

JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver.

MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

Inspection May 28th and 29th.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of ABRAHAM ISRAELITE, Bankrupt—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, May 31, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M. at 2,656 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of hosiery, stationery, toys, sporting goods, fixtures, &c.

EUGENE L. BRISACH, Receiver.

90 WEST STREET, Attorney for Receiver, 90 West Street, New York.

Inspection May 28th and 29th.

THE BRONX MARKET.

Cretona Park North House Sold From the Plans.

The Galveston Building Company, Inc., Philip Herschkowsky, President, sold to N. Streng and M. Wildfeuer the new six-story apartment house now being erected at 712 to 720 Cretona Park North, between Clinton and Cretona Avenues. The building, which is 100 by 100, will be ready for occupancy July 15 and when rented will have an annual rent roll of $87,000. It was held at $320,000. Henry Shapiro & Co. were the brokers.

Alexander Selkin and Carl Jaffe sold for Fransol Realty Corporation, Dr. S. Bosak, President, the five and a half story tax exempt apartment house containing thirty-five apartments, on a lot 90 by 100, at 2,065 Davidson Avenue. The property has an annual income of $34,000 and was held at $295,000.

The same brokers have also sold to the Fransol Realty Corporation 986 Fox Street, a five and a half story tax exempt apartment house on a plot 75 by 100 and containing thirty-eight families paying an annual rent of $28,000.

William J. Henderson sold for the Shirlen Realty Corporation to an investor the northeast corner of Fort Washington Avenue and 177th Street, a five-story apartment on a plot 50 by 100.

William Peters & Co. sold to Jennie Schwartz the apartment house at 944 East 180th Street for Alwin Schrot.

The Hudson P. Rose Company purchased from Mary McKenna the house at 1,771 Olmsted Avenue, a one-family frame house. M. M. Reynolds was the broker. They have also purchased the three one-family frame houses at 864, 886 and 888 Tinton Avenue from Mr. Theurer. J. Hersog was the broker. They also purchased from Mr. Wiesling the three-family house at 442 East 182d Street. Richard Dickson was the broker.

T. Amorino sold for R. Bright to F. Obrinsky the two four-story flats at 463 and 465 East 140th Street.

Armstrong Brothers sold for A. E. Massimino to a client for investment 2,761 Briggs Avenue, a two-family brick dwelling, on a plot 20 by 100. It was held at $16,000.

S. J. Taylor sold for Mrs. Edna L. Smith 1,671 Nelson Avenue, a three-family brick house, containing seventeen rooms on a plot 25 by 100 feet, to W. Howe.

Realty Supervision Company sold to a client of Otterbourg, Steindler & Houston the eight-room private dwelling on the triangular plot, 50 by 100, at the northwest corner of Newton and Farrand Avenues, Riverdale. The purchaser will occupy the premises.

Fred L. Wiebke sold for Herman Hugo a five-story double brick building on a plot 20 by 100, located at 309 St. Ann's Avenue and held at $40,000, to Edward Maciarski.

Suburban Home Buyers.

John T. Brook Company sold a new stucco house with garage now under construction at Pelham Manor. The purchaser, Ernest Scribner of New York City will occupy on completion. Murray B. Parks was the broker.

R. E. L. Howe Jr. sold for Joseph Masse a new Colonial residence at the corner of South Lexington and Putnam Avenues White Plains, N. Y., to Mr. and Mrs. George H. Mulligan, who will occupy it as a residence.

Stephen J. Stilwell of Mamaroneck sold the stucco cottage belonging to George Wessells, Hains Park, to Edwin A. Hill of New York City, who will occupy.

Bowles & Co. have sold for Robert Brown his home, corner Glenwood and Highwood Avenues, Leonia, N. J., to John G. Little of Leonia.

Prince & Ripley have sold for George Galbraith his residence on Highland Avenue, White Plains, N. Y., to a client. The property was held at $16,500.

Lewis H. May Company sold for Ida Katzenberg her estate property, consisting of the homestead and outbuilding, fronting on Brookhaven Avenue, Wave Crest, Far Rockaway, L. I., to James E. O'Donnell as a permanent home.

Bronx Houses Planned.

Plans were filed yesterday with the Bronx Building Bureau as follows: Westchester Avenue, south side, 120.36 feet west of Bryant Avenue, two six-story brick tenements, 75 by 92; Peribinder Realty Corporation, James Peribinder, 1,425 Bryant Avenue, President; Charles Krembera, 2,534 Marion Avenue, architect; cost, $300,000.

Holland Avenue, west side, 105.12 feet south of Allerton Avenue, four two-story frame dwellings, 20 by 63; A. Cohn Realty Corporation, owners, A. Cohn, 238 Snedicker Avenue, Brooklyn, President; M. A. Canton, 373 Fulton Avenue, Brooklyn, architect; cost, $32,000.

Holland Avenue, west side, 94.62 feet north of Mace Avenue, thirteen two-story frame dwellings, 20 by 63; A. Cohn Realty Corporation, owners, A. Cohn, 238 Snedicker Avenue, Brooklyn, President; M. A. Cantor, 373 Fulton Avenue, Brooklyn, architect; cost $104,000.

Madison Street Landmark Sold.

The O'Brien Estate sold property at 30 Madison Street, 125 feet west of James Street, in size 22 feet in width by 100 in depth. This is the first sale of the property in close to 100 years, having been in the O'Brien Estate interests for that period. Cruikshank Company negotiated the deal.

FORECLOSURE SALES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York. LINDA M. HOLT, Plaintiff, against E. M. KANE COMPANY, INC., et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 17th day of April, 1923, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of June, 1923, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

"ALL that lot of land in the City of New York, with the buildings thereon, bounded and described as follows:

"BEGINNING at a point in the southerly side of Fifty-fifth Street distant two hundred and twenty feet westerly from the intersection of the southerly side of Fifty-fifth Street and the westerly side of Fifth Avenue and running thence southerly parallel with Fifth Avenue and part of the way through a party wall, one hundred feet; five inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly along said centre line, twenty feet; thence northerly again parallel with Fifth Avenue, and part of the way through another party wall, one hundred feet, five inches to the southerly side of Fifty-fifth Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of Fifty-fifth Street twenty feet to the point of beginning."

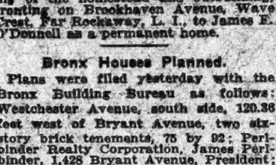
Dated, New York, April 20, 1923.

ISIDOR WELL, Referee.

VAN DOREN, CONKLIN & McKEVIN, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

31 Nassau Street, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 14 West 55th Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is Seventy Thousand Two Hundred Forty-six and 15-100ths ($70,246.15) Dollars with interest thereon from the 21st day of March, 1923, together with the costs and allowance amounting to Two Hundred Thirty-eight and 91-100ths ($238.91) Dollars with interest from April 17th, 1923, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is Two Thousand Six Hundred Seventy-two and 50-100ths ($2,672.50) Dollars and interest. This does not include the first half of 1923 taxes due May 1st, 1923.

The property is sold subject to restrictive covenants and restrictions of record, to violations of record and to any facts an accurate survey would disclose.

Dated, New York, April 20, 1923.

ISIDOR WELL, Referee.

The sale in the above entitled action is hereby adjourned to Tuesday, May 29, 1923, at the same hour and place.

Dated, New York, May 15, 1923.

ISIDOR WELL, Referee.

BUSINESS PROPERTIES.

Operator Purchases East Side Loft Building.

Journaires Silverman bought from the Dresdner Building Corporation the premises at 13 East Fifteenth Street, an eight-story and basement fireproof loft building, laid out in seven lofts and one store, 25 by 100, vacating for about $17,000 and held at $110,000.

S. S. Mankheimer sold for the estate of Warren A. James the premises at 304 East Broadway, 445 Grand Street and 628 Cherry Street. This is the first sale of these houses in over thirty years.

Service Station for the Heights.

L. J. Phillips & Co. have leased for the Broadway and St. Nicholas Avenues Realty Company (Joseph Silverson, Vice President), to the Kashed Sales Company, the junction of Broadway and St. Nicholas Avenue, 42 170th Street, facing Mitchel Square. The Kashed Sales Company, on completion of plans, will establish a gasoline service.

The plans have been incorporated in those of the two-story commercial building now being erected at this point on a plot leased from the Wardwell estate for a long term of years, during the latter part of 1922 by the lessors. The negotiations which have just been concluded for this space were then undertaken but have involved cable dispatches and the solution of various other obstacles.

The rental to be paid by the lessees under this lease, aside from construction costs, will involve the best part of half a million dollars.

Phi Gamma Delta Buys.

Snowber & Co. sold for Alfred B. Maclay, represented by Ruland & Benjamin, the property at 104 and 106 West Fifty-sixth Street, 50 by 100. The purchaser is the Phi Gamma Delta Club, now located at 44 West Forty-fourth Street, and formerly located at 34 West Forty-fourth Street. The present buildings when leases expire will be replaced by a club house. In the immediate vicinity are located a number of clubs, including the New York Athletic, Army and Navy, Catholic, University, Caledonian, Lotus, Calumet, Union, Criterion, Grand Street Boys and the New Masonic Mosque.

Private House Sales.

The 20-foot four-story and basement dwelling at 53 West Fifty-fourth Street, adjoining the City Athletic Club, has been sold by John W. Comey and others to Maria F. Simpson. This is the first transfer of the property in forty years. William A. White & Sons were the brokers.

S. J. Taylor sold for William M. Bostwick 19 West 134th Street, a three-story brick one-family house on a lot 16.4 by 80 feet to E. Hatterer.

J. M. Kelly Company as brokers sold through E. Haller for Mary E. Shea the three-story private dwelling, 163 by 100, at 127 West 120th Street, held at $16,000.

Madison Avenue Improvement.

Samuel J. Plash has taken over the property at 749 Madison Avenue, consisting of a five-story building being used exclusively for business purposes. The property has been held at $75,000 and is opposite the building just purchased by Vincent Astor. The owners do not contemplate any change of tenancies but will add several stories to the present building. The property is being taken over from the D. Schulte Company and attorneys in the matters were Jerome Eisner and Ehrlich & Benjamin for the purchaser.

Resale of Columbia College Leaseholds.

Butler & Baldwin, Inc., have resold for Dr. Henry Moeller 11 and 13 West Fiftieth Street, two Columbia College leaseholds, which have been held at $55,000. This plot consists of two four-story and basement dwellings, 15 by 100 each, and was sold to a client for investment. The buyer expects, after extensive alterations, to convert these buildings into stores and apartments. Dr. Moeller obtained this parcel through the same brokers a few weeks ago.

Estate Sells Third Avenue Corner.

Cyrille Carreau has bought from the Adrian estate the four-story building, 25 by 100, located on the southeast corner of Third Avenue and Forty-ninth Street. This is the first transfer of the property since 1905. Unless resold, extensive alterations are contemplated.

Auction Results.

At 14 Vesey St.

BY I. LINCOLN SEIDE.

West 59th St., 115, n. s., 200 ft. w. of Columbus Av., 18x100.8, 4-story dwelling; Anna Field vs. Alma Ahonen et al.; Emory F. Dyckman, (A); Max E. Sanders (R); due, $9,734.32; subject to two mortgages aggregating $17,761. To the plaintiff for $27,361.

FORECLOSURE SALES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York, ELEANOR E. WOLFF, as Executrix, etc., of MATILDA B. BEINHAUER, Deceased, Plaintiff, against BEINHAUER BROTHERS REALTY COMPANY et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 16th day of February, 1923, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 13th day of June, 1923, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by I. LINCOLN SEIDE COMPANY, Auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

ALL those four certain lots, pieces or parcels of land together with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point on the northerly side of Forty-seventh Street, distant 275 feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Forty-seventh Street and the westerly side of Eleventh Avenue, running thence northerly parallel with said Eleventh Avenue, 100 feet 8 inches more or less to the centre line of the block between Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth Streets, thence westerly along said centre line, 100 feet; thence southerly parallel with Eleventh Avenue, 100 feet 8 inches more or less to the northerly side of Forty-seventh Street, and thence easterly along said northerly side of Forty-seventh Street, 100 feet to the point or place of beginning, be the said several distances and dimensions more or less.

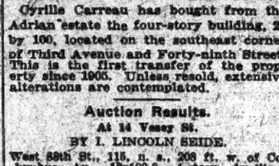
SUBJECT AND SUBORDINATE to a first mortgage of $71,000, dated the 15th day of July, 1920, and now held by Agnes Carpenter and Edith Carpenter Macy as substituted Trustees under the Last Will and Testament of Preston B. Jaques, deceased, and recorded in the office of the Register of New York County on the 19th day of February, 1913 in block series of mortgages, Section 4, Liber 240, page 127.

Dated, New York, the 15th day of May, 1923.

SAMUEL FALK, Referee.

SAYERS BROTHERS, Attorneys for Plaintiff. 97 Liberty Street.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 417 to 423 West Forty-seventh Street.



West 47th Street.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold, is Fifty-five thousand three hundred eighty-eight dollars and ninety-seven cents ($55,388.97) with interest thereon from the 15th day of January, 1923, together with costs and allowance amounting to Three hundred thirty and 97-100 dollars, with interest from February 16th, 1923, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is Nine thousand one hundred ten and 78-100 dollars and interest.

Dated, New York, the 15th day of May, 1923.

SAMUEL FALK, Referee.

TENEMENT HOUSE DEALS.

Investors Buy Flats on the East Side.

Patrick E. Dolan, sold the four story single flat 302 East Seventy-fifth Street to a client of Schindler & Liebler, for investment. The same brokers have also sold in conjunction with Henry G. Lobst, the five story double flat 886 East Ninetieth Street to a client for investment.

Ames & Company and Mead & Company have sold for the Mildred Realty Company, Inc., the five story tenement, size 25 by 90.8, at 442 West Thirty-eighth Street, to the Estate of Katherine Schumm, giving them a mortgage of 45.4 by 90.8. Harry J. Schumm represented the purchaser.

Buchwer & Co., sold for Herman Lenz the five story tenement at 324 East Sixty-fifth Street on lot 16 by 100. Owners expect to modernize the property at an early date.

G. Tuoti & Co. sold for the Willstone Realty Company, Inc., to A. Cirvincione, 2,402 Second Avenue, a five-story tenement, 20.8 by 100.

Garment Centre Project.

Pease & Elliman negotiated the sale of the property at 256-7-9 West Thirty-fifth Street, on a plot 60 by 98.9. The purchaser is a builder, who is contemplating the erection of a sixteen-story building for the needle trade. The entire building operation of the land and improvement will involve an expenditure of about $800,000. The seller recently purchased this plot through Pease & Elliman and resold it at a substantial profit.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

$500,000 PRIVATE FUNDS FOR Second Mortgages in any amounts in Greater New York & Westchester County. Kromer & Lincoln, Inc. 103 W. 42 St. Bryant 6317

REAL ESTATE.

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BROKERS
Your Property Listed with the
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will reach every operator, investor and licensed broker in New York City within 24 hours.
A Clearing House for Property Owners.
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LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

No. 00819 of 1923.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE. CHANCERY DIVISION.
Mr. Justice P. O. Lawrence.
Re: PILLSBURY-WASHBURN FLOUR MILLS COMPANY LIMITED
and
Re: THE COMPANIES (CONSOLIDATION) ACT, 1908.
ADVERTISEMENT OF MEETINGS.
Linklaters & Paines,
1, Bond Court,
Walbrook, E. C. 4.

No. 00819 of 1923.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE (in England)—CHANCERY DIVISION—Mr. Justice P. O. Lawrence—In the Matter of PILLSBURY-WASHBURN FLOUR MILLS COMPANY LIMITED, and in the Matter of the COMPANIES (CONSOLIDATION) ACT, 1908.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by an Order dated the 20th day of April, 1923, the Court has directed separate meetings of (1) the holders of the First Mortgage Debentures of the above-named Company;

(2) the holders of the Second Mortgage Dollar Bonds of the said Company, and

(3) the holders of the Ordinary Shares of the said Company to be convened for the purpose of considering and if thought fit approving with or without modification a Scheme of Arrangement proposed to be made between the above-named Company and the aforesaid holders of First Mortgage Debentures, Second Mortgage Dollar Bonds and Ordinary Shares respectively of the said Company and that such Meetings will be held on Wednesday, the 27th day of June, 1923, at Winchester House, Old Broad Street, in the City of London, England, at the respective times below mentioned namely—

(1) The Meeting of the holders of First Mortgage Debentures at 12 o'clock noon.

(2) The Meeting of the holders of the Second Mortgage Dollar Bonds at 12:15 o'clock in the afternoon or so soon thereafter as the preceding Meeting is concluded; and

(3) The Meeting of the holders of Ordinary Shares at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon or so soon thereafter as the preceding Meetings are concluded at which place and respective times all the aforesaid holders of First Mortgage Debentures of Second Mortgage Dollar Bonds and of Ordinary Shares are respectively requested to attend.

The respective holders of First Mortgage Debentures of Second Mortgage Dollar Bonds and of Ordinary Shares may attend such Meetings and vote thereat either in person or by proxy.

Forms of Proxy may be obtained (and copies of the Scheme may also be seen and obtained) at the Registered Office of the above mentioned Company situate at 25 Moorgate in the City of London, England and at the offices of the three approved offices of the Pillsbury Flour Mills Company (U. S. A.) situate at

501 Metropolitan Life Building, Minneapolis, U. S. A.

2,104 Fullerton Avenue, Chicago, U. S. A. and 122 Produce Exchange Building, New York, U. S. A.

Forms appointing proxies must be deposited at the registered office of the Company situate as aforesaid not later than 48 hours before the time appointed for the said Meetings or alternatively in the case of First Mortgage Debentures to Bearer and of Second Mortgage Dollar Bonds to Bearer must bring to the Meeting at the Office of the Pillsbury Flour Mills Company, at 501 Metropolitan Life Building, Minneapolis, U. S. A. not later than 72 hours before the time appointed for the meeting.

The aforesaid holders of First Mortgage Debentures to Bearer and Second Mortgage Dollar Bonds to Bearer must bring to the Meeting the Debentures or Bonds or alternatively the same may be deposited with the Company at its aforesaid registered office or at either of the following Banks, namely:

Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie, Holt & Co., 67, Lombard Street, London, E. C.

The First National Bank, 101-111 South Fifth Street, Minneapolis, U. S. A.

The Chase National Bank, 57 Broadway, New York, U. S. A.

The First Trust and Savings Bank, 68 West Monroe Street, Chicago, U. S. A.

and a certificate of deposit (signed by the Secretary of the Company or by the said Banks that the same have been deposited and stating the names and address of the holder and the numbers lodged and the values thereof and the serial numbers) must be produced at the meeting. Debentures and Bonds so deposited are to be retained until the close of the Meetings or any adjournments thereof.

By the said Order the Court has appointed Alfred Shepherd or failing him John Henry Clifford Johnston Chairman of each of the said Meetings and has directed the Chairman to report the results of the Meetings respectively to the Court.

The said Scheme of Arrangement will be subject to the subsequent approval of the Court.

DATED, the 10th day of May, 1923.

LINKLATERS & PAINES,
Solicitors for the above-named Company, 2, Bond Court, Walbrook in the City of London.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Northern District of New York.—William Whitman Company, Inc., Complainant, against Chalmers Knitting Company, Defendant.—Pursuant to an order of Hon. Martin T. Manton, United States Circuit Judge, dated the 11th day of May, 1923, notice is hereby given to creditors having claims against the Chalmers Knitting Company to present verified proof of the same to the undersigned at their office at Amsterdam, New York, on or before the 15th day of June, 1923; and that all such creditors of the Chalmers Knitting Company as shall fail to file their claims with said receivers as hereinbefore stated and within the time hereinbefore stated shall be disbarred from any share of, in or to the property of the Chalmers Knitting Company, and shall not be entitled to receive any share thereof or of the proceeds thereof.

Dated: Amsterdam, New York, May 16, 1923.

DAVID W. CHALMERS
JOHN B. JOHNSTON,
As Receivers of Chalmers Knitting Company, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Martin M. Paterson, Solicitor for Receivers, 165 Broadway, New York City.

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55 TRAINS DAILY

325 MERRICK ROAD HOME BUILDING LOTS

Opposite Geo. W. Loft Estate

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"At Your Own Price"

ON PREMISES, 2 P. M., RAIN OR SHINE

80% ON INSTALLMENT CONTRACT—2% A MONTH

Title Policies Free

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Joseph Day Auctioneer Inc.

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Select Your Apartment Now for Immediate or Fall Occupancy

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New Elevator Garden Apartments

5, 6 and 7 Rooms—2 to 3 Baths

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The Queensboro Corporation Manhattan Office, 50 East 42d St.
Jackson Heights Office, 25th St. & Polk Ave.

VISIT JACKSON HEIGHTS TODAY

Broadway B. R. T. Subway from any Manhattan Station direct to Jackson Heights. Take Corona train at Queensboro Bridge Plaza.

Interboro Subway to Grand Central Station, transfer at Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.

By Motor, 59th St. via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. (Northern Boulevard) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.

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Over 200 Bronx Lots

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The Lots Are Ready To Build On Proper Restrictions

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Westchester Square Station of East Side Subway about a six-minute walk from my Temporary Office.
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The Morris Park Ave. Surface Car goes to the property.
The N. Y., Westchester & B. R. R. has two stations at the property.

For Information, FRANK HAGAN

Temporary Office: Williamsbridge Rd. & Pierce Ave. (on property)
Downtown Office: 16 Exchange Place. Bowling Green 4890.

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a house or loft building in the fur district; also, would like to purchase 25 by 100 near fur district for garage. Mr. KAY, care of Hudson Bay Fur Co., 441 6th Ave.

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On prominent thoroughfares, in tenement districts. Equipped with bar fixtures. Early possession. Cancellation clauses to tenants in event of future legislation. Apply "AGENT," Box 769 Times Downtown.

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"Easy Housekeeping"
Crown Heights Section
SULLIVAN ST.
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All modern improvements.
$3,000 Cash BALANCE EASY TERMS

Nostrand Av. (fatterboro) subway to Sterling St. station or Brighton Beach (B. R. T.) subway to Prospect Park station.

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1105 PARK AVENUE

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A FOURTEEN story 100% co-operative apartment house is being erected on this desirable corner with apartments of 6, 7, 8 and 9 large rooms with 3 and 4 baths. A few desirable offices appropriate for dentists or physicians.

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Open Sundays and Decoration Day.

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$200 to $400 a month.
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$1,500 to $6,000 for season.

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L'HOMMEDIEU, WARBURTON & CO.
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Property Appropriate for
INSTITUTION,
HIGH-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE,
SANITARIUM, SCHOOL
Best residential section White Plains. Will finance to limited extent. Write Box P. L. S., 111 W. 42d Street Building, N. Y.

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WHOLE OR PART

Rent Reasonable

32 W. 18th ST.
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Attractive Outside

OFFICES

150 Sq. Ft. and larger
Rental $650 upwards
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Built by day's work; finest section of the old village of Flushing; 3 blocks from old Country Golf Club and High School; 15 minutes from Penn. Station. Ten rooms, 3 baths, heated sun and sleeping porches, hot water heating system, instantaneous hot water, oak floors, open fireplace, copper leaders, valleys and gutters; 2-car garage; plot 62½x180. Price $27,500; liberal terms. Apply

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7 & 8 ROOMS
3 BATHS
October 1st Occupancy
$4900 to $5500
Management of
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EAST 60TH STREET
100% Co-operative Studio Housekeeping Apartments
4 rooms, 1 bath, $4,000 to $4,600
Monthly operating charges
$83.33 to $100.00
50% saving under this plan.
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Larger apartments if desired.
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Riverside Drive at 103d St.
9 Rooms & 3 Baths
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Overlooking Riverside-Hudson-Palisades
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6 rooms and 3 baths, $4,600. Immediate possession. Apply on premises or
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3 Rooms and Bath, $1,800 to $3,000. Immediate Possession or October 1st. Premises or
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3, 4 and 5 Rooms and Bath, $2,000 to $4,500
Splendidly Appointed—Superior Service
Immediate Possession or October 1st.
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A LIMITED NUMBER OF
SECOND MORTGAGES AT 10% DISCOUNT
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ANY AMOUNT, OUR OWN MONEY
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TO PLACE AT ONCE.
LARGEST LOANS, QUICKEST DECISIONS
SAVED—TIME—$.
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FIRST and second mortgages, money to loan, any amount, on all types of property, reasonable charges. Alliger & Auch, 160 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 3191.

MONEY to loan in Bergen County on first mortgage; quick action; reasonable charges. Vandenburgh, 194 Broadway, Cortlandt 6494.

CLIENT has authorized us to loan up to $200,000 on first and second mortgages or building loans; quick action reasonable rates. Hale & Le Mar, 66 William St.

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SECOND mortgages to loan; any amount, anywhere; very low charges; private party. G 008 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE Party loans second mortgages $1,000-$10,000. Waldorf, 208, 15 Park Row.

I BUY second mortgages; cash immediately advanced. Waldorf, 208, 15 Park Row.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.

$110,000 WANTED on modern apartment house; value $326,000, yielding $24,000 yearly; occupies corner fronting main artery of Newark, N. J.; liberal bonus paid. Apply NEW JERSEY REALTIES, INC., 738 Broad St., Newark. Mulberry 4614.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Manhattan For Sale.

12TH ST., WEST—Dwelling 10 rooms; 3 baths; hot water heat; hardwood floors; perfect condition; remarkable bargain; $26,500. Write Dwight True, 31 West 10th.

19TH ST., 25-27 WEST—Two 4-story dwellings, 50x92, together or separately; possession; easy terms; excellent for alterations; can be bought for less than assessed valuation. H. J. Sachs & Co., 38 West 21st.

64TH ST., WEST—$3,500 down; 10-room private stone dwelling; business street; West 121st St., $3,000 down, 14-room brownstone private house; suitable for furnished rooms; bargains; protected. Owner Rose, 7 West 45th St. Phone Bryant 2129.

77TH ST. (near West End Av.)—Artistic private home. Murray Hill 4639.

81ST ST., 120 WEST—4-story dwelling, parquet floors throughout; a comfortable home; price $32,500, easy terms to right party; caretaker on premises.

86TH ST., WEST—25x100, 4-story basement dwelling; 15 rooms, 4 baths; excellent condition; parquet floors; paneled walls; unusual fixtures; furnished, unfurnished; price $47,000, only $15,000 cash; long-term mortgage.

MORGAN & VERDON.
746 Madison Av. Rhinelander 1772.

MADISON AV., distant 18 ft. from corner of 67th St., unusual for alterations into business. Butler & Baldwin, Inc., Sole Agents, 15 East 47th St. Vanderbilt 5015.

YORKVILLE COLD WATER TENEMENT.
75th St., near 2d Av. five stories, 25x100; twenty families; good condition; price $21,500. Owner, William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.

ONLY $35,000 cash buys 15-story fireproof elevator corner Riverside Drive; rent $80,000; vacancy 1 and 2's; net profit $14,000 yearly after paying off $26,000 long-term mortgages. Pierre Golden Co., 220 West 42d.

CORNER, elevator; 100x118; layout, 3 3's, 2 4's, 2 5's; 10-year first mortgage; 10-year second mortgage; rent $42,800; bargain at $43,000 cash; two 5% mortgages. Pierre Golden Co., 220 West 42d.

ON 24TH ST., ADJOINING LEXINGTON. In the horse market; two-story stable, 20x100; possession 90 days; price reasonable. Owner, William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.

NO. 110 WEST 56TH ST.
Just off 6th Av., two-story garage, 25x100; possession in September. William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.

PRIVATE dwelling in 70s, west of Broadway; can be used for rooming purposes; will sell furniture. John J. Meenan, 153 West 72d.

Manhattan For Rent.

46TH (6th-7th Avs.)—Twelve rooms, 8 baths, $3,600; fine condition, all improvements; good lease; will sacrifice furniture; immediate possession. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

49TH, EAST—House, 17 rooms, 2 baths; electricity; $1,800 year; good lease; will sacrifice furnishings. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

55TH ST., 69 EAST—Four story and basement private dwelling, perfect condition, 12 rooms, 3 baths and butler's pantry, parquet floors and electric fixtures; suitable for doctor or dentist; furnished and unfurnished apartments or rooms; immediate possession. Apply on premises.

MURRAY HILL—Five-story American basement, 10-year lease. Murray Hill 4639.

Bronx For Sale.

BARGAIN, One, two, three-family houses; brick and frame. Waxman & Klein, 1,968 Marmion Av., Bronx.

DUPLEX 2-family brick and garage; $21,000 and $24,000. Owner, 1,504 Shakespeare Av.

Brooklyn For Sale.

BEDFORD SECTION—Two-family, brown stone house; 13 rooms, 2 baths, semi detached; electricity, hot water, heat, parquet floors, first class condition. 481 Jefferson Av., near Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE OR RENT.
Flatbush, 1-family detached, 30x100; 7 rooms; all improvements; open fireplace; will rent for $150 monthly; easy terms. Phone Midwood 1913.

TWO-FAMILY, tax exempt; Foster Av., near Ocean Parkway; $17,500; cash $5,500; upstairs about pays carrying charges. I. Strauss, Room 616, 25 West 43d.

Brooklyn For Rent.

FURNISHED house, improvements; 11 rooms, 3 baths; near Prospect Park; subways; May to Oct., $225 mo. Sterling 2186.

Staten Island For Rent.

FOR LEASE—Five-room house, splendid condition, in private park, Staten Island, 15 minutes from ferry; all modern conveniences; rent, $60; heated. Phone Rector 7040.

DETACHED HOUSE—Eleven rooms, bath; 100 ft. lot; near ferry; $100 June 1. 346 St. Marks Place, Staten Island.

Queens County For Sale.

ST. ALBANS, L. I.
Will sacrifice new built to order Colonial house, tax exempt, on three lots; seven large rooms; modern improvements; 30 minutes to Manhattan. Write Owner, Columbia Luggage Shop, 1,300 Broadway, Manhattan.

$500 CASH, balance $35 monthly principal, buys beautiful colonial; tax exempt house; large plot, restricted residential park; steam, electricity, parquetry, sun parlor, tile kitchen, tile bath, driveway, McNeece, 80 Union Hall St., Jamaica. Phone Jamaica 4196.

Long Island For Sale.

ARVERNE, L. I. (On Beach 70th St.)—For sale or rent; 2 new brick, 2 family houses; all modern improvements; all-year-round houses; one-half block from ocean and one block from station; ready for occupancy. Telephone Belle Harbor 1756.

BAYVILLE—Bungalow; living room, dining room, 3 bedrooms, bath; kitchenette; garage in outside building; convenient bedroom, living room, bath (for servant); private street, restricted neighborhood; $9,000; terms. Appointment by phone. Hoboken 2249. Hempstead 640.

BELLEAIRE, N. Y. City, Long Island—A home at cost; $1,000 cash; builder sacrifice; new, six rooms and sun parlor; last two; one stucco, one frame; all improvements; must sell quick. Phone Hollis 8755 or write B. H., 600 Times Downtown.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING BARGAIN.
Owner goes West. Will sell at sacrifice, Colonial, Tax Exemption, 6 rooms and bath, enclosed porch, open attic, garage, excellent location; plot 40x100. Price $10,500, cash $2,500, balance easy terms. Durand with F. H. Reeves, Inc., Broadway-Flushing at Railroad Station. Flushing 3823.

BROADWAY, FLUSHING.
Colonial, tax exemption, 6 rooms and bath, enclosed porch, open attic, garage; excellent location; plot 40x100; bargain at $10,500. Durand (with F. H. Reeves, Inc.), Broadway, Flushing, at railroad station. Flushing 3823.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Long Island For Sale.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING—House, 8 rooms, 2 baths, oak floors, garage; all improvements; best location; plot 60x100; price $14,000. W 982 Times Downtown.

CEDARHURST, L. I.—Bargain, new brick house, tiled roof, all improvements, 9 rooms, 3 baths, on plot 52x205; sacrifice; wonderful opportunity. Riviera Trading Co., 233-239 West 42d St.

DOUGLAS MANOR.
Charming Colonial house, on hilltop; 8 rooms, 3 baths, large plot, garage, near R.R. station and school; built by present owner; a real bargain at $22,000.
Thomas O'Connell, Manhasset, L. I. Tel. 226.

FREEPORT—Very special, 10 rooms and bath; electricity and gas; 6 bedrooms; best location; hot water heat; separate laundry; large pantry; extra large bedrooms; front and side porch; fruit and berries; plot 70x150; worth $16,500, sacrifice price $10,000; bring deposit with you. Geo. H. Wheeler, 15 Railroad Av., opposite depot. Phone 439 Freeport.

FREEPORT, L. I.—Beautiful six-room semi-bungalow; ever-modern improvement; near station; $6,000, cash $500, balance $35 monthly. Owner, A. H. Courtenay, Hempstead, N. Y. Telephone Hempstead 644 and 178.

GREAT NECK (Kensington, 72 Arliegh Road)—New beautiful home, 4 master's bedrooms, 2 baths, maid's room, bath, garage, on wooded plot; $24,000, terms; restricted park; clubhouse, tennis, swimming pool. Booklet. Eidebohl's Co., 452 Lexington Av. Vanderbilt 7040.

GREAT NECK, DOUGLASTON, BAYSIDE.
Our listings of superior homes are very complete. Let us know your requirements.
I. T. McKNIGHT, 22 EAST 33D ST.
Madison Square 2540. Great Neck 822.

HUNTINGTON — Summer or year-round home; about two acres, nicely landscaped; convenient to beach, clubs and village; house 9 rooms, bath, electric lights, steam heat, open fireplace, large porches, large barn and garages with stables, variety of fruit and berries, large shade trees, beach rights to finest beach on Long Island; price for quick sale $30,000. Chas. H. Semmis Jr., Huntington, L. I. Telephone Huntington 480.

HUNTINGTON, L. I.—On high ground in excellent residence section there is a pretty bungalow of 5 rooms and all improvements; large shady lot; immediate possession, and only $5,250, $1,250 cash, balance $25 monthly. Louise Bates Rosenthal, Huntington, L. I. Phone 656.

LONG ISLAND BARGAINS.
One acre, old-fashioned house, in good order; orchard; near water; $3,800; $600 cash.
Five acres, 5-room house, barn, large trees, good water; $5,500.
Seven acres, new 6-room house, barn, 2 henneries; $5,500.
SHORE FRONT LOTS, 50x150, white, sandy beach, for bathing; fine neighborhood; $400 each.
These properties are in Huntington-Townships, commuting distance, and are great bargains; easy terms. THEODORE S. HALL, Huntington, L. I. Tel. 96J Huntington.

MANHASSET, L. I.—For sale, 6-room new house, all improvements; price $8,000; one block from railroad station at Locust St.; no brokers.

NORTH SHORE Specialists—Estates, houses, plots and lots, McKNIGHT-DAYTON, Tel. 1237 BAYSIDE. Tel. 582 PORT WASHINGTON.

PORT WASHINGTON, L. I.—House, seven rooms, all improvements; 5 minutes station; price reasonable. Apply Owner, A. W. Keevil, 26 Liberty St., N. Y. Phone 0450 John.

WESTBURY—$11,000—$4,000 cash, real bargain; beautiful new dwelling, 4 bedrooms, enclosed porch, tile bath; choice section. Henry Pierson, owner, Maple and Manor Avs., Westbury. City telephone Sterling 4900.

WESTBURY—7-room house, sun parlor, every improvement; 2-car garage; acre of ground; near station; finest section; $11,000, $4,500 cash. John A. McKenna Jr. Phone 313.

WESTBURY—6-room house, every improvement; price $10,000; near station; finest section; $8,750, $1,500 cash; rent $85 per month. John A. McKenna Jr., Phone 313.

OWNER FORCED TO SELL
beautiful California bungalow, built for his own occupancy; 5 large rooms, bath, inclosed fireplace; large front porch, open fireplace; plot 60x200; garage; located in delightful residential community; 41 minutes out; price $5,500; $1,000 cash. R 518 Times.

BARGAIN—6-room house; superior construction; every improvement; easy terms. Marathon Park, Little Neck, Bayside 1168, and Great Neck 639, Whitney Holding 4642.

WILL sell at low price elegant 11-room house, also new 7-room house on large plot; near station; call Sunday. L. B. Adams, owner, Massapequa, L. I.

100 YEARS OLD.
Water, gas and electricity; beautiful and remodeled 9 rooms and 2 baths; oak floors throughout; large corner plot; cheap at $12,000; easy terms.
L'ECLUSE, WASHBURN & CO.,
26 East 40th St., N. Y.
Local Telephone 298-J Huntington.

A MOST beautiful residence on Long Island for sale by the owner; sunken garden, vegetables, fruit trees and numerous features; garage; all conveniences; with or without furniture; leaving for Europe on business; a bargain to quick buyer. 504 Merrick Road, Lynbrook, close to station. Come, see it, you'll enjoy it.

SUBSTANTIAL HOUSE, LARGE PLOT.
Forest Hills Gardens; hollow tile and brick, tile roof, plot approximately 114x135; rooms, 10; 3 baths; 2 maids' rooms; also sleeping porch; matured oak shade trees; extensive planting of evergreens; 15 minutes from Penn Terminal; 3 minutes' walk from station; restricted, completed neighborhood. Room 605, 267 5th Av. Tel. Madison Square 1801.

OWNER will sacrifice new 8-room stucco house, corner plot, open fireplace, living room, fireplace, oak floors; all modern improvements; $17,500; for business reasons will accept reasonable offer. F. W. Scutt & Co., 509 Fulton St., Jamaica. Phone 0079.

BUSINESS takes me away from my home, the finest in Glen Cove; 7 rooms; built and decorated to the king's taste; on 75x150. For information see James Tormey, 2,025 Broadway, Room 330, New York.

FOR SALE or to let, 12-room house, 2,504 Dickens Av., Far Rockaway; can be had reasonable. M. J. Cohen, 11 Beach 35th St., Edgemere, L. I. 0718 Far Rockaway.

Long Island For Rent.

GARDEN CITY—10 rooms, 2 baths; sale or rent. Murray Hill 4639.

HUNTINGTON—Furnished home; artistic; new bungalow of 6 rooms, all improvements, high elevation, fine old shade trees, convenient to village and car line; $125 per month; other homes and other prices. Phone or write your requirements. Louise Bates Rosenthal, Huntington, L. I. Phone 656.

Westchester County For Sale.

HARRISON, N. Y.—Fine stucco house, six rooms, bath, improvements, garage, shrubbery, &c.; near station; $10,500; cash $2,000; others. Brown-Brown, Depot Square.

HASTINGS, Vicinity—Homes for sale, $15,000 to $35,000; improved lots, $500 up. Devine, Tel. 701 Hastings-on-Hudson.

LARCHMONT—Absolutely prewar price; exceptionally well built stucco house, 6 rooms, sleeping porch, fireplace, hot-water heat, garage; conveniently located, shrubs, trees; just offered $10,500. If you have money to invest buy this for speculation. Olcott & Egger, 51 East 42d. Murray Hill 2226.

LAKE MAHOPAC.
For sale, new California bungalow; 4 large rooms and bath; large plot; high location; bathing, boating, &c.; 5 minutes' walk to station. Sylvester Prohock, 41 West 34th St. Tel. Fitzroy 1970, New York City.

LARCHMONT.
Attractive, almost new home; 4 masters' bedrooms and bath; maid's room and bath; exceptional living room; sun porch; open fireplace; hot water heat and every modern appointment; garage extra size corner plot artistically landscaped; convenient and desirable location; must be seen to be appreciated; price $21,500.
P. H. COLLINS,
Collins Realty Bldg.,
Larchmont, N. Y. Tel. 274.

LARCHMONT.
ENGLISH COLONIAL, near station; on plot 76x100; restricted park; hot water heat; tiled bath with shower; maid's room, bath; open fireplace; porch; garage; open attic; $21,000; cash required $5,000.
C. WOODFORD DEMING,
41 Boston Post Road. Tel. Larchmont 463.

LARCHMONT—Colonial residence, 7 large rooms, tiled bath, brick fireplace, oak floors, sleeping and large open porches, garage; large plot, high elevation, restricted surroundings in perfect condition; price $14,500; $5,000, cash. Sunday phone Larchmont 22.
GEORGE HOWE, 527 FIFTH AVE., N. Y.

LARCHMONT GARDENS—Colonial home 9 rooms, modern improvements; maple floors; 2 baths; price $10,000 cash, mortgage $4,000. Owner, Winhold, 27 Harmon Drive.

MAMARONECK BOOMING.
New ferry to Long Island; new homes, new store buildings, new theatre; everything booming; come out; share profits with us. Residences for sale.
STEPHEN J. STILWELL,
Tel. 394. Opposite Depot, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

MAMARONECK LOTS.
Carroll Park, Boston Post Road to R. R. Av.; in best section; $500 up; easy terms. Conbur Realty Corp., 396 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 2846.

MT. VERNON BEST VALUE.
STUCCO HOUSE, 7 ROOMS, SUN PARLOR, TILED BATH, OPEN REAR PORCH, 2-CAR HOLLOW TILE GARAGE; GROUNDS 70x180; 3 MINUTES FROM STATION; PRICE $10,000. TERMS. TELEPHONE HILLCREST 8329W.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Westchester County For Sale.

MOUNT VERNON—Modern stucco duplex house, best residential section, convenient to railroads; one side rented $180 month; pays all charges. Lenox 8900.

NEW ROCHELLE.
Must sell this handsome waterfront property on beautiful ground, commanding, stucco house, 10 rooms, 3 baths, gas, electricity, hot water heat, fireplace, garage; privilege of private beach for bathing and boating; a really fine buy subject to offer; inspect today.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
128 Boston Post Road, New Rochelle. Phone 3242.
17 East 42d St. Murray Hill 7323.

NEW ROCHELLE BARGAIN—Good house, ten rooms, three baths, garage, beautiful lot 100x200; good location; easy commuting; 8 Manhattan Av., Rochelle Park.

OSSINING ON HUDSON—Superb residence; all improvements; garage, large grounds; extensive river views; near station; 45 hour Grand Central; asking $32,500; make offer; see it today. Post, 80 Main St.

PELHAM.
Pelham's highest point; new English type stucco house; large plot; well laid out; 9 exceptionally large rooms, 3 all tile baths, aquarium, separate maid's room, bath; hardwood floors, hot water heat, finished attic; attached fireproof garage; exceptional value; only small payment required.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
4,765 Boston Post Rd., Pelham. Phone 5100.
17 East 42d St. Murray Hill 7323.

PELHAM HEIGHTS—Exceptionally well constructed solid brick home, built for owner's occupancy; high, exclusive section; 9 rooms, 3 baths; splendid porches; wonderful views of Long Island Sound; hardwood floors; 2-car garage; wonderful value; owner wants offer. Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9226.

AT PELHAM MANOR.
Beautiful stucco home; 6 large rooms, 2 baths; heated sun parlor; sleeping porch; all modern appointments; large plot; owner will sell at sacrifice. W. F. Ross, 25 West 43d St., New York. Tel. 0738 Murray Hill.

PELHAM—Stucco house, eight rooms, two baths, sun porch, garage; five minutes from New Haven and Boston and Westchester Stations; furnished or unfurnished; direct from owner. Appointment, telephone Pelham 2185-J.

PELHAM—Must sacrifice my charming home with its perfectly planned interior; 12 rooms, 3 baths; sun parlor, extra lavatories, fireplaces, hot water heat; 70 trees; plot 192x229. Mrs. Burke, 720 West End Avenue. Tel. 1062 Riverside.

PLEASANTVILLE.
CRAFTSMAN STYLE CHATEAU.
OWNER LEAVING FOR EUROPE.
Built for owner; 1¼ acres, grounds beautifully landscaped; vegetable and flower garden.
First floor, sun parlor closed or open, 36x10; living room, 36x18; 14 windows and 2 doors, large built-in closet, open fireplace; kitchen, 30x18, 6 windows.
Second floor has 20 windows, large sleeping porch; 5 master bedrooms, large closets, 2 baths and a storage room; hardwood floors throughout.
Phone Mr. Barker, 6150 Hanover 14

RYE—WANT YOUR OFFER.
Nestled in group of trees on rocky knoll, new Colonial residence, 10 rooms, 3 baths, every modern improvement; high class residential section, 10 minute walk to station; owner must sell, low figure.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
128 Boston Post Road, New Rochelle. Phone 1017.
17 East 42d St. Murray Hill 7323.

SCARSDALE
EXCLUSIVE MURRAY HILL
11 ROOM, 5 BATH; 1¼ ACRES.
New England Colonial 2-story house in excellent repair. Improvements; living room 32x24, with large open fireplace; Colonial stairway into large foyer; library with rustic stone fireplace. Large combination garage-stable, with room for quarters. Will sell away below market to obtain cash. Owner, Room 1127, 342 Madison Avenue.

SCARSDALE—House 8 rooms; all improvements attractively landscaped; garage; small cash deposit; balance terms; immediate possession. Bouchoux, Popham Road. Phone Scarsdale 368.

SCARSDALE.
Homes and building plots.
E. BOUCHOUX.
Open Sundays.

SHORE ACRES—Here's a bargain for quick action; attractive clapboard house; 7 spacious rooms, 2 baths; splendid porches; wonderful views of Long Island Sound; privileges of private beach and club; lovely grounds advise immediate inspection; asking $18,000; hard to duplicate.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
33 Boston Post Road, Larchmont. Phone 564.
17 East 42d St. Murray Hill 7323.

WHITE PLAINS.
AN IDEAL HOME
for small family; excellent location; corner plot; distinctive and well constructed; a large, "homey" living room with fireplace; French doors leading to cheerful sun room; good-sized dining room; model kitchen with adjoining pantry and laundry; 3 light bedrooms, modern bath; vacuum steam heat; oak floors throughout; copper leaders and gutters; large garage; a pleasing home at the right price.
R. FRANKLIN HULL,
17 Orawaupum St., White Plains. Tel. 2260-1.

WHITE PLAINS (Central Av. and Cleveland St.)—Attractive homes on large garden plots; just completed; within a few minutes walk from station; the last word in convenience and modern improvements.
PRICE $9,500 TO $16,500.
Terms to suit convenience of purchaser.
V. GREEN CONSTRUCTION COMPANY,
45 West 34th St., N. Y. Tel. Fitzroy 3300.

WHITE PLAINS AND YONKERS.
We are liquidating the remainder of our choice building lots in White Plains and Yonkers under a unique and hitherto unheard of proposition. If you desire to build a home as soon as building labor and materials are reduced, now is the time to get the site before it is too late. J. M. Smith, Sole Agent, 11 Nassau St., N. Y. Cortlandt 7800.
YONKERS—New house; beautiful surroundings; reasonable, also restricted plots for refined people. Owner, 185 Lee Av. Yonkers 4737.

NOTICE!
By the number of advertisements for property for sale in Yonkers, as compared with other places in the whole town is
NOT FOR SALE.
Get our copy of photos and descriptions of the few choice plots available. People who settle here are usually satisfied and stay.
THOMAS S. BURKE,
Flagg Bldg., Getty Sq., Yonkers, N. Y.
Branch Office, open Sunday,
505 South Broadway, at Valentine Lane.
Telephone Yonkers 5000.

ENGLISH BRICK HOUSE.
I offer for sale my beautiful English brick house, located in best residential section of White Plains, N. Y.; plot 100x175, covered with big trees; 8 rooms, 3 baths, enclosed porch, breakfast nook, tiled baths, with shower, dressing room; big closets; steam heat; gas and electricity; copper leaders and gutters; 2-car brick garage; might consider rental to prospective buyer. S. Sayre Jr., White Plains, N. Y. Tel. White Plains 2674 or Murray Hill 6120.

OWNER ABROAD.
Must Sell Beautiful Estate.
WHITE PLAINS—Southern Colonial home, 12 rooms, 3 baths, all improvements, 3-car garage with quarters, wonderful trees, vegetable and flower gardens; 5¼ acres; also offered with 2¼ acres; quick action will secure desired bargain. Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9226.

FORCED TO SACRIFICE.
New artistic stucco 7 rooms, 2 baths, shower, 4 bedrooms, oak floors, fireplace; attached garage; picturesque plot, fine view; close to depot; price cut to $16,000; liberal terms.
HARRY B. MONROE,
195 Main St., White Plains. Tel. 1547-2996.

FOR SALE IN RYE
Modern home, good section, 4 master's, garage. Price $14,500; terms to suit.
CHAS. S. FAULKNER
Office facing Rye Railroad Station
Telephone 123 Rye, N. Y.

BEFORE YOU BUY, read our booklet, "Suburban Westchester." It gives distances, commuting rates, population and description of each town within the 40-minute zone; send postage, 2 cents. Prince & Ripley, 342 Madison Av., New York City.

FOR RENT OR SALE
at PELHAM MANOR—Beautifully located home, 7 rooms, 2 baths; heated garage $200 monthly. W. F. Ross, 25 West 43d St., New York. Tel. 0789 Murray Hill.

TO RENT AT $175 (UNFURNISHED).
Or will sell, new stucco house, 7 rooms, 2 baths, sun parlor, garage; small old apple trees in restricted colony; particulars. Lawrence H. Tasker, 154 Nassau St. Beekman 4500.

LAKE frontage, over 10 acres, 9 rooms, all year residence, cottage, &c. George F. Archer, 10 East 43d St. Vanderbilt 5064.

Westchester County For Rent.

ARDSLEY—Modern, pretty seven-room cottage, furnished or unfurnished; lawn, trees, flowers, fruit; shady porch; year's lease and reference required. Telephone Dobbs Ferry 115-W.

HARMON-ON-HUDSON—Eight rooms, two baths; double garage; beautiful view; fifty minutes from Grand Central; yearly lease; $125 monthly. A. Frank, Phone 105-J Croton.

LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.—Beautiful 8-room house, all conveniences, room for car, large grounds, fruit, etc.; owner, V. D. Clifford.

LARCHMONT MANOR—Rent unfurnished most attractive 8 rooms, 3 baths; lawn and garden; garage; 2 minutes bathing beach; $2,500 a year.
MURDOCH,
40 Post Road. Phone 425 Larchmont.

WHITE PLAINS—8 rooms furnished complete, tile bath, front and back stairs, enclosed screened porch, garden; $125 per month; one year's lease; adults; references. 15 Edgewood Av. Phone 2264.

HOUSES AND ESTATES WANTED.

WANTED—An attractive little house in attractive country village for refined adult family; on lease; commuting distance, automobile road; moderate. A. L., 96 Times.

WANTED to rent now, perhaps buy later, six or seven room house, with yard, within hour 42d St.; give particulars, lowest rent, first letter. D 597 Times.

TWO adjoining private houses wanted; 50-60-70-80; to purchase for early occupancy. Lakin, 101 West 42d.

WANTED—Private house in exchange for modern country home, commuting distance. Folsom Bros., Inc., 127 East 34th St.

SUMMER HOMES.

Staten Island For Rent.

FOX'S BEACH (Staten Island)—Safest, healthiest and most congenial; 45 minutes from Manhattan; 8, 9, 10, and 6 rooms, furnished bungalows, for rent and for sale; reasonable terms. For particulars phone Orchard 3767 or Dongan Hills 449-W.

Long Island For Sale.

LONG BEACH WEST—Bay front, furnished bungalow; 5 rooms and bath; front and rear screened porches; all modern improvements; price $5,000. Telephone Fordham 0060.

HALF ACRE, 50 feet beautiful beach front on L. I. Sound, near Port Jefferson North Shore; only $1,250; easy terms. Stephen Yates, 47 West 34th St., N. Y. Tel. Fitzroy 0255.

Long Island For Rent.

AMITYVILLE, L. I.—Furnished, private, 8 rooms, bath; all improvements; garage; beautiful grounds, 75x150; large porch; rent for Summer season $350; reliable. Phone Flatbush 1822 mornings between 9 and 12.

BAYSHORE—Furnished cottages to let from $450 to $1,500 season. Wehrle, Tel. 624-W. Bayshore, L. I.

BAYSHORE (63 East Union St.)—Furnished 5 rooms, bath; garage; June to October; rent $400. Further particulars Barclay 3612.

BELLE HARBOR—Ocean front and 127th St.; select, restricted, wonderful view; just completed, 5 rooms and bath, in 2-family cottages; every improvement; front, rear porches; completely furnished. Inquire premises, or phone Owner, Belle Harbor 0626.

BRIDGEHAMPTON, L. I.—For rent, Summer cottages, near seashore, furnished; $700-$2,000; bathing, paddling, golf, tennis club. Charles Hubbell, Bridgehampton, or phone Bryant 2216.

STAMFORD, Conn.—Furnished for the season, $1,000; 8 rooms, 2 baths; private beach, M. A. Smith, Shippan Mail. Phone 711-13. Manhattan-Bowling Green 3880.

SUMMER HOMES

Rate, 35 Cents Per Agate Line.

Long Island For Rent.

CEDARHURST FRONT—12-room, beautifully furnished house, garage; well situated; Summer season responsible party. Suigrod, Telephone Cedarhurst 2273.

EAST ROCKAWAY—Detached six-room and bath, frame cottage; all improvements; comfortably furnished; 40 minutes Penn Station; garage on premises. Mrs. H. O. Mankin, East Rockaway, L. I.

FAR ROCKAWAY — New houses; furnished 6 rooms, bath; tennis court large grounds; 5 minutes walk to station or beach; near Ostend Hotel, Ostend Gardens; beach 14th St. and Rue St. Felix. $750 to $850. Phone Far Rockaway 4085.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Attractively furnished floor, private house, porch, grounds, six rooms, foyer, bath; reasonable; Summer, Far Rockaway 0397.

FAR ROCKAWAY — Furnished eight-room house, near beach; season. 306 Grandview Av.

LONG BEACH (Proper) (335 Fulton St.)—Completely furnished stucco bungalow; 3 bedrooms, combination living-dining room, kitchen, bath; all screened; ten minutes from station or ocean; come out Saturday, Sunday or Decoration Day; owner on premises.

LONG BEACH, 93 California St., West End—Attractively decorated 8-room bungalow; lavatory, toilet, shower, gas range; screened throughout; well furnished, player piano; near ocean; rent season, $600; sell $6,900; particulars, photo. Phone Long Beach 230-J, Sunday.

LONG BEACH (West End), 106 VIRGINIA AVE.—Rent for month of June, $300; bungalow, 7 rooms and bath; new up-to-date, all improvements; telephone; splendid location; bay; ocean. Phone Fitzroy 9418. Freeman, 20 West 34th St.

LONG BEACH—48 West Fulton St., six-room stucco bungalow, completely furnished; all improvements; 3 baths; open fireplace; screened porch; near station. Audubon 7805.

LONG BEACH, WESTHOLME, 611 Walnut St., attractively furnished bungalow, 6 rooms and bath; garage; rent $1,250 for season. Vanderbilt 2252.

LONG BEACH, WEST—Furnished apartment, 3 rooms and bath, newly decorated; directly on the beach; rent $1,000 for season. Vanderbilt 2252.

LONG BEACH (Proper)—Attractively furnished houses to rent for season; also for sale. Telephone Mr. Ehrlich, Bryant 10184.

LONG BEACH, West End—Furnished bungalows to let. Telephone Apartment 1 East, 6240 Riverside, after 9.

LONG BEACH—Beautiful, completely furnished apartment; season, yearly; bargain. Jamaica 4160.

MANHATTAN BEACH—10-room house with grounds overlooking the ocean. 2 baths, shower room, sleeping porch; garage. Coney Island 1400-J.

MEADOWMERE PARK — Ideal bungalow for rent, 5 rooms and bath; private bathing beach. Bertrams Store, Laurelton 1800-J.

NEPONSIT—Beautiful bungalows, furnished, for sale or rent. Take electric car to office, 1446 Jamaica Av., Jamaica. Phone 1446.

NORTHPORT—Furnished country house with bungalow, stables, garage, 10 rooms and sun parlor, water views; $300 monthly. Denham, (corner). Evening Telegram Building. (Circle 0000).

ROCKAWAY PARK, at Ocean and 127th St. —Five rooms and bath completely furnished apartments in 2-family houses; something different; just completed; rapidly renting; reasonable. Agent on premises, or telephone Owner: Belle Harbor 0626.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Ten-room house, two baths, maid's room, breakfast nook; all rooms running water, laundry in cellar; garage. Telephone 1186 Far Rockaway.

SEA CLIFF, L. I.—For rent, Summer season, furnished home, 4 rooms, bath, sun parlor, large porch; all improvements; also nicely furnished 7-room home, all improvements; overlooking L. I. Sound; rent very reasonable; no letters answered; call at H. Hirschfeld, Summit corner Central

220 FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT
Advertised Today in
The New York Times

LOFTS AND FLOORS.

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

83D, 344 WEST—Light loft, 30x60. Evict & Wyckoff, Vanderbilt 2630. Selby.

57TH ST., 340 WEST—Apartment on ground floor, suitable for dentist or modiste or any light business; moderate rental; must be seen to be appreciated.

42nd, 30 WEST—Parlor floor; near 5th Av.; unusually attractive for high-class retail business; immediate possession.

50TH ST., 507 WEST—Two lofts, 25x100; sprinklers, automobile elevator; low rent. Apply to 2 Eastern Parkway, 1834 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 8260.

BROADWAY and Spring St.—Desirable space including office; 12,500 sq. ft.; will divide; up-to-date, fireproof, sprinklered, heat, elevator service; immediate possession. Apply office, 64 Crosby St. Phone Canal 9664.

HUDSON ST., 371—3 large, light lofts, leased; ideal for manufacturing; elevator service. Morgan & Co.

MANGAN and Rivington Sts., 265-75—Corner. Call Orchard 3074.

LOFTS, at 520 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.; floor space, 22x110 feet; very moderate rents. Inquire F. E. Conyngton, Inc., 521 5th Av. Phone Vanderbilt 3260 or your own broker.

BRIGHT daylight loft, very moderate rent, approximately 12,000 square feet to floor; will divide to suit tenants. Fowler and Van Vleet Ave., Bronx. Inquire John J. Baker, 31 Catherine Slip. Telephone 7765 Orchard.

MFG. LOFTS—OWNER, FITEROT 4842.
12 West 20th St. 20x100
133 West 24th (also store) 25x110
126-136 Bleecker St. 25x100

SUBLEASE, 17 East 24th.—Textile house, discontinuing department, desirable loft, 22x100; Holmes protection; clean light; sacrifice $2,000. Madison Square 4380.

STORE floor and basement (25x75) to let; substantial building; reasonable rental; immediate possession. Apply on premises, 490 Greenwich St. Telephone Canal 5404.

LOFT, 5,000 square feet, located at 121-125 East 24th St.; 13-story fireproof building; sprinkler system; minimum insurance rate. Apply Superintendent, 118 East 28th.

TO LEASE—Ground floor of 539 East 16th St. and vacant lots and shed, 546 East 16th. Estate of John U. Brookman, 165 Broadway. Cortlandt 1041.

LOFTS FOR RENT.
Live steam, power, steam heat; engineer on premises, or Chas Klein, 5869 Academy.

LOFT—Lenox Av., near 125d; about 16x80; rent reasonable. Apply Goodwin & Goodwin, 260 Lenox Av. Harlem 6900.

TO LEASE—Third floor loft, 32x184, 539 East 19th. Estate of John U. Brookman, 165 Broadway. Cortlandt 1041.

STORES

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

29TH, 252-258, W. of 7th Av. Watkins 1022, store and basement; 100 per cent. sprinkler.

46TH, 70 WEST—Store, 17x60; also parlor floor store, 17x60; high class. Apply premises or Hoyer, Bryant 6305.

51ST, 61 WEST—Basement floor for business; very desirable location; moderate.

71D, 119 WEST — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR STORE.

125TH ST., 1 EAST (cor. 5th Av.)—Large corner store and basement; 35,000 sq. ft. to let, or will divide to suit. Estakoff & Lerner, 1 East 125th. Harlem 0765.

ANN ST., 25 (corner Nassau)—For rent, fine location; rental only $300 per month to suit floor. Modern Realty Corp., 171 Broadway. Tel. Stuyvesant 3332.

BROADWAY—126TH ST.
Desirable stores in new building; good automobile section; renting agent on premises, 3,209 Broadway.

LEXINGTON AV.-8TH ST.—Corner store. Seidemann, 1,517 3d Av. Lenox 3085.

OGDEN AND UNIVERSITY AVE.
Store to let; moderate rent. Apply 1,454 University Av. or John J. Meenan, Inc., 153 West 72d.

WESTCHESTER AV., 430 (near 149th St., 3d Av.)—Eighteen-foot front; opportunity for barber, optician, milliner, confectioner, &c.; very reasonable; possession. Vander. Mit 7092.

TWO STORES AND BASEMENT.
Northwest corner 7th Av. and 22d ...; corner store, suitable delicatessen and lunch room; small store, suitable fruit and vegetable or shoe repairs. Charles G. Keller, 113 West 22d.

STREET floor of Palais des Beaux Arts building, corner 6th Av.-40th St.; long lease; entire floor or alter to suit tenants. F. A. Morehouse, 25 Church St. Rector 4544.

TO LET—Ideal retail business location, 45th St., between Broadway and 6th Av., store, 20x60; long lease; will alter; exceptional opportunity. Daniel Birdsall & Co., 56 Worth St.

STORES, floors and buildings, east and west sides. Rosenthal, 518 3d Av.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

LONG BEACH stores on Main St., near station, for sale or rent; low rental. Cohen-Thibau, opposite station.

STORES and Offices—Best location in Flushing; Broadway, corner Farrington; suitable for any business, including drug, tailor, furniture, beauty parlor, &c. Phone Wellesley, Worth 2246, or Flushing 1976W.

Other Sections For Rent.

MONTCLAIR—Store, heart of business centre, 330 Bloomfield Av.; rent $90 per month.

SPACIOUS store, excellent business location, suitable for ladies' cloak and suit house, 24 East Av., Norwalk. Inquire Mrs. Nolan, 42 Wall St., Norwalk, Conn.

OFFICES

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

26TH, 118 EAST—Private office and desk space with service. Room 906.

27TH, 5 WEST—(30 SQUARE FEET. SUBLET, MODERN BUILDING, FRONT; PARTITION; SHIPPING FACILITIES; REASONABLE. FRONT 701.

34TH ST. and 5th Av. (Printing Crafts Building).—Light, airy, cheerful, private offices; mahogany furnished; telephone and stenographic service if desired; immediate occupancy; very reasonable rental. Room 1,410, or phone Longacre 9637.

42D ST., 47 WEST.
Fireproof three-elevator building.
Small, light office, $35.
Inquire Room 405.

42D ST., 7 WEST.
SMALL, LIGHT OFFICE, $30.
Ask for Mr. Dillon at elevator.

42D ST., NEAR 5TH AV.
Small, light office, $30.
Salmon, Room 304, 17 West 42d St.

42D AND MADISON (National City Bank Building)—Suite of 3 rooms; 523 sq. ft.; 2 entrances; ninth floor; immediate possession. Telephone Murray Hill 7197.

42D ST. (Between 5th and 6th Avenues) — Part of large, light office; 2 phones, desks and typewriter; reasonable. Write X. R., 1,267 Broadway.

43D ST., 33 WEST (Acolian Hall, Room 936)—Sublet, furnished or unfurnished, fine offices, by month; finest location.

43D, 25 WEST—Desirable large, light office; telephone and secretarial service. Longacre 9792. Room 1,525.

43D ST., 11 EAST—Offices, furnished or unfurnished; $25 per month; telephone service. Inquire at elevator.

46TH, 11 EAST—Large, light offices to sublet, in exceptionally desirable suite; also desk room. Inquire Room 701.

45TH, 25 WEST (Room 1206)—Light, attractively furnished office, $35. Bryant 9005.

47TH ST., 245 WEST—Roman Bldg., near B'way, with partition, telephone; $45.00.

AMERICAN LINSEED BUILDING.

4th Av. cor. 22d St., delightful single office or salesroom, size 11x22 ft.; splendid building and elevator service; soundproof ceiling; low rental; immediate possession. Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. Telephone John 8700.

BROADWAY, 2,000-2,010 (northeast corner 99th St.)—Beautiful, sunny offices, 1,200 sq. ft.; very cheap rental. Apply Joseph & Seamans, 1,534 Broadway. Columbus 6240.

BROADWAY, 1,182 (36th St.)—Office or showroom; light partition; high-class building; 230 feet; price reasonable. Room 709.

BROADWAY (near 14th St.)—Small semi-private furnished, light office; 8x10; $25, including service. Phone Stuyvesant 9030.

BROADWAY, 1,123 (corner 26th)—Large, small office, furnished or reasonable. Suite 710.

BROADWAY, 1,133—Beautiful light office, facing street; $30; telephone; conveniences. Room 1014.

805 BROADWAY—Sublet furnished, about 230 feet, cheerful office. Morris Bite, Room 602.

BROADWAY, 1,845—Office, finely equipped; private phone; $30. Suite 510. Bryant 4078.

BROADWAY, 305 (Room 208)—Light office, 12½ x8, furnished or unfurnished; telephone.

BROADWAY, 1,265—Attractive, cheerful office, facing street; $35; telephone; conveniences. Room 1,107

244 APARTMENTS TO LET FURNISHED
Advertised Today in
The New York Times

MOVING, TRUCKING, STORAGE.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.'S charges for storing household goods, moving furniture, pianos, packing china and glassware, also shipping and shipping to the most reasonable in the city. 941-949 West 49th. Tel. Endicott 2187.

GET our estimate on storage, long distance moving, packing, shipping. Ansonia Storage Co., 157 West 64th St. Clarkson 0760.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
West Side.

47TH ST., 328—Very large room, beautifully furnished; in bachelor apartment; every convenience; $55 mo. Madison Sq. 8296.

47TH, 112 EAST—Sunny rooms, running water, elevator, private; Gramercy section. Orgway.

45TH, 111 EAST (Gramercy)—Large room, running water; bath adjoining; $12; references.

57TH, MADISON AV. (Hotel Madison)—Beautiful outside rooms, with bath, $15 up; use bath, $10.50 up; full hotel service; block to subway. Madison Square 4794.

55TH ST., 29 EAST—LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED OUTSIDE ROOMS WITH USE OF BATH, $18 PER WEEK FOR ONE PERSON; $28 FOR TWO. ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, USE OF BATH, $14 PER WEEK FOR ONE PERSON, $17 FOR TWO. MARTHA WASHINGTON HOTEL FOR WOMEN ONLY.

57TH ST. (Lexington Av., Hotel Rutledge)—Women exclusively; newly decorated room, private bath, from $15 weekly; also room, use of bath, $10 weekly; restaurant convenience; big reduction for two persons.

53D ST., 11 EAST (Hotel Stratford)—A floor for women only; single rooms, running water, telephone; complete hotel service; $3 a day; $15 weekly.

57TH, 29 EAST—Desirable rooms; reasonable; meals optional; owner's residence; references.

54TH, 120 EAST—Large, light room, beautifully furnished; accommodates two nicely; one immaculate; every convenience. Vanderbilt 5636.

56TH, 162 EAST—Front room, running water; reasonable; private family. Peters.

57TH, 18 EAST—Attractive room, light, cool; one flight, rear. Mrs. Montgomery.

54TH ST., 52 EAST.
Furnished or unfurnished, small front room, desirable house, suitable for lady; elevator.

55TH, 56 EAST—Large room with private adjoining bath; suitable two; references.

57TH ST. (between Madison and Park Avs., Hotel Nassau)—$12 weekly, room, with private bath; dining room open at all hours. Phone Plaza 8100.

57TH, 18 EAST—Room, adjoining bath, $35-$40. San Jacinto Hotel.

53D, 246 EAST—Large, comfortable room for 2-3; telephone; kitchenette; electricity.

57TH ST. (near Madison Av.)—Two adjoining rooms with bath, in private residence, newly redecorated; electricity, maid service; meals if desired. X 2431 Times Annex.

56TH ST. (corner Lexington Av.)—Parlor and bedroom; subway. Lenox 6059-J.

52D ST., 124 EAST—Large and small rooms; all modern improvements.

53D ST., AT MADISON AV. (Hotel Ashton)—Hotel service, home atmosphere; suites $15 up; without, $12 up; suites consisting of bedroom, sitting room and bath, at rates in proportion; exceptional service; convenient to all transportation; close to Park.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR MEN.
The rates in the newest of the Allerton group, a 17-story fireproof building just completed, containing departments, club conveniences, are from $9.50 to $18.50 per week for permanent residents only. 40 East 56th St., 143 East 39th.

IRVING PLACE, 14—Front rooms, tile bathrooms; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

LEXINGTON AV., 310 (near 38th)—Desirable large, airy room, private bath; Murray Hill section; references required.

MADISON AV., 121 (30th)—Attractive rooms; Summer rates, $7 up; man, woman; high-class elevator apartment house; showers; maid service. Agent.

PARK AV., 36—Beautifully furnished single, double rooms; adjacent bath; $8 up.

West Side.

4TH TO 106TH ST., ROOMS TO MEET YOUR NEEDS—SERVICE FREE. Rooms inspected. Endicott 2126 or 5339. GREATER N. Y. ROOM EXC., 2,025 B'WAY.

47TH—Large double room in private house, gentlemen only; running water, fireplace, screens, references. Stuyvesant 7740.

117TH ST., 125 WEST—Attractive 2d floor front, service, convenient location.

11TH, 35 WEST—Large room, suitable one or two people; select house.

16TH, 51 WEST—Charming rooms, Colonial, immaculately clean, attractive; busy people wishing cool comfort; delightful Summer garden restaurant.

42D, 421 WEST—Large parlor suitable for couple; electricity; bath; telephone.

81ST ST., 9 WEST (NEAR RIVERSIDE DR.)—LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED OUTSIDE ROOMS, WITH TWIN BEDS AND RUNNING WATER; $18 PER WEEK ONE PERSON, $28 FOR TWO. ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $3.50 PER DAY, $21 PER WEEK. HOTEL WOLCOTT.

81ST ST. AND BROADWAY — ROOMS, RUNNING WATER, USE OF BATH, $14 AND $15 PER WEEK ONE PERSON; $17 AND $18 FOR TWO PERSONS; ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $21 PER WEEK ONE PERSON, $25 PER WEEK FOR TWO PERSONS. HOTEL GRAND.

86TH ST. AND 7TH AV.—LARGE ROOMS, RUNNING WATER, USE OF BATH, $12 AND $14 PER WEEK ONE PERSON, $16 AND $18 FOR TWO PERSONS; ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH $15 AND $18 PER WEEK ONE PERSON, $18 AND $25 PER WEEK FOR TWO PERSONS. HOTEL NAVARRE.

59TH, 49 WEST—Large studio, kitchenette, grand piano, French windows, two, $10. 42D ST.—TIMES SQUARE—7TH AV. HOTEL HERMITAGE.
UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.
MODERN AND FIREPROOF. ONE-PRICE HOTEL; ROOMS AND RUNNING WATER, $2.50 PER DAY, $14 PER WEEK; ROOMS WITH SHOWER BATH, $3 PER DAY OR $20 PER WEEK; ROOMS WITH BATH, $3.50 PER DAY, OR $22.50 PER WEEK. NO HIGHER PRICED ROOMS.

45D ST. (Just West of Broadway).
HOTEL CLAMAGE,
a high-class residence for men.
1,000 outside sunny rooms, with baths.
55-story, fireproof; exceptionally located hotel; every convenience; most luxurious in town; $10 and up weekly. Bryant 6020.

47TH ST., 106 WEST (RALEIGH HALL), A RESIDENCE FOR MEN.
Attractively furnished rooms, with or without private bath or shower; club advantages and accommodations, with hotel service.

RATES FROM $16 WEEKLY.

47TH, 157 WEST (East of Broadway).
—HOTEL LONGACRE—
NEW MANAGEMENT, NEW ATMOSPHERE
Completely renovated and remodeled.
SINGLE ROOM WITH BATH, $2.50
DOUBLE ROOM WITH BATH, $4.00
Special Rates to Permanent Patrons.

47TH, 29 WEST—Single and double rooms, attractive house; private baths; excellent location; gentlemen; references. Telephone Bryant 6298.

48TH, 315-315 WEST—Beautiful room, electricity, hot water continually; special rate theatrical people; front parlor, $12.

51ST (near Avenue)—Splendid single room for gentleman, near bath, third floor, private home; Summer rates. Circle 9239.

51ST, 248 WEST—LARGE and SMALL rooms, all modern improvements.

54TH, 154 WEST—Large and small rooms; couple or gentleman only.

55TH, 326 WEST—Large sunny room, electric light, housekeeping, running water, phone.

56TH ST., 60 WEST (Plaza block)—Room, bath, $75 month. Plaza 1294.

56TH, 32 WEST—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

57TH, 10 WEST—Parlor bedroom, entrance; $20; single alcove, water; $8. James.

59TH, 66 WEST — BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; TWIN BEDS; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $15; SINGLE, $7.

60TH ST., WEST (Near Park)—American private family has nicely furnished rooms; references exchanged. Columbus 2807.

60TH, 14 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; REASONABLE.

60TH, 62 WEST—Single room, adjoining bath; kitchenette privileges; references.

70TH ST., 326 WEST.
THE GEORGIA (FACING BROADWAY).
$16 WEEKLY UP; TWO PERSONS;
NEWLY FURNISHED; MODERN
HOTEL MR. GRAY, MANAGER.

70TH, 25 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SINGLE ROOMS; SUMMER RATES.

70TH, 125 WEST—Attractive suite, living room, bedroom, complete bathroom; $20; other rooms.

70TH, 201 WEST—Large, small, elegantly furnished front rooms; running water; reasonable.

70TH, 126 WEST—Attractively furnished large front room; private bath; electricity.

70TH, 135 WEST—Attractive large room; private bath; also medium sized room.

West Side.

71ST, 254 WEST.
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RATES.
Attractively furnished large room, bath, shower; private phone, superior service; bachelor.

71ST, 61 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SUMMER RATES.

71ST, 57 WEST—Attractive rooms, complete bathrooms, kitchenette; $16, $20 weekly; telephone.

71ST, 242 WEST—Small room, French family, $8; immaculate; references; gentleman.

71ST, 115 WEST—Room, southern exposure; bath, with shower. Apartment 3C.

71ST, 120 WEST — LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; REASONABLE.

72D, 163 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SUMMER RATES.

72D, 314 WEST—Front basement; bath, kitchenette; near river; large, beautifully furnished room; running water; adjoining bath.

72D, 118 WEST—EXCEPTIONAL DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SUMMER RATES.

72D, 122 WEST—Beautiful rooms; single, en suite; electricity; all conveniences; moderate.

72D, 130 WEST—MEDIUM SINGLE ROOMS $10.

73D, 153 WEST.
Elegantly furnished, large room, private bath; large closets, room phone; suitable for two; breakfast if desired. Endicott 0587.

73D, 250 WEST (Near Broadway)—Attractive rooms, ideal Summer location; quiet house.

73D, 106 WEST — EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $12 UP.

73D (West End Av., 290)—Newly decorated house, overlooking the Hudson; single and double rooms, $6, $14, $18.

73D, 261 WEST—Nicely furnished rooms with bath adjoining.

74TH, 41 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $14 UP; SINGLE, $8 UP.

74TH, 3 WEST — BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED PARLOR, BEDROOM; PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $21; SINGLE, $7.

74TH, 236 WEST — Exceptionally desirable, newly furnished large room, bath; private family.

74TH, 104 WEST—Summer rates; new handsome furniture, double, private bath, parlor.

74TH, 256 WEST—Single room; conveniences, hot water, adjoining bath; private house.

74TH, 159 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM $10 UP; PRIVATE BATH $18 UP.

74TH, 45 WEST—DOUBLE ROOMS, $10; SINGLE, $5.

76TH, 27 WEST—Overlooking Hudson; artistically furnished, single, double, with, without bath.

76TH, 132 WEST—Medium room, private bath, quiet, select; owner's private home.

75TH, 31, 150 WEST—Large, well-kept room; all conveniences; reasonable.

75TH, 113 WEST—Large and small; 1 flight; private bath; electricity, phone.

76TH, 149 WEST—Newly decorated, large front rooms; twin beds; $12-$14.

76TH, 2 WEST—DOUBLE ROOMS, $10; SINGLE, $5.

76TH ST., 7 WEST — Double and single rooms, baths, electricity, kitchenette; reasonable.

76TH ST., 60 WEST—Room, elevator apartment, running water; kitchenette; $9. Manning.

76TH, 52 WEST—Young man will share suite with business man; $12.

77TH, 10 WEST—TWO ROOMS, FRONT BASEMENT; PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $16.

77TH 117 WEST—Well furnished room; running water; adjoining bath; housekeeping privilege.

77TH, 150 WEST—Desirable large room; private bath; also medium; homelike; reference.

77TH, 138 WEST—Pleasant, medium room, running water; gentleman; references.

77TH, 106 WEST—Two large rooms, bath, piano; $25; small room, $7.50.

77TH, 144 WEST—Large room, dressing room, kitchenette; also small; running water.

76TH, 323 WEST—Rooms, $4.50 up; room with private bath; all conveniences.

76TH, 207 WEST—Desirable single room, near large; reasonable.

79TH, 174 WEST—Attractive outside room, near bath; elevator; permanent; references. Plea.

60TH, 225 WEST—Newly furnished, outside room, near bath; conveniences; references.

61ST, 52 WEST—Comfortable 2-room suite, bath, kitchenette, $15 weekly and up; Summer rates.

81ST, 45 WEST—Desirable front room, kitchenette, suitable for couple, adjoining bath.

62D, 12 WEST (Apt. 6)—Light room; lavatory; running water; $9; references.

62D, 206 WEST—Lovely large, cool front room; elevator; $10. 4C.

62D, 106 WEST—Elegant rooms; refined neighborhood; single or couple; housekeeping; improvements.

82D, 124 WEST—Large room, bath; beautifully furnished; southern exposure; convenient; reasonable.

82D ST., 104 WEST—Rooms, suitable for two; attractive, homelike; modern conveniences.

82D ST., 307 WEST—Attractively furnished rooms; elevator; reasonable. Edmunds.

82D, 52 WEST—Attractive two front rooms; electricity, phone; near "L". Costello.

84TH, 250 WEST (corner Broadway)—Large, beautiful room; housekeeping privilege; reasonable. Jarvis.

84TH, 60 WEST—Well-furnished room with alcove; private entrance; bath; telephone; sun parlor.

84TH, 53 WEST—One flight; front, large alcove; housekeeping privilege. Riverside 9108.

84TH, 315 WEST—Furnished room, $7; elevator apartment. Apt. 5B.

85TH, 316 WEST—Medium room, adjoining bath; refined surroundings; gentleman. Inquire elevator.

86TH, 33 WEST—Exceptionally comfortable, large room; every convenience.

West Side.

97TH, 1 WEST (facing Central Park)—Elegant furnished front rooms; hotel service; running water; elevator; $6 up weekly.

98TH, 254 WEST—Exceptionally desirable room; gentleman seeking refined, comfortable home; bath, running water; unusual opportunity. Apt. 4.

96TH ST., 20 WEST—Private house, 2 small rooms, $6 per week; 1 large room with private bath and all conveniences, $20 per month.

99TH (Broadway)—Large, twin beds; 2 gentlemen, $6.50 each; shower; elevator; references, Riverside 7262, before 12; after 6.

96TH, 253 WEST—Modern, large, outside, with or without private bath; references.

101ST (840 West End Av.), 6B—Medium rooms, comfortable, attractive; immaculate; moderate.

103D (corner Broadway)—Attractive, immaculate single room in high-class elevator apartment; private. Academy 9729.

104TH, 310 WEST—Will rent to 2 or 4 young men and friends sleeping rooms and parlor; board if desired; no other roomers; all conveniences. Phone (1 flight) Casey.

105TH, 108 WEST—Large light comfortable room, suitable one, two; meals optional.

106TH, 206 WEST—Sunny rooms; housekeeping; $7; good home. Phone Apt. 41.

107TH, 312 WEST—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; reasonable; breakfast if desired.

108TH, 901 WEST (Broadway)—Elegant, large front room, bath; twin beds. Dickson.

108TH, 328 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED SINGLE ROOM, $7.

109TH, BROADWAY (Riverside section)—Magnificent large room; private family. Phone Academy 1124.

111TH, 507 WEST—Comfortable room; gentleman; elevator apartment; newly furnished; conveniences. Apartment 21, before 11, after 4. Thrane.

111TH ST., 201 WEST—Nicely furnished rooms, kitchen privilege; ladies. Call morning. Goldberg.

113TH, 509 WEST—Light, comfortable room; elevator; $7; business women. Telephone Cathedral 7884. Ext. 17.

112TH, 511 WEST (Apt. 6)—Cozy, scrupulously clean, single room; refined home.

112TH, 531 WEST—Pleasant room, near bath; $8; lady. Apt. 1F.

113TH, 622 WEST—Room, adjoining bath; refined family; references; appointment. Cathedral 6697.

113TH, 617 WEST (Riverside)—Attractive, large room; $8. Cathedral 3307, Apt. 21.

113TH, 611 WEST (Apartment 62)—Attractive room, running water; suitable 1-2.

113TH, 549 WEST—Desirable room, running water; private family; references. Apt. 1S.

115TH, 404 WEST—Nicely furnished, bright room; convenient to subway; private. Apartment 1.

115TH, 620 WEST (4B)—River view, front suite, single beds, lavatory, refined surroundings.

116TH, St. (Between Broadway and Drive)—Artistic and refined room. Overlooking Hudson; unusual value to right person. $14. Cathedral 8306.

116TH, 606 WEST—Beautiful room, double or single; all conveniences; at subway station; reasonable. Apartment 21.

116TH, 620 WEST (Apartment 54)—Exceptionally pleasant room adjoining bathroom; near Riverside.

118TH, 419 WEST (Apt. 41)—Single room, $6; front room, $9; elevator.

121ST, 501 WEST (Morningside Heights)—Attractive all-year location; near parks, churches, Columbia University, Evergreen Tea Room and all transportation; artistically furnished rooms and suites; all sizes and exposures; some with alcove, running water or exclusive kitchen privilege; $8 to $25 weekly; showers, reception rooms; references required. Hostesses: Mrs. Young, Miss Bell. Morningside 4886.

122D, 416 WEST—2 rooms, overlooking park; kitchen privileges; reasonable. Apt. 24.

122D ST., (S. E. corner Broadway)—Newly furnished rooms, single, double. Apt. 22.

123D ST. (3,099 Broadway)—Convenient subway and Columbia College; elevator. Apt. 155.

124TH, 557 WEST—Attractive double front room, suitable for two; all conveniences; also single; $5-$10. Apartment 34.

124TH, 64 WEST—Large, sunny, furnished room; running water; elevator; phone. Borrell.

124TH, 501 WEST—Large outside room; reasonable; private family. Apt. 8D.

152D, 811 WEST—Beautiful large room in private house; also a room with kitchenette, private bath.

157TH, 602 WEST (2D)—Large front room; kitchen privileges, also single; reasonable.

160TH ST. (Broadway)—Private room, private bath; private family; references. Wadsworth 9813.

163D, 510 WEST (Apt. 46)—Large, newly furnished room; moderate improvements; no roomers.

177TH—Overlooking Hudson, tennis, park; private bathroom, refined, homelike surroundings. Wadsworth 9813.

190TH, 700 WEST—Elegantly furnished, large front room, bath adjoining; private. Carolin.

190TH, 602 WEST—Newly furnished outside room in modern apartment, private family; reasonable. Apt. 5S.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 241, 242, 248 (overlooking Park)—One, two and three rooms, private baths, all modern conveniences.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 296—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, PRIVATE TILED BATH; SUMMER RATES.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320 (Corner 104th St.)—One and two rooms with bath; hotel service, telephone, elevator; breakfast optional.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587—Beautiful outside room; reasonable. Telephone 3409 Morningside. Apartment 5A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (136th)—Beautifully furnished large room, 3 windows; reasonable. Morningside 3194.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 92—Accommodations 2, 3 gentlemen; private bath; telephone; $10 and $25.

RIVERSIDE (149th)—Beautiful room facing Drive; no other roomers; gentleman. Audubon 8532.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214—Large, beautiful front room, facing Drive; cool, homelike. Clark.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 524—Single, double; $8, $10, $14; kitchen privilege. Apt. 41.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 322 — MEDIUM, SINGLE ROOMS, $8.

WASHINGTON SQUARE — Cheerful front room; gentleman; private family. Phone Spring 7079.

WEST END, 522 (85th)—Attractive large front; running water; kitchenette; lovely location.

WEST END AV., 510—Attractive rooms; $25-$50 monthly; references. Schuyler 10092.

WEST END AV.—Ideal home, large room for one or two; connecting bath; private family; $10. Hall, Academy 2451.

WEST END—Delightful room; young man or women; homelike surrounding. Schuyler 5107.

WEST END AV.—Room with bath, independent entrance; $15. Call Riverside 10170.

WEST END AV., 411—Pleasant large room, running water; $10. 4 south.

A FAMILY hotel, Washington Square district, has several rooms and bath to rent until Oct. 1; $45 to $60 monthly, payable in advance. Write D. R., 41 Times.

THE BEST ROOMS IN THE CITY. All investigated. No charge to you.
METROPOLITAN ROOM EXCHANGE,
2,521 Broadway, Cor. 94th St. Riverside 7467.
155 West 82d. Schuyler 5750.

ROOM with use of entire apartment in two-family house, light, air, all sides; quiet, attractive neighborhood; lady alone or couple. Tel. Kingsbridge 3382.

DELIGHTFUL room, facing Drive, offered gentleman seeking comfortable home; unusual. 5463 Audubon, mornings till 11, evenings, 5:30-8:30.

TWO bright rooms, well furnished, use of kitchen, bath and phone; below 14th St. Call Chelsea 5519 evenings.

Bronx.

BEAUTIFUL newly decorated rooms, with or without board; modern improvements; sea and park view; former Lorillard Spencer mansion, Pelham Bay Park. X 2295 Times Annex.

MODERN, comfortable room, board optional; reasonable; congenial family; West Bronx. Bingham 3657.

Brooklyn.

HICKS ST., 323—Spacious rooms, furnished, unfurnished, modern, private house; shower; 10 minutes Wall St. Call 4-7 P. M.

TWO rooms, separate entrance, with private Christian family; 1 or 2 business girls, one block from Clark St. subway. Rits, 94 Pineapple St., Brooklyn.

Long Island.

LONG BEACH, L. I.—Large beautifully furnished room with running water in room; shower bath; in modern, private cottage, near station and boardwalk. For particulars call Union 2528.

LONG BEACH—Rooms by the season or monthly. 320 Bay Boulevard, Green.

QUEENS (Long Island)—Front room, large, bright; handsomely furnished; yard, garage; every convenience; one minute to depot, thirty-two minutes Penna. Station; $40 monthly one gentleman, $60 for two; no other guests. Telephone Hollis 3070.

New Jersey.

NEWARK—Hotel Riviera, Clinton Av. at High St.; beautifully furnished rooms with bath and shower; $21 per week, single.

SO. WARREN, N. J.—Two connecting rooms with private bath, overlooking water; nicely furnished; located in best residence section; very desirable. 45 minutes. 5 2000 Times Annex.

ROOMS WANTED.
Furnished.

GERMAN-AMERICAN, gentleman wants large, clean furnished room, bath, light housekeeping privilege, with small private family, city or in suburb, on Grand Central line; permanent; please give terms and particulars. E 413 Times.

BUSINESS girl, Jewish, with refined family. Klein, 288 5th Av., Room 700.

Unfurnished.

MOTHER and daughter want sunny, back parlor, kitchenette, bath; $50. June 1, below 116th St. E 406 Times.

Room Hunting Agencies.

EXPERIENCED RENTERS OF ROOMS.
EXPERIENCE has taught us how to SECURE the PROPER TENANTS.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
GREATER N. Y. FURNISHED ROOM EXC.
ENDICOTT 5838-2126. 2,025 BROADWAY.

OUR SIX MONTHS' SERVICE will take you against Summer vacancies.
METROPOLITAN ROOM EXCHANGE,
2,521 Broadway, cor. 94th. Riverside 7467.
155 West 82d St. Schuyler 5750.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Rose Side.

80TH ST. (at Lexington Av.)—Hotel Rutledge, for women only; one room and meals, $18 weekly; elevator, telephone, &c.; full hotel service; newly decorated.

69TH, 59 EAST—Desirable rooms, reasonable; meals optional; owner's residence; references.

MADISON AV., 213 (36th)—Attractive, airy room; excellent table; references; Summer rates.

West Side.

506 (AT 8TH AV.)—ELEVATOR, PRIVATE BATHS; ROOMS, SINGLE, EN SUITE; EXCELLENT TABLE. CIRCLE 1960.

54TH, 54 WEST—Attractive large room with bath; single room, running water.

54TH ST., 36 WEST — Cool, comfortable room; excellent table board; Summer rates.

57TH, 351 WEST—Large, small rooms, private bath; French cooking, electricity, phone.

57TH ST., 354 WEST—Comfortable home for refined business girl; terms moderate.

56TH (near 6th)—Exceptional opportunity enjoy real home for couple, $22.50 each; also single room, $25; good cuisine; apartment cool and airy. Phone Plaza 1942.

58TH, 46 WEST.
Double and single rooms; excellent table.

70TH, 300 WEST (72d subway)—Single room, running water; attractive rate. Hubbell.

72D, 319 WEST—BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, private baths; superior table; references.

72D, 63 WEST (The Little House)—Attractive rooms, bath; delicious home cooking.

75TH, 251 WEST—Beautiful large, $24; small, $13; unusual table; refined service.

79TH (39 Riverside)—2 large front rooms, private bath, 2 windows overlooking Hudson; also double, single front; home cooking; exclusive elevator residence. Endicott 2139.

79TH, 40 WEST—Exceptionally large 3 rooms, bath; family or business people; refined boarding house; excellent table; reasonable.

79TH ST., 114 WEST.
79TH ST., 123 WEST.
$2D ST., 124 WEST.
Attractive homes, unique in a city like New York. Group capacity 250, permitting us to furnish service and conveniences found only in the residential hotel. Moderate accommodations moderately priced. Booklet.

3D, 3-5 WEST — Suite of two furnished rooms and bath; also single room; excellent table board; reasonable.

85TH, 336 WEST—Cheerful large room, twin beds; near Riverside; reference.

123D ST., 853 WEST—Can accommodate several extra boarders; good home cooking.

EVERY advantage; lovable little child; Summer at shore. Morning, evening, Endicott 6436.

BOARD WANTED.

BUSINESS woman, American, of mature years, desires board, room, furnished-unfurnished, below 125th St.; state location of room and rental. E 427 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Long Island.

SEA GATE—Artistic ocean front rooms; southern cooking; $30 up; restricted beach, bathing from house, tennis, fishing, private boat; 45 minutes from Battery, all subways. Private house; also a room with kitchenette, private bath.

BEAUTIFUL residence, six baths; bountiful table, spacious living room, real home; Penn. Station 17 minutes; Christian house. Martin, 370 Sanford Av., Phone Flushing 2791.

New Jersey.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
East Orange, in residential section, one block from D. L. W. Station; $21 per week single; $35 double, with private bath and excellent table. Orange 1461.

MOUNTAIN LAKES, large room, private bath; garage; near station. T. M. Gray.

New York State.

PALENVILLE, near Catskills—A few select boarders wanted. For rates, &c., apply to Mrs. Crawford, 200 Waverley Place. Phone Watkins 1800, 9:30 P. M.

ROCKLAND LAKE, N. Y.—Attractive accommodations, 27 miles West Shore R. R.; high, healthy; excellent home cooking. Box 68.

SARATOGA SPRINGS—Will rent one or two rooms with board; all conveniences; one mile from Saratoga. Address I. F., Box 199.

Westchester County.

DOBBS FERRY—Attractive accommodations in a delightful country house, 40 minutes from Grand Central; best of home cooking; garage. Dobbs 34.

NORTHERN WESTCHESTER country place, accommodates 12 guests, adults; all conveniences; $35-$40; also week-ends. D 263 Times.

SOUTHERN LODGE, Harrison (near Rye, N. Y.)—Elegant in all appointments; golf, tennis, bathing. Apply Southern Tea Room, 270 Madison Av.

Connecticut.

STAMFORD, Conn.—Attractive room and board for one or two ladies; private house; near water; references. Address Greenmeadows.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

FOR Summer season by desirable family; Orange, Dodge counties, 3 adults, private bath; with family having country home on waterfront; no other boarders; good bathing, good food; reasonable rates; highest references. B 1039 Times Annex.

TWO optimistic brothers, lawyer and business man, desire to be part of private family for Summer, within short commuting distance; must have tennis and bathing. Phone Sterling Greenwich 6324.

ACCOMMODATIONS for couple and child, July-August, in small, quiet, homelike place where no other boarders; with bathing preferred; must be reasonable; state price and particulars. F 721 Times Downtown.

REFINED HOME, two children, Americans, attending school; permanent; good food and surroundings; one hour New York; Greenwich preferred. R 443 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, 17, beginner; references; $12. Elsie, 111 East Houston. Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, Seven years' experience; capable taking full charge. B 179 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, executive ability, 12 years' manufacturing; references; $35. Billings 2153.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 2 years' experience, full charge; $20. C 856 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, typist, ledger clerk, thoroughly experienced; $18 C 855 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, experienced, $22-$25. M. C., 3,070 Bainbridge Av., Bronx.

BUSINESS lady (45), supervising buildings, wishes position; experienced. Answer Experienced, 927 Columbus Av.

COMPANION, European, to lady; speaks several languages; references. C 1102 Times Harlem.

COOK, settled Swiss girl, very clean, good cook, light housework; speaks little English. Box 195, 157 East 47th St.

COOK—Lady wishes to place good cook, will recommend, apartment, city or suburbs. Plaza 0848.

DRESSMAKER for children and misses; $5 per day; town or country; experienced. E 414 Times.

GIRL, colored, general housework; references. 127 West 141st. Audubon 8940. Apt. 2B.

HOUSEKEEPER—Position wanted by middle-aged woman, not servant type; excellent plain cook; neat; small family or business people; city; references exchanged. B 180 Times.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, half-time, day work, washing home. Paschall, Morningside 7412.

HOUSEKEEPER, cook or chambermaid, post as mate; Englewood district preferred. Z 2023 Times Annex.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, whole, part time or day's work; references. Sofia. Audubon 8161.

HOUSEWORK—Two in family, no children; call 9-12. Phone Audubon 8210.

INTERIOR DECORATOR—Artistic shades, novelties. E. Tilford, 677 West 204th. Apartment 3S.

JANITRESS—Thoroughly competent take apartment house; husband employed elsewhere. Billings 2923.

LADY, young, English, seeks position companion to lady or matron girls' camp; housekeeping, nursing experience; highest credentials. Matron, care Dr. Furman, Irving School, Tarrytown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

MASSEUSE, 61360; rheumatism, stomach trouble, constipation; women and children. Audubon 4910.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Trustworthy, refined, intelligent young woman as mother's helper in country for Summer or act as housekeeper in small home; can travel if necessary. Z 146 Times.

NURSEMAID, chambermaid, seamstress, Finnish; private family going to mountains. Call 10-12 o'clock, Harlem 9848. 158 East 124th.

NURSE, trained, with many years' hospital and private experience, wishes position as nurse to elderly or invalid lady; best references. Phone Morningside 3986.

NURSE, graduate, refined, best references (certified masseuse), wishes position for the Summer months with elderly lady or gentleman; country or city. D 518 Times.

NURSE—Graduate, 24-hour duty very reasonable; have State registered diplomas; personal reference; last case three years; write full details. Nurse, 153 West 79th.

NURSE, refined Quakeress, companion to lady or entire care child; best references; permanent. Box 165, 216 7th Av.

NURSE — Young Norwegian girl; entire charge; competent; references. Webster 02471.

NURSE—All cases; semi-invalid, elderly person; city, country. Vanderbilt 6909.

NURSE, capable infant; references; leave town; delicate baby. 250 Av. A, 58 Times.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, German, references; 2 years up. Box 490, 1,039 3d Av.

SEAMSTRESS, light chamber work; country; dressmaking, interior decoration. M., 1,647 Av. A.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, office manager—cashier, now in charge of advertising and publishing office, seeks connection with high-class firm; thoroughly experienced, competent and reliable; four years in present position; minimum salary $36. B 568 Times.

SECRETARY.
American; Christian; export stenographer; good educational background; thoroughly conversant with modern office practice. D 686 Times.

SECRETARY—A1 stenographer; 8 years' experience busy executives; wide awake, highly trained; thoroughly competent to fill important position; excellent references. G 1163 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER—Expert, refined, intelligent, attractive personality, wishes position in country for Summer. S 145 Times.

SECRETARIAL, research and reference experience, part time. Telephone Endicott 0638.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, Christian, adult years' experience export, engineering, chemicals, Grand Central district preferred; $30. Call F. M., Melrose 7469.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, wishes position of trust and responsibility. D 776 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Beginner, graduate of stenographic department and model office of Eastman School; one trial will demonstrate my ability and willingness to work; good references. Miss D., 36 West 125d St. Phone Harlem, 0518.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced; permanent position desired, or will substitute in large concern during Summer; $30. C 1102 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER — 8 1-2 years' experience; road building and street paving; would like position beginning June 1; $30. G 917 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—High school graduate; three years' experience; competent, conscientious; $23. Fitzroy 6067.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced, bright, high school education; willing worker; $15. Cortlandt 1974.

STENOGRAPHER—Three years' experience; small office; high school graduate. Midwood 10237.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced, desires out-of-town position for Summer. Telephone Vanderbilt 1710.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping, office routine; 5 years' experience; initiative; references; $25. Longacre 10181.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, conscientious; references. Miss Morgan, 1,461 Webster Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; efficient, desires outside work; office or home. G 929 Times.

STENOGRAPHER (Spanish-English), part-time position. B 1112 Times Harlem.

TYPIST, stenographer, 4½ years' experience; uptown preferred; refined; references. Wadsworth 4178.

TYPIST, efficient; knowledge of stenography; experienced. Stella Van Bierkom, 56 East 120th St.

WOMAN, cleaning, three hours mornings, five days. Call before 12, Audubon 3870.

REFINED young lady speaking French and German desires position as governess. Miss Hasenbuler, 4,040 Boulevard, West Hoboken, N. J.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT-EXECUTIVE, 32, thoroughly experienced general, corporation, costs, tax returns, desires permanent connection; reputable firm. B 141 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, desires work Saturday afternoons and some evenings; books opened, closed, audited; reasonable. G 949 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, university graduate, desires position with certified accountant; excellent references; part time agreeable. C 867 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, 36, married, 14 years' experience, desires making change; capable taking full charge office. D 681 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, audited; special bookkeeping arrangements, corporations, partnerships; reasonable. Telephone Franklin 1580.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, experienced, desires permanent position; best references. D 784 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Books pened, audited; special bookkeeping, statement; also part time work. B 176 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, on staff of public accountant, wishes engagement. E 417 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER — Thoroughly experienced and qualified to handle position of responsibility. A 55 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS AND AUDITORS, all branches of service. Cortlandt 4627. G 909 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—YOUNG, COLLEGE GRADUATE. PHONE STAGG 2474.

ACCOUNTANT desires evening work as auditor or bookkeeper. E 411 Times.

ADVERTISING writer of sales letters, booklets, &c., offers services on part time or full time basis; $200 per week; free demonstration of ability. 12 years' experience in Middle West and New York. C 803 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISEMENT writer, designer; technical, mechanical; trade; broad general kn

Closing Hours for Advertisements Sunday Edition

THURSDAY, NOON—Schools, Steamships, Hotels, Resorts, Amusements.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate, with cuts, photographs, matrices or drawings.

TODAY, FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Undisplay classifications of Real Estate.

TODAY, FRIDAY, 8 P. M.—Undisplay classified advertisements (Business Opportunities 11 A. M. tomorrow, Saturday).

Daily Edition

If received after 6 P. M. on date preceding publication, classified announcements for daily edition are subject to omission. Final closing time 8 P. M.

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate Line. (Minimum space two lines.) Agate Line

	Agate Line
Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	40c
Boarders and Board Wanted	40c
Help Wanted	80c
Real Estate, &c.	80c
Lost and Found	80c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	80c
Country Board	60c
Mortgage Loans	65c
For Sale	40c
Automobile Exchange	40c
Agents Wanted	40c
Employment Agencies	70c
	Per Word
Business Opportunities (Caps 25c)	15c
Buyers' Wants—Offerings to Buyers	15c
Book Exchange (Sunday)	15c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted up to midnight.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.

FEMALE HELP WANTED. Employment Agencies.

"NATIONAL" EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church Street,
Hudson Terminal Building,
New York City.
Established 1909.

WE SPECIALIZE on desirable positions for women. No advance charges.

SPECIAL AFTER-HOUR REGISTRATIONS by appointment. Telephone Cortlandt 3680 and ask for Mrs. Brooke.

FOR POSITIONS BELOW
ASK FOR MRS. NEWINS.

STENOGRAPHER—Leading stock exchange firm requires intelligent experienced stenographer; ideal assignment and refined associates; age 20-25; salary to start $25.

STENOGRAPHER—Will appeal to young woman who likes a small office; import and export experience desired; very convenient location and regular hours; $25.

TYPIST—Accurate touch-typist familiar with payroll work and billing on a Remington machine; good advancement assured experienced, capable girl; $25.

FOR POSITIONS BELOW
ASK FOR MRS. BOYLE.

BOOKKEEPER—For uptown tire and rubber company; competent, refined type; take full charge double-entry books and ability to advance; exceptionally nice working conditions and personnel; $25.

BOOKKEEPER—Downtown drug concern; intelligent type; salary $20-$25.

BOOKKEEPER—Downtown publishing; prefer someone with similar experience; work under direction of Secretary-Treasurer; $20.

LEDGER CLERK—Bush Terminal Building, Brooklyn; manufacturing concern; posting-card system, (cash sheets); exceptionally good opportunity; $25.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR—Uptown merchandise concern; bright snappy type; $25.

FOR POSITIONS BELOW
ASK FOR MISS SLATTERY.

CLERK—Between the ages of 25-35; some college education; general office work and checking, downtown cafeteria; experienced preferred; interesting work; good future; $100 a month; 5½ days a week.

CLERK—Publishing house downtown; capable of compiling and typing records; must be accurate and quick to learn; about 24 years of age; opportunity to learn something new all the time; $20-$22.

CLERK—Some experience in filing, little typing; position with club located in well-known hotel; hours regular; usually good working conditions; $25-$75 month.

Call 9-1. 7th Floor.

The "NATIONAL" is the LARGEST.
30 Church Street.

FEMALE HELP WANTED. Employment Agencies.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY, INC.,
EMPLOYMENT SPECIALISTS.
ESTABLISHED 1906.
1 BEEKMAN ST., COR. PARK ROW.

REGISTRATION FREE.

STENOGRAPHER—Legal; downtown	$25
STENOGRAPHER—Legal; uptown	$30
STENOGRAPHER—Hotel; uptown	$30
STENOGRAPHER—Chemical	$30
STENOGRAPHER—German and French	$30
STENOGRAPHER—Woolworth; high-class	$30
STENOGRAPHER—Produce	$30
STENOGRAPHER—High School Grad	$30
STENOGRAPHER—German	$20
STENOGRAPHER—Downtown	$25
STENOGRAPHER—Adv.; midtown	$25
STENOGRAPHER—Printing	$25
STENOGRAPHER—Executive	$25
STENOGRAPHERS—Numerous commercial	$22-$30
STENOGRAPHERS—Beginners	$15
TELEPHONE Op.; relief	$25
TELEPHONE Op.; relief and clerical	$20
TELEPHONE Op.; relief and typist	$20
UNDERWOOD Op.; general	$25
BURROUGHS Bkpg. Op.; Bank	$25
B'KEEPER-Steno.; downtown acct	$20
B'KEEPER-Steno.; law; downtown	$30
B'KEEPER-Steno.; west side; mfr	$25
B'KEEPER-Steno.; numerous	$20
BOOKKEEPER—Mtg. Exp. Nec	$25
BOOKKEEPER-Typist; several	$22
LEDGER Clerks; midtown-downtown	$19-$22
RECEPTION Clerk; tall; personality	$30
OFFICE Asst.; Ks. Steno	$20
TYPISTS—Downtown; uptown	$20-$22
MULTIGRAPH Operator	$20
ADDRESSOGRAPH Op	$20
GRAPHOTYPE Op	$20
DICTAPHONE Op	$25

EST. 1907.
CAHAGAN AGENCY, 256 BROADWAY.
FV M. L. MING, MGR.

As business improves salaries are higher and real opportunities more numerous.

We have about one hundred openings for stenographers, up and downtown at $18-$20-$22-$25-$27-$30; legal, $35. Also splendid openings for bookkeepers, typists, switchboard operators, clerks, cashiers, bookkeepers, etc., at higher salaries than we have had for some time.

Established in business for TWENTY-FIVE YEARS. We cater to the best only—both firms and applicants.

NO ADVANCE CHARGE.

EXECUTIVE SERVICE,
PERSHING SQUARE BLDG.,
OPPOSITE GRAND CENTRAL.
ROOM 1515.

EXECUTIVE FILE CLERK, Long Island City, $35.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, 3 m s 11, pleasant uptown office, $30-$35.

LEDGER CLERK, some typing, $18-$20.

THE PLACEMENT COMPANY,
No Registration Fee. 1 West 45th St.
STENOGRAPHERS, banks $125
STENOGRAPHERS, uptown ..... $27-$25
STENOGRAPHER, legal exp. $25
STENOGRAPHER; slight legal exp. $20
TYPISTS, various openings ..... $22-$20
COMPTOMETER Operator $25
BURROUGHS Machine operator, $1,100 up; $900
CLERKS, attractive openings ..... $20-$18

REID COMMERCIAL, 200 BROADWAY.
Secretaries, $35; 100 stenos., all lines, $20-$18; stano., translate German, $30; typists, 90 positions, beginners to experts, $25-$15; Elliot Fisher $25; clerks, payroll, insurance, cashier, money orders, filing, $22-$18; checking, instal. and manage system, $20; comparing, $25; draftswoman, $25.
COLLEGE GIRLS, CLERKS, BEGINNERS,

ABSOLUTELY
THE BEST EMPLOYMENT AGENCY
2 RECTOR ST., ROOM 206
Interviews, 9 to 6. Free Registration.
STENOGRAPHERS and bookkeepers, $22; clerks, $18-$20. Ackerman Employment Bureau, 505 Broadway.

Instruction.

E. BURNHAM,
School of Beauty Culture,
130 West 42d St.
Telephone Bryant 4580.
Complete Courses
Day and Evening.
Burnham Graduates Are Always in Demand.
Operated by
E. BURNHAM, INC.,
Established 1871.
New York. Chicago.

THE CANDY INSTITUTE
COMMERCIAL CANDY MAKING COURSES.
Milner Hanna, Principal (formerly with Page & Shaw); ORIGINAL School; SCIENTIFIC instruction. 37 West 50th St., New York. Phone Circle 9086. Send for Book T.

DESIGNING, dressmaking, pattern-cutting, draping and millinery thoroughly taught; individual instruction; open all Summer; established 1876. McDowell School, 58 West 40th St., Longacre 7259. Call or write.

Shorthand and Typewriting in ONE MONTH. MILLER INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND, 1,416 Broadway, near 39th St. Penn. 8114. Prof. Miller taught 5 yrs. at Columbia Univ.

EARN $50 weekly through Prof. Rohrer's reference and employment system; day and evening schools; 68 Nassau, 119 W. 42d St. or Brooklyn, 15 4th Ave., Newark branch, 547 Broad St.

FEMALE HELP WANTED. Instruction.

EARN $50 weekly, as Wilfred Beauty Expert; good paying positions guaranteed or we start you in business; refined; steady employment; pleasant associations; most modern system of beauty culture; shares; and permanent waving taught by world famous authorities; special course $25; easy terms. Day or evening classes; call or write for booklet. Wilfred System, 706 7th Ave. Circle 10280.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ACCOUNTANT-SOLICITOR, age 28-35; commission and income-sharing basis; opportunity for right man. 61 Nassau St., Room 1, 31 Times Downtown.

AD WRITER in copy department high-grade technical magazine; young man with previous experience in this line of work can make excellent connection; state age, experience and salary. V 816 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING—YOUNG MAN FOR ADVERTISING DEPT. OF LARGE WHOLESALE-RETAIL FIRM; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN ADVERTISING BUSINESS; REPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, RELIGION, REFERENCES AND SALARY DESIRED. BOX 55, 620 ST. JAMES BLDG.

ADVERTISING—Live young man wanted to aid direct by mail advertising service; experience unnecessary to energetic workers, liberal commission basis to start. Write X. Suite 1231, Tribune Building.

ATTENDANT, companion, under 30, well-bred, considerate, robust; for case young man; excellent country home board; $15 start; immediate. Apply noon, World Building, Room 110.

ATTORNEYS.
Permanent position
in our Closing Department.
We will consider applications of several attorneys who have had extensive experience in closing real estate. Apply, letter only, giving digest of activities to date, to
TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO.,
176 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ATTORNEYS.
BY LARGE TITLE COMPANY, ATTORNEYS EXPERIENCED IN EXAMINATION, READING OR CLOSING OF TITLES TO REAL ESTATE; EXCELLENT SALARIES; ANSWER BY LETTER, STATING AGE, QUALIFICATIONS, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. B 978 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANIC, first-class, all around, with ability to work on any car; permanent position; good salary, right party. Apply Garage, Tarrytown, N. Y. Telephone 1062.

BOOKKEEPER.
Young man with bank experience on individual ledgers wanted by financial institution with high-grade personnel; excellent opportunity for promotion and advancement; initial salary $1,300 to $1,500 per annum, depending upon experience; state education, positions held, age and references in letter. Write Box P, T. 1111, St. Paul Bldg., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER—Large downtown bank requires the services of several bookkeepers; former experience in bank desirable but not necessary. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary desired. Address N. R., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

BOOKKEEPER with executive and sales ability; must have tact and be capable of leading people. Apply at once. Adolph Vogt, Bradford Riding Academy, 11 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced on property work preferred; good oportunity; must write legible hand; reply stating age and experience and phone number; good salary. W 904 Times Downtown.

BOYS WANTED.

A large financial institution has openings for a few boys, 17 years of age or over; high school training preferred; all advanced positions in the company are filled by promotion and there is opportunity for a good future for any boy who is selected for one of these positions who will show himself to be earnest and industrious. Apply in person between 9 and 4:30 o'clock, Room 1, Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Av., New York City.

BOYS—A large downtown bank requires the services of a number of boys, 18 years of age, with some high school education, to act as messengers; excellent chances for advancement; lunches served free; other advantages. Address N. T., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOYS—A large downtown bank requires the services of a number of boys, 16 years of age, with some high school education, to act as pages; excellent chances for advancement; lunches served free; other advantages. Address N. T., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOY wanted; large, old-time Christian house of best standing offers bright, industrious boy, 17-18 years old excellent opportunity to learn rudiments of business; must be anxious to learn and work for advancement. Apply Mr. Busk, Room 1058, 11 Broadway.

BOYS, two, between ages of 15 and 17, wanted by publisher in Grand Central district for office and messenger work; unusually pleasant working conditions; closed Saturdays during Summer; salary $15. Call between 9:30 and 10:30 A. M., 6th Floor, 9 West 40th St. R 556 Times.

BOY,
having had experience with adding machine, in bookkeeping department of bank. Box 7, 336 9th St., Brooklyn.

BOYS WANTED FOR HANDLING MAIL AND INSIDE MESSENGER WORK; OPPORTUNITY ADVANCEMENT CLERICAL POSITIONS. APPLY GULF REFINING CO., 5TH FLOOR, 21 STATE ST.

BOYS with some high school training wanted in downtown office; short Summer hours; write age, salary. V 786 Times Downtown.

BOYS—Two bright, ambitious office boys; good opportunity with large company. Mr. Collins, 14th floor Liggett Building, 41 E. 42d St.

BOY, 14-17, large hardware and tool concern; excellent opportunity and bright future; state age and references. P. S., 619 Times Annex.

BOY, in general office of engineering company; public school graduate preferred; salary $45 per month. Apply Superheater Co., 17 East 42d St.

BOYS—Ages 15 to 18; opportunity for advancement; general office work. Ajax Rubber Co. 220 West 57th.

BOY in bond dealer's office; beginner; wages to start $10 per week. D 785 Times Downtown.

BOY in office of large silk importers; hours 9 to 5; good future for bright boy. R 551 Times.

BOY, over 17 years of age, for night work in newspaper office. Apply between 6:30 and 7 P. M., 4th floor, 229 West 43d St.

BOYS, 16 years, office large mercantile concern; good opportunity for advancement. Campbell, Metzger & Jacobson, 8 East 22d.

BOY 16 to 17, for office work and errands. Call Guardian Adv. Corp., 511 5th Av., 15th floor, 43d St.

BOY FOR OFFICE; MUST BE NEAT; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; $10 TO START. C 861 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY, law office, import duty practice; experience not necessary; $10. Whitehall 0824.

BURROUGHS ADDING MACHINE OPERATOR

Downtown financial institution which is constantly promoting from within offers excellent opportunity for a rapid operator, one from 4:30 to 12:30 and one from 12:30 to 8:30 P. M. Initial salary $1,056 to $1,152 respectively per annum and one meal. State age, education, positions and salaries. Write Box P. R. 1,111 St. Paul Bldg., N. Y.

BUTLER—English, for home in suburbs; city references required; good salary to right party. Apply Mrs. H. Pelletier, 783 6th Av., between 10 and 4.

BUYER for ready-to-wear store in Chattanooga, Tenn. Call between 4:30 and 5:30 P. M. Friday, Ben. F. Levis, 119 West 30th.

CANVASSERS, high-class, to sell for cash, imported silk covers; quick sale; large profits; commission basis; call for appointment. Lexington 5878.

CARPENTER, foreman, / Al on blueprints and form work, on concrete buildings; must be a good handler of men; furnish best references as to ability; none others need apply. See Superintendent, corner Main and Anderson Sts., Hackensack, N. J.

CARPET LAYER.
STEADY POSITION $50 PER WEEK.
Exceptional opportunity to thoroughly experienced mechanic; references necessary. Slater's, 142 Main St., Paterson, N. J.

CASHIER—Man about 28 years of age for employes' cafeteria; hours 4:30 P. M. to 2 A. M.; prefer experienced man, student or man engaged only a few hours daily; salary $15 and meals. 1049 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR (white), couple, for general housework, plain cooking; must have A1 reference; small family. Call 9 to 11. Brous Bros., 1,115 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, colored 19 to 21 years old; reference wanted. Call Julius Sherwin, 466 4th Ave.

CHAUFFEUR, EXPERIENCED WINTER CAR; MUST BE GOOD MECHANIC. PHONE MADISON SQUARE 1842.

MALE HELP WANTED.

CHAUFFEURS.
REMOVAL NOTICE.
YELLOW TAXI
Corp.,
LENOX—2300.
EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
REMOVED TO
135 EAST 46TH STREET.

VANDERBILT—1894.
CHAUFFEURS,
STARTERS,
MECHANICS.
D. V. REILLY,
EMPLOYMENT MANAGER.

CHEMIST IN PLANT LABORATORY TO ANALYZE ACIDS AND HEAVY CHEMICALS; LARGE WORKS, WITH GOOD PROSPECTS FOR FUTURE; EXPERIENCE IN COMMERCIAL LABORATORY DESIRABLE. IN REPLY STATE AGE, EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE IN DETAIL, AND SALARY DESIRED. Z 2016 TIMES ANNEX.

CLERK—Young man, 23 years of age, for statistical work in auditing department of large organization; should have 2 years' experience; initial salary $30; write fully. S 1046 Times Annex.

COATMAKER, men's, first-class or all-around man who is willing to go out of town; good opportunity for right party. M. Wirtz, 1,440 Av. A.

COLLECTOR, experienced, collections retail department dealers, by attorney. G 910 Times Downtown.

COUNCILOR for dramatics at boys' camp, Maine, N 365 Times.

COUPLE, white, experienced chauffeur, general housekeeper and cook; 2 adults in family; only local references considered. Phone Mansfield 2816 before 12 o'clock for appointment, or write M. S. Rubin, 2,034 Avenue G, Brooklyn.

COUPLE, middle-aged; woman to make pies and dessert, man to do cashiering, in restaurant; experienced preferred; liberal pay. Meyer's Hotel, 3d and Hudson Sts., Hoboken.

DESIGNERS
and
DRAFTSMEN
FOR MECHANICAL WORK WITH
LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN
IN CENTRAL NEW YORK.
Call Thursday and Friday
and see Mr. Collins,
Room 2145, 120 Broadway.

DESIGNER—Wanted by a chair manufacturing company, Gardner, Mass., an experienced furniture designer; one thoroughly familiar with the current movement of design in the various furniture markets. X 2468 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMEN—Men who are qualified draftsmen and designers in electric generating and substation equipment installations; must be thoroughly familiar with layouts of switchboard, conduit, remote control and D. C. and A. C. apparatus; should have at least two years' practical experience in this class of design. Brooklyn Edison Inc. Employment Division, 11 Bond St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

DRAFTSMEN.
New York Telephone Company requires junior draftsmen for its engineering department; 18-28 years of age; in answering give education and salary desired; submit samples. V 631 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN, experienced on structural steel, reinforced concrete and plant layout, copper smelting and refining; experience desirable; state age, experience and salary desired. Post Office Box 369, Elizabeth, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN
Experienced machine and tool designers on automatic machinery. American Machine and Foundry Co., 5520 24 Ave., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN—Experienced on pipe work; steady position, short hours, and chance for advancement to right party; state age, experience and salary desired. S 573 Times.

DRAFTSMEN wanted; experienced, an apartment houses. Apply 1,482 Broadway, Room 1112.

DRUGGIST, licensed, references, city experience. Galpin's Pharmacy, 1,014 6th Av.

EDITORIAL writer, mailorder publication, located in Middle West; knowledge radio; must have magazine or newspaper training; able to edit, makeup and headwrite. Submit full details and salary wanted. X 2460 Times Annex.

ELEVATOR MEN, two, colored; $50 a month. 70 West 55th St.

FARMER, gardener, working superintendent; twelve acres Stamford, Conn.; must understand artesian well pump; married no family; modern home; furnished cottage; personal references required. Call 140 Broadway, New York. Room 1105.

FITTER—First-class tailor and fitter, alterations and special order; modern salary to start; must be of good appearance and be a hustler. R 578 Times.

FOOD CONTROL—Young man of good education and appearance, with experience in steward's department of high-class hotels or restaurants; must be willing to leave city; do not apply if you lack these qualifications. Call from 10 to 11 A. M. Room 606, 109 West 40th St.

GARDENER, white, married, to go to Bound Brook, N. J.; permanent position; unfurnished cottage available; two cows, three horses, all implements; man to work kitchen garden; personal references required; good wages; have had only three men in twelve years. Call between 9 and 10 Friday morning, Metherington, 280 West 73d St., New York.

GARDENER (white); couple for general housework; plain cooking; must have A1 reference; small family. Call 9 to 11. Brous Bros., 1,115 Broadway.

HOTEL CLERK—Apartment hotel; $75 and meals; state age and experience. D 583 Times.

HOUSEMAN, WHITE, TO CLEAN WITH VACUUM CLEANERS; TEMPORARY. W. & J. SLOANE, 6 E. 47TH.

LABOR wanted; good pay, steady position. Apply Smith, 700 Flicks St., Brooklyn.

LAWYERS OR LAW CLERKS.
Title Guarantee and Trust Co. will consider applicants for positions in its title examination department at Jamaica; previous experience desirable, but not necessary; because of the steadily increasing growth of this borough opportunities for advancement are unusual. Apply by letter or in person to 160-06 Jamaica Av., Jamaica.

LEDGER CLERK, thoroughly posted in double entry bookkeeping, in large lace importing house; give references and salary desired. Apply by letter, Box 130, 2501 World Tower Building.

LEDGER CLERK, for large manufacturing concern; must have experience in averaging accounts, A1 references. T 8 Times.

LITHOGRAPHERS—Transferers and pressmen, for position in nearby city; Harris offset press. Call Monday morning, Room 1301, 50 East 42d St., New York City.

LOCATION man for poster space wanted; must be experienced; salary or commission basis. Write X. H., 1,567 Broadway.

MEN
BY THE
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY
AGE 18 TO 28
FOR
REPAIR, INSTALLATION AND
CENTRAL OFFICE WORK.
SALARY PAID
WHILE LEARNING.
APPLY
EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
6TH FLOOR, 27 E. 30TH STREET,
NEW YORK CITY,
BETWEEN 10 A. M. & 4 P. M.

MAN to clean building at night; excellent salary for right party; splendid chance for advancement; only those giving references, age, salary, etc., will be considered. B 647 Times.

MALE HELP WANTED.

MAN, steady, to help in packing department of essential oil house; no experience required. Apply 5th Floor, 183 Waverly Place.

MAN wanted as room clerk and cashier, one with experience in transient hotel; $36 per week, room and board. Apply at once in person, St. Francis Hotel, Newark, N. J.

MAN—Experienced cheese man for floor work and putting up orders. Apply 8 to 9, Corrigan, 61 Vesey St.

NIGHT WATCHMAN.
Downtown organization desires a reliable man as night watchman; opportunity to earn promotion; age 40 to 50 years; initial salary $1,152 per year; two shifts, hours 6 to 12 and 12 to 6. Write Box P. V. 1111, St. Paul Bldg., N. Y.

MANAGER, to take charge of a medical office; possessing unscrubbed business ability and productive capacity; opportunity unusual providing you are a physician, licensed, preferably in New York, and have no other connections; give full particulars. Box 76, 2,501 World Tower Building.

OFFICE ASSISTANT; commercial high school graduate; credit department experience desirable but not essential; in reply state salary desired; permanency and salary assured, as Z. L. B., Box 108, Station F, Manhattan.

OFFICE BOY.
HERE IS AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR A YOUNG BOY, ABOUT 16, TO FORM A WORTH-WHILE CONNECTION WITH A LARGE PUBLISHING ORGANIZATION WHERE HE WILL HAVE EVERY OPPORTUNITY TO ADVANCE; SALARY $10 WITH LUNCHEONS SPECIALLY PRICED. WRITE FOR INTERVIEW. S 1048 TIMES ANNEX.

OFFICE BOY or young man, assist bookkeeper; experience desirable; must be industrial; good handwriting; $15 and good chance advancement; wholesale butter. Lowenfeld, 348 Greenwich St.

OFFICE BOY to fill position in the export division of large concern; apply in own handwriting; state age, references and salary desired. R 518 Times.

OFFICE BOY—Energetic, willing and clean; age 16; opportunity in large office. Inquire custodian, 94th floor 120 West 42d.

OFFICE BOY, bright, industrious, neat young man in commission house; good chance for advancement. R 850 Times.

OFFICE BOY, good wages. W 998 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS, $50 per month. Room 2309, 20th floor, 85 Broadway, N. Y.

OPTICAL SHOPMAN.
ABRAHAM & STRAUS, INC.,
Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

REQUIRE AN A NO. 1 SHOPMAN; MUST BE MOUNTER AND BRIDGE BENDER; NO SURFACING. APPLY AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

PORTERS, WHITE, TO CLEAN WITH VACUUM CLEANERS; TEMPORARY. W. & J. SLOANE, 6 E. 47TH.

PORTER and handy man (white), to help at packing and shipping; salary $24. Stimonson, 54 West 57th St., 2d floor.

PORTUGUESE—Young man wanted for Portuguese correspondence and invoice work; state where and how long experienced in such capacities, salary expected, &c. C 843 Times Downtown.

PRINTING—Young man to act as junior salesman for well-known organization; one who has handled inside details of printing office and with some sales experience preferred; salary and commission; give full particulars in first letter. Box 134, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

PROOFREADER, first to final, on fine catalogue work; steady position. Roger & Co., 461 8th Av., 12th floor.

RADIOGRAPHER, dental experience required; state salary expected. R 867 Times.

SALES ASSISTANT, young man, 21-25, as assistant in sales department of large manufacturing concern; high school graduate; excellent opportunity offered with future; salary commensurate with past experience; state all particulars in letter. R 142 Times.

SALESMAN—Inside position; jewelers opening high grade store Maiden Lane district requires experienced salesman with established knowledge of window dressing essential; splendid oportunity; state age, experience, salary desired. D 787 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.
Assist President; lighting fixture experience preferred; take charge purchasing; state salary, experience. Box 130, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

SHOES—MAN THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH SHOE SITUATION TO DEVELOP FOR LADIES' SHOE FACTORY, MAKING HIGH-GRADE SHOES ONLY. ONLY THOSE WITH A1 REFERENCES NEED APPLY. FORMAL OFFER WILL BE HELD UNDER STRICT CONFIDENCE. R1 N. Y. TIMES BROOKLYN.

SHOES.
CUTTING ROOM FOREMAN TO TAKE FULL CHARGE OF CUTTING ROOM. MAKING LADIES' HIGH-GRADE SHOES. STATE PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. V 612 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SHOP MAN, steady work, to make window frames and use a power rip saw. Telephone Latham Bros. Lumber Co., Port Washington 480.

STEEL FREIGHT CAR DRAFTSMEN and estimators wanted; experienced men only need apply. Address Steel Car Engineer, Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man with educational equivalent of two years' high school and with at least one year's business experience in Oliver operator, Brooklyn Edison Co., Inc. Employment Division, 11 Bond St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER. Wanted — Experienced young man; must be good on tabulating work; please give age, religion, references and salary desired. R 590 Times.

STENOGRAPHER for private sanatorium in the country; middle aged preferred; salary $50 per month, board, room and laundry. Box 4, Belle Mead, N. J.

STOCK MILLER, must understand machinery of motors, experience in surfacing and grinding necessary; steady employment for capable man; references required. Write or apply I. Werthelmer & Son, 526 Canal St.

STOCK CLERK.
Experienced able-bodied man required in stockroom of printing ink factory; must be well recommended and accurate in reply; state full particulars as to experience, age, references and salary expected. B 1254 Times Bronx.

STOCK CLERK TO MAKE HIMSELF GENERALLY USEFUL; REFERENCES; EXPERIENCED. CHELSEA LACE AND EMBROIDERY WORKS, 1,140 BROADWAY.

TEACHERS, speaking Jewish, give private lessons English to foreigners evenings; permanent, remunerative position. 110 West 40th (Room 509).

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS.
Must have thorough experience.
EISEMANN MAGNETO CORP.
82 43d St., 4th Floor, Brooklyn.

TYPIST—Young man, 18 years of age, who is rapid, accurate operator, will find a desirable opening with large advertising department; hours 8:30 P. M. to midnight; initial salary $18. Write G 1047 Times Annex.

TYPIST on Elliott-Fisher billing machine, salary to start $18 per week; large wholesale grocery goods house. W 970 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Young man, rapid and accurate; good salary. Reid, Murdock & Co., 882 3d Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MEN
3 REAL HUSTLERS
for pleasant outside work selling club memberships. Liberal commission and bonus. Room 1,508, 110 West 40th St.

YOUNG MAN to take charge of shipping department in knit goods house and be generally useful; one experienced in this work and who has knowledge of infants' wear. R 522 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17 years, to learn commercial banking; you will have an opportunity to learn all branches and your promotion will be rapid if you prove the right man for the position. R 518 Times.

YOUNG MEN, residing Brooklyn, speaking Jewish, give private lessons, English, to foreigners near your home evenings; good compensation. Call or phone 5 to 7, Studtman Men's Institute, 1,133 Broadway, Manhattan.

YOUNG CHAP for order work; wholesale clothing house; must be good writer, quick and accurate at figures; would prefer bookkeeping accountancy student. Apply Light & Schlesinger, 18 Washington Place.

YOUNG MAN, commercial high school graduate; at least one year bookkeeping experience; good opportunity for advancement; $18 to start. Apply by mail, Crystal Chemical Co., Inc., 194 Willis Av., City.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 18, as messenger in bank; experience not essential; good chance for good man; answer in own writing; start $50 a month. G 925 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17 to 19, as beginner in bank; previous experience not necessary; state age and salary expected. W 902 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for office work, one who wants a chance for advancement; state age, reference and salary expected. V 865 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to assist manager in branch office of large manufacturing concern; state age and experience; salary to start, $30. B 562 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

YOUNG MAN as stock clerk with wholesale optical firm; state salary. Box 113, 2501 World Tower Building.

YOUNG MAN, 19 years, to learn fur manufacturing; only those who are energetic and ambitious need apply. B 197 Times.

YOUNG MAN, bright, willing worker; splendid opportunity; $14 to start; call 9 A. M., C. E. Logan, Inc., 224 West 35d St.

YOUNG MEN for work on drop hammer; steady work. Apply Peter Wilde, Inc., 64 Ann St., N. Y.

MALE HELP WANTED.

YOUNG MAN FOR POSITION OF ASSISTANT TO SUPERINTENDENT OF PLANT BUILDING FREIGHT CARS; A MAN OF GOOD EDUCATION, WHO HAS HAD ACTUAL EXPERIENCE IN FREIGHT CAR SHOP, PREFERABLY AS FOREMAN OF SOME DEPARTMENT; GOOD POSITION FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE AGE, REFERENCES, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. APPLY TO Z 3030 TIMES ANNEX.

YOUNG MAN.
Large corporation wants young man between 25 and 35 with military training but now out of service to act as captain of group of employed boys; must have personality, initiative; job offers good opportunity for advancement to executive position. Address Captain, Box 106, Station F, Manhattan.

YOUNG MAN.
Drum-major between ages of 25 and 35 wanted for brass band of employed boys; must have experience, ability personality and be able to command respect of boys; state qualifications. Address Drum Major, Box 106, Station F, Manhattan.

YOUNG MEN.
High school graduates, 17 to 21 years old, desiring work with opportunities for PROMOTION
to accounting, clerical, export or sales department,
and who are more interested in a future than in initial pay, may apply at UNITED STATES RUBBER COMPANY, 56th St. and Broadway.

YOUNG MAN about 30 years of age for clerical position with large corporation; position open at once; must be accurate at figuring and able to operate typewriter enough to tabulate records; salary $1,000 to $1,100 per year, depending upon qualifications; give age, education, religion, experience and references. G 619 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 21, for stockroom counter work; knowledge of automobiles will be an advantage; good handwriting, correct figuring and ability for detail work are necessary qualifications; the successful applicant will find opportunity for advancement. Ahlberg Bearing Co., 833 7th Av.

YOUNG MAN, possibly with knowledge of Italian, some experience in foreign exchange, wanted by downtown bank as assistant trader; state references, salary desired, and full particulars. C 849 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21 to 25, as assistant in sales department of large manufacturing concern; high school graduate; excellent opportunity offered with future; salary commensurate with past experience; state all particulars in letter. R 544 Times.

LARGE MILL, MANUFACTURING
UPHOLSTERY AND DRAPERY FABRICS,
is in need of a first-class
DESIGNER
To make sketches.
State full particulars.
MOSS ROSE MFG. CO., PHILADELPHIA.

ATTORNEYS.
Permanent position
in our Examining Department.
We will consider applications of several attorneys who have had experience in examining titles.
Applicants call and see our Mr. Severance, fourth floor.
TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO.,
176 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LARGE downtown bank requires the services of foreign exchange Nostro Account bookkeeper. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary expected. Address N. S., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

WANTED for export department of cotton goods house man with experience and knowledge of Spanish language to take charge of sample department for export. Call Reichenbach & Co., 111 6th Av.

Salesmen.

ADVERTISING SALESMEN, experienced man, accustomed to specialties, to sell local merchants space in telephone index, that is distributed by banks; commission, drawing account allowed if you make good. W 857 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN, experienced; exceptional opportunity with traffic publication; commission basis. Evans-Brown Co., Suite 1101, 16 Moore St.

AUTOMOTIVE SALESMAN WANTED.
An experienced salesman, competent to handle retail garage and accessory trade; must have car; territory includes Westchester, Orange, Rockland and Putnam Counties, N. Y.; straight commission basis; this is a well established territory, returning excellent income; applicant should have had full experience in selling the class of trade mentioned, and must furnish satisfactory references. Write, giving experience and record, and interview will be arranged. Telephone number should be included. R 577 Times.

AUTOMOTIVE SALESMAN WANTED.
AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN, COMPETENT TO HANDLE RETAIL ACCESSORY AND GARAGE TRADE; MUST HAVE CAR; TERRITORY INCLUDES ESSEX COUNTY, N. J., ORANGE, ROCKLAND AND PUTNAM COUNTIES, NEW YORK; STRAIGHT COMMISSION BASIS; THIS IS A WELL-ESTABLISHED TERRITORY, RETURNING AN EXCELLENT INCOME. WRITE, GIVING EXPERIENCE AND RECORD, TO R 497 TIMES.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN.
FORD DEALERS: NEW SAVING PLAN SIMPLIFIES SELLING; COMMISSION BASIS; FLOOR TURN; LEADS FURNISHED. SEE MR. FOLLMER, FORK MOTORS CORP., 217 WEST 58TH ST.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN (3) with experience; must have good references and be producers; do not apply unless you are a successful salesman; old and regular line; there's commission with drawing account. Sales Manager, 1,715 Broadway, N. Y. C.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN.
Experienced salesmen wanted in rapidly growing organization; commission basis; floor time and leads furnished. Apply Star Motor Co. of New Jersey, 1,010 Broad St., Newark.

FORD salesman, commission; experience unnecessary. Apply 1,791 Webster Av.

LEATHER belting salesman, experienced on transmission; salary or commission. W 903 Times Downtown.

MEN'S NECKWEAR SALESMEN.
To men who have good following and are experienced salesmen in this line we can offer good proposition to represent the best line of neckwear and mufflers for Chicago and Western territories; we will entertain only applications from experienced men's neckwear salesmen; salary and commission.
L. ISAAC & CO.,
15 East 26th St.

NECKWEAR SALESMAN, with following among ladies' neckwear trade; drawing against commission. Watkins 10126.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN.
An old-established developing firm is placing on the market a very beautiful estate containing hundreds of acres, close to New York and railroad station, upon which a large variety of houses are being built; this is a very unusual opportunity for real live salesmen to make big money on a liberal commission basis. Apply room 804, 150 Nassau St. Ask for Mr. Barry.

TRUCK TIRE SALESME

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

ABBOTT-DETROIT 1918 Roadster.
BUICK 1922-1921 Coupes, Tourings, Sedans.
CADILLAC 1923-1922-1921, all models.
DANIELS 1921 7-passenger Sub. Sedan.
DODGE 1921 Sedan.
HUDSON 1923 Sedans, Coupes, Tour., Limo.
LAFAYETTE 1922 Limousine.
MERCER Series 5, Touring Racesbouts.
PACKARD Twin 3-35 Holbrook Limousine.
PACKARD "9" 1923-1922 Tourings.
PACKARD Twin 3-35 Fleetwood Coupe.
PIERCE Dolge Dual 48 7-passenger Touring.
STUDEBAKER 1921 Big 6 Touring.
WILLS ST. CLAIRE 1922 Road., Spt., Tour.
DURANTS, DODGE, NASH, PAIGE, ALL MODELS and TYPES AND 100 OTHERS.
ALL GUARANTEED; FULLY EQUIPPED; LARGEST USED CAR DISPLAY IN CITY. TIME PAYMENTS OR TRADES CONSIDERED. OPEN EVENINGS AND SUNDAYS.
KARP AUTOMOBILE SALON (Est. 1902), ICELAND—NEW MILLION DOLLAR PALACE, 53D ST. JUST WEST OF B'WAY.
CIRCLE 0065-3252-5259.

AUSTRIAN DAIMLER—Gentleman wishes to dispose of his 6-cylinder sport touring car; absolutely the latest importation and never used; completely equipped for American use; appointment. Mr. Lawrence, Lenox 8101.

BIDDLE	1922	4-pass. Sport.
MERCEDES	1922	Town car and Sedan.
SUNBEAM	1922	Town Brougham.
CADILLAC	1921	4 and 7-pass.
CADILLAC	1921	Runabout; like new.
PACKARD	1922	Fleetwood Cabriolet.
DANIELS	1922	4-pass. Sport Model.
LAFAYETTE	1923	5-pass. Sport Model.
LOCOMOBILE	1922	4-pass. Sport Model.
LOCOMOBILE	1920	4-pass. Sport Model.
CUNNINGHAM	1921	4-pass. Sport Model.
PIERCE	1918	4-pass. Touring; $1,250.
BUICK	1922	Coupe, $1,150.

All Cars Guaranteed. Open Evenings.
RIPPETH MOTOR CAR CO., INC.,
1,750 Broadway, at 56th. Circle 0227.

BUICK 1922 ROADSTER, $252 CASH

and 10 monthly payments $49. Equipped with bumper, step plate, spare tire, stop signal, parking light, wheel lock and other extras.

Also a Buick touring cheap.

WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION,
1,787 Broadway at 58th Street.
Open evenings. Columbus 6370.

BUICKS AND OTHER CARS.
TYPICAL SALE
OF USED CARS.
ALL MODELS.
SMALL AMOUNT DOWN,
ONE YEAR
in which to pay the balance.
All cars guaranteed as represented.
Sale at any of our branches.
BRONX BUICK CO., INC.,
807 BERGEN AV.
2,468 Grand Concourse.
BRANCHES 948 Southern Boulevard.
441 East 149th.

Buick 1921 coupe, 6 cylinder.....$775
Buick 1920 touring, 6 cylinder..... 375
Cadillac 1919 tour., excellent condition... 790
Cleveland 1921 touring, like new..... 450
Dodge 1922 touring, like new..... 850
Paige 1920 sport model, excel. condition. 625
Reconditioned, 3 months' written guarantee. Time payments. Trades considered.
Open evenings and Sundays.
AUTHORIZED HUPMOBILE DEALERS,
130-138 East 149th. Mott Haven 7884.
One block west Mott Av. subway station.

BUICK 1923 Sport Touring.
CADILLAC 1922 Sedan.
CADILLAC 1922 Suburban.
CADILLAC 1922 Imperial.
CADILLAC 1922 Touring.
PIERCE 1923 Vestibule Suburban.
LINCOLN 1922 Phaeton.
L. F. JACOD & COMPANY,
1,860 Broadway. Columbus 7541.

BUICKS, CADILLACS, HUDSONS.
ALL MODELS.
Knickerbocker Auto Warehouse, Inc.,
1,684 B'way, bet. 53d and 54th Sts.

BUICK touring and roadster, 1922; $775; big demand; act quick. International Warehouse, 128 West 54th. Open evenings.

BUICK roadster, A1 condition, $200. Reo Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,700 Broadway. Circle 1271.

BUICK roadster, 6 cylinder, 6,700 miles; any demonstration; fully equipped. Harlem 0662.

BUICK 1922, 4 pass., sport model; like new. Dagmar Motor Car Co., 1,804 Broadway.

BUICK 1923 sport sedan, mileage 800; reasonable. 219 West 58th. Circle 5259.

BUICK 1922, 5-pass. sedan; very reasonable. 219 West 58th. Circle 5259.

BUICK 1922, 48 coupe; like new; cheap for cash. 150 West 58th.

BUICK 1922 sedan, $1,375; five pass.; mileage 6,500. 240 West 59th.

BUICK 1922, special red roadster; like new; sacrifice. Kaplan, 782 7th Av.

BUICK 1921 touring, looks like new; $700. Mr. Stanley, Cortlandt 6121.

CHALMERS 1922 touring; newly painted; first-class tires; run about 5,000 miles; bargain. Chalmers Used Car Dept., 157 West 56th St. Circle 5550.

CHALMERS—1921 touring; $600; reconditioned; repainted; good running condition. Reo Motor Car Co. of New York, 1709 Broadway. Circle 1271.

CHANDLER CHUMMY SEDAN.

$635.80 cash and 10 monthly notes of $96.87; looks and runs like a new car and carries our guarantee.

HULETT MOTOR CAR CO., INC.,
1,884 Broadway. Columbus 1013.

CHEVROLET F. B. Sedan, "490" Sedan and "490" Touring; exceptional bargains. Oakland Motor Co., 225 West 58th St.

CHEVROLET, 490, 1921 sedan; bargain; finance company. Bryant 1633.

CLEVELAND six roadster, 1921, perfect condition; any demonstration; Payne, 540 West 160th.

COLE AERO "8"
LATE MODELS, ALL STYLES.
Fully guaranteed, thoroughly reconditioned. Many standard makes on consignment.
EASY TIME PAYMENTS.
COLE MOTOR COMPANY,
1,850 Broadway, at 51st St. Columbus 0631.

COLE—1921, limousine, $750; reconditioned; repainted like new. Reo Motor Car Co. of New York, 1709 Broadway. Circle 1271.

CRANE Simplex, late model, practically new; equipped with special Healey 7-pass. touring body; six new tires, full extra equipment; mechanical condition covered by our guarantee; demonstration by appointment; can be purchased at big sacrifice.
MINERVA AUTOMOBILE INC.,
135 West 72d St. Endicott 5408-5353.

CUNNINGHAM Sport sedan, reconditioned and refinished, cannot be told from new, beautifully equipped; attractively low priced. Lebell-Aborn, 237 West 55th St., near Broadway.

DANIELS ("Eights"), late models, sedans and five passenger coupe, $950 to $2,500. Jandorf, 1,739 Broadway. Telephone 2470 Circle.

DANIELS 1922 Cabriolet Special; cost $8,200; guaranteed; our price $3,600. Meyers & Stark, Inc., 1890 Broadway. Columbus 5970.

DODGE 1922 TOUR., $650.
Just as perfect as new car driven less than 3,000 miles; many extras; inspected; time payments; trades arranged. 128 E. 149th. Mott Haven 7884.

DODGE Touring, also Dodge roadster; both in fine condition; very cheap. Oakland Motor Co., 225 West 58th St.

DODGE coupe, wire wheels, $700. Wadsworth 2958, after 5 P. M. Lembach.

DORT SEDAN, $500 CASH

or easy payments. Car like new.

Also an Oakland coupe cheap.

WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION,
1,787 Broadway at 58th Street.
Open evenings. Columbus 6370.

ESSEX 21 SEDAN, $695.
Genuine four-door sedan, refinished, repainted; guaranteed six months; payments arranged; trades considered. 506 Southern Boulevard. Intervale 6045.

ESSEX runabout; tires like new; paint good; $400. Lester, Tel. Columbus 8900.

FIAT Baby Sedan; cost $5,700; 1921; perfect condition; $950; private. Bingham 9060.

FORD sedan, 1922; also Marmon limousine, fully equipped; will sacrifice; ask for Brodlieb's cars; can be seen all day. 19 Marion St., Brooklyn.

FORD, 1921 sedan, starter, extra tire, shock absorbers, wonderful condition; bargain, $350. 2321 East Fordham Road. Tremont 0311. Open Sundays and evenings.

FORDS 1923 models, $120 down, $5 weekly; new tourings, sedans, coupes, commercials. Phone MacMains, Wadsworth 2074.

FRANKLINS, GUARANTEED RIGHT.
ALL TYPES & MODELS.
ALSO
1923 HAINES Speedster.....$1,650
1921 PIERCE-ARROW 5-pass. Tour..... 950
1921 MAXWELL, 5,000 miles..... 475
Late LOCOMOBILE Limo., in perfect condition.
FRANKLIN N. Y. CO., INC.,
USED CAR DEPT. E. G. KUH, Mgr.,
1,828 B'way at 60th St. Columbus 7556.

FRANKLIN sedan; perfect condition; owner selling; bargain. Krauss Garage. Phone Clarkson 0040.

FRANKLIN 1921 touring; like new; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d St. Circle 3222.

FRANKLIN 1922 SEDAN.
Private owner sacrifices. 305 West 79th.

HUDSON - ESSEX cars, open and closed models, overhauled and refinished; sold with guarantee at price to move quickly. Hudson Exchange Car Department, 1,711 Broadway, at 57th St. Circle 6830. Open evenings.

HUDSON coupe, late model overhauled and refinished; sold with guarantee ready for immediate delivery; bargain. Hudson Exchange Car Department, 1,771 Broadway at 57th St. Circle 6830. Open evenings.

HUDSON coupe, 1921, perfect condition mechanically, appearance like new; $1,300. Dagmar Motor Car Co., 1,804 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE roadster coupe for doctor or salesman at big discount; new, big body style discontinued; guaranteed. Vandar Corp., Hupmobile Distributors, 1,294 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

JORDAN, 1922-23, 5-pass. tourings.
JORDAN, 1921-22-23, 7-pass. tourings.
All Jordan cars are priced and guaranteed in accordance with the Jordan standard factory policy.
BRONX JORDAN COMPANY,
184th St. & Grand Concourse, Fordham 10002.

KING eight sedan, in perfect mechanical condition; wire wheels and two extra wheels and spare; will sacrifice. Call to see Frank Bade, 855 Academy St., Astoria, L. I.

KING touring, newly painted, fine mechanical shape, fully equipped; low price. Oakland Motor Co., 225 West 58th St.

LA FAYETTES.

3 BEAUTIFUL LIMOUSINES, JUST OUT OF PAINT SHOP, LIKE NEW IN EVERY WAY. ALSO COUPE AND TOURING. Ready for Immediate Delivery. Very reasonable prices. Several other makes.

PORTER LA FAYETTE CORP.,
1,763 Broadway. Circle 8760.
Ask for Mr. Croley.

LAFAYETTE—Late model limousine; condition like new; guaranteed. Karp Auto Salon, 52d St., west of Broadway. Circle 0065.

LINCOLN 1923 7-Pass. Sedan.
LINCOLN 1923 Coupe
MARMON Roadster.
LINCOLN USED CAR DEPT.,
216 West 58th St. Circle 6363.

LINCOLN 1922 5-PASS. JUDKINS SEDAN. Run 3,000 miles; like new.
Geo. Lamberty, 1,866 B'way. Columbus 9810.

LINCOLN touring, like new; sacrifice. Kaplan, 782 7th Av. Circle 7006.

LINCOLN, late 1923, Tour., 7-Pass.; run 800 miles; beautiful. Circle 4348.

Locomobile 1922 4-Pass. Touring.
Locomobile 1922 6-Pass. Touring.
Guaranteed very reasonable.
Meyers & Stark, 1890 B'way. Col. 6970.

LOCOMOBILE Special roadster; like new; bargain. Rosenberg, 20 Central Park West.

MARMON RENEWED CARS.

Prices lowest on record.
1922 Touring cars.
1922 Speedster, 2 passenger.
1921 Touring car.
1921 Club roadster.
1920 Suburban sedan.
1920 Touring Car.
1920 Club roadster.
1919 Touring car.
1922 Coupe, 4 passenger.
1922 Sedan.
1922 Sport.
1921 Coupe.

A renewed and guaranteed Marmon is all that the name implies. It is a MARMON made new. It has been brought to original standards. It has gone through rigid inspection and tests as severe and uncompromising as the highest standards of building.

MARMON CO., 1,880 B'WAY.

MAXWELL SEDAN—Latest model; reconditioned to new car efficiency; guaranteed; low price and easy terms. Colt Stewart Co., 157 West 56th St. Circle 5550.

MAXWELL tourings, latest models, only 3 for sale; reconditioned, repainted and guaranteed; very reasonable price; easy terms. Maxwell Used Car Dept., 157 W. 56th St.

MERCER SPEEDSTER.
Present Series 5, practically new; painted a robin's egg blue and all shoes like new; at an attractive price. Brighton Auto Exchange, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, 8 to 6 daily.

MERCER racer, 1922, for sale by private owner; engine just overhauled; Alemite system installed; two windshield spot lights; car in first-class condition throughout; has always been carefully driven. Call Murray Hill 3947.

MERCER, late runabout; paint and mechanical condition absolutely perfect; worthy of investigation. Minerva Automobile, Inc., 135 West 72d St. Endicott 5838-5405.

MERCER, Series 5, racebout; condition guaranteed appearance like new. Karp Auto Show, 52d St., west of Broadway.

MERCER speedster, Series 5, sacrifice. Phone Circle 5105.

NASH COUPE, $472 CASH.

and $76 monthly. Looks better than any new car on the street today and runs equally well. Equipped with brand new cord tires, 2 bumpers, spare tire and cover, step plates, de Luxe motometer, automatic windshield cleaner, mirror, clock, transmission lock and other extras.

WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION,
1,787 Broadway at 58th Street.
Open evenings. Columbus 6370.

NATIONAL "6," brand new, 1923; gentleman's sport model; equipped with Hartford shock absorbers, 2 extra wire wheels, with tires and tire covers, nickeled radiator and windshield, nickel front and rear bumpers, wind deflectors, motometer, Rolls-Royce spotlight, automatic stop signal; bargain quick buyer. Mr. Hannoch Treasurer, Eleto Company, 153 East 24th St.

OAKLANDS—Some very exceptional bargains in reconditioned and guaranteed tourings, roadsters, sedans and coupes; low prices and easy terms. Oakland Motor Co., 225 West 58th St. Circle 4800. Open evenings.

OLDSMOBILE TOURING, $173 CASH

and 8 monthly payments $43. Nickeled radiator shell, spare tire, wheel lock and other extras. Mechanically perfect. Paint, upholstery and tires very good.

Also a Dort touring cheap.

WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION,
1,787 Broadway at 58th Street.
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OLDS 1922 TOURING, $234 CASH

and 10 monthly payments $40. Four cylinder model, driven 5,000 miles. Like new throughout. Equipped with a lot of extras.

WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION,
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Open evenings. Columbus 6370.

PACKARD, 116-inch, single six touring, 5-passenger, equipped with new Burbank top, Weidefeld wings, nickel radiator and lamps in good condition throughout. Packard Motor Car Co. of New York, 1,861 Broadway. Columbus 8900.

PACKARD, 126-inch, single six coupe, 4-passenger, in excellent condition throughout. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 Broadway. Columbus 8900.

PACKARD TWIN SIX BROUGHAM, CUSTOM BODY BY HOLBROOK; COST ORIGINALLY $9,000; OVERHAULED, REFINISHED LIKE NEW; LADY GOING ABROAD, SACRIFICE. RODMAN, MURRAY HILL 1277.

PACKARD sedan, 5-passenger light 6, like new; guaranteed; any demonstration. International Warehouse, 128 West 54th. Open evenings.

PACKARD 1923 roadster, single 6, original finish, new car guarantee; $1,450. Sandman, 401 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Sterling 1106.

Packard 1922 Special Twin Sedan.
Packard 1922 Special Town Car.
Fully guaranteed. Very reasonable.
Meyers & Stark, 1890 B'way. Col. 6970.

PACKARD, single six, five-passenger touring, series 1923; splendid opportunity. Plaza 5433.

PACKARD coupe, 1923, single six; mileage 900; exceptional sacrifice. Fischer, Circle 0012.

PACKARD 1919 Fleetwood touring, 4-passenger sport; extremely smart; well equipped; sacrifice. Bronx Jordan Co. Fordham 10002.

PACKARD, single six, 1923, 7-passenger touring, new model; condition guaranteed. Karp Auto Show, 52d, West of Broadway.

PACKARD 1922 twin six, 7-pass. full limousine stock; mileage 10,600. 200 West 59th St. Circle 5191-4061.

PACKARD, early 1922, Tour., 5-Pass. 4345 Circle. 147 West 54th; sacrifice.

PACKARD "8" 1923 SEDAN.
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

PAIGE Daytona speedster, 1922, slightly used, cannot be told from new; exceptional offering. Lobell-Aborn, 237 West 55th St. Erapch 1,681 Broadway, near 53d.

PEERLESS 1920 in first-class condition; newly painted; $1,000. New Flushing Garage, 3,162 B'way. Phone Morningside 8722.

PIERCE-ARROW 1920 7-passenger touring cars, overhauled and repainted; ready for road; attractively priced; also 38 and 48 enclosed Pierce-Arrows. Pierce-Arrow Distributors, N. used car department, 225 West 54th St., and 236 West 59th St. Just east of Broadway.

PIERCE 1921 "38" 4-PASS. SPORT.
Very smart, full equipment, including tonneau, windshield, shock absorbers; price low. Phone Mr. Croley, Circle 8760.

PIERCE "38," LATE 1922
5-PASSENGER SPORT.
Run 6 few hundred miles; like new; big sacrifice. Croley, Circle 8760.

PIERCE 1920, 48 TOURING, SACRIFICE Seven pass.; unusual condition. 240 West 59th.

PIERCE-ARROW 1920 5-pass. sport touring; must accept reasonable offer refused; fully guaranteed. Meyers & Stark, 1890 B'way.

PIERCE 1919, DUAL VALVE, $1,850.
Four passenger sport; like new. 240 West 59th.

RAINIER TRUCKS—FACTORY REBUILT.
Guaranteed; 1 ton of repair; six months. ¾-ton, 1-ton, 1½-ton, 2-ton, with panel, express or rack bodies.
These trucks completely rebuilt in the Rainier factory, fully equal to new and sold with unusual guarantee. FREE OF ALL REPAIRS FOR SIX MONTHS.
Specially low prices this month to make room.
RAINIER MOTOR CORPORATION,
5th and Webster Avs., 1,167 Atlantic Av.,
Long Island City. Brooklyn, N. Y.

RICKENBACKER Sedan, 1922; perfect condition throughout; will sacrifice. Vaughan, 136 West 55th.

ROLLS ROYCE 4-pass. sport model.
ROLLS ROYCE town car.
ROLLS ROYCE cabriolet.
ROLLS ROYCE OF AMERICA, INC.,
58th St. & 5th Av., at the Circle. Circle 3923

STANLEY Steamer, 5-passenger, A1 condition; sacrifice for cash. B 191 Times.

STUDEBAKER Big 6 touring, 1922; very good condition throughout. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 B'way. Col. 8900.

STUDEBAKER 1922 speedster, 4-passenger, big six; cost $1,985; sacrifice $1,275. Sandman, 401 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Sterling 4567.

STUDEBAKER 1922; big 6; California top; can be all enclosed; many extras; appearance like new; $1,300. Dagmar Motor Car Co., 1,804 Broadway.

STUDEBAKER 1922 "Light-6" coupe; practically new; very cheap. Oakland Motor Co., 225 West 58th St. Open evenings.

STUDEBAKER, new, big six sedan; year guarantee; motor, paint and tires perfect; $100 worth of fixtures. Cortlandt 0059.

STUDEBAKER 1922 roadster; run 4,000 miles; guaranteed like new. Smith, Morningside 8751.

STUDEBAKER, early 1923, Sedan, 7-Pass.; beautiful. 2d floor, 147 West 54th.

STUDEBAKER CONTRACT FOR SALE.
Box 900, 120 East Fordham Road.

STUTZ.

We have wonderful value in rebuilt and Stutz cars, also other makes.

WM. PARKINSON MOTOR SALES CO.
632 West 57th St. 1,706 Broadway
Circle 8274. Circle 8370.

WILLS SAINTE CLAIRE sedan, latest type; mechanically perfect; fully guaranteed. International Warehouse, 128 West 54th. Open evenings.

WILLS STE. CLAIRE, 1923 speedster
WILLS STE. CLAIRE 1922 4 pass. sport.
Condition guaranteed. Karp Auto Show, 52d St., west of Broadway. Circle 0065.

WILLS STE. CLAIRE 1921, like new, extra equipment; sacrifice. Circle 5308.

WILLS SAINTE CLAIRE 1922 Roadster, 4-pass. Lamberty, 1,866 B'way. Colum. 9810.

CONTRACT for Buick 1923 sport model; immediate delivery; will sacrifice part on deposit. Charles Snyder, 8,747 96th St., Woodhaven, N. Y. Reply by letter.

Unused Cars.

BUICKS—guaranteed new, 1923 (never used); standard equipment; sport tourings; big discount; don't pass this; investigate. We save you money on any make new car. Gordon Harris (established 7 years), 87 Nassau St. Cortlandt 6121.

BUICK CONTRACT FOR SALE.
You can change to any model you wish and time payment can be arranged if desired. Box 510, "Advertising Office," 130 East Fordham Road.

CHEVROLET—New, 1923 touring and sedan; small cash payments, balance small meter; free instruction. Bronx Chevrolet Sales, 861 East Fordham Road. Tremont 0311.

BRAND NEW CARS
At used car prices.
Hupmobile Roadster, Oldsmobile
Sedan, Touring, Studebaker 6's.
GARDNERS WAREHOUSE
517 West 19th St., Chelsea 2084.

Loans on Automobiles.

LOANS to automobile owners while in your possession; strictly confidential. Peerless, 136 West 72d St. Circle 8743.

LIBERAL automobile loans quickly arranged; your possession or storage; confidential. Circle 6040.

NATIONAL COUPE, $1,295 CASH.

Genuine 1923 model, 6 cylinder, 7 passenger, 4 wheel brakes, 2 extra wire wheels, with tires and tire covers, nickeled radiator and windshield, nickel front and rear bumpers, wind deflectors, motometer, Rolls-Royce spotlight, automatic stop signal; bargain quick buyer. Mr. Hannoch Treasurer, Eleto Company, 153 East 24th St.

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Packard 1922 Special Twin Sedan.
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Fully guaranteed. Very reasonable.
Meyers & Stark, 1890 B'way. Col. 6970.

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RICKENBACKER Sedan, 1922; perfect condition throughout; will sacrifice. Vaughan, 136 West 55th.

ROLLS ROYCE 4-pass. sport model.
ROLLS ROYCE town car.
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STANLEY Steamer, 5-passenger, A1 condition; sacrifice for cash. B 191 Times.

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At used car prices.
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Sedan, Touring, Studebaker 6's.
GARDNERS WAREHOUSE
517 West 19th St., Chelsea 2084.

Loans on Automobiles.

LOANS to automobile owners while in your possession; strictly confidential. Peerless, 136 West 72d St. Circle 8743.

LIBERAL automobile loans quickly arranged; your possession or storage; confidential. Circle 6040.

CADILLACS, Victoria, Phaeton, Tourings.
CADILLAC 1917 coupe.
PACKARD brougham cabriolet.
CUNNINGHAM suburban sedan.
CUNNINGHAM 4-passenger sport.
ROAMER sedans and coupes.
MARMON 7-passenger touring.
MERCER speedster and 4-passenger sport.
DANIELS sedan and runabout.
STUTZ 4-passenger sport.
PEERLESS 4-passenger roadster.
JORDANS, CHANDLERS, OLDSMOBILES, BUICKS,
and many other not listed.
U. S. MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
21 West 62d, 2 Doors East of Broadway.

CADILLAC, Amesbury, series 57, double letter; best looking seven-passenger sport touring car in town, runs and looks like new; has Westinghouse air-spring, bumpers, mirrorscope, tonneau, windshield, other costly equipment; if you are buying according to age you will not appreciate this car. Mr. Caldwell, Lenox 8100.

CADILLAC	1921	Coupe, 4-Passenger.
CADILLAC	1921	Sedan, 5-7-Passenger.
MARMON	1922-21	Tourings.
MARMON	1922	Speedster.
CUNNINGHAM	1921	5-Passenger Sport.

STUDEBAKER 1922-21 Touring Big 6.
ELITE MOTOR CAR CO.,
1,866 Broadway (51st-52d). Circle 1964.

CADILLAC 61 touring; also 1919 limousine and town car; 1917 limousine. Pierce-Arrow Distributor Used Car Dept., 225 West 54th St., and 236 West 59th St., just east of Broadway.

CADILLACS, sedans, laudaulettes, limousines, town cars, runabouts, touring, sport models, $350 to $2,500. Jandorf, 1,739 Broadway. Telephone 2470 Circle.

CADILLAC USED CARS—ALL MODELS
Uptown Cadillac Corporation,
7 West 61st St. (Used Car Dept.)
PHONE COLUMBUS 7706.

CADILLAC 1922 sport sedan, absolutely like new; sold with a 90-day guarantee. L. F. Jacod & Co., 1,860 Broadway. Columbus 7541.

CADILLAC, model 57, touring; paint blue; two extra tires; very good; many extras; call between 3 and 5 P. M. Noonan, 68 Stratford Road, Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 61, 4 pass.
Touring. Sacrifice.
OBERWEGER, 136 West 52d. Circle 0618.

CADILLAC "61" LIMOUSINE,
practically new. 10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

CADILLAC "59" PHAETON.
CADILLAC "59" AMESBURY SUBURBAN.
Geo. Lamberty, 1,866 B'way. Columbus 9810.

CADILLAC Victoria, late 61; practically new; will demonstrate. Lawrence, 138 West 56th.

CADILLAC 1918 touring; can be seen at Carnegie Garage; Far Rockaway; must sell at once; $700. Orchard 8507.

Cadillac 1922 4-Pass. Touring.
Cadillac 1921 Special Town Car.
Meyers & Stark, 1890 B'way. Col. 6970.

CADILLAC coupe, model 61, like new; reasonable for quick sale. Address 371 Flatbush Av. Phone Sterling 1224.

CADILLAC "61" PHAETON.
Practically new. 10 W. 60th. Columbus 5078.

CADILLAC 61 7-passenger touring. Mr. Marcus, 20 Central Park West.

CADILLAC 1922 coupe; like new; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d St. Circle 3222.

CADILLAC 1915, 4-pass. sport; very reasonable. 219 West 58th. Circle 5259.

CADILLAC 61 roadster; like new; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d St. Circle 3222.

CADILLAC 1922 sedan 7-passenger; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d St. Circle 3222.

CADILLAC HEALEY CABRIOLET,
sacrifice; just reconditioned. 240 West 59th.

CADILLAC "59" 5-passenger sedan; like new; will sacrifice. Circle 5308.

CADILLAC "61" imperial suburban sedan, like new. Clearance, 138 West 52d.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Infantry.

Fowle, Capt., D. G., to Univ. of N. Dak.
Rederick, Capt. L. F., to Ft. Warren, with 18th Inf.
Stanfield, Capt. R. C., to Kan. State Agric. Coll.
Stanfield, Capt. C. O., to 24 Div., Ft. Sam Houston.
Cobb, 1st Lt. E. T., to Castle Heights Mil. Acad., Tenn.

Air Service.

Voss, Capt. T. S., and 1st Lts. J. T. Curry Jr., G. W. Goodwin, W. C. Boyd, F. P. Booker, Er. A. Hillery to New York and sail for Panama about Oct. 4.
Haight, 1st Lt. E. M., to Belfridge Fd.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Malven, Major H. H. Jr., to Ft. Leavenworth.
Bates, Capt. J. C., to Boston as Instr. Mass. N. G.

Field Artillery.

Ewert, Capt. E. C., to Minneapolis as Instr. Minn. N. G.
Lee, Capt. A. H., to Boone, as Instr. Iowa N. G.

Miscellaneous.

Hutton, Lt. Col. P. M. C., to Fitzsimmons Gen. Hosp. as Comdg. Offr.
Griffiths, 1st Lt. D. W., Corps of Eng., to New York and sail about Nov. 1 for Panama.
McConeghy, 1st Lt. J. K., V. C., to Chicago.

Leaves.

Estes, Col. G. H., Genl. Staff, 10 days.
Chynoweth, Major B. G., Inf., 1 mo.
Malven, Maj. H. H., Jr., C. A. C., 2 mos. 15 days.
Cocroft, Maj. R. B., Gen. Staff, 1 mo.
Clement, S. A., to Nav. Acad.
Hibbs, N. W., to Train. Sta., San Diego.
Kerr, R. E., to the Arizona.
Riedel, W. A. to Rec. Ship, north of Charleston, S. C.
Smith, W. T., to Navy Yd., Washington.

LIEUTENANTS.

Hutchins, G., to command the S-3.
Umsted, S., to Ajax.
Hubbard, F. L., Smith, C. N., to Nav. Hosp., Canacao.

Second Army Corps Orders.

At headquarters Second Corps Area, office of the Corps Area Commander, Governors Island, these orders were issued yesterday:

Training Camp Assignments.

These officers will report in person, not later than June 12, to the commanding officer thereat, for temporary duty in connection with the 1923 Artillery Section of the R. O. T. C., Camp Meade—Maj. John E. McMahon Jr., Capt. James W. Andrews and Capt. Leslie E. Babcock, from Princeton University, Princeton

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 24.—Pressure was low and falling Thursday night over the Canadian Maritime Provinces, the Canadian northwest and generally west of the Rocky Mountains and it was high but falling slowly from the northern Plains States eastward to the Middle Atlantic and North Atlantic Coast. This pressure distribution has been attended by showers within the last twenty-four hours in Missouri, Kansas, and the Southern States and by generally fair weather elsewhere. The temperature was somewhat higher Thursday in the upper Ohio Valley, the northern Plains States, the Rocky Mountain and Plateau Regions and in portions of the Lake Region.

Unsettled, showery weather will continue Friday and Saturday in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States and Tennessee, and the shower area will probably extend northeastward over the Ohio Valley and Virginia during Saturday, while generally fair weather will prevail in the Atlantic States north of Virginia until Saturday night. The temperature will not change materially east of the Mississippi River during the next two days.

Country-Wide Weather Conditions.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Station.	Temperature. High.	Low.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	96	62	2.02	Clear
Albany	74	40	30.14	Clear
Atlanta	68	60	30.14	Cloudy
Atlantic City	60	48	30.32	Clear
Baltimore	70	50	30.22	Clear
Bismarck	76	52	30.06	Clear
Boston	74	48	30.10	Clear
Buffalo	66	44	30.32	Clear
Charleston	76	66	30.06	Cloudy
Chicago	58	48	30.16	Cloudy
Cincinnati	74	46	30.04	Clear
Cleveland	62	46	30.18	Clear
Denver	66	48	30.08	Clear
Detroit	68	42	30.22	Clear
Galveston	82	70	29.96	Clear
Helena	74	44	29.86	Cloudy
Jacksonville	78	70	29.98	.58 Cloudy
Kansas City	58	52	30.04	.16 Cloudy
Los Angeles	74	54	29.92	Clear
Milwaukee	62	46	30.20	Clear
Minneapolis				
St. Paul	78	56	30.14	Clear
New Orleans	88	72	29.90	Clear
New York	67	54	30.20	Clear
Oklahoma	73	58	29.96	Cloudy
Philadelphia	70	50	30.22	Clear
Pittsburgh	72	42	30.14	Clear
Portland, Me.	68	42	30.06	Clear
Portland, Ore.	66	46	29.90	Cloudy
Salt Lake City	94	58	29.78	Clear
San Antonio	88	68	29.88	Clear
San Diego	68	60	29.88	Clear
San Francisco	58	48	29.94	Clear
Seattle	62	44	29.82	Cloudy
Spokane	70	42	29.66	Cloudy
Washington	72	48	30.20	Clear

New England—Fair; Friday and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Eastern New York—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania, Delaware, New Jersey—Fair Friday, probably becoming unsettled Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Western Pennsylvania—Generally fair Friday; Saturday unsettled, probably showers; not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Fair Friday, probably becoming unsettled Saturday; little change in temperature.

New York City Weather Records.

Official Temperature.

3 A.M.	55	10 P.M.	63	6 P.M.	64
4 A.M.	55	1 P.M.	68	7 P.M.	62
5 A.M.	56	2 P.M.	68	8 P.M.	57
6 A.M.	56	3 P.M.	68	9 P.M.	55
10 A.M.	60	4 P.M.	66	10 P.M.	54
11 A.M.	61	5 P.M.	67	11 P.M.	56

Average temperature yesterday, 60.
Average same date last year, 67.
Average same date for 46 years, 62.

Barometer, 30.32 at 8 A. M.; 30.19 at 8 P. M.

Humidity, 70 at 8 A. M.; 62 at 8 P. M.

Wind at 8 A. M., northeast, velocity 6 miles; at 8 P. M., south, velocity 14 miles.

Weather, clear at 8 A. M.; clear at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—The forecast:

North Carolina—Mostly cloudy Friday, showers in west portion; Saturday showers; not much change in temperature.

South Carolina and Georgia—Unsettled with local rains Friday and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Florida, Extreme Northwest Florida, Alabama and Mississippi—Local thunder-showers Friday and Saturday.

Tennessee—Showers and probably thunderstorms Friday and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Kentucky—Unsettled Friday and Saturday, probably showers; not much change in temperature.

Ohio—Generally fair Friday; Saturday unsettled, probably showers; not much change in temperature.

Illinois—Generally fair Friday and Saturday except probably showers Friday extreme south; not much change in temperature.

Indiana—Generally fair Friday and Saturday except probably showers Friday extreme southwest; not much change in temperature.

Lower Michigan, and Upper Michigan and Wisconsin—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Missouri—Mostly cloudy Friday, probably showers south; Saturday generally fair; not much change in temperature.

Minnesota—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Iowa—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

North Dakota—Fair Friday, Saturday, increasing cloudiness, probably followed by showers; cooler.

South Dakota—Fair Friday, Saturday, increasing cloudiness, probably followed by showers; somewhat cooler Saturday in west.

Nebraska—Fair Friday, somewhat warmer, Saturday, increasing cloudiness; possibly showers in west.

Kansas—Fair in west, mostly cloudy in east Friday, Saturday, probably fair; somewhat warmer Friday in west.

Montana—Fair in east, probably showers in west Friday; somewhat cooler in west. Saturday, local showers, cooler.

Wyoming—Fair Friday, except probably showers in northwest. Saturday, showers, cooler.

Fire Record.

A. M.
12:50—Seventh St. and First Av.; auto; Home Electric Co. ..... Not given
1:30—226 W. 60 St.; not given..... Not given
2:15—150 W. 63 St.; not given..... Not given
5:45—158 W. 107 St.; auto in garage; Joseph Ferrz ..... Slight
7:05—325 W. 49 St.; auto; Lashin Co. ..... Not given
9:45—92 St. and Ninth Av.; truck; Dominic Diggio ..... Slight
10:50—295 E. 157 St.; Joseph Slock..... Not given
11:15—51 Henry St.; J. Baylan..... Not given
11:20—167 Greenwich St.; William Kehoe ..... Not given
P. M.
12:15—464 Central Park West; not given ..... Not given
12:50—213 E. 99 St.; Mrs. Sarolla..... Not given
P. M.
1:30—665 W. 129 St.; Bella Kent..Not given
2:00—128 W. 21 St.; United Metal Seal Inc Co. ..... Not given
3:12—71 W. 133 St.; Dan Backrack. ..... Not given
3:15—4,333 Park Av; Frank Barker. ..... Not given
3:20—1,553 Hoe Av.; not given..... Not given
3:30—781 Ninth St.; John Duffy...Slight
4:45—409 E. 204 St.; F. Eaklah..Not given
4:55—240 W. 49 St.; rubbish; not given ..... Not given
5:20—1,100 E. 180 St.; storehouse..... Slight
6:10—352 W. 87 St.; Philip Wexler. ..... Not given
8:20—100 W. 138 St.; Rose Dunenberg..None
8:30—231 Delancey St.; rubbish in street ..... None
7:15—446 E. 14 St.; not given..... Not given
7:15—138 Fox St.; not given..... Not given
7:35—887 East 172d St.; Harry Fenner ..... Not given
10:00—43 W. 113 St.; George Griggs..Not given
10:30—206 W. 114 St.; not given..Not given
10:30—100 St. Ann's Av.; Jacob Oppenheima ..... Not given
10:35—432 W. 48 St.; not given..... Not given
11:00—410 W. 27 St.; Rex Decorating Co. ..... Not given
11:35—89 Prince St.; A. Rubenstein..Not given

Correction—The Fire Record of May 21 represented a fire as having occurred in the premises of Belsky & Greenberg, 27 West 30th St. The office of the Fire Marshal reports the fire was in the premises of another concern at that address.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Henry Brady

SHERIFF'S SALESMAN.

SELLS this day, Friday, May 25th, 1923, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at No. 2 and 4 Stone Street, Room No. 208, office furniture, consisting of desks, typewriters, tables, chairs, electric fans, etc., etc. Terms cash; immediate removal.

PERCIVAL E. NAGLE, Sheriff.
JESSE F. COARLEY, Deputy Sheriff.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the times indicated are under Daylight Saving.]

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		Time.	Sun.
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
High water	3:46	4:21	5:06	5:21	6:22	6:38	6:22	8:14
Low water	10:15	10:50	10:44	11:29	12:29	1:00		

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Sixaola	Kingston	May 18
Bridgetown	Jamaica	May 18
Carib	San Juan	May 14
Munamar	Nuevitas	May 19
Tamana	Bluefields	May 19

DUE TODAY.

Mauretania	Southampton	May 18
Reliance	Hamburg	May 18
Lapland	Antwerp	May 16
Rochambeau	Havre	May 15
Maraval	Trinidad	May 15

DUE TOMORROW.

Nieuw Amsterdam	Rotterdam	May 16
Ohio	Hamburg	May 16
Cristobal	Colon	May 19

DUE SUNDAY.

Caronia	Liverpool	May 19
Cedric	Queenstown	May 20
President Arthur	Bremen	May 18
Ulua	Limon	May 18
Iroquois	Turks Island	May 10
Bayern	Hamburg	May 14

DUE MONDAY.

Chicago	Havre	May 19
Mount Clay	Hamburg	May 17
Western World	Buenos Aires	May 10
Savoia	Havre	May 20
Esperance	Progreso	May 22
Caracas	Maracaibo	May 16
Fort Victoria	Bermuda	May 22
Ponce	San Juan	May 22

DUE TUESDAY.

Majestic	Southampton	May 22
President Monroe	London	May 19
Mongolia	Hamburg	May 19
Albania	London	May 17

DUE WEDNESDAY.

†Patria	Palermo	May 17

Other Incoming Steamships

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Gustavsholm	Shields	May 5
Alberta	Ancona	May 6
Cornish City	Liverpool	May 6
Thordis	Genoa	Apr. 30
Argon	Colon	May 16
Blossom Heath	Lisbon	May 6
Livingston Roe	Colon	May 16

DUE TOMORROW.

J. D. Archbold	Cristobal	May 17
J. D. Rockefeller	Cristobal	May 17
Santa Veronica	Cristobal	May 17
Missouri	London	May 12
Fort Lincoln	London	May 12
Paul Luckenbach	San Pedro	May 8
El Siglo	New Orleans	May 20
City of St. Louis	Savannah	May 23

DUE SUNDAY.

Piave	Montevideo	April 30
Inneko	Antwerp	May 13
Bronte	Para	May 15
Steel Scientist	San Francisco	May 8
Eastern Guide	Shields	May 13

DUE MONDAY.

Juliana	Genoa	April 28
James McCee	Colon	May 16
David McKelvey	Colon	May 19
Idaho	Hull	May 12

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Close. Mails	Sail. Vessels	Carries Mails for
Bergenfjord	Bergen..	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland.
Hauge	Nassau..	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bahamas, Inagua and Fortune Islands.
Munamar	Nuevitas..	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	City Nuevitas. (Other parts Cuba specially addressed.
Benheur	Buenos Aires	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay (specially addressed.)
Sama	Kingston	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica (Cuba specially addressed.)
Catherine	Romans	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Puerta Plata, Sanchez, Romana. (Other parts San Domingo specially addressed.)
Panama	Colon	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Haiti, Canal Zone, Panama, Colombia, Ecuador (Honduras specially addressed.)
Guiana	Georgetown	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	West Indies, Trinidad and Guiana (Virgin Islands, St. Vincent, Trinidad and Grenada specially addressed.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Homeric	Southampton	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M. Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Specially addressed.)
Baltic	Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M. Irish Free State. (Other countries specially addressed.)
Wythevilla	Cape Town	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M. South Africa. (Specially addressed.)
Sandgate Castle	Cape Town	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M. South Africa. (Specially addressed.)
President Roosevelt	Bremen	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M. Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Homeric	Port Said	12:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M. Egypt. (Specially addressed.)
Themistocles	Piraeus	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M. Greece. (Specially addressed.)
Silvia	St. John's, N.F.	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M. Newfoundland.
Orisaba	Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M. Cuba. (Specially addressed.)
San Lorenzo	San Juan	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M. Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Macoris.
Zulia	La Guaira	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M. Curacao, Venezuela. (Porto Rico specially addressed.)
Pastores	Port Limon	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M. Costa Rica. (Cuba; Canal Zone, Panama specially addressed.)
Camoens	Manaos	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M. North Brazil Ports. (Other parts Brazil specially addressed.)
Huron	Barahona	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M. Turks Islands, Dominican Republic.
Pan America	Buenos Aires	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M. South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay.
Ebro	Valparaiso	10:30 A.M.	1:30 P.M. Canal Zone, Panama, Ecuador, Bolivia, Chile and Peru (except Iquitos.
Michael	Manaos	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M. North Brazil Ports. (Other parts Brazil specially addressed.
Cameronia	Glasgow		12:00 M. No mails.
Suffern	Havre		11:00 A.M. No mails.

SAILED MONDAY.

Nuria	Barcelona	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M. Spain. (Specially addressed only.)
Hesslone	Buenos Aires	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M. Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay.

SAILED TUESDAY.

Reliance	Hamburg	8:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M. Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Specially addressed only.)
Mauretania	Southampton	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M. Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Sweden must be specially addressed.)
Bremen	Bremen	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M. Germany. (Specially addressed only.)
Rockaway Park	Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M. Finland. (Specially addressed.)
Stockholm	Gothenburg	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M. Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland.
Ft. Victoria	Bermuda	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M. Bermuda.
W. M. Tipper	Jacmel	1:00 P.M.	3:00 A.M. Haiti.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Homestead, Calcutta	May 25	12:00 M.
Aboy, Greece	May 25	12:00 M.
Hague Maru, Kobe	May 26	12:00 M.
Wythevilla, Port Natal	May 26	12:00 M.
Cape May, Manilla	May 26	12:00 M.
Alleghany, Leith	May 26	12:00 M.
London Exchange, London	May 26	12:00 M.
Maropa, Cape Town	May 26	12:00 M.
City of Eureka, Naples	May 26	12:00 M.
Half Moon, Colombo	May 27	12:00 M.
New York City, Bristol	May 28	12:00 M.

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Rockaway Park, Libau	May 29	12:00 M.
Homer City, Hamburg	May 29	12:00 M.
Waukegan, Dunkirk	May 29	12:00 M.
Eastia, Leader, Newcastle	May 29	12:00 M.
Kalomo, Brisbane	May 29	12:00 M.
Westerner, Antwerp	June 1	12:00 M.
Elmsport, Rotterdam	June 2	12:00 M.
Dunedin, Newcastle	June 2	12:00 M.
Carenco, Algiers	May 29	12:00 M.
Olarama, Sydney	June 2	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Lafayette	Havre	May 21
Lituania	Libau	May 19
President Wilson	Naples	May 23
Belgenland	Plymouth	May 24
Calamares	Havana	May 23
Francisco	Hull	May 23
Rochimedes	Manchester	May 19
Clan Mackinlay	Buenos Aires	May 28
Casper	Delgoa Bay	May 23

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Montserrat	Havana	May 23
Marengo	Antwerp	May 24
Celtic Prince	Oran	May 23
Burutu	Dakar	May 22
Veendam	Southampton	May 24
Cristobal	Havana	May 23

Reported by Radio

SS Rochambeau (French Line) incoming from Havre, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 57, North River, Friday forenoon.

SS Lapland (Red Star Line), incoming from Antwerp, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 24, Brooklyn, this forenoon.

SS Mauretania (Cunard Line) incoming from Southampton, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 54, North River, Friday morning.

SS Nieuw Amsterdam (Holland-America Line) incoming from Rotterdam, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at the foot of Fifth Street, Hoboken, Saturday morning.

SS Maraval (Trinidad Line), incoming from Trinidad, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 24, Brooklyn, this forenoon.

SS Cristobal (Panama Railroad Line), incoming from Cristobal, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 62, North River, Saturday afternoon.

SS Bayern (United American Lines), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at pier 86, North River, Sunday afternoon.

Transpacific Mails

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco	Maui	May 28	
Japan, Korea and China (specially adressed only), via Seattle.	Toyooka Maru	May 26	
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam; French Indo-China, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak, Fiji Islands and Straits Settlements	Presidents Wilson	May 28	
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Emp. of Australia	May 26	
Fiji Islands and specially addressed correspondence for Australia and New Zealand, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara	May 28	
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Grant	June 1	
Tahiti, Society Islands, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Society Islands, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia	Maunganui	June 10	
Netherlands East Indies (specially addressed only), via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Netherlands East Indies	Arakan	June 11	

New Foreign Mail Regulations

Bolivia Parcel Post—Two customs declarations (Form 2966), must be attached to each parcel post package destined for Bolivia. Each form must be accurately filled out (general terms such as "Merchandise" or "Samples" will not answer), stating the actual contents, value and description of the parcel, as well as the name and address of the addressee.

Trans-Siberian Railway—Specially addressed unregistered letters and post cards for the Far East, except Japan, are accepted for onward transmission over the Trans-Siberian Railway, via Riga, Moscow and Chita. Trains leave Moscow every Thursday at 7 P. M. This route offers no special inducement as to time but may be regarded as advantageous for the purpose of transmitting correspondence in duplicate.

Egypt Parcel Post—Direct steamship service now being available for the dispatch of parcel post packages to Egypt, including Egyptian Sudan, the transit charges heretofore applicable to such parcels are discontinued. Parcels for Egypt, including Egyptian Sudan, are now mailable at the regular postage rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction of a pound. Parcels cannot be registered.

Eastern Thrace—All communications for Eastern Thrace must be written in either Turkish, French, Italian, English, Arabic, Greek or Armenian, and are subject to examination by the Turkish censor. Communications should be as short as possible, there being no responsibility for articles seized by the censor.

Mexico—Consular commercial invoices viséed by a Mexican Consul, are required for parcel post shipments to Mexico. There will be no charge for the vise of commercial invoices covering merchandise under $5.00 in value. For the vise of commercial invoices covering shipments valued at from $5.00 to $50.00, a fee of $1.00 will be charged, and for the vise of commercial invoices covering shipments valued at more than $50.00 a fee of $2.00 will be charged. After the invoices are viséed, they should be mailed direct to the addressee, and not inclosed in the packages to which they relate.

Denmark Parcel Post—To facilitate the clearance of parcels through the customs, it is advisable that each package be accompanied by a duplicate invoice properly signed by the sender and containing as an inclosure a certification of the goods in question, particulars (date, &c.) of their sale and conditions of payment.

AUSTRALIA
NEW ZEALAND—SOUTH SEAS
Via Tahiti and Raratonga. Mail and passenger service from San Francisco, sailing every 28 days.
UNION STEAMSHIP CO. OF NEW ZEALAND,
266 California St., San Francisco, Cal.
or THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, N.Y.
Special South Seas, Australasia Tour, $565, 1st class round trip. Send for booklet.

CALIFORNIA TOURS
Special Booklet No. 28 Free
NATIONAL TOURS, 57 W. 39th ST., N. Y.
HONEYMOON TRIPS
A Day Like Nice Once in A Lifetime
Special 160-page booklet, "Honeymoon Trips," free on request. 97 delightful Tailored-Tour Trips.
Call for Booklet H-4. THE NATIONAL TOURS, 57 West 39th St. N. Y. Longacre 6565

Public School Notes.

IMMIGRANT EDUCATION—The State Department of Education calls attention of all who have to do with non-English-speaking adults, either in teaching or in a supervisory capacity, to courses to be given this Summer throughout the State in such vital subjects as methods of teaching English and citizenship to foreign-born adults; immigrant backgrounds and homelands, the immigrant's industrial life in America, the immigrant's problems in America, American political institutions and government, and allied subjects.

Summer school courses are to be given in Albany, State College for Teachers, July 5-Aug. 14; Buffalo, State Normal School, July 5-31; New York City, Columbia University, Teachers' College; Hunter College, July 5-Aug. 11; Oswego, State Normal School, July 5-Aug. 10; Plattsburg, State Normal School, July 5-Aug. 10; Rochester, University of Rochester, June 27-Aug. 1; Syracuse, Syracuse University, July 5-Aug. 10.

In all courses, college or university credit may be secured.

These courses, with the exception of those at Syracuse and Buffalo, will be conducted one hour a day, five days a week for six weeks. Those at Syracuse and Buffalo will be held two hours a day for five days for three weeks.

Registration fees will be charged except at State normal schools and at the State College for Teachers. Tuition fees will be charged for all those enrolling for college or university credit, except in State institutions. Fees will be charged at Hunter College.

Additional information regarding any of these courses may be had by writing to the director of the Summer sessions in the institution in which the course is listed or to the Bureau of Immigrant Education, Division of Vocational and Extension Education, State Department of Education, Albany, N. Y.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS' INVESTIGATION—The investigation of the Board of Examiners by the Board of Education, represented by President George J. Ryan, is expected to begin next Monday afternoon. The taking of testimony will be under the direction of Assistant Corporation Counsel William E. C. Mayer. The hearings, which are to be public, are to be held in the Board of Education Building, Park Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street.

SALVATION ARMY COLLECTION—Contributions for the annual Home Service appeal of the Salvation Army will be received from the school children of the city for one hour on Monday, June 4. The Board of Education recently passed a resolution permitting the schools to set aside one hour of a single day for the collection of any donations the school children may wish to make. William J. O'Shea, Associate Superintendent in Charge of Relief Activities, has sent instructions to this effect to principals of public schools in the city.

Wills for Probate.

New York.

CROLY, ELIZABETH F. (May 3.) Estate, $7,800; to nephew, Louis Croley.

FLAZARINO, FLORENCE (May 16). Estate, $1,000; to three children, Helen P. Beadleston, Florence H. Murphy and Frank C. Hazard.

FILLETTER, MARGARET R. (May 17). Estate, over $10,000. To grandson, John H. Dixon, one ring; to daughter, Jessie, all other jewelry and personal effects; two-thirds of residue to daughter, Jessie; one-third to grandson, John H. Dixon.

JACKSON, WALTER M. (April 13). Estate, about $1,400. To sister, Hannah M. Mordical, certain silverware and a Turkish rug; to Louis Berma, gold watch; residue to wife, Amelia H. Jackson.

KANTMAN, ISIDOR (Jan. 13). Estate, $1,000; to six children, Frances, Benjamin, Jacob, Rosie, Sydney and Nathan, divided equally.

PORTER, HENRY (March 22). Estate, not more than $500; to lawyer, C. V. Oden Hughes.

Kings.

BERNHEIM, JOSEPH (April 15). Estate, about $3,000; to Mrs. Rebecca Samuels and other friends.

DYNER, WLADYSLAWA (April 29). Estate, about $5,100; to Ignacy Dyner, husband.

GIORDANO, GIAGIO (April 28). Estate, about $40,000; to Grace Giordano, wife.

GRILLER, CATHERINE E. (April 17). Estate, about $7,500; to Jemima Backus, mother, and May Backus Colvin, sister.

HAWKINS, MARY G. (May 19). Estate, about $5,000; to John L. Kennedy, brother.

PABST, SUSAN (May 1). Estate, about $6,000; to two daughters and two sons.

RYAN, ROBERT J. (May 8). Estate, more than $20,000; to Mary Ryan, wife.

WALLACE, THOMAS (May 13). Estate, more than $20,000. To Mrs. Octavine Wright, a friend, $10,000; to each of three nephews, $1,000 and one-third each of the residue of the estate; George N. Wallace, Francis H. Wallace and William Wallace.

Bronx.

BERNSTEIN, ISAAC (May 11). Estate, $5,000; to wife, Mary; $1,000 to residue to children, Benjamin, son is executor.

BILLOWITZ, MIKE (March 30). Estate, $5,000, to wife, Silvia; sons, Meyer and Nathan, and daughter, Mrs. M. Belle Meyer, son, is executor.

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La Savoie ..... July 14 Aug. 11
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Delightful for Families, combining constant healthful recreation, unstereotyped experiences; without the usual bugbears, such as continual packing and unpacking.
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Zeeland, 10 A. M. ..... June 20 July 18 Aug. 15
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AMERICAN LINE
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*Finland, 5 P. M. ..... May 31 July 5 Aug. 9
*Mongolia, 5

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received up to midnight. Telephone Bryant 1000.

LOST.

BRIEF CASE, containing Brown's Business School papers, &c., property of P. O. Valdes, Wednesday night; train leaving Jersey 9:25, Oyster Bay branch; reward $5. Dr. J. Hutchesson, 56 Lincoln Av., Rockville Centre, L. I.

BRIEF CASE containing correspondence, &c.; liberal reward; return to Herrmann Furniture Co., 398 Broome St., New York.

CERTIFICATE No. M. Y. 0916 for 20 shares of Arkansas Natural Gas Company stock, registered in the name of De Haven & Townsend, and certificate No. M. Y. 0905 for 30 shares of Arkansas Natural Gas Company stock, registered in the name of L. L. Winkelman & Co. If found please notify Shippee & Rawson, 111 Broadway, New York City.

CERTIFICATE—A28640, lost; Southern Pacific Company stock for 11 shares in the name of "Colin Thomson." Notice is hereby given to show cause to said company, 165 Broadway, New York, why a duplicate should not be issued. Colin Thomson.

CERTIFICATE—Lost 10 shares U. S. Industrial Alcohol common stock, No. A45435, registered in name of McClave & Co. Notify at 67 Exchange Place, New York City.

CERTIFICATE—Lost 10 shares U. S. Industrial Alcohol common stock, No. A45435, registered in name of McClave & Co.

ENVELOPE, containing money, lost yesterday, Broadway; reward. Call Room Clerk, Martinique Hotel.

FOUNTAIN PEN—Lower part of black and gold fountain pen, Thursday, on Church St. Phone Rector 1786.

GOLD PLATE for lower jaw; 2 porcelain teeth each side, lost Tuesday about 1 o'clock in Long Island City or subway to New York; reward. Telephone Dr. Klein, Wadsworth 4206.

HANDBAG, jet, lost Central Park West, between 106th and 90th Sts., containing gold pieces and paper money. Finder will be rewarded for the return to Room 4, 401 West 59th St.

KEYS, silver chain, initials G. M. O.; reward. 100 Broadway, 4th floor.

LEATHER PORTFOLIO—Lost, in Yellow taxicab, containing samples and letters, property of Arms Manufacturing Co., South Deerfield, Mass., of no value except to owner. $15 reward for return with contents. Communicate direct or 27 Spruce St., New York, store floor.

POCKETBOOK — Cash, identification, including bank book No. 153972, North River Savings Bank; valuable to owner. Wednesday midnight. E 482 Times.

POCKETBOOK containing keys, papers, money. Reward. Mrs. Wm. M. Strens, Room 90, 81 Fulton St.

POCKETBOOK (man's), green, containing pictures; reward. Plaza 2400.

STOCK certificate No. c64259 lost; Crucible Steel Company; finder return to Sage & Schoonmaker, 26 West 44th St., New York City.

VOTING Trust Certificate No. 02678 lost, for 10 shares of Columbia Carbon Company common stock, registered in the name of Dominick & Dominick. If found please notify Shippee & Rawson, 111 Broadway, New York City.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN—Diamond, platinum setting, on Tuesday, between Plaza Hotel and Franklin Simon & Co.; had three diamonds; liberal reward offered. Inquire at Supt.'s office Franklin Simon & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

BAR PIN—Old-fashioned gold, set with pearls at ends, diamond, sapphire and ruby in centre, Thursday, between 5th and 6th Aves., from 44th to 58th Sts.; reward. Call Johnson, Murray Hill 5460.

BAR PIN—Diamond and platinum, Monday night, somewhere between Pelham, New Rochelle and Westchester Biltmore Country Club. Kindly communicate R 612 Times.

BAR PIN—Platinum, set with diamonds, on or near 5th Av., between 50th and 59th Sts.; reward. Apartment 6W, 130 West 59th St. Circle 4121.

BARPIN—Diamond and pearl, between Hudson Tubes and Broad St. Call Strauss, Murray Hill 1040. Reward.

BRACELET—Diamond, flexible; lost either in subway train between 103d St. and 72d St., Broadway, or on Broadway between 72d and 74th Sts.; liberal reward. Return to Mrs. E. R. Hoffer, Prisament Hotel, 74th St. and Broadway.

BROOCH, spray of 4 large and 6 smaller diamonds; Republic Theatre Saturday afternoon; liberal reward. Bauman Hotel, Bklyn., Apt. 50A.

CHAIN—Gold longuette with Baroque pearls, about May 17; reward. Kindly returned to Julius Jorgenson & Son, Broadway at 33d St.

DIAMOND RING and brooch, lost in 58th Street Theatre or between there and 53d St. and Lexington Av., Tuesday, about 9:30 P. M.; liberal reward. Call Barclay 2715.

EARRING — Old-fashioned gold and black enamel earring with few diamond chips; on lower Broadway or Trinity Place; valued as heirloom; reward. L. Griffin, 32 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 8230.

FRATERNITY pin, diamond one end, engraved A. M. Clarke, Year '17; return Room 602, 17 State St.

PENDANT—Lost, small amethyst, pearls, diamond chips; reward. Phone Rhinelander 2681.

PIN—Fraternity, May 22, noon; reward. Call Vanderbilt 4546.

RING—8-stone diamond; between 48th St. and Broadway, 45th St. and 5th Av.; liberal reward. Room 405, 1,600 Broadway. Bryant 7869.

WATCH, gold; Fifth Av. bus or 34th; reward. Longacre 2980. Miss May.

$150 REWARD.

for return of platinum, oblong shaped brooch, containing 71 diamonds, lost May 23 at or between East 51st Street and Opera Theatre or in taxicab. A. H. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William Street.

Wearing Apparel.

BROWN SABLE FUR—On 23d, between 49th and 57th Park Av., east, reward. Please return 126 East 66th.

KOLINSKY shawl collar, probably Earl Carroll Theatre, Monday evening; reward. 8 East 52d. Bruckner, Plaza 4941.

MINK neckpiece, between 96th and 100th west. Return Hotel Narragansett, 94th St. and Broadway; reward.

NECKPIECE, sable, May 22, midnight, between elevator to New York Roof and taxi; reward. Lion, 19 West 69th.

RAINCOAT, Tadington, in checkered cab, containing keys, &c. Liberal reward. Columbus 5876.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

BOSTON TERRIER—2 A. M. Wednesday morning; reward. Pasley, 505 West 4th.

BULL PUP—White, brown markings; pet; child heartbroken. Finder please return. Stark, 91 Fort Washington Av. Reward.

CAT—Persian, mouse colored, in neighborhood of 28 West 90th; reward.

COLLIE DOG, small, near 114th St. and Broadway; marked limping slightly right leg. Return Fiery, 822 West 114th.

DOG—Lost Sunday, white wire- haired fox terrier, black spots, wearing green collar; $10 reward. H. B. Thompson, East Willston, L. I.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE OF SALE UNDER SECTION 205, LIEN LAW.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 300 bonds, each in the face amount of $1,000, made by NEWARK FACTORY SITES, INC., payable on or before January 1, 1940, upon the principal of each of which $200 has been paid on account, having matured on each of said bonds $200 and accrued interest, will be offered for sale and sold at public auction by SMITH & JAFFE, auctioneers, to the highest bidder at No. 27 West 56th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of June, 1923, at 10 A. M.; that the name of the owner of said bonds is PERRY PLEIK, and that FLYFISK CORPORATION and THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK claim some interest in said bonds.

Dated, New York, May 22, 1923.

ANNE EVALENKO.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION—The New Jersey State Civil Service Commission announces an examination for the position of Director, Division of Welfare, City of Newark. Salary $5,000 to $7,500 per annum. Open to male citizens of the United States. Application forms will be forwarded upon request, and will be received until June 20th. Address Civil Service Commission, State House, Trenton, N. J.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

ISABEL WELSCH having left my bed and board, notice is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name by said ISABEL WELSCH.

Dated, New York May 21, 1923.

HOWARD G. WELSCH.
159 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn.

HOLDER OF SHARE 14098 IN STREET fair program contest benefit Association for the Aid of Crippled Children, present care at Room 606, 522 5th Av., and receive order for Rickenbacker car.

SIMON HARBURGER GIVES NOTICE that he is discontinuing his business at 454 Canal St., New York City, and will not be liable for any debts contracted for in his name.

SAM EISENG, AGE 45, BORN IN BOROdino, Russia, is anxiously wanted by his brother Reisel and brother Jack Citty, 288 Broome St., New York City.

GEORGE E. DOUBLE, FORMERLY BRADford Textile Co., address Madison Textile Co., 110 East 23d St.

[illegible] DISTRESS; COMMUNI- [illegible] W. T.

BURNS WOULD DRIVE OUT EVERY RADICAL

Promises Drastic Action If Congress Passes Two Bills Now Before It.

HE ATTACKS THE SOVIET

Says Mine Sabotage Was Inspired in Moscow—Tumulty Advises Milder Methods.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 24.—Speaking before the weekly luncheon of the Shore Kiwanis Club today, William J. Burns, head of the United States Secret Service, pleaded for power to drive radicals out of the country.

"If Congress passes two laws now before it I tell you here and now that I will drive every radical out of the country and bring the parlor Bolsheviks to their senses," declared Mr. Burns. He explained that as a Federal official he had no right to urge the passage of legislation, but he was speaking as an American citizen.

"Every big strike in this country may be laid at the door of Soviet influence and propaganda," he continued, "and while I cannot say that this influence was responsible for the inception of the great coal strike last year, I do say that the strikers were encouraged to armed insurrection, to flood the mine shafts and destroy them and to do other lawless acts by communication direct from the representative of the Soviet Government in Moscow." The detective added that the original of this communication was in possession of his department at Washington.

Mr. Burns recalled that five years ago he had predicted and endeavored to warn the country that Soviet poison was being used to bore from the inside against the interests of organized labor in the United States, and he added that current history proved he was right. Sam Gompers and I, he said, together but we are going to be with Gompers strong." Mr. Burns remarked in referring to the fight which Gompers is waging against Bolshevism in the ranks of labor as represented by Foster, arrested for syndicalism in Michigan by Burns in the days before organized labor had awakened to the dangers of "Sovietism boring from the inside."

For failure properly to cope with radicals, Mr. Burns blamed a system in schools and colleges that was turning out "parlor Bolsheviki." He also deplored "the loop holes of American jurisprudence," declaring that the reason England had so much less crime in proportion to population than the United States was because the courts over there functioned quickly and accurately and punishment was swift and sure.

Offering "love" as "the only tonic for world ills," Mr. Tumulty took issue with Mr. Burns by declaring that "all the statistics in the world and all the bureaus that may be set up in Washington will not drive out Bolshevism or cure the troubles of the people."

"The real antidote for Bolshevism is a recognition of the ills of mankind," declared the former Secretary of President Wilson. "There must be a return to the principles of Jesus Christ and a renewal of faith in the Ten Commandments—'Love thy neighbor as thy self'—if the world is to be lifted up from the slough of despond that gives rise to misunderstanding and radicalism."

DENY BASEBALL "RIOT."

High School Heads Say Stories of Dispute Were Exaggerated.

Dr. Horace M. Snyder, principal of Manual Training High School and Dr. J. Herbert Low, principal of Erasmus Hall High School, both denied emphatically yesterday stories of a near riot in which girl students as well as boys were alleged to have taken part at the conclusion of the Erasmus-Manual baseball game played on Wednesday at Flatbush Oval, Nostrand and Flatbush Avenues, Brooklyn.

"I was present at the game and was among the last to leave the field," said Dr. Snyder. "I saw no such scenes as were pictured in some reports. The boys and girls were orderly and did not hurl unpleasant epithets at each other or try to strike each other. What little excitement occurred was among the adult officials of the teams and the umpire over a difference of opinion regarding certain plays. The umpire forfeited the game to Erasmus but Manual has filed a protest with the P. S. A. L."

Dr. Low was not at the game but said that he questioned the coach and the players of the Erasmus team and was informed that there was no riot, but that there was a heated discussion among officials concerning the disputed play.

COPELAND SPEAKS AT LIONS BANQUET

Senator Urges American Succor for Europe at Opening of Convention Here.

PLANS TO FOUND NEW BLOC

Caged King of Jungle Refuses to Join in Merriment at Hotel Pennsylvania Luncheon.

Numbering among the guests a very unruly lion, many noisier but less unruly ones, and an enthusiastic Senator, the Lions Club held its luncheon at the Pennsylvania Hotel, marking the opening of the State convention of the organization. The Senator was Senator Royal S. Copeland, who declared that great as this country, this State and this city may be, we should be even greater and aid in the regeneration of the less prosperous countries of Europe.

While Senator Copeland said he was not speaking in behalf of the League of Nations, he was firm in the belief that there could be no solid business and financial progress in this country until there is an improvement of conditions abroad. He pointed out that such business organizations were of paramount importance in aiding in such improvement.

"The present European problem is one that affects 'everyone,'" said Senator Copeland. "It is time to sound a warning against the pauper labor abroad, for eventually we will have to deal with the problem. The future prosperity of America depends upon economic restoration of Europe and every one is personally interested in the rehabilitation of those stricken lands.

"With all the blocs in Washington it is time to have a new bloc and I am going to start the American bloc. But that does not mean that I cannot see outside the restriction of our land. I am going to stand for such progress as will aid this country and the improvement of conditions abroad is included in that program. No man should be elected if he cannot see the needs of the whole nation and not merely a restricted area.

"The business organizations can be a strong factor in remedying conditions. There should be economic conferences of such organizations and prominent individuals all over the country studying the various needs and their influences on the remainder of the world. In that way we could do our full share in helping with the restoration instead of standing by until all is well. We should show we possess the quality of leadership."

The symbol of the organization was less in harmony with the gatherings, and when it was time for the lion to be photographed with Senator Copeland and the officials of the club he showed such displeasure and grunting of teeth that the project had to be postponed until after the luncheon. Meanwhile, he was not even on inspection, but was tightly concealed in his cage yawning his poise.

I. Lewis Dreeben, District Governor, presided at the luncheon.

GRIFFIN GETS 6 MONTHS FOR LIQUOR CONSPIRACY

Harold L. Smith and Two Others Get Year Each for Plot to Substitute Water for Whisky.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.—Matthew F. Griffin, former Secret Service operative in Philadelphia, was today sentenced to six months' imprisonment for conspiracy to defraud the Government. Griffin and seven others were convicted on March 22 on a charge of plotting to substitute water for alcohol and whisky under Government bond.

Harold L. Smith, export broker and former intercollegiate sprint champion, received a year and one day in the Federal penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., for his part in the conspiracy. He is alleged to have originated the scheme to water the whisky which was to have been shipped to Greece. John McTamney, a former Secret Service man, but later employed by Griffin in his private detective agency, and Herbert Simon, another of Griffin's employes, received one year sentences.

Dr. George L. Khenilis of New York, convicted of conspiracy in the same case, failed to appear for sentence. Three other defendants in the case are yet to be sentenced.

THINK SAME SLAYER KILLED TWO COUPLES

Memphis Authorities Find Double Murder Now Identical With That in January.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 24.—County officials expressed today the belief that the man who shot and killed W. O. Spencer, chain store manager, and seriously wounded his companion, Miss Laura Wheaton Johnson, school teacher, on a country road two miles early today is the same man who shot to death Mrs. Ruth McElwein Tucker and her escort, Duncan Waller, traveling salesman of Mayfield, Ky., in January at Berclair, a suburb.

The physical facts are so identical that there is no doubt in my mind that the same man committed both crimes," Sheriff Therry said. "The man who committed both is an exceedingly dangerous criminal. He kills first, without warning, then robs."

In both instances the bullets were fired from a .25 calibre automatic pistol and the slayer crept up behind the automobile.

The identity of the slayer of Mrs. Tucker and Waller never was established. In both instances the victims were robbed.

NEW YORKER IS HELD FOR FLORIDA MURDER

R. O. Bennett Jr., of Long Island City Accused of Shooting in Tampa Street.

TAMPA, Fla., May 24.—Raymond O. Bennett Jr., 24, married, said to be from Long Island City, N. Y., today was held for trial in State Courts without bond on a charge of shooting to death Howard M. Carruthers, 24, manager of a local wood yard, shortly after midnight last night on a downtown street. Since the hearing the prisoner has refused to make any statement.

At the hearing in police court, it was brought out that the shooting followed a quarrel in a restaurant during a theatre party at which Mrs. Bennett was said to be hostess. Guests refused to say whether Carruthers or Bennett were members of the party. Bennett is said to be of prominent Chattanooga family and a former noted athlete.

Mrs. Bennett was Evelyn Farris, former movie star, and divorced wife of W. S. Gill, New York newspaper man.

A Blue Suit Surely for Decoration Day

$50

That's unconscionably little for a Hart Schaffner & Marx Blue Serge or Unfinished Worsted such as we have in mind. Other fine ones, $45, $55, up.

White Flannel Trousers

$7.50

The addition of a pair to your new Blue Suit gives you virtually a complete summer wardrobe besides making two suits of every other suit you own. All-wool; pre-shrunk; non X-ray.

Four-piece Golf Suits of Rich Scotch Woolens

specially priced at

$39.50

Tailored by Hart Schaffner & Marx in every correct new sports style. Smart town and country combinations comprising coat, waistcoat, knickerbockers, regulation trousers.

Linen Golf Knickers

$4

Developed in selected double-shrunk linens in a modified or Manhattanized version of the full-legged English "Plus Fours." Others at $5, $6, up.

Hand-blocked Straw Hats by Blum & Koch

$3.50 and $5

Styled for the best Metropolitan preference in a multiplicity of correct shapes, shades and braids; many are featured by our exclusive "Headease" origination insuring perfect hat-ease.

Wallach Straws, $2.50 and $3.50

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Suits of Custom Excellence

$50

However, "Value Built on Volume" shows up better in the store than in a headline. So drop in!

Never permit the hurried comings and goings of Decoration Day to confuse the clothes issue. Whether you're thinking of a fine Blue Serge suit as the foundation of your summer outfit, or just a pair of linen knickers to piece out a week-end wardrobe, you want quality and style and value. In a Wallach store, "Value Built on Volume" is constantly vying with engaging style, tasteful variety, fine tailorship and choice fabrics of selected patterning to make your purchase a satisfactory one. And "Satisfaction or Money Back" keeps it so.

Wallach Bros

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th

246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

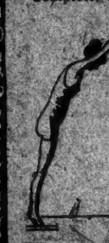
DAVEGA-LURIE
Decoration Day
SALE!

Golf $9.95
COMPLETE OUTFIT
consisting of three-way bag with heavy sole leather bottom. Four fine clubs suitable for any match play—driver or brassie, mid-iron, mashie and putter.
WICKLOW CLUBS $1.95
Wood and iron clubs. Guaranteed. Regular value, $2.50.
BALLS $4.95 Per Dozen
Imported new standard English Dimpled Golf Balls. Values $7.50 to $9.
KNICKERS $3.95
Pure Linen Knickers for men. Regular Value, $5.00
GOLF HOSE $1.45
All wool, various patterns reduced

Tennis $7.45
SPECIAL DAVEGA OUTFIT
consisting of fine checquet (suitable for tournament play), heavy cover with ball pocket, and two Davega championship balls. Regular value, $10.00.

Baseball $1.95
FIELDER'S GLOVES
Full sized, genuine leather, laced, made on patterns of highest priced gloves. Regular value, $3.50. Specials also in catchers' and baseman's mitts.
Monarch League Balls, 95c
Regulation size and weight. Guaranteed for season. Exceptionally durable. Standard League Ball.

Fishing Tackle
FRESH WATER OUTFIT Complete. Specially priced at $6.45
SALT WATER OUTFIT Complete. Specially priced at $9.45



Swimming
BATHING SUITS FOR MEN $3.45
Fine lastex, extra quality. Pure Worsted.
BATHING SUITS FOR WOMEN $3.95
Exceptionally well made, all-wool. Pure Worsted.
Complete line of other swimming apparel.

Portable Phonographs
The Famous Davega "SPORTABLE" $29.95
The only portable phonograph with complete tone chamber. Given full rounded tone, with amazing volume. Ideal for the porch, bungalows, camps, auto trips, etc.

BICYCLES $29.50
(Davega Specials)
Sturdy, speedy, and exceptionally low priced. Bicycles in all makes and colors.
CANOES $58 up
Latest standard Model. Complete line of canoes, chairs, and accessories. Exceptional values.
Croquet Sets, Sport Shoes and Boots, Sport Apparel, Sweaters, Camping Equipment—everything for the new outdoor season!
Mail orders filled up to June 2nd at 831 Broadway

DAVEGA-LURIE
The United Sport Shops

15 Cortlandt Street DOWNTOWN 28 John Street
Bet. B'way & Church Near Nassau
831 Broadway MIDTOWN 111 East 42nd Street
Near 13th Street Commodore Hotel
1789 Broadway UPTOWN 125 West 125th Street
58th St. & Columbus Circle Bet. Lenox & 7th Aves.
125th Street Store Open Evenings

What do we mean by "conservative" clothes?

Staid? Plain? Severe? Old-fashioned?

No—"conservative" means none of these things to us. Rather it means the distinctive as opposed to the conspicuous. Clothes that are individually appropriate in fabric, pattern, style, tailoring and fit.

True conservatism means the tempering of extreme modes to individual good taste. Your assurance of this happy combination is that every garment here, whether *Made to Measure* or *Ready to Wear*, is hand tailored under the critical eyes of the Brothers D'Andrea.

Ready to Wear, $75 Made to Measure, $125

D'Andrea Brothers Inc.
MEN'S TAILORS
587 Fifth Avenue at Forty-seventh